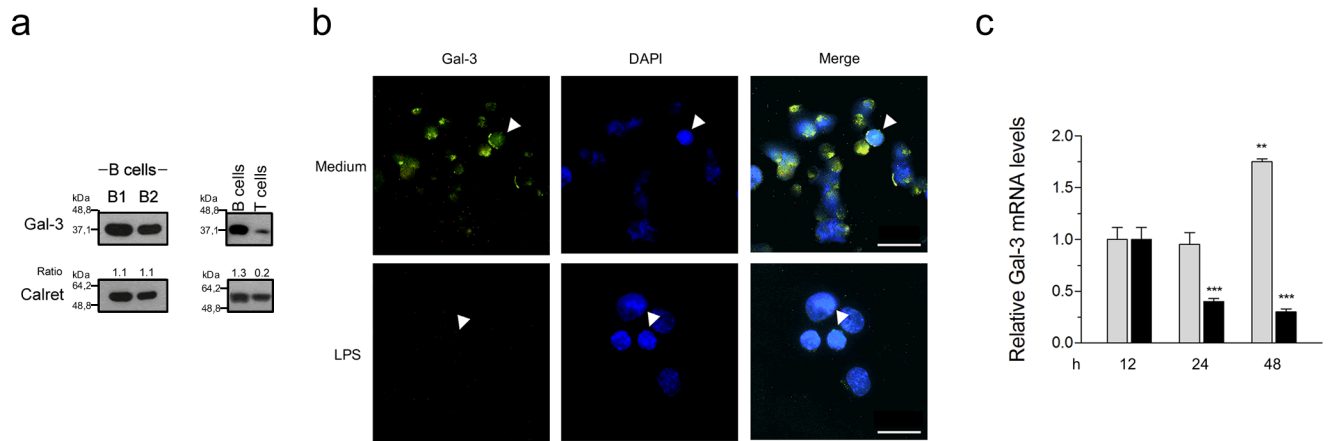


## Supplementary Information

### **Galectin-3 deficiency drives lupus-like disease by promoting spontaneous germinal centers formation via IFN- $\gamma$**

