

## SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

### **Type IV pili promote *Clostridium difficile* adherence and persistence in a mouse model of infection**

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Table S1. Strains and cell lines used in this study

Table S2. Primers used in this study

Figure S1. Viability of epithelial cell lines under anaerobic conditions.

Figure S2. Growth of *C. difficile* strains in DMEM culture medium.

Figure S3. Swimming motility of 630 $\Delta$ erm and TFP mutants

Figure S4. Competition of R20291 and R20291 *pilB1::ermB* strains in the mouse model.

Table S1. Strains and plasmids used in this study.

Strain/Plasmid	Description/Purpose	Reference
<b>Plasmids</b>		
pMC123	<i>E. coli</i> – <i>C. difficile</i> shuttle vector; Amp <sup>R</sup> , Cm <sup>R</sup> /Tm <sup>R</sup>	[1]
pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub>	pMC123 with <i>cpr</i> promoter in the multiple cloning site	[2]
pDccA	pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub> :: <i>dccA</i> (CD630_14200)	[2]
pDccA <sup>mut</sup>	pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub> :: <i>dccA</i> <sup>mut</sup> (AADEF)	[2]
pSigD	pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub> :: <i>sigD</i> (CD630_02660)	[3]
pPilA1	<i>pilA1</i> complementation plasmid with native promoter and riboswitch, pMC-P <sub>pilA1</sub> -RB- <i>pilA1</i> (CD630_3513), abbreviated as pPilA1	This study
pPilA1 <sup>mut</sup>	<i>pilA1</i> complementation plasmid with native promoter and riboswitch unable to bind c-di-GMP, pMC-P <sub>pilA1</sub> -RB <sup>A70G</sup> - <i>pilA1</i> , abbreviated as pPilA1 <sup>mut</sup>	This study
<b><i>E. coli</i> strains</b>		
DH5α	F- φ80 <i>lacZ</i> ΔM15 Δ( <i>lacZYA-argF</i> )U169 <i>recA1 endA1 hsdR17</i> (rκ -, mκ+) <i>phoA supE44 thi-1 gyrA96 relA1 λ- tonA</i>	Invitrogen [4]
HB101	F- <i>mcrB mrr hsdS20</i> (rB- mB-) <i>recA13 leuB6 ara-14 proA2 lacY1 galK2 xyl-5 mtl-1 rpsL20</i>	[5]
RT1026	HB101(pRK24) pPilA1	This study
RT1027	HB101(pRK24) pPilA1 <sup>mut</sup>	This study
<b><i>C. difficile</i> strains</b>		
630Δerm	Ribotype 012, erythromycin-sensitive derivative of <i>C. difficile</i> 630	[6]
R20291	Ribotype 027, epidemic isolate	[7]
RT761	630Δerm <i>pilA1</i> :: <i>ermB</i>	[3]
RT762	630Δerm pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub>	[3]
RT763	630Δerm pDccA	[3]
RT764	630Δerm pDccA <sup>mut</sup>	[3]
RT765	630Δerm <i>pilB1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> , pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub>	[3]
RT766	630Δerm <i>pilB1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> , pDccA	[3]
RT767	630Δerm <i>pilB1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> , pDccA <sup>mut</sup>	[3]
RT768	630Δerm <i>pilA1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> , pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub>	[3]
RT769	630Δerm <i>pilA1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> , pDccA	[3]
RT770	630Δerm <i>pilA1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> , pDccA <sup>mut</sup>	[3]
RT1075	630Δerm <i>sigD</i> :: <i>ermB</i>	[3]
RT1138	630Δerm <i>sigD</i> :: <i>ermB</i> pSigD	This study
RT1136	630Δerm <i>sigD</i> :: <i>ermB</i> pMC-P <sub>cpr</sub>	[3]
RT1265	630Δerm <i>sigD</i> :: <i>ermB</i> pDccA	This study
RT1266	630Δerm <i>sigD</i> :: <i>ermB</i> pDccA <sup>mut</sup>	This study
RT1362	630Δerm <i>pilA1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> pPilA1	This study
RT1366	630Δerm <i>pilA1</i> :: <i>ermB</i> pPilA1 <sup>mut</sup>	This study
<b>Eukaryotic cell lines</b>		
Caco-2	Caco-2 (ATCC® HTB-37) human colorectal adenocarcinoma cells	[8]
HT-29	HT-29 (ATCC® HTB-38) human colorectal adenocarcinoma cells	[9]
MDCK	Madin-Darby Canine Kidney cells (ATCC® CCL-34)	[10]

Table S2. Primers used in this study.

