

Figure S1 Epigenetic profiling of the mouse post-implantation embryos. (A) The morphology of the mouse gastrula. (B) Manipulation strategy of the mouse embryos

from E6.5 to E7.5 stage. The numbers of embryos for each assay were also shown. (C) Marker gene expression profiling by *in situ* hybridization in embryos at the indicated stages. Scale bar, 250  $\mu$ m. (D) Marker genes expression profile in each dissected part of the embryo by qPCR analysis. (E, F) Reproducibility of ChIP-seq of H3K27me3 (E) and reduced representation bisulfite sequencing (F) data.



**Figure S2** Global dynamics of H3K27me3 and DNA methylation during mouse embryo development. (**A**) Bar plot showing the number of 200 bp bins with gain or loss of H3K27me3 during the development of the gastrula. (**B**, **C**) Pearson correlation coefficients of H3K27me3 modification pattern (**B**) and DNA methylation (**C**) of samples from pre-implantation to post-implantation embryos. The published data of H3K27me3 enrichment [1] and DNA methylation [2] in pre-implantation embryos were used in these analyses. (**D**) The distribution of DNA methylation level in differentially methylated regions (DMRs, change in methylation > 0.15, q-value < 0.05) between different regions of the post-implantation embryo. (**E**) Gene ontology (GO) analysis of the genes which show differential methylation level between the embryonic and extraembryonic regions of the embryo. (**F**) Sequence preference of H3K27me3 and DNA methylation for different CpG content promoters in intra-embryonic cells.



**Figure S3** Epigenetic modulation of H3K27me3 triggers different responsiveness in extraembryonic and embryonic cells. (A) The scheme showing the procedure of H3K27me3 modulation in a mouse embryo explant culture system. (B) Representative images showing the morphology of anterior (A), posterior (P) and extraembryonic (ExE)

explants without (Ctrl, up) or with (EPZ, down) the addition of EPZ005687. Scale bar, 250 µm. (C) Venn diagrams showing the overlap between bivalent/repressive genes and upregulated genes after EPZ treatment in each sample. Upregulated genes are defined as genes with expression fold change (FPKM) > 2. (D) Venn diagrams showing the expression changes after the treatment of EPZ. Numbers of each group of genes were notified. Representative genes are notified with red circle and listed. (E, F) The genome browser snapshot of DNA methylation and H3K27me3, gene expression changes, H3K27me3 enrichment changes of *Prdm14* (E) and *Vax2* (F). n = 3; Student's *t*-test, \**P* < 0.05, \*\**P* < 0.01, \*\*\**P* < 0.001.



**Figure S4** The genome browser snapshot, gene expression change and H3K27me3 change of representative development-related genes.