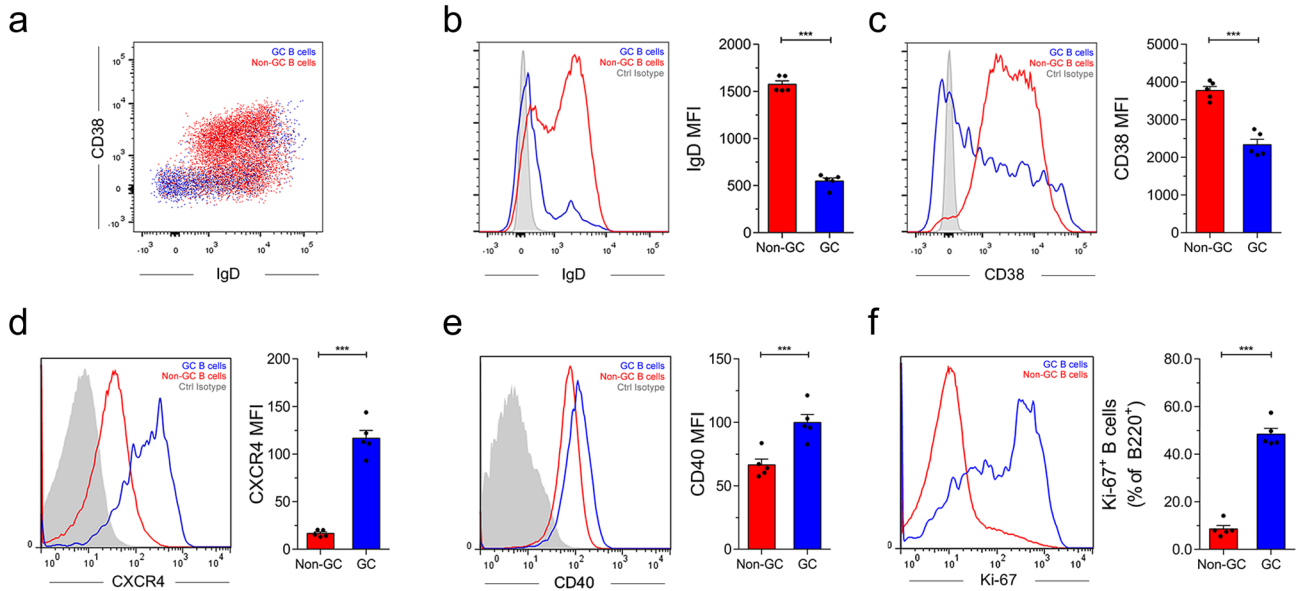
*Beccaria et al.*

## Supplementary Figures



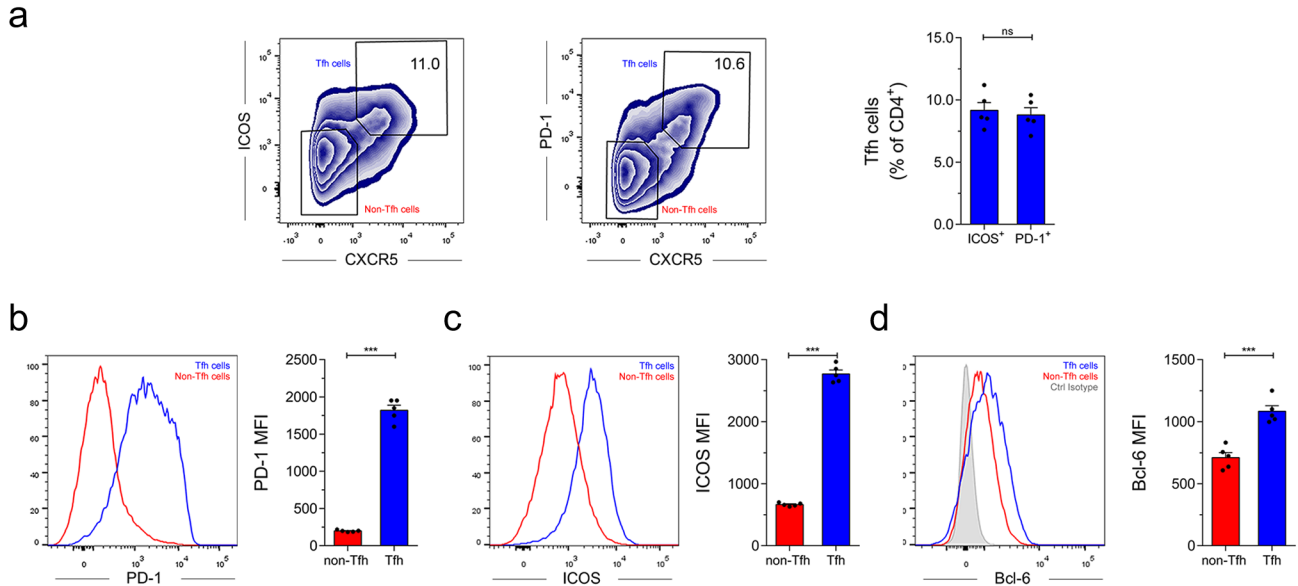
### Supplementary Figure 1. Down-regulation of Gal-3 during PC differentiation.

(a) Comparative western blot of the expression of Gal-3 in murine ex-vivo peritoneal B1 cell (B1) and follicular splenic B cell (B2), and total splenic B and T cells. Gal-3 signal was normalized to the loading control calreticulin (Calret), and ratios are shown between the pictures ( $n = 5$  for each condition). (b) Immunofluorescence for Gal-3 expression in splenic B cells cultured with Medium (upper panels) or LPS (lower panels) for 72 h. The specific Gal-3 signal is shown in green. Nuclei were counter-stained with DAPI (blue). White arrowheads indicate the presence (upper panels) or absence (lower panels) of Gal-3 in B cells cultures with medium and LPS, respectively ( $n = 4$  for each condition). Scale bar, 20  $\mu\text{m}$  (c) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of Gal-3 mRNA levels of purified splenic B cells cultured with Medium (grey bars) or LPS (black bars) for 12, 24 and 48 h ( $n = 6$  for each condition). \*\*  $p < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$  (one-way ANOVA; Tukey-Kramer multiple comparison test). Data are representative of three independent experiments.



**Supplementary Figure 2. Deep characterization of GC B cells in Gal-3 KO mice.**

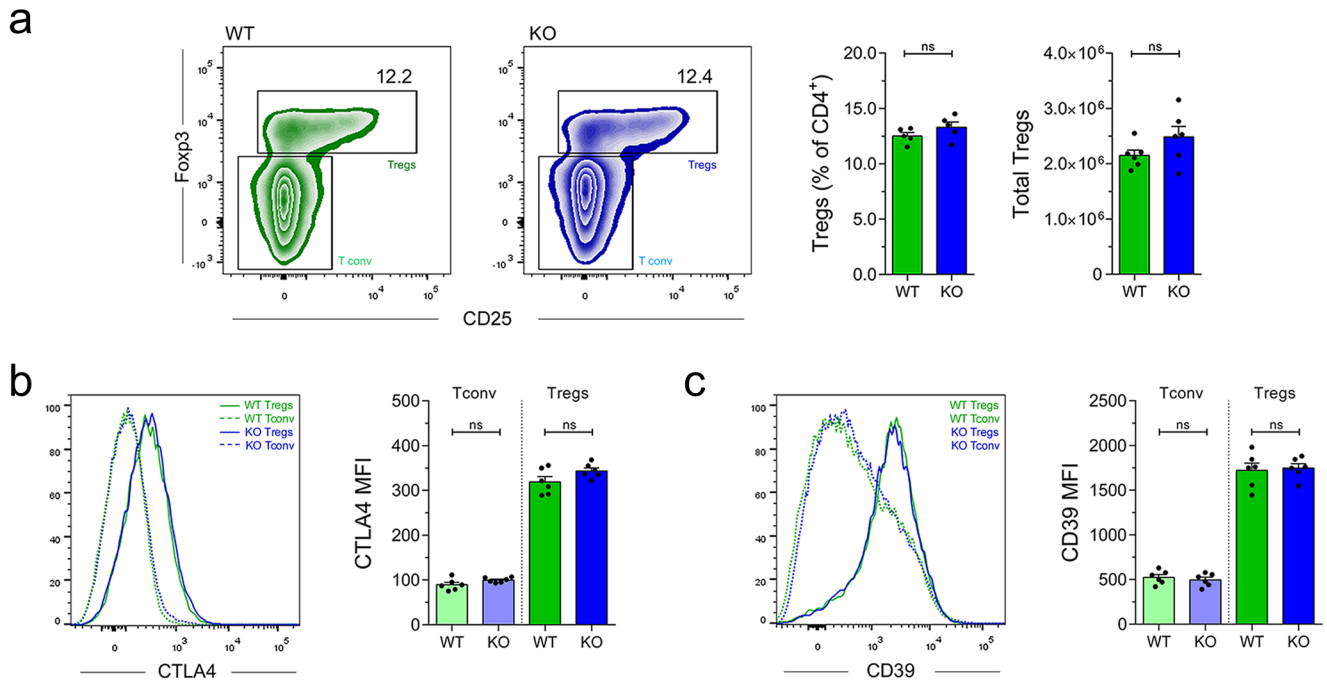
(a) Representative dot plot of CD38 vs IgD of gated B220<sup>+</sup> cells from the spleen of Gal-3 KO mice showing GC (blue) and non-GC B cells (red) ( $n = 5$  for both strains). (b-e) Representative histograms and statistical analysis of mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) of IgD (b), CD38 (c), CXCR4 (d) and CD40 (e) on GC (B220<sup>+</sup> CD4<sup>-</sup> GL7<sup>+</sup> FAS<sup>+</sup>) and non-GC (B220<sup>+</sup> CD4<sup>-</sup> GL7<sup>-</sup> FAS<sup>-</sup>) B cells from 8 week-old Gal-3 KO mice ( $n = 5$  for both strains). (f) Representative histogram and statistical analysis of the frequency of Ki-67<sup>+</sup> cells in GC and non-GC B cells from 8 week-old Gal-3 KO mice ( $n = 5$  for both strains). \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$  (paired Student's t-test). Data are representative of three independent experiments.