<b>Oligonucleotide</b>	<b>Sequence</b>
R978	GACTGCAGCATTGATAATTGAACATTAAGAAAATAG
R1183	CCGAATTCAAATTCTGTTTCAATATGTAAAAAGTTG
R1184	CAATTCATAGCCGGCTGCACCACTAACTCAATA
R1185	TATTGAGTTAGTGGTGCAGCCGGCTATGAAATTG

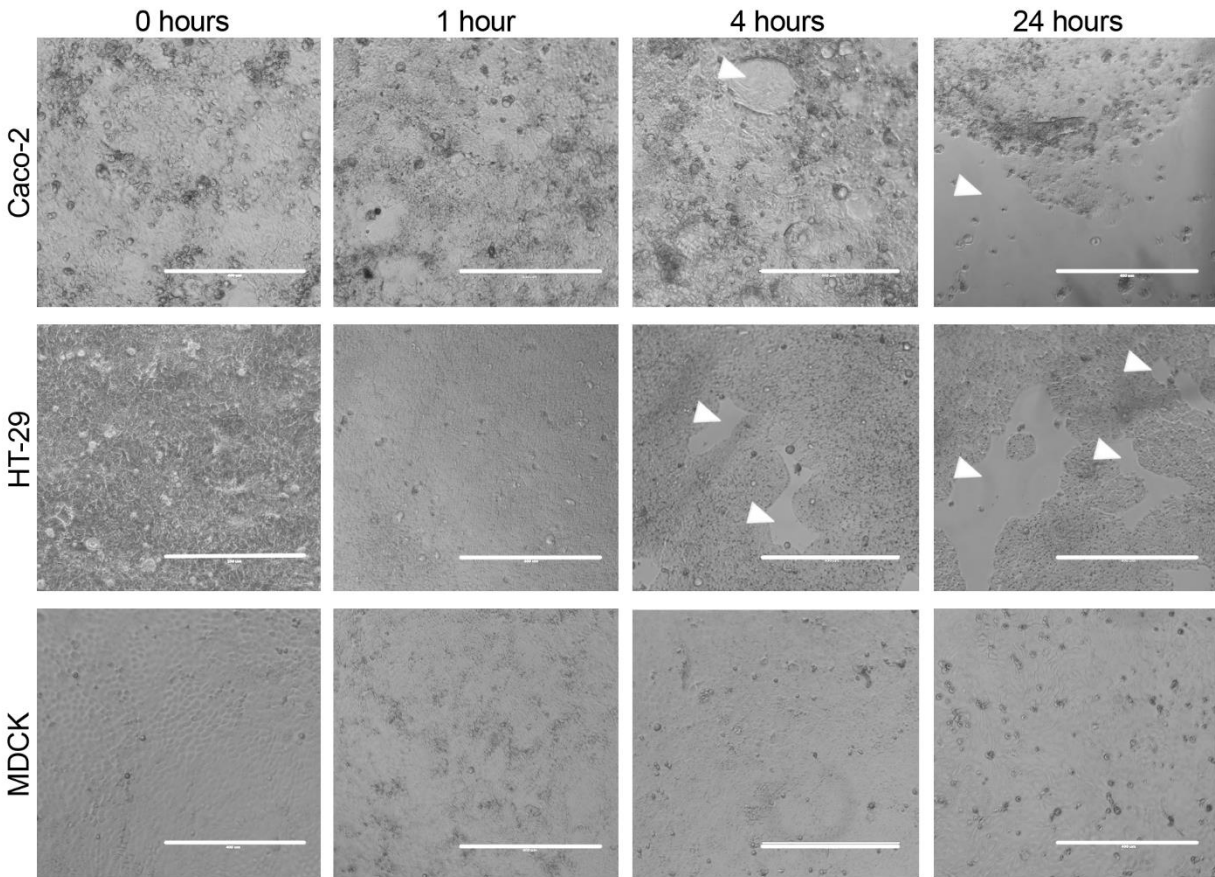


Figure S1. Viability of epithelial cell lines under anaerobic conditions. Monolayers of Caco-2, HT-29, and MDCK cells before and after incubation in anaerobic conditions for 1, 4 and 24 hours. Scale bar = 400  $\mu$ m. White arrows indicate gaps in monolayers.

