

Reviewer Report

Title: Single molecule, full-length transcript sequencing provides insight into the extreme metabolism of ruby-throated hummingbird *Archilochus colubris*

Version: Revision 1 **Date:** 03 Nov 2017

Reviewer name: Sandeep Chakraborty

Reviewer Comments to Author:

I am satisfied with the changes made in response to suggestions (from me and another reviewer) previously, and pleased with the way the Ms has shaped with the additional Illumina sequences.

However, the paper still has inadequacies that need to be fixed. While, genes that should not have been included have been fixed, others that are bona-fide genes have been left out.

Several genes that map to the *Calypte anna* and *Aquila chrysaetos* transcripts are missing in the *acolubris* HQD or cogent CDS. An example is SRR5237173.100014 (953 nt). This is 99% similar to 'Calypte anna zinc finger CCCH-type containing 6 (ZC3H6), transcript variant X1, mRNA' (XM 008499961.1). Another example is SRR5237173.117510 (904 nt), which matches 88% identity to the golden eagle (XM 011575986.1)

"vesicle transport through interaction with t-SNAREs 1A (VTI1A) transcript variant X2, mRNA'.

Its acceptable to miss a few genes, but my analysis shows 6000 genes (corresponding to about 22,000 PacBio transcripts) missing by just using *Calypte anna* and *Aquila chrysaetos* (not including other avian species). Given the quality and depth of the Pacbio transcriptome, the coverage of known genes should be better.

Another aspect that has not been touched upon is the quantification of the Illumina transcriptome, which provides an unbiased view of highly expressed genes, as compared to known genes in the hepatic lipogenic pathway. The availability of the sequences from two different technologies provides a platform for comparing and contrasting them.

Using Salmon (<https://www.nature.com/nmeth/journal/v14/n4/abs/nmeth.4197.html>) taking the *acolubris* HQD.cds as target, I have quantified the Illumina transcriptome (SRR6148275). The top ten genes

are provided below - and the corresponding annotation based on the the BLAST 'nt' database.

I1.C1447.F29P0.1522.M.5511 XM 008499421.1 Calypte anna acidic mammalian chitinase-like (LOC103533552)
I1.C3140.F2P0.1756.M.20042 XM 010008736.1 Chaetura pelagica apolipoprotein A-I (LOC104398601)
I0.C76367.F48P0.832.M.3544 XM 008491568.1 Calypte anna lipocalin-like 1 (LCNL1)
I0.C68578.F2P0.585.M.3451 XM 008498154.1 Calypte anna avidin-like (LOC103532403)
I2.C288336.F2P0.1193.M.25884 KP875235.1 Pygoscelis antarcticus 18S ribosomal RNA gene
I0.C104457.F3P0.427.M.4404 XM 014961892.1 Calidris pugnax apolipoprotein A-II-like (LOC106899953)
I0.C102059.F3P0.428.M.4043 XM 014961892.1 Calidris pugnax apolipoprotein A-II-like (LOC106899953)
I1.C554372.F3P0.1606.M.14434 HM033221.1 Archilochus colubris voucher BIOUG:BIBS RTHU cytochrome
I0.C16075.F5P0.700.M.4006 XM 008504716.1 Calypte anna serum amyloid A protein-like (LOC103538359)
I3.C3772.F3P0.2060.M.41994 XM 008499863.1 Calypte anna apolipoprotein A-I (LOC103533949)

The mammalian chitinase-like is an interesting gene, which seems to have little or no reference in the current literature for hummingbirds. This might be a serum chitinase (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11591385>) associated with the I0 C16075.F5P0.700.M.4006 transcript (a serum amyloid A protein), another highly transcribed gene. Another possibility is it is a gut chitinase (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12133911>), although I am not sure whether a liver chitinase can make its way to the gut.

The high expression levels of the chitinase gene is not apparent from the Pacbio sequences (SRR5237173), probably since they are not raw reads(?). Do the Pacbio raw reads corroborate with the Illumina results?

Minor comment: It would be also useful to annotate the known cds based on (high) homology with other known avian genes (I had to BLAST to 'nt' in order to obtain the annotation.

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