**Supplementary Figure 3. Identification of bonafide Tfh cells in Gal-3 KO mice.**

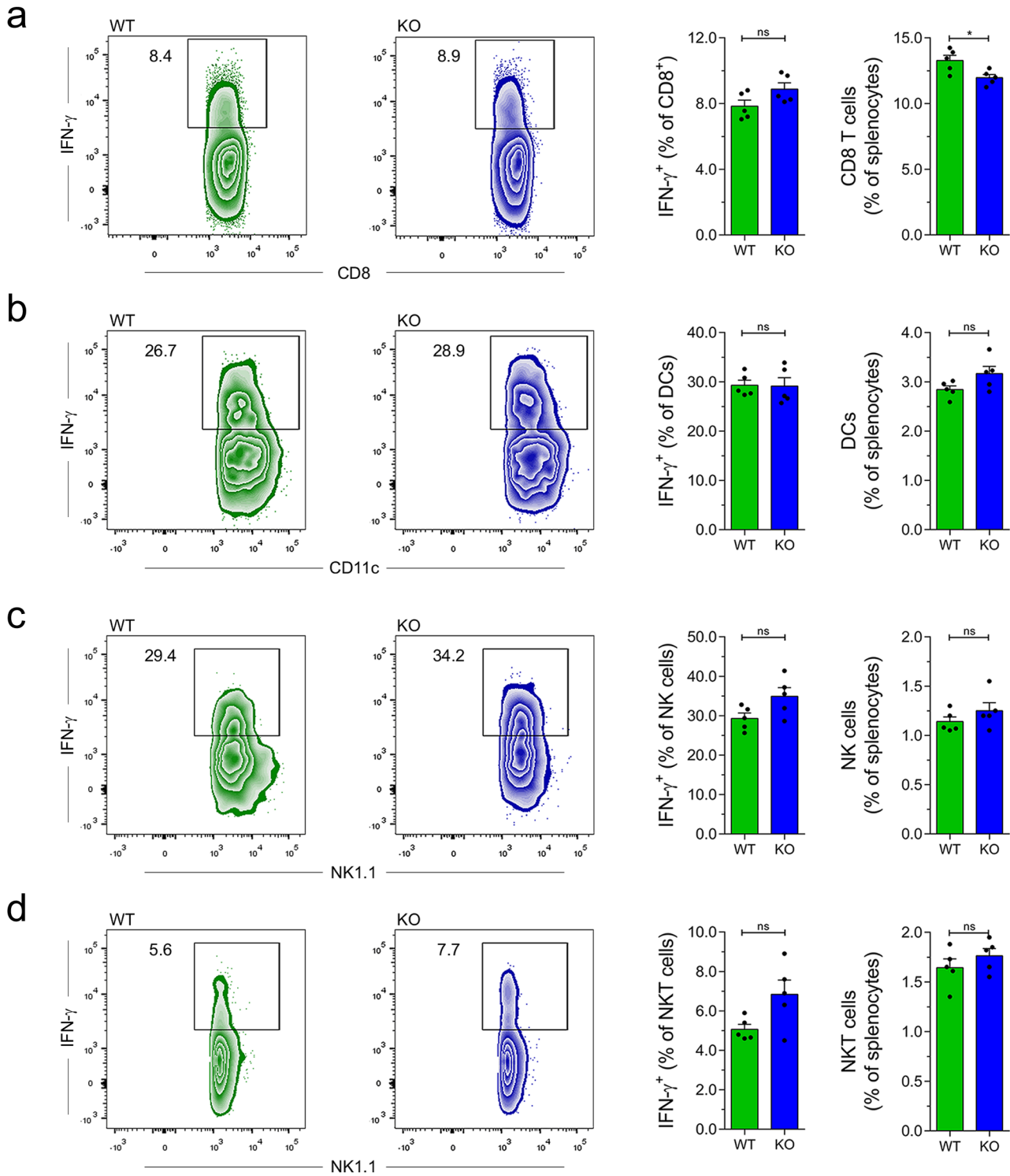
(a) Representative dot plot and statistical analysis of the frequency of Tfh cell from spleen of 8-week-old Gal-3 KO mice identified by expression of CXCR5<sup>+</sup> ICOS<sup>+</sup> (left) or CXCR5<sup>+</sup> PD-1<sup>+</sup> (right) gated on CD4<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup> T cells ( $n = 5$  for both strains). (b) Representative histograms and statistical analysis of Mean Fluorescence Intensity (MFI) of PD-1 staining in Tfh cell (CD4<sup>+</sup> CXCR5<sup>+</sup> ICOS<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup>) and non-Tfh (CD4<sup>+</sup> CXCR5<sup>-</sup> ICOS<sup>-</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup>) from spleen of 8-week-old Gal-3 KO mice ( $n = 5$  for both strains). (c) Representative histograms and statistical analysis of MFI of ICOS staining on Tfh cell (CD4<sup>+</sup> CXCR5<sup>+</sup> PD-1<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup>) and non-Tfh (CD4<sup>+</sup> CXCR5<sup>-</sup> PD-1<sup>-</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup>) from spleen of 8-week-old Gal-3 KO mice ( $n = 5$  for both strains). (d) Representative histograms and statistical analysis of MFI of Bcl-6 staining in Tfh cell (CD4<sup>+</sup> CXCR5<sup>+</sup> ICOS<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup>) and non-Tfh (CD4<sup>+</sup> CXCR5<sup>-</sup> ICOS<sup>-</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup>) from spleen of 8-week-old Gal-3 KO mice ( $n = 5$  for both strains). \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$  (paired Student's t-test); ns, not significant. Data are representative of three independent experiments.





