

Supplementary Online Content

Ashchyan HJ, Butler DC, Nelson CA et al. The association of age with clinical presentation and comorbidities of pyoderma gangrenosum. *JAMA Dermatol*. Published online February 14, 2018. doi:10.1001/jamadermatol.2017.5978

eTable. Diagnostic criteria for pyoderma gangrenosum

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable: Diagnostic Criteria for Pyoderma Gangrenosum^{1,2}

Diagnostic criteria
Major criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Rapid progression of a painful, necrolytic cutaneous ulcer with an irregular, violaceous, and undermined border.2. Other causes of cutaneous ulceration have been excluded.
Minor criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. History suggestive of pathergy or clinical finding of cribriform scarring.2. Systemic disease associated with PG (inflammatory bowel disease, arthritis, IgA gammopathy, or malignancy).3. Histopathologic findings (sterile dermal neutrophilia, ± mixed inflammation, ± lymphocytic vasculitis).4. Treatment response (rapid response to systemic glucocorticoid treatment).

¹ Su WP, Davis MD, Weenig RH, Powell FC, Perry HO. Pyoderma gangrenosum: clinicopathologic correlation and proposed diagnostic criteria. *Int J Dermatol.* 2004;43(11):790-800.

² Patients needed to meet both major criteria and two of four minor criteria for inclusion in the study.