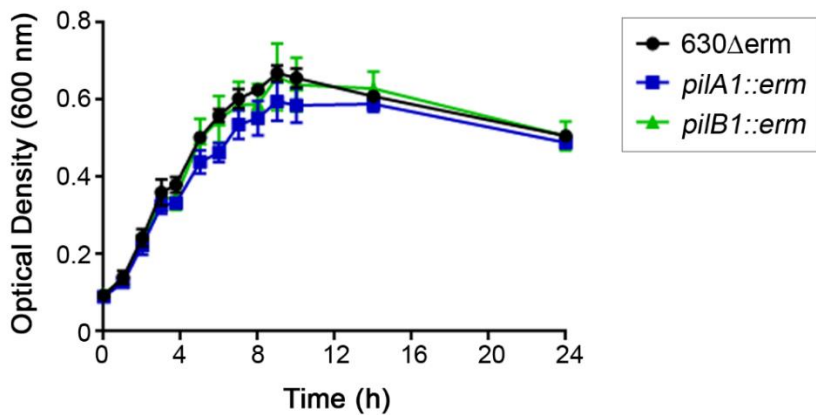


Figure S2. Growth of *C. difficile* strains in DMEM culture medium. 630 $\Delta$ Erm, the *pilA1* mutant, and *pilB1* mutant were grown in DMEM + 10% FBS without phenol red, with OD<sub>600</sub> measured over the indicated time frame.

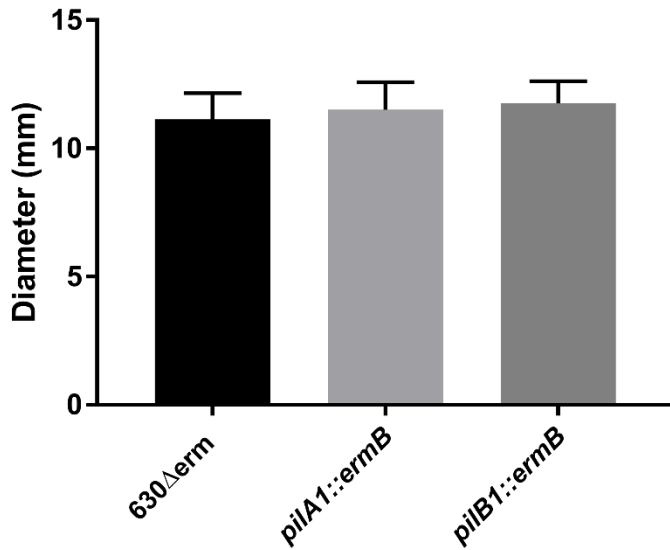


Figure S3. Swimming motility of 630Δerm and TFP mutants. Bacteria from individual colonies were inoculated into soft agar plates containing 0.5X BHIS and 0.3% agar and incubated at 37 °C under anaerobic conditions for 48 hours. Shown are the means and standard deviations of the diameters of the colony swarms from 4 biological replicates. Data were analyzed by one-way ANOVA; no significant differences were found.

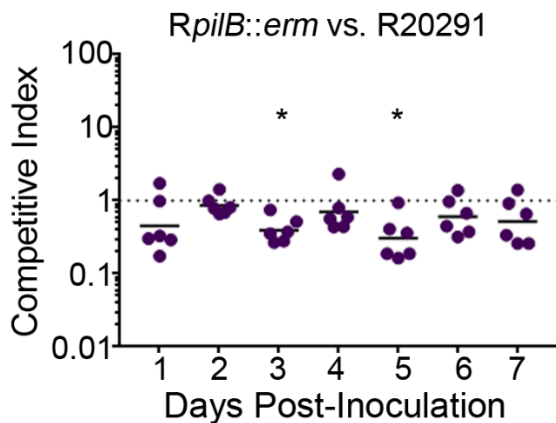


Figure S4. Competition of R20291 and R20291 *pilB1::ermB* strains in the mouse model. R20291 *pilB1::ermB* versus the R20291 parent strain were co-inoculated into antibiotic-treated C57BL/6 mice. CFU recovered from feces were used as a proxy for bacterial load in the intestine. Fecal samples were collected and homogenized at the indicated times post-inoculation and plated on TCCFA and TCCFA supplemented with lincomycin at 20 μg/ml to enumerate total CFU and mutant CFU, respectively. Competitive indices (CI) were calculated as detailed in the Materials and Methods. Symbols reflect CI from individual mice, bars indicate standard deviation. \* P < 0.05, Wilcoxon matched-pairs signed rank test.

## References

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