

**The Development of a Unified Enantioselective, Convergent Synthetic Approach
Toward the Furanobutenolide-Derived Polycyclic Norcembranoid Diterpenes:
Asymmetric Formation of the Polycyclic Norditerpenoid Carbocyclic Core by
Tandem Annulation Cascade**

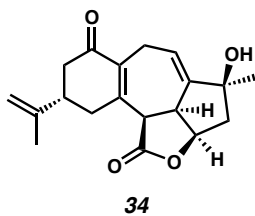
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1. X-Ray Crystal Structure Analysis of Diene **34**



Contents

Table S1.1. Experimental Details

Table S1.2. Crystal Data

Figure S1.1. X-Ray Crystal Structure of Diene **34** (ellipsoids represent 50% probability levels)

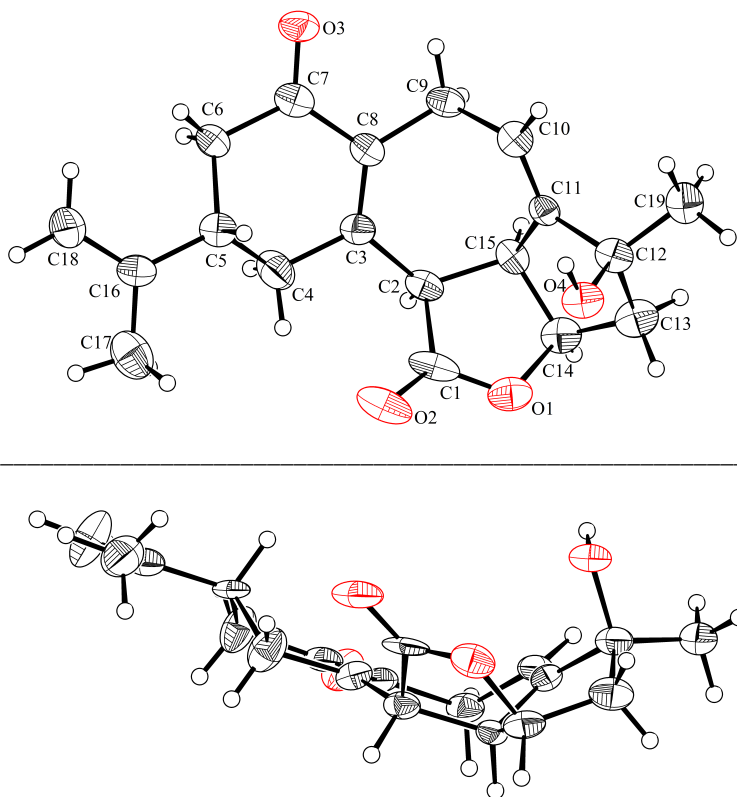


Table S1.1. Experimental Details for X-Ray Structure Determination of Diene **34**.

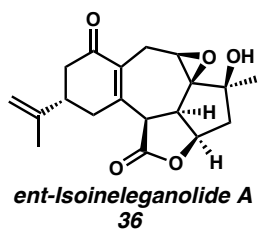
Low-temperature diffraction data (ϕ - and ω -scans) were collected on a Bruker AXS KAPPA APEX II diffractometer coupled to a APEX II CCD detector with graphite monochromated Mo K_{α} radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) for the structure of diene **34**. The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS¹ and refined against F^2 on all data by full-matrix least squares with SHELXL-2014² using established refinement techniques.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. All hydrogen atoms were included into the model at geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model. The isotropic displacement parameters of all hydrogen atoms were fixed to 1.2 times the U value of the atoms they are linked to (1.5 times for methyl groups).

Diene **34** crystallizes in the monoclinic space group $P2_1$ with one molecule in the asymmetric unit. The coordinates for the hydrogen atom bound to O4 was located in the difference Fourier synthesis and refined semi-freely with the help of a restraint on the O-H distance (0.84(4) \AA). The crystal diffracted to 0.93 \AA leading to low θ precision. The structure is sufficient to determine the relative stereochemistry of the molecule.