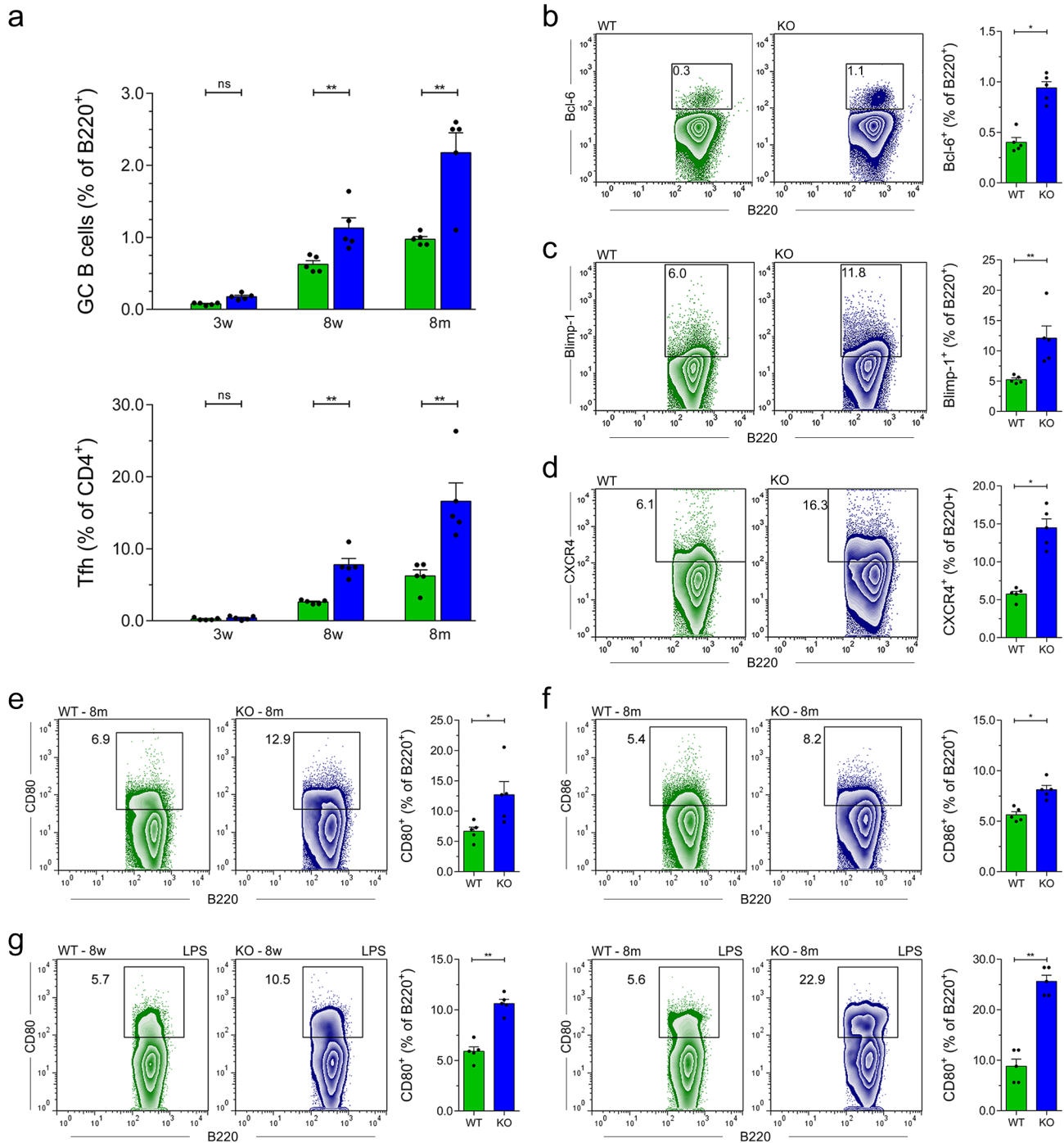
**Supplementary Figure 4. Comparative study of regulatory T cells.**

(a) Representative dot plot and statistical analysis of the frequency and number of Tregs cells (CD4<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>+</sup> CD25<sup>+</sup>) ( $n = 6$  for both strains). (b-c) Representative histogram and statistical analysis of the Mean Fluorescence Intensity (MFI) of CTLA4 (b) and CD39 (c) on Tregs cell (CD4<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>+</sup> CD25<sup>+</sup>; dark colors) and conventional CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells (CD4<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup> CD25<sup>-</sup>; light colors) from spleen of 8-week-old WT (green) and Gal-3 KO mice (blue) ( $n = 6$  for both strains). ns, not significant (unpaired Student's t-test). Data are representative of three independent experiments.



