

Supplementary Materials

Targeting intracellular MMPs efficiently inhibits tumour metastasis and angiogenesis

Yaqi Lv^a, Xiangmei Zhao^a, Lidan Zhu^a, Sijia Li^a, Qingqing Xiao^a, Wei He^a, Lifang Yin*^{a,b}*

^a Department of Pharmaceutics, School of Pharmacy, China Pharmaceutical University, Nanjing, 210009, P.R. China

^b Key Laboratory of Druggability of Biopharmaceutics, China Pharmaceutical University, Nanjing, 210009, PR China

E-mail: lifangyin_@163.com (L.F. Yin), weihe@cpu.edu.cn (W. He)

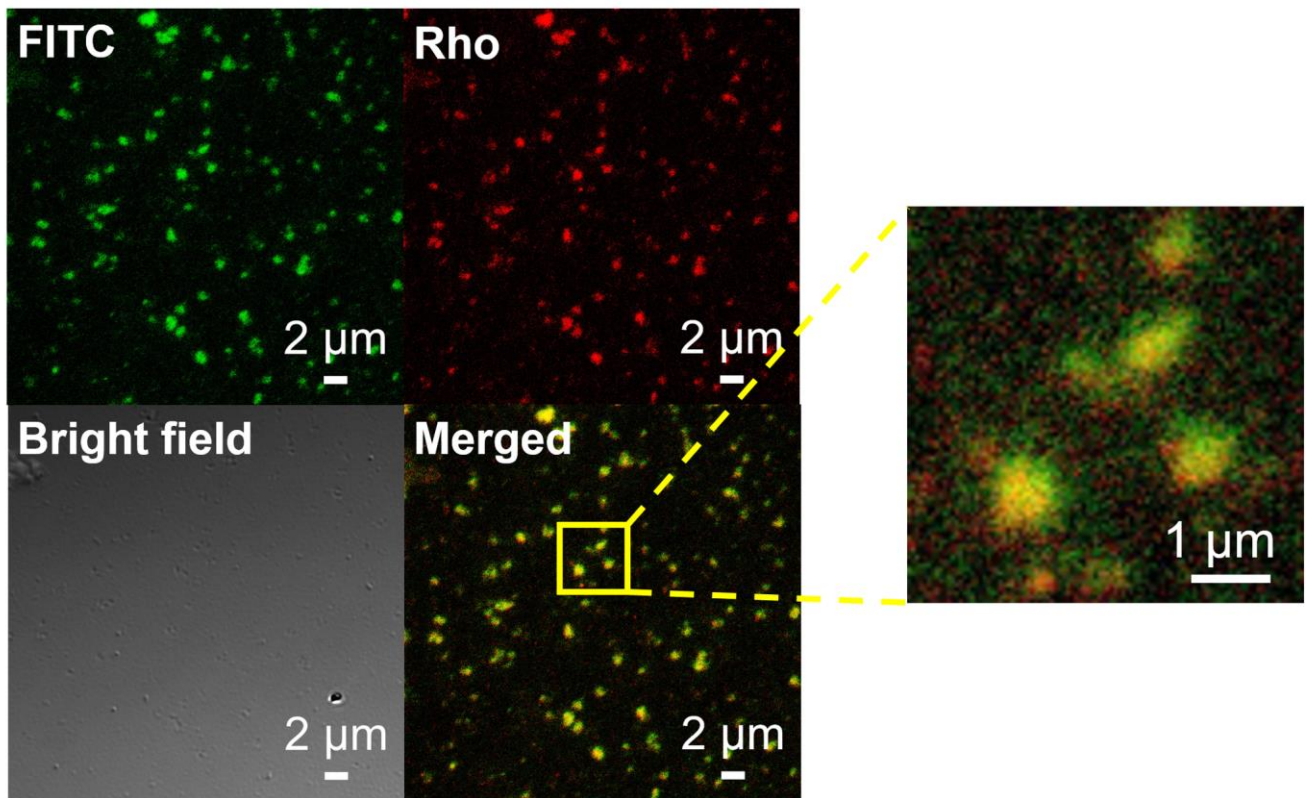


Figure S1. CLSM images of HPMC NPs at a FITC-HA-PTX/Rho-MATT/CN mass ratio of 2:1. The FITC and Rho concentrations were both 800 ng/mL. Yellow fluorescence indicates the assembly of FITC-HA-PTX and Rho-MATT/CN.

