

**Title: Elevated urinary N-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucosaminidase is associated with high glycoalbumin-to-hemoglobin A1c ratio in type 1 diabetes patients with early diabetic kidney disease**

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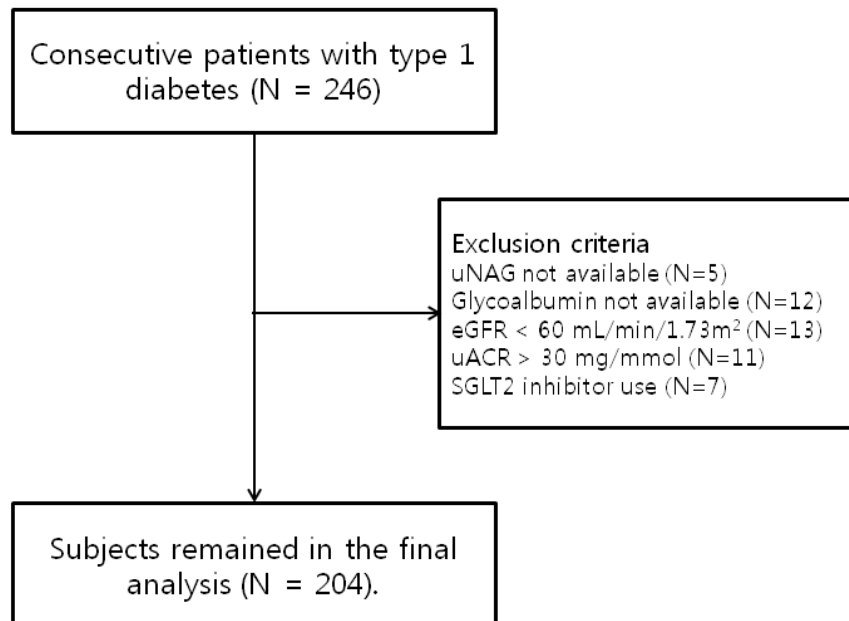
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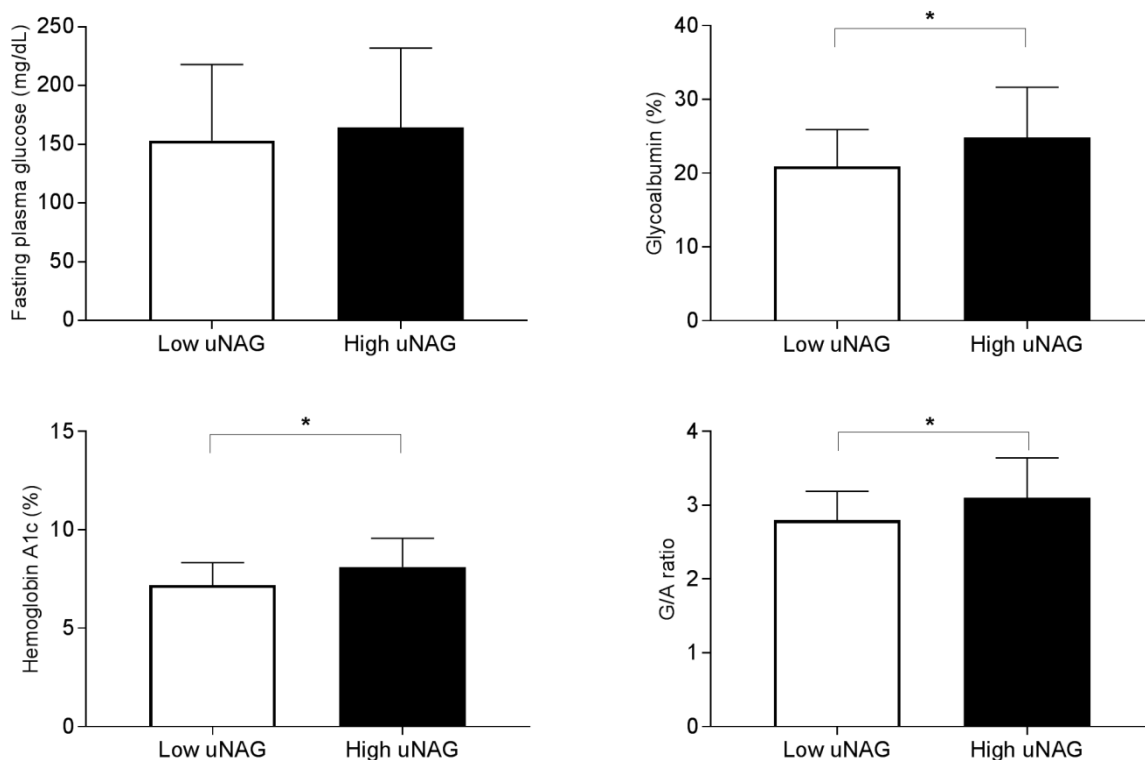
Supplementary Table 1. Association of uNAG excretion with G/A ratio in a subset of study subjects with normal to mildly increased albuminuria (A1, albumin-to-creatinine ratio less than 30 mg/g creatinine)

Variables	Univariate		Multivariate	
	$\beta$ (95% CI)	P	$\beta$ (95% CI)	P
uNAG, log unit	<b>0.090 (0.007 to 0.172)</b>	<b>0.032</b>	<b>0.127 (0.029 to 0.225)</b>	<b>0.011</b>
Age, year	0.014 (-0.051 to 0.079)	0.668	0.001 (-0.005 to 0.006)	0.873
Women (vs. men)	0.061 (-0.081 to 0.204)	0.400	0.017 (-0.135 to 0.171)	0.822
BMI, kg/m <sup>2</sup>	<b>-0.027 (-0.049 to -0.004)</b>	<b>0.017</b>	<b>-0.029 (-0.052 to -0.007)</b>	<b>0.010</b>
Diabetes duration, year	0.061(-0.082 to 0.204)	0.404	0.136 (-0.017 to 0.289)	0.081
uACR, log unit	-0.019 (-0.138 to 0.099)	0.745	-0.102 (-0.241 to 0.036)	0.148
Angiotensin blockers use (yes vs. no)	-0.148 (-0.368 to 0.071)	0.185	-0.222 (-0.473 to 0.029)	0.083
FPG, mg/dL	<b>0.014 (0.003 to 0.024)</b>	<b>0.011</b>	<b>0.014 (0.004 to 0.025)</b>	<b>0.008</b>
Hemoglobin, g/dL	-0.002 (-0.045 to 0.041)	0.911	0.012 (-0.032 to 0.055)	0.604

Abbreviations: uNAG, urinary N-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucosaminidase; BMI, body mass index; uACR, urinary albumin-to-creatinine ratio. In multivariate model,  $\beta$  coefficient of uNAG for G/A ratio was reported with adjustment for age, sex, BMI, duration of diabetes, log-uACR, angiotensin blockers use, FPG, and hemoglobin.



Supplementary Figure 1. Study flow diagram. Abbreviations: uNAG, urinary N-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucosaminidase; uACR, urinary albumin-to-creatinine ratio; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; SGLT2, sodium-glucose co-transporter 2.



\* P value < 0.05

Supplementary Fig. 2. Comparison of glycemic parameters by uNAG level in a subset of subjects with normal to mildly increased albuminuria (A1, albumin-to-creatinine ratio (ACR) less than 30 mg/g creatinine). Low uNAG was defined as uNAG < 5.80 U/g creatinine, whereas high uNAG indicate uNAG  $\geq$  5.80 U/g creatinine. Abbreviations: uNAG, urinary N-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucosaminidase; G/A ratio, glycoalbumin-to-hemoglobin A1c ratio.