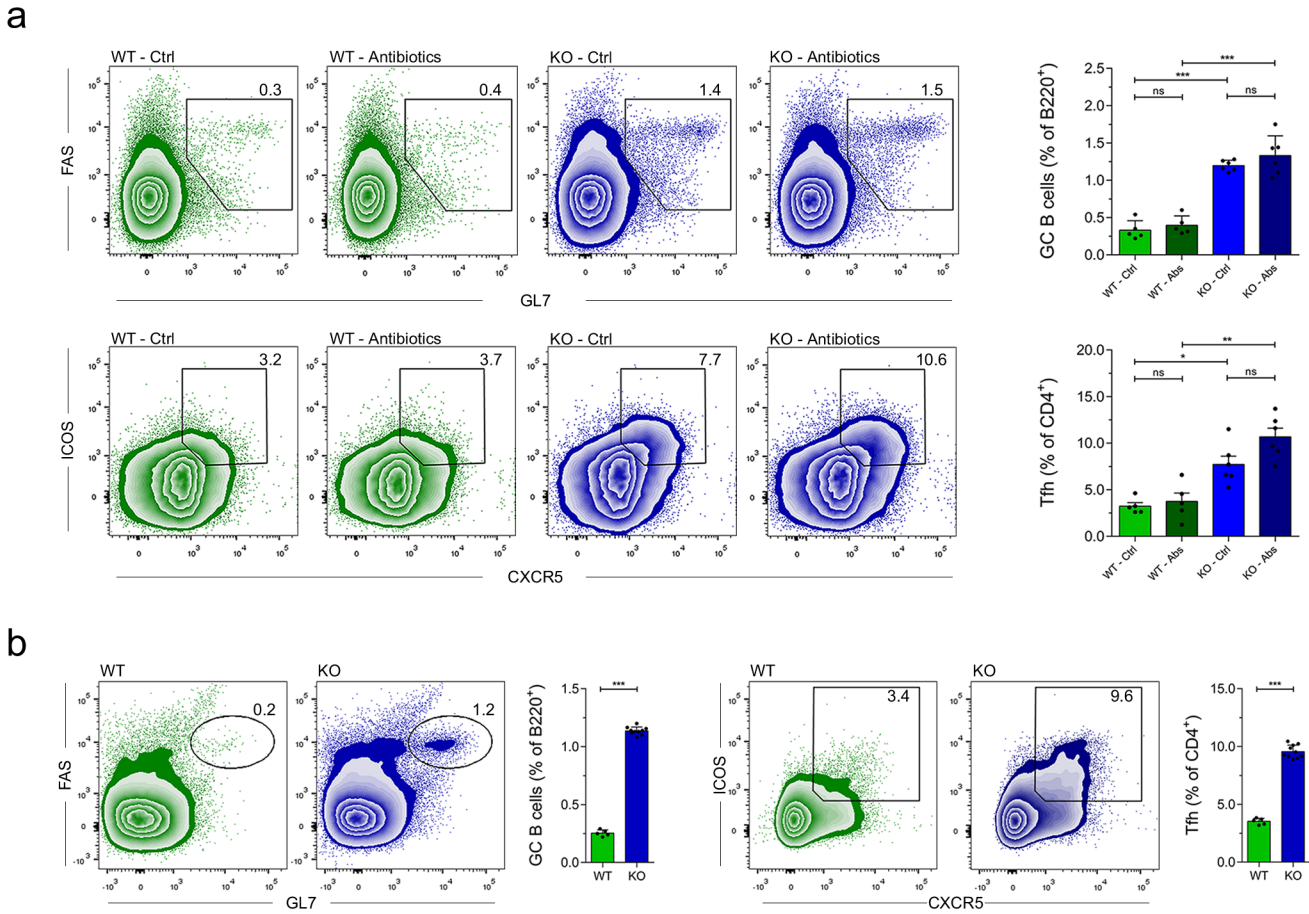
**Supplementary Figure 5. IFN- $\gamma$ -producing non-CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells.**

(a-d) Representative plots and statistical analysis of the frequency of IFN- $\gamma$ -producing CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells (CD3<sup>+</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> CD4<sup>-</sup>) (a), DC cells (CD11c<sup>+</sup> IA/IE<sup>+</sup> CD3<sup>-</sup> CD19<sup>-</sup>) (b), NK cells (NK1.1<sup>+</sup> CD49b<sup>+</sup> CD3<sup>-</sup> TCR $\beta$ <sup>-</sup>) (c) and NKT cells (NK1.1<sup>+</sup> CD49b<sup>+</sup> CD3<sup>+</sup> TCR $\beta$ <sup>+</sup>) ( $n = 5$  for both strains) (d). Bar graphs on the right show the percentage of each indicated population in the spleen. \*  $p < 0.05$ ; ns, not significant (unpaired Student's t-test). Data are representative of three independent experiments.