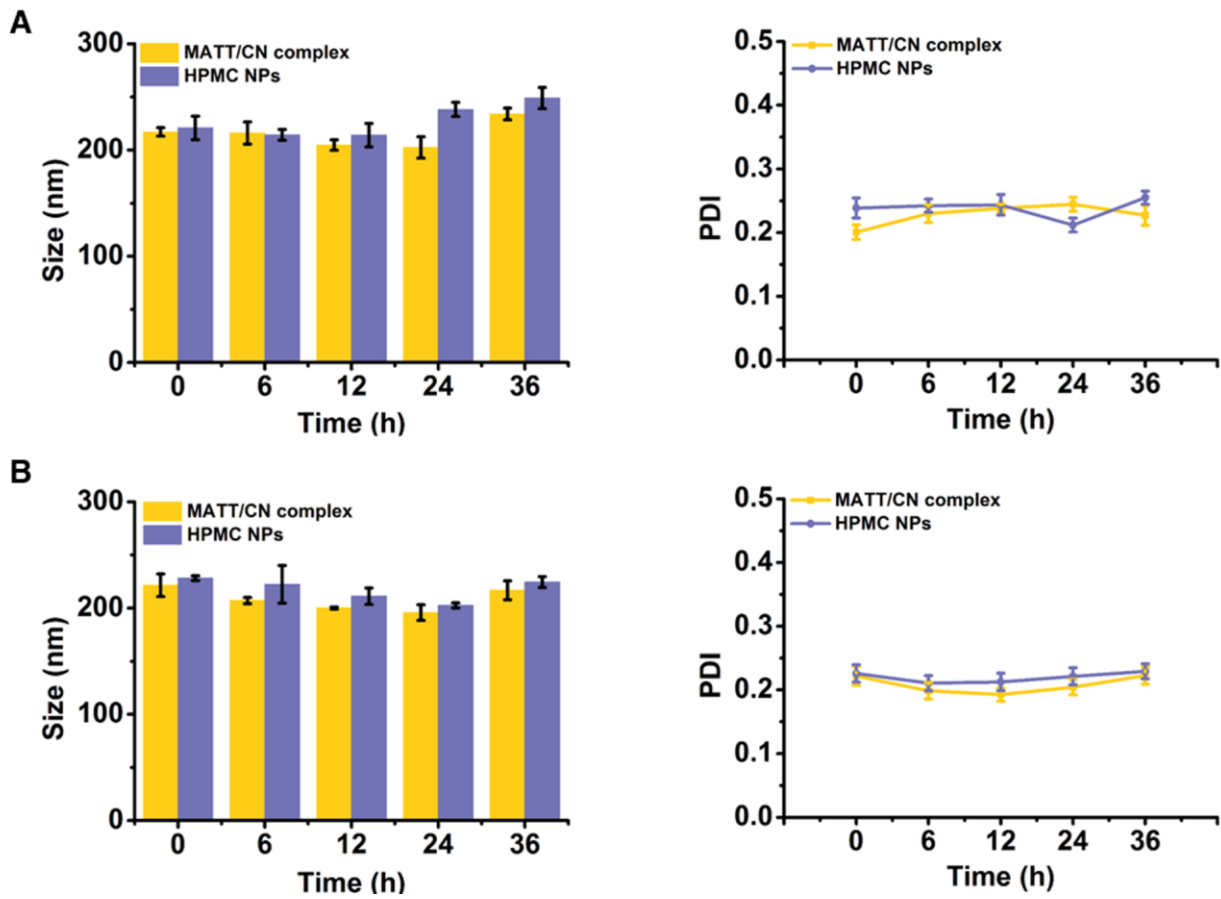


Figure S2. Stability study of MATT/CN complex or HPMC NPs in (A) PBS (pH 7.4) and (B) RPMI1640 containing 10% FBS in terms of particle size and PI at 37 °C.