Table S1.2. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for Diene **34**.

Caltech Identification code	rac01	
CCDC Deposition Number	1061010	
Empirical formula	C ₁₉ H ₂₂ O ₄	
Formula weight	314.36	
Temperature	100(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	P2 ₁	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 11.7563(19) Å	α = 90°.
	b = 5.3917(8) Å	β = 104.529(8)°.
	c = 12.861(2) Å	γ = 90°.
Volume	789.2(2) Å ³	
Z	2	
Density (calculated)	1.323 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.092 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	336	
Crystal size	0.500 x 0.100 x 0.050 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	1.636 to 22.464°.	
Index ranges	-12 ≤ h ≤ 11, -5 ≤ k ≤ 5, -13 ≤ l ≤ 13	
Reflections collected	8970	
Independent reflections	2037 [R(int) = 0.0848]	
Completeness to theta = 22.464°	100.0 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	2037 / 2 / 213	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.016	
Final R indices [I > 2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0505, wR2 = 0.1037	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0898, wR2 = 0.1180	
Absolute structure parameter	0.4(10)	
Extinction coefficient	n/a	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.181 and -0.210 e.Å ⁻³	

2. X-Ray Crystal Structure Analysis of *ent*-Isoineleganolide A (36)



Contents

Table S2.1. Experimental Details

Table S2.2. Crystal Data

Figure S2.1. X-Ray Crystal Structure of *ent*-Isoineleganolide A (36) (ellipsoids represent 50% probability levels)

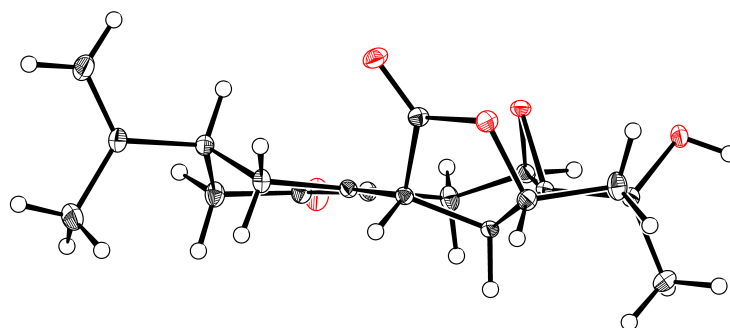
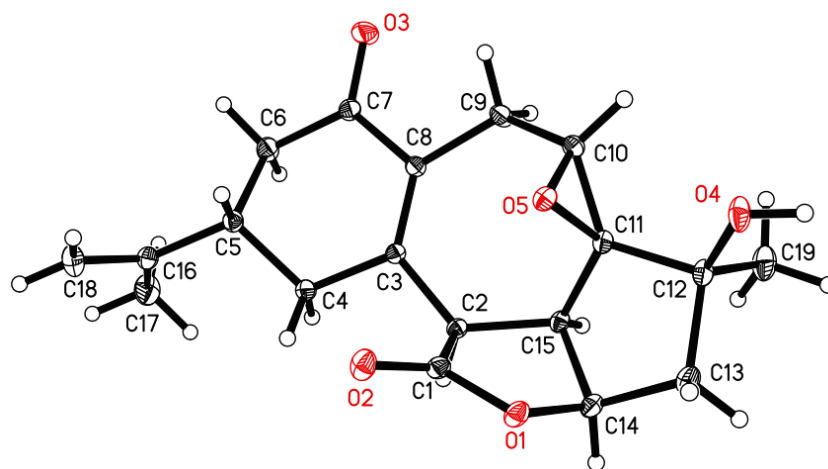


Table S2.1. Experimental Details for X-Ray Structure Determination of *ent*-Isoineleganolide A (**36**).

