Eco-evolutionary feedbacks promote fluctuating selection and long-term stability of species-rich antagonistic networks

Authors: Cecilia Siliansky de Andreazzi, Paulo R. Guimarães Jr and Carlos J. Melián.

Supporting Information

Table S1: List of parameters and variables used in the simulations.

Term	Definition	Initial conditions
		Parameterized with data from
N_V	Number of victim species	the empirical networks Parameterized with data from
N_E	Number of exploiter species	the empirical networks
V_i	Victim species abundance	Normal (mean = 0.5 , sd = 0.1)
E_i	Exploiter species abundance	Normal (mean = 0.1 , sd = 0.1)
z_i	Victim species mean trait	Normal (mean = 0 , sd = 0.1)
y_{j}	Exploiter species mean trait	Normal (mean = 0 , sd = 0.1)
c_i	Victim intraspecific competition Exploiter intraspecific	1
c_j	competition	1
b_i	Victim intrinsic birth rate	1.01
b_{j}	Exploiter intrinsic birth rate	0.3
$ heta_i$	Victim trait favored by environmental selection	$\theta_i = z_i^{t=0}$
$ heta_{j}$	Exploiter trait favored by environmental selection Sensitivity to environmental	$\theta_j = y_j^{t=0}$
α	selection	Parameter
d_{i}	Victim death rate	Variable
d_{j}	Exploiter death rate	Variable
m_{ij}	Trait matching	Variable
X	Binary matrix of species interactions	Parameterized with data from the empirical networks
γ	Sensitivity to interaction selection Constant proportional to the	Parameter
arphi	slope of the selection gradient	0.25
$W_{_i}$	Victim species fitness	Variable
$W_{_{j}}$	Exploiter species fitness	Variable