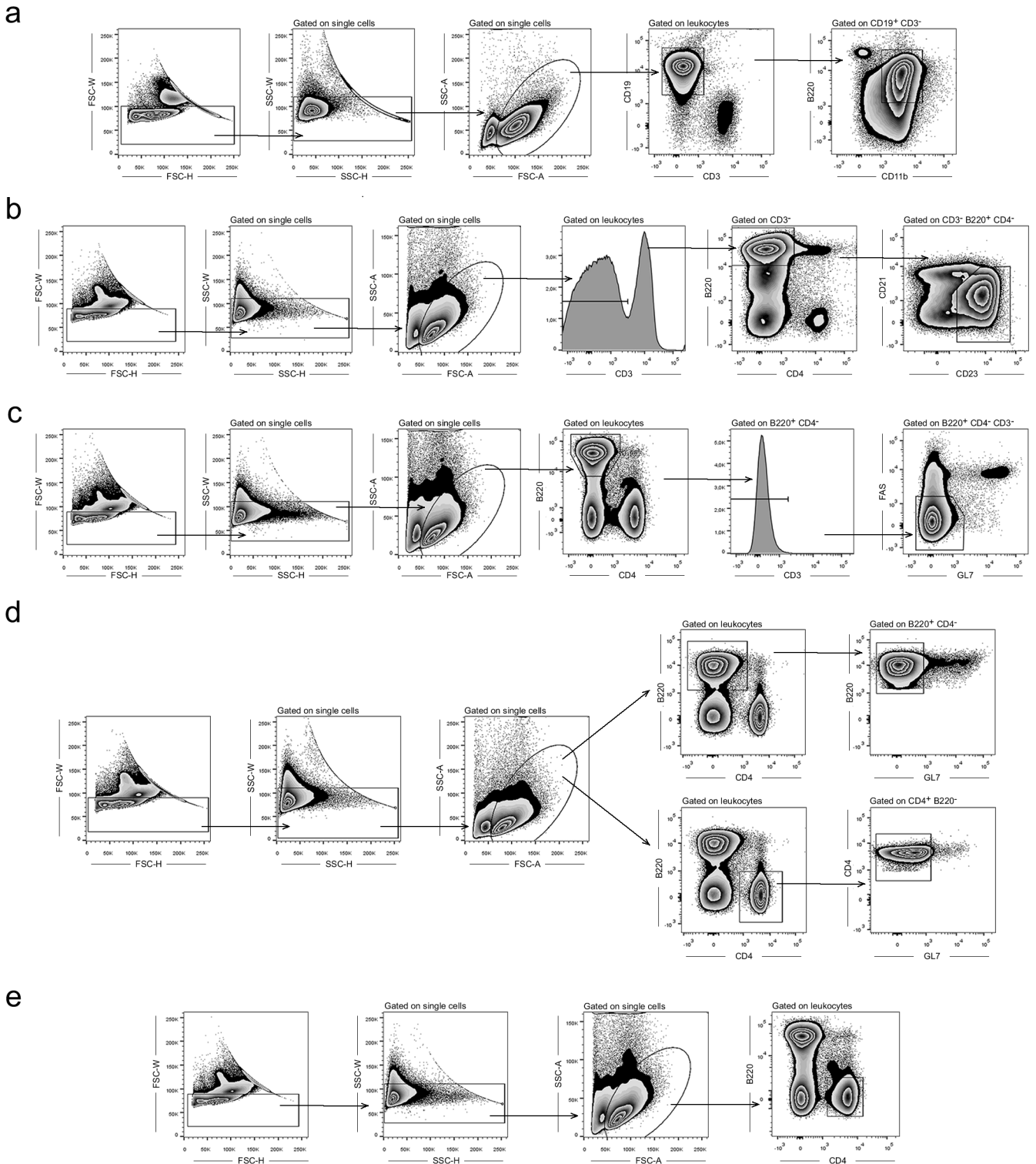
### Supplementary Figure 6. Aged Gal-3 KO mice exhibit an activated B cell phenotype

(a) Bar graphs of the frequency of GC B cells (upper graph) and Tfh (lower graph) in the spleen from 3-week-, 8-week- or 8-month-old WT and Gal-3 KO mice ( $n = 5$  per group at each time point). (b-d) Representative plots and statistical analysis of the frequency of Bcl-6<sup>+</sup>, CXCR4<sup>+</sup> and Blimp-1<sup>+</sup> B220<sup>+</sup> B cells in the spleen from 8-month-old WT and Gal-3 KO mice, respectively ( $n = 5$  for both strains). (e-f) Representative plots and statistical analysis of the percentages of CD80<sup>+</sup> and CD86<sup>+</sup> B cells of the spleen from 8-month-old WT (green) and Gal-3 KO (blue) mice ( $n = 5$  for both strains). (g) Representative plots and statistical analysis of the percentages of CD80<sup>+</sup> B cells of the spleen from 8-week (left) and 8-month-old (right) WT (green) and Gal-3 KO (blue) mice cultured with LPS for 24h ( $n = 5$  for each condition). \*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*  $p < 0.005$  (unpaired Student's t-test). Data are representative of three independent experiments.