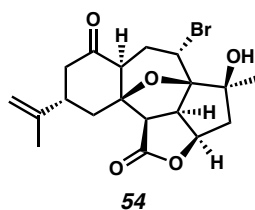
Low-temperature diffraction data (ϕ - and ω -scans) were collected on a Bruker AXS KAPPA APEX II diffractometer coupled to a APEX II CCD detector with graphite monochromated Mo K_α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) for the structure of *ent*-isoineleganolide A (**36**). The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS¹ and refined against F^2 on all data by full-matrix least squares with SHELXL-2014² using established refinement techniques.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Unless otherwise noted, all hydrogen atoms were included into the model at geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model. The isotropic displacement parameters of all hydrogen atoms were fixed to 1.2 times the U value of the atoms they are linked to (1.5 times for methyl groups).

ent-Isoineleganolide A (**36**) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group $P2_1$ with one molecule in the asymmetric unit. The coordinates for the hydrogen atom bound to O4 was located in the difference Fourier synthesis and refined semi-freely with the help of a restraint on the O-H distance (0.84(4) \AA).

Table S2.2. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for *ent*-Isoineleganolide A (**36**).

Caltech Identification code	rac03	
CCDC Deposition Number	853379 / 1061011	
Empirical formula	C ₁₉ H ₂₂ O ₅	
Formula weight	330.36	
Temperature	100(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	P2 ₁	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 6.9222(2) Å	α = 90°.
	b = 11.1470(4) Å	β = 94.070(2)°.
	c = 10.4409(4) Å	γ = 90°.
Volume	803.61(5) Å ³	
Z	2	
Density (calculated)	1.365 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.098 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	352	
Crystal size	0.500 x 0.450 x 0.200 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	1.955 to 36.317°.	
Index ranges	-11 ≤ h ≤ 11, -18 ≤ k ≤ 18, -17 ≤ l ≤ 17	
Reflections collected	30117	
Independent reflections	7796 [R(int) = 0.0404]	
Completeness to theta = 25.242°	100.0 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7475 and 0.6239	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	7796 / 2 / 222	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.067	
Final R indices [I > 2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0445, wR2 = 0.1109	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0538, wR2 = 0.1198	
Absolute structure parameter	-0.5(3)	
Extinction coefficient	n/a	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.732 and -0.318 e.Å ⁻³	

3. X-Ray Crystal Structure Analysis of Bromide **54**



Contents

Table S3.1. Experimental Details

Table S3.2. Crystal Data

Figure S3.1. X-Ray Crystal Structure of Bromide **54** (ellipsoids represent 50% probability levels)

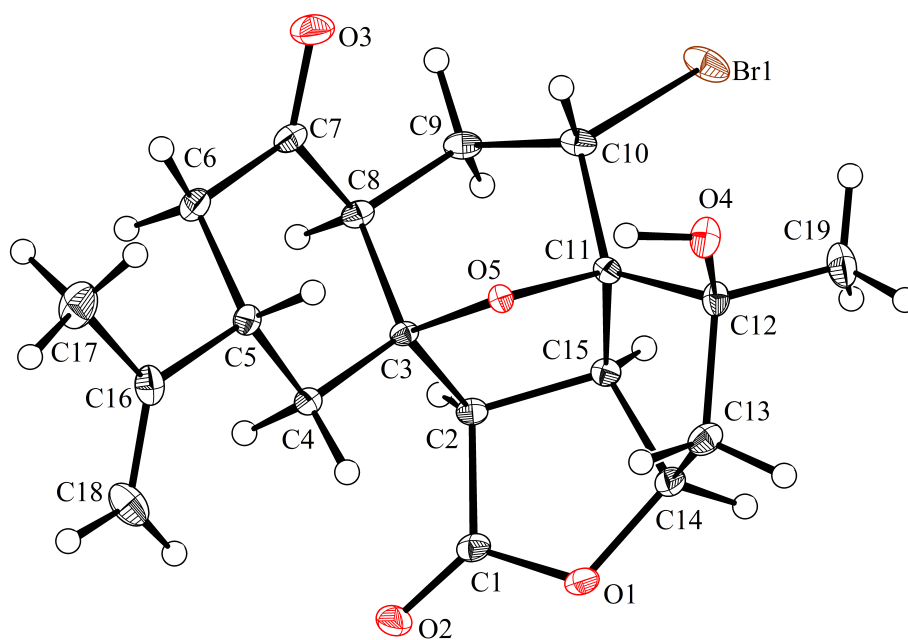


Table S3.1. Experimental Details for X-Ray Structure Determination of Bromide **54**.

