

Title

A targeted boost-and-sort immunization strategy using *Escherichia coli* BamA identifies rare growth inhibitory antibodies

Authors

Rajesh Vij¹, Zhonghua Lin¹, Nancy Chiang¹, Jean-Michel Vernes⁴, Kelly M. Storek², Summer Park⁵, Joyce Chan⁴, Gloria Meng⁴, Laetitia Comps-Agrar⁴, Peng Luan¹, Sophia Lee¹, Kellen Schneider¹, Jack Bevers III¹, Inna Zilberleyb³, Christine Tam³, Christopher M. Koth³, Min Xu⁵, Avinash Gill¹, Marcy R. Auerbach², Peter A. Smith², Steven T. Rutherford², Gerald Nakamura¹, Dhaya Seshasayee¹, Jian Payandeh^{3*}, James T. Koerber^{1*}

¹Department of Antibody Engineering, Genentech, 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, California 94080, USA

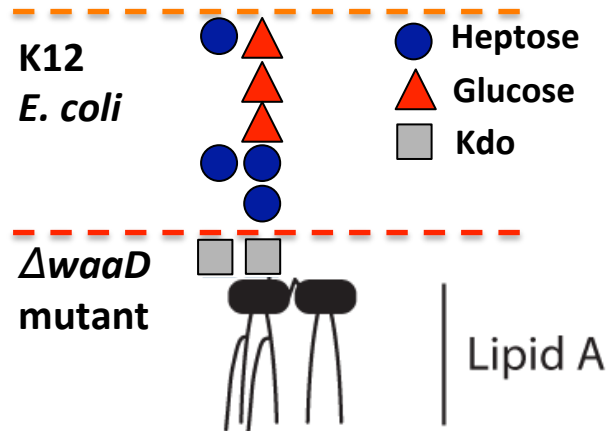
²Department of Infectious Diseases, Genentech, 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, California 94080, USA

³Department of Structural Biology, Genentech, 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, California 94080, USA

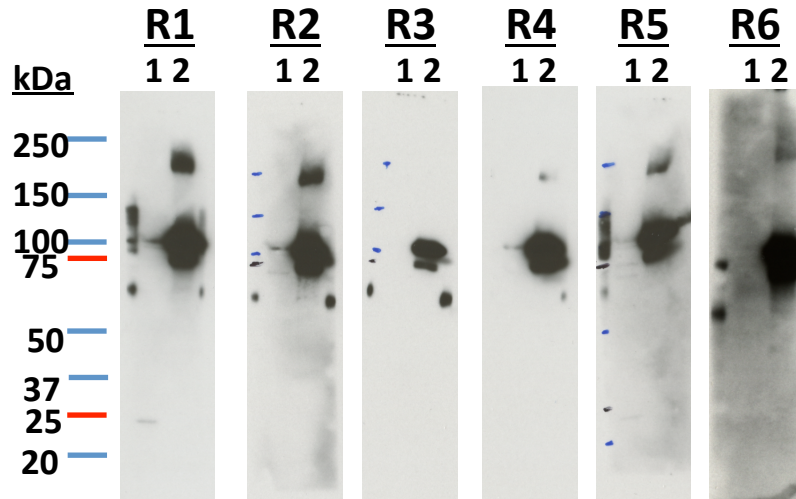
⁴Department of Biochemical and Cellular Pharmacology, Genentech, 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, California 94080, USA

⁵Department of Translational Immunology, Genentech, 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, California 94080, USA

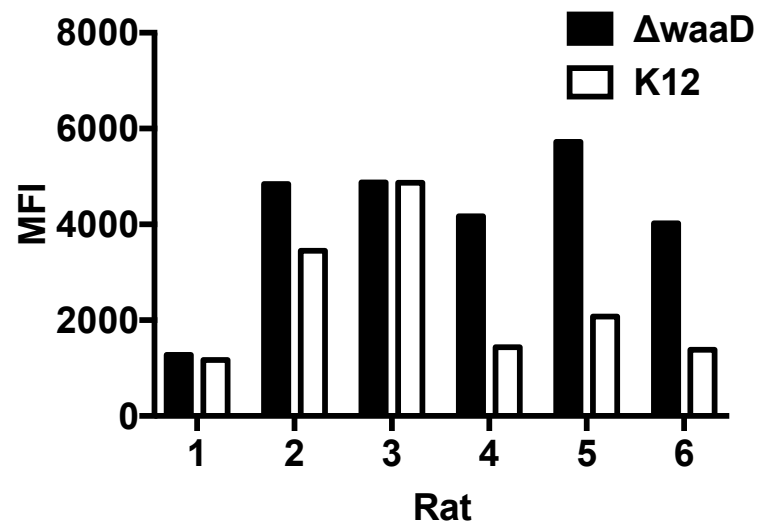
*Correspondence to J.P. (payandeh.jian@gene.com, 650-225-6416) and J.T.K. (koerber.james@gene.com, 650-467-4865)



Supplemental Figure 1. Schematic of LPS structures on *waaD* and K12 strains. Diagram of LPS structure for both the K12 and *waaD* strains highlighting lack of elongated LPS in *waaD* (blue circle: heptose sugar; red triangle: glucose sugar; grey square: Kdo sugar).



Supplemental Figure 2. Western blots against purified BamA with pAbs from K12 immunizations. Western blot results with 10 ug/mL of purified pAbs from bleed 1 are shown. Lane 1 contains 100 ng of an irrelevant protein and lane 2 contains 100 ng of recombinant BamA. All samples were run on a single gel and transferred to a blot. The blot was divided into five parts and each parts was stained with a different purified pAb sample. Images for the full blot are shown.



Supplementary Figure 3. MFI values for purified pAbs from whole cell immunization. MFI values on either $\Delta waaD$ (black box) or K12 (white box) with 40 ug/mL purified pAbs for each of the six rats.

Format	Advantage	Disadvantage
Purified protein (detergent)	High purity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detergent-specific conformation • Production
Purified protein (matrix)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High purity • Modular choice of lipids 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lipid-specific conformation • Production
Peptide	Ease of production	Hard to mimic native conformation
Membrane fraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ease of production • Native format 	High level of non-target Abs
Membrane vesicle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ease of production • Native format 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High level of non-target Abs • Low target amount
Whole cell	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ease of production • Native format 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High level of non-target Abs • Low target amount
DNA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ease of production • Native format 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low immune response • Low expression level

Supplementary Table 1. Comparison of different antigen formats for membrane proteins. Overview of advantages and disadvantages in using different antigen formats for antibody discovery.