**Supplementary Figure 7. Antibiotic treatment and co-housed experiments does not modify the frequency of GC B cells nor Tfh cells in Gal-3 KO mice.**

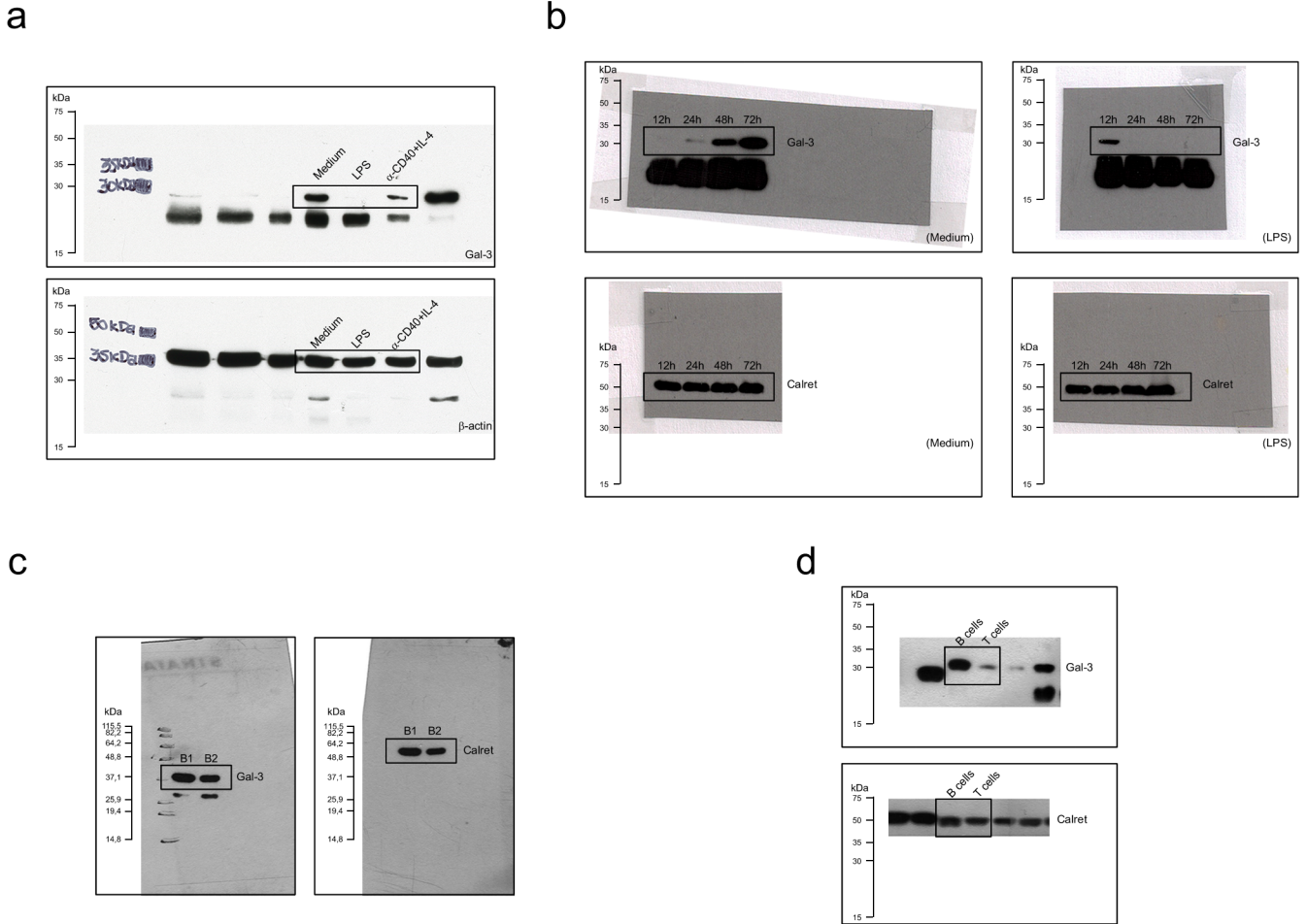
(a) Representative plots and statistical analysis of the frequency of GC B cells (B220<sup>+</sup> FAS<sup>+</sup> GL7<sup>+</sup> CD3<sup>-</sup>; upper panels) and Tfh cells (CD4<sup>+</sup> CXCR5<sup>+</sup> ICOS<sup>+</sup> Foxp3<sup>-</sup> B220<sup>-</sup>; lower panels) in spleen from WT (green) and Gal-3 KO (blue) mice receiving water (controls, indicated as Ctrl) or antibiotics (indicated as Antibiotics) (WT  $n = 5$ ; Gal-3 KO  $n = 6$ ). (b) Representative plots and statistical analysis of the frequency of GC B cells (left panels) and Tfh cells (right panels) in the spleen of co-housed WT (green) and Gal-3 KO (blue) (WT  $n = 5$ ; Gal-3 KO  $n = 10$ ). \*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*  $p < 0.005$ , \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$ . ns, not significant (one-way ANOVA; Tukey–Kramer multiple comparison test was used for experiments displayed in a and unpaired Student's t-test was used in b). Data are representative of two independent experiments.



**Supplementary Figure 8. Gating strategies used for cell sorting.**

(a) Gating strategy to sort peritoneal B1 cells ( $CD19^+ B220^+ CD11b^+ CD3^-$ ) from WT mice for experiments presented on Supplementary Figure 1a. (b) Gating strategy to sort follicular splenic B2 cells ( $B220^+ CD21^+ CD23^{high} CD3^- CD4^-$ ) from WT mice for experiments presented on Supplementary Figure 1a. (c) Gating strategy to sort non-GC B cells ( $B220^+ FAS^- GL7^- CD3^- CD4^-$ ) from WT and Gal-3 KO mice for experiments presented on Fig. 3b. (d) Gating strategy to sort B cells ( $B220^+ GL7^- CD4^-$ ) and  $CD4^+$  T cells ( $CD4^+ GL7^- B220^-$ ) from WT and Gal-3 KO mice for experiments presented on Fig. 3c. (e) Gating strategy to sort  $CD4^+$  T cells ( $CD4^+ B220^-$ ) from WT and Gal-3 KO mice for experiments presented on Fig. 4a.