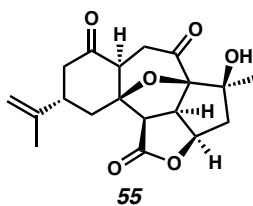
Low-temperature diffraction data (ϕ - and ω -scans) were collected on a Bruker AXS KAPPA APEX II diffractometer coupled to a APEX II CCD detector with graphite monochromated Mo K_α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) for the structure of bromide **54**. The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS¹ and refined against F^2 on all data by full-matrix least squares with SHELXL-2014² using established refinement techniques.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Unless otherwise noted, all hydrogen atoms were included into the model at geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model. The isotropic displacement parameters of all hydrogen atoms were fixed to 1.2 times the U value of the atoms they are linked to (1.5 times for methyl groups).

Bromide **54** crystallizes in the orthorhombic space group $P2_12_12_1$ with one molecule in the asymmetric unit. The coordinates for the hydrogen atom bound to O4 was located in the difference Fourier synthesis and refined semi-freely with the help of a restraint on the O-H distance (0.84(4) \AA).

Table S3.2. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for Bromide **54**.

Caltech Identification code	rac10	
CCDC Deposition Number	1061013	
Empirical formula	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ BrO ₅	
Formula weight	411.28	
Temperature	100(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 7.6137(4) Å	α = 90°.
	b = 9.3584(5) Å	β = 90°.
	c = 24.1592(13) Å	γ = 90°.
Volume	1721.39(16) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.587 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	2.416 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	848	
Crystal size	0.500 x 0.450 x 0.100 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	2.334 to 36.318°.	
Index ranges	-12 ≤ h ≤ 12, -15 ≤ k ≤ 14, -39 ≤ l ≤ 40	
Reflections collected	51998	
Independent reflections	8272 [R(int) = 0.0380]	
Completeness to theta = 25.242°	99.9 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7478 and 0.5973	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	8272 / 1 / 231	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.035	
Final R indices [I > 2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0251, wR2 = 0.0613	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0297, wR2 = 0.0625	
Absolute structure parameter	0.014(2)	
Extinction coefficient	n/a	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.746 and -0.367 e.Å ⁻³	

4. X-Ray Crystal Structure Analysis of Ketopyran **55**



Contents

Table S4.1. Experimental Details

Table S4.2. Crystal Data

Figure S4.1. X-Ray Crystal Structure of Ketopyran **55** (ellipsoids represent 50% probability levels)