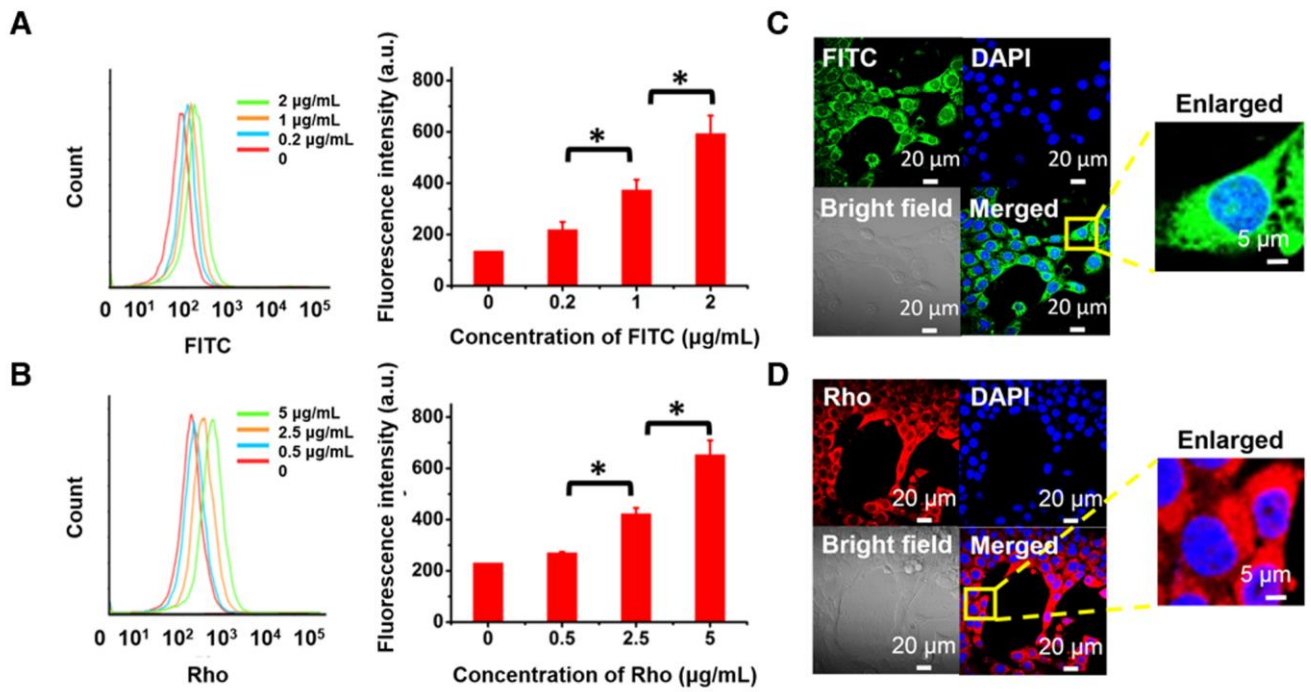


Figure S3. Cellular uptake. Concentration-related uptake of (A) FITC-HPMC NPs and (B) Rho-HPMC NPs measured by flow cytometry after incubation with 4T1 cells for 4 h at 37 °C. CLSM images of (C) FITC-HPMC NPs (green) and (D) Rho-HPMC NPs (red) after incubation for 4 h at 37 °C at FITC or Rho concentrations of 800 ng/mL. The nuclei were stained with DAPI (blue).

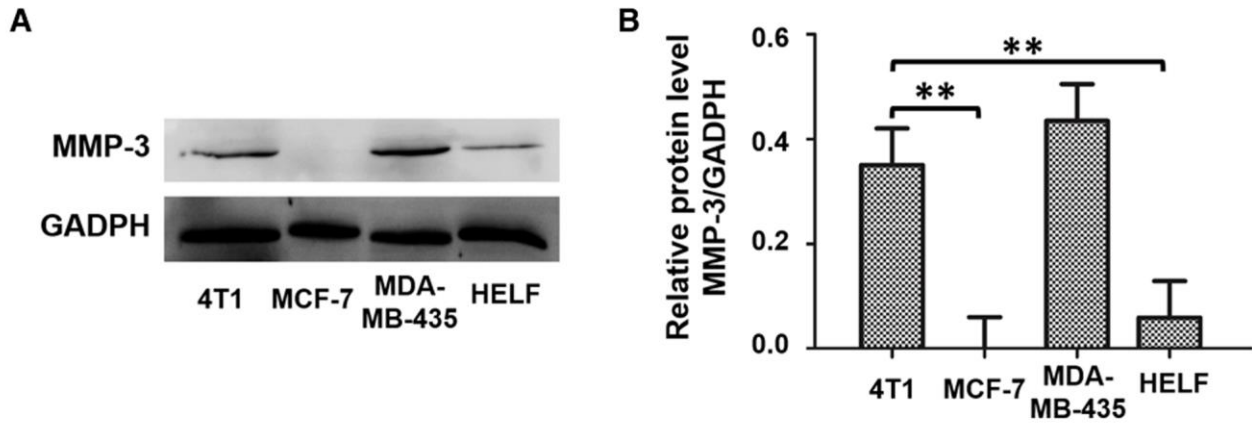


Figure S4. Western blotting analysis of MMP-3 expression. (A) MMP-3 expression in different cell lines. GADPH was used as a loading control. Dark bands indicate MMP-3 expression. (B) Quantitative analysis of the MMP-3 expression. (mean \pm S.D., $n = 3$, $**P < 0.01$).