**Supplementary Figure 9. Original data of immunoblots.**

(a) Immunoblot data corresponding to Fig. 1a. (b) Immunoblot data corresponding to Fig. 1b. (c) Immunoblot data corresponding to Supplementary Figure 1a (left immunoblot). (d) Immunoblot data corresponding to Supplementary Figure 1a (right immunoblot).

## Supplementary Table

<b>Specificity and Fluorochrome</b>	<b>Clone</b>	<b>Catalog Number</b>	<b>Source</b>	<b>Dilution</b>
Anti-B220 FITC	RA3-6B2	103206	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-B220 PE	RA3-6B2	103208	BioLegend	1/400
Anti-B220 PE-Cy7	RA3-6B2	103222	BioLegend	1/400
Anti-CD3 $\epsilon$ PerCP-Cy5.5	145-2C11	100328	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-CD86 APC	GL-1	105012	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-CD4 APC-Cy7	GK1.5	100414	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-CD23 FITC	B3B4	101606	BioLegend	1/100
Anti-IFN- $\gamma$ FITC	XMG1.2	505806	BioLegend	1/100
Anti-Bcl-6 PE	7D1	358504	BioLegend	1/75
Anti-IL-21R APC	4A9	131910	BioLegend	1/100
Anti-ICOS PE-Cy7	C398.4A	313520	BioLegend	1/100
Anti-IgD Alexa Fluor 594	11-26c.2a	405740	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-IFN- $\gamma$ R $\alpha$ Biotin	2E2	112804	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-NK1.1 PE-Cy7	PK136	108714	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-TCR $\beta$ chain APC	H57-597	109212	BioLegend	1/200
Anti-B220 APC	RA3-6B2	17-0452-83	eBioscience	1/400
Anti-CD11b FITC	M1/70	11-0112-85	eBioscience	1/100
Anti-CD21 PE	eBio8D9	12-0211-82	eBioscience	1/200
Anti-PD-1 PE	J43	12-9985-82	eBioscience	1/200
Anti-CD4 PE	GK1.5	12-0041-82	eBioscience	1/400
Anti-CXCR4 PE	2B11	12-9991-82	eBioscience	1/200
Anti-CD40 PE	1C10	12-0401-82	eBioscience	1/200
Anti-CD69 PerCP-Cy5.5	H1.2F3	45-0691-82	eBioscience	1/200
Anti-Foxp3 PerCP-Cy5.5	FJK-16s	45-5773-82	eBioscience	1/100
Anti-Foxp3 APC	FJK-16s	17-5773-82	eBioscience	1/100
Anti-IFN- $\gamma$ APC	XMG1.2	17-7311-82	eBioscience	1/200
Anti-Ki-67 eFluor660	SolA15	50-5699-82	eBioscience	1/600
Anti-GL7 eFluor660	GL7	50-5902-82	eBioscience	1/300
Anti-CD39 PerCP-eFluor710	24DMS1	46-0391-82	eBioscience	1/400
Anti-CTLA-4 PE	UC10-4B9	12-1522-82	eBioscience	1/75
Anti-CD49b PE	DX5	12-5971-82	eBioscience	1/200

Anti-MHC Class II I-Ab PerCP-eFluor710	AF6-120.1	46-5320-82	eBioscience	1/200
Anti-CD11c PE-Cy7	N418	25-0114-82	eBioscience	1/300
Anti-CD11c-FITC	HL-3	553801	BD Biosciences	1/100
Anti-CD45.1-APC-Cy7	A20	560579	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-CD45.2-PerCP-Cy5.5	104	552950	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-IL-17-PE	TC11- 18H10	559502	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-Bcl-6-PE-Cy7	K112-91	563582	BD Biosciences	1/75
Anti-CD80-PE	16-10A1	553769	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-CD138-APC	281-2	558626	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-FAS (CD95)-PE	Jo2	554258	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-FAS (CD95)-PE-Cy7	Jo2	557653	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-FAS (CD95)-Biotin	Jo2	554256	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-CXCR5-Biotin	2G8	551960	BD Biosciences	1/75
Anti-IgD FITC	11-26c.2a	553439	BD Biosciences	1/100
Anti-CD38 PE	90	553764	BD Biosciences	1/200
Anti-Blimp-1-PE	C-21	sc-47732	Santa Cruz	1/75
Anti-CD4-Alexa Fluor 488	RM4-5	MCD0420	Invitrogen	1/200
Anti-CD3-Alexa Fluor 647	500A2	HM3421	Invitrogen	1/200
Anti-IgG(H+L)-Alexa Fluor 594	Polyconal	A-11007	Invitrogen	1/200
Streptavidin PerCP-Cy5.5	ND	405214	BioLegend	1/200
Streptavidin APC	ND	405207	BioLegend	1/400
Streptavidin PE	ND	554061	BD Biosciences	1/400
PNA-FITC	ND	FL-1071	Vector Laboratories	1/200
PNA-Alexa Fluor 647	ND	L32460	Invitrogen	1/400

**Supplementary Table 1.** Antibodies and staining reagents used in this study.