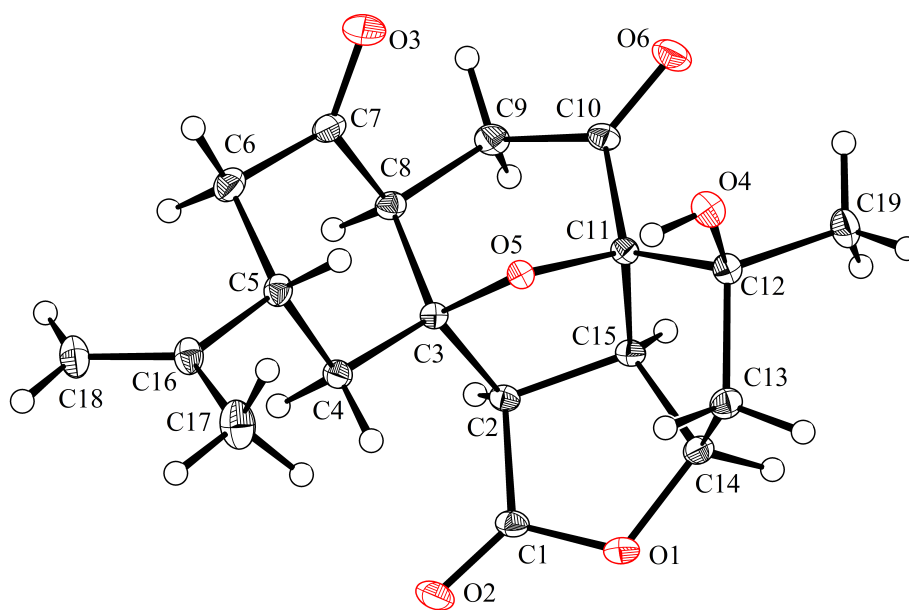


Table S4.1. Experimental Details for X-Ray Structure Determination of Ketopyran **55**.

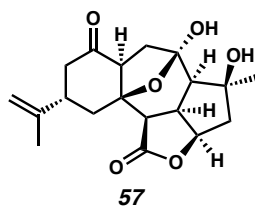
Low-temperature diffraction data (ϕ - and ω -scans) were collected on a Bruker AXS KAPPA APEX II diffractometer coupled to a APEX II CCD detector with graphite monochromated Mo K_α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) for the structure of ketopyran **55**. The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS¹ and refined against F^2 on all data by full-matrix least squares with SHELXL-2014² using established refinement techniques.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Unless otherwise noted, all hydrogen atoms were included into the model at geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model. The isotropic displacement parameters of all hydrogen atoms were fixed to 1.2 times the U value of the atoms they are linked to (1.5 times for methyl groups).

Ketopyran **55** crystallizes in the orthorhombic space group $P2_12_12_1$ with one molecule in the asymmetric unit. The coordinates for the hydrogen atom bound to O4 was located in the difference Fourier synthesis and refined semi-freely with the help of a restraint on the O-H distance (0.84(4) \AA). The chirality of the molecule cannot be reliably determined from the diffraction data. The molecule could be the wrong enantiomer or a mixture of both enantiomers.

Table S4.2. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for Ketopyran **55**.

Caltech Identification code	rac06	
CCDC Deposition Number	1061012	
Empirical formula	C ₁₉ H ₂₂ O ₆	
Formula weight	346.36	
Temperature	100(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.2576(3) Å	α = 90°.
	b = 10.4049(4) Å	β = 90°.
	c = 19.0995(8) Å	γ = 90°.
Volume	1641.02(11) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.402 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.104 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	736	
Crystal size	0.450 x 0.350 x 0.100 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	2.133 to 43.738°.	
Index ranges	-16 ≤ h ≤ 14, -20 ≤ k ≤ 18, -37 ≤ l ≤ 37	
Reflections collected	85501	
Independent reflections	12633 [R(int) = 0.0489]	
Completeness to theta = 25.242°	100.0 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7487 and 0.7039	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	12633 / 1 / 231	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.060	
Final R indices [I > 2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0442, wR2 = 0.1107	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0613, wR2 = 0.1176	
Absolute structure parameter	0.35(16)	
Extinction coefficient	n/a	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.468 and -0.291 e.Å ⁻³	

5. X-Ray Crystal Structure Analysis of Hemiketal **57**



Contents

Table S5.1. Experimental Details

Table S5.2. Crystal Data

Figure S5.1. X-Ray Crystal Structure of Hemiketal **57** (ellipsoids represent 50% probability levels)