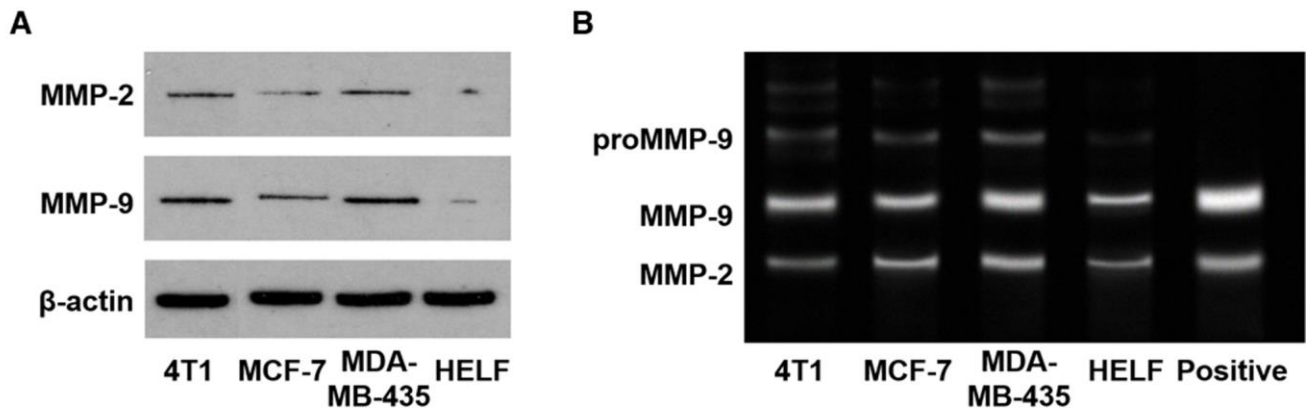


Figure S5. MMP expression and activities in different cell lines. **(A)** Western blotting analysis of MMP-2 and MMP-9 expression. β -Actin was used as a loading control. Dark bands indicate MMP expression. **(B)** Activities of MMP-2 and MMP-9 analysed by gelatine zymography. Bright bands on the dark background indicate MMP activity.

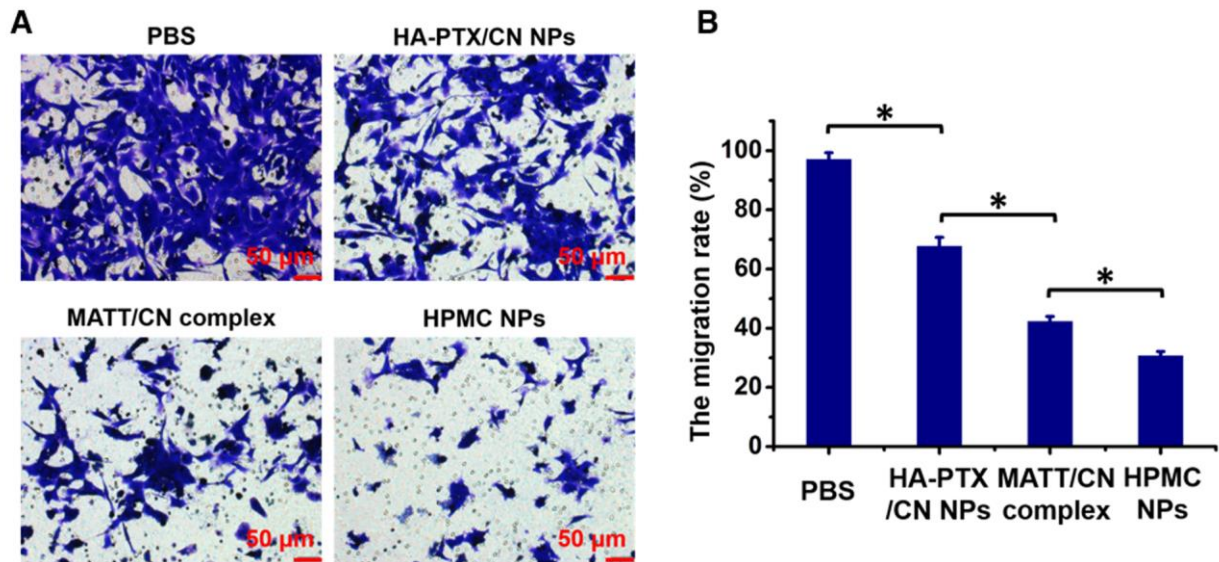


Figure S6. Anti-metastasis study. (A) Microscopy images of cell invasion using a Matrigel[®] transwell assay after incubation with HPMC NPs at PTX and MATT concentrations of 2 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ and 5 $\mu\text{g/mL}$, respectively, for 24 h at 37 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. The migrated cells were stained with 0.1% crystal violet at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. The scale bar is 50 μm . (B) Quantitative analysis of the migrated cells by determining the optical density (OD) ratio of stained crystal violet with a microplate reader at 570 nm. The data was presented as the mean \pm s.e.m. ($n = 3$, $*P < 0.05$, $**P < 0.01$).