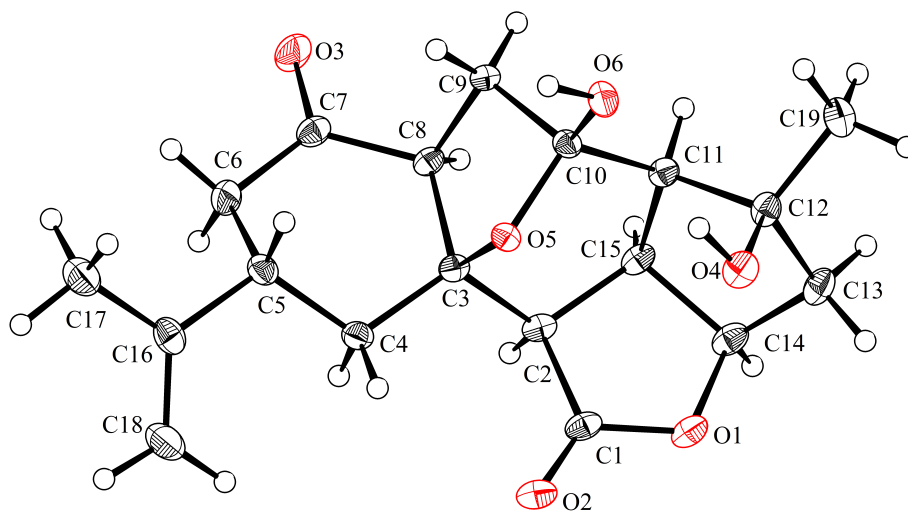


Table S5.1. Experimental Details for X-Ray Structure Determination of Hemiketal **57**.

Low-temperature diffraction data (ϕ - and ω -scans) were collected on a Bruker AXS KAPPA APEX II diffractometer coupled to a APEX II CCD detector with graphite monochromated Mo K_α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) for the structure of hemiketal **57** and on a Bruker AXS D8 VENTURE KAPPA diffractometer coupled to a PHOTON 100 CMOS detector with Cu K_α radiation ($\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ \AA}$) from an I μ S micro-source for the structure of compound P15149 and P15156. The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS¹ and refined against F^2 on all data by full-matrix least squares with SHELXL-2014² using established refinement techniques.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Unless otherwise noted, all hydrogen atoms were included into the model at geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model. The isotropic displacement parameters of all hydrogen atoms were fixed to 1.2 times the U value of the atoms they are linked to (1.5 times for methyl groups).

Hemiketal **57** crystallizes in the orthorhombic space group $P2_12_12_1$ with one molecule in the asymmetric unit. The coordinates for all hydrogen atoms were located in the difference Fourier synthesis and refined freely.

Table S5.2. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for Hemiketal **57**.

Caltech Identification code	p15156cu	
CCDC Deposition Number	1061009	
Empirical formula	C ₁₉ H ₂₄ O ₆	
Formula weight	348.38	
Temperature	100 K	
Wavelength	1.54178 Å	
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.2463(2) Å	α = 90°
	b = 10.3683(3) Å	β = 90°
	c = 19.3151(5) Å	γ = 90°
Volume	1651.44(8) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.401 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.859 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	744	
Crystal size	0.16 x 0.09 x 0.08 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	4.578 to 79.097°.	
Index ranges	-10 ≤ h ≤ 10, -13 ≤ k ≤ 13, -24 ≤ l ≤ 24	
Reflections collected	40519	
Independent reflections	3557 [R(int) = 0.0399]	
Completeness to theta = 67.000°	100.0 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	1.0000 and 0.8788	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	3557 / 0 / 322	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.070	
Final R indices [I > 2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0252, wR2 = 0.0607	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0268, wR2 = 0.0619	
Absolute structure parameter	0.03(4)	
Extinction coefficient	n/a	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.170 and -0.183 e.Å ⁻³	

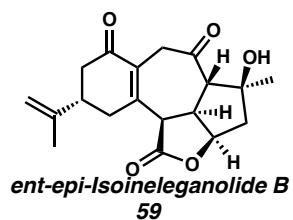
6. X-Ray Crystal Structure Analysis of Enone 59Contents

Table S6.1. Experimental Details

Table S6.2. Crystal Data

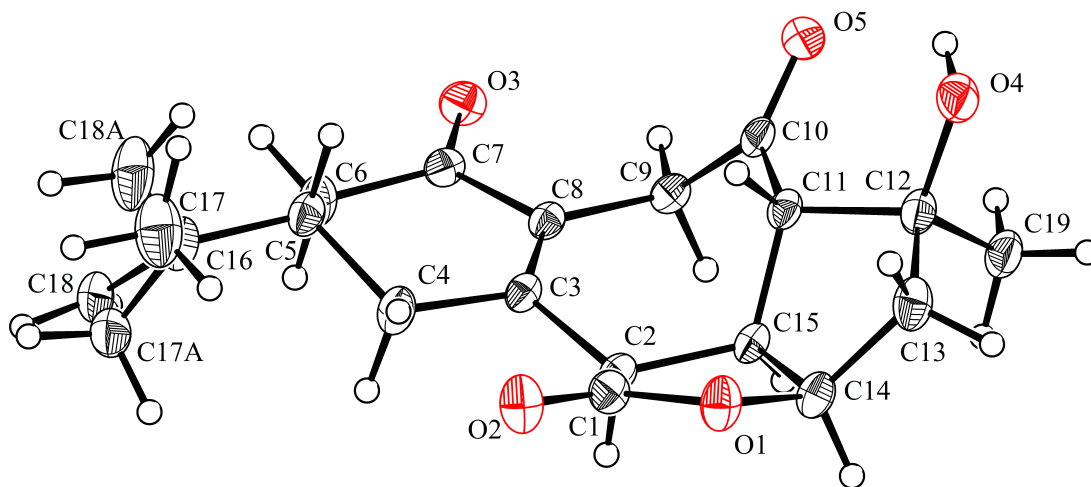
Figure S6.1. X-Ray Crystal Structure of Enone **59** (ellipsoids represent 50% probability levels)

Table S6.1. Experimental Details for X-Ray Structure Determination of Enone **59**.

Low-temperature diffraction data (ϕ - and ω -scans) were collected on a Bruker AXS D8 VENTURE KAPPA diffractometer coupled to a PHOTON 100 CMOS detector with Cu $K\alpha$ radiation ($\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ \AA}$) from an $I\mu\text{S}$ micro-source for the structure of *ent-epi*-Isoineleganolide B (**59**). The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS¹ and refined against F^2 on all data by full-matrix least squares with SHELXL-2014² using established refinement techniques.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. All hydrogen atoms were included into the model at geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model. The isotropic displacement parameters of all hydrogen atoms were fixed to 1.2 times the U value of the atoms they are linked to (1.5 times for methyl groups).

ent-epi-Isoineleganolide B (**59**) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group $C2$ with one molecule in the asymmetric unit. The isopropenyl group was disordered in the crystal (51.5:48.5) and the corresponding positions were labeled C17-C18 and C17A-C18A, respectively.

Table S6.2. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for Enone **59**.

Identification code	p17139
Empirical formula	C ₁₉ H ₂₂ O ₅
Formula weight	330.36
Temperature	100 K
Wavelength	1.54178 Å
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	C 1 2 1
Unit cell dimensions	a = 22.5468(19) Å α = 90° b = 10.4722(9) Å β = 107.751(5)° c = 7.3277(5) Å γ = 90°
Volume	1647.8(2) Å ³
Z	4
Density (calculated)	1.332 Mg/m ³
Absorption coefficient	0.787 mm ⁻¹
F(000)	704
Crystal size	0.32 x 0.13 x 0.06 mm ³
Theta range for data collection	4.698 to 79.209°.
Index ranges	-28 ≤ h ≤ 28, -12 ≤ k ≤ 13, -9 ≤ l ≤ 9
Reflections collected	19495
Independent reflections	3531 [R(int) = 0.0367]
Completeness to theta =	67.000° 99.9 %
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents
Max. and min. transmission	1.0000 and 0.8733
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	3531 / 1 / 240
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.048
Final R indices	[I > 2σ(I)] R ₁ = 0.0274, wR ₂ = 0.0697
R indices (all data)	R ₁ = 0.0277, wR ₂ = 0.0699
Absolute structure parameter	0.06(4)
Extinction coefficient	n/a
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.212 and -0.159 e.Å ⁻³

7. Notes & References

1. Sheldrick, G. M. *Acta Cryst.* **1990**, A46, 467–473.
2. Sheldrick, G. M. *Acta Cryst.* **2008**, A64, 112–122.
3. Müller, P. *Crystallography Reviews* **2009**, 15, 57–83.