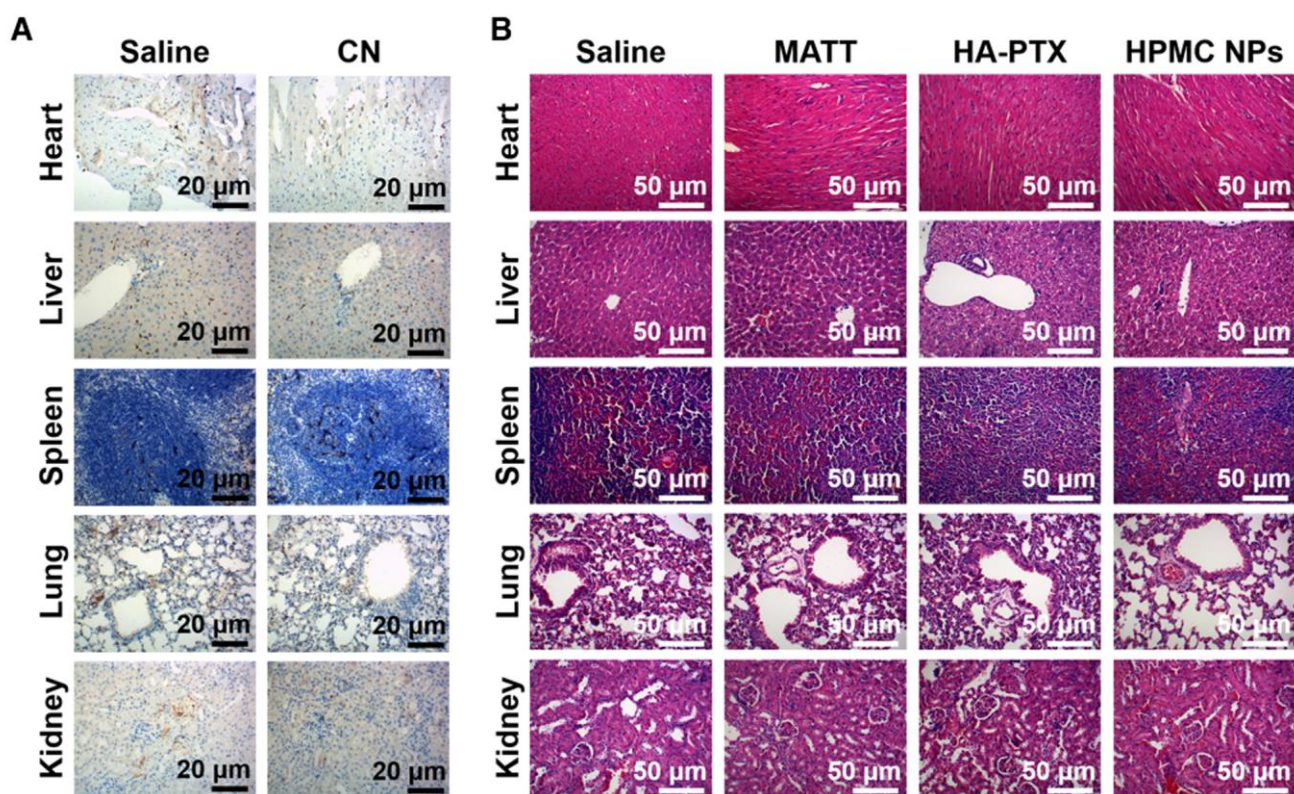


Figure S7. Safety examination. Normal mice were injected with blank β -CN, MATT, HA-PTX, or HPMC NPs via a tail vein injection every 3 days at doses of 2 mg/kg for PTX and 5 mg/kg for MATT, respectively, for 5 times. The injection volume was 0.2 mL. CN were injected at the same dose as HPMC NPs. The main organs (i.e., heart, liver, spleen, lung, and kidney) were collected on post-injection day 16 and (A) CD68 and (B) H&E analyses were conducted. Saline was used as a control.

Table S1. Size, PDI and zeta potential of nanoparticles.

Formulations	Size	PDI	Zeta potential
β -CN	204.83 \pm 4.74	0.041 \pm 0.009	-27.32 \pm 1.27
MATT/CN complex	192.77 \pm 4.89	0.097 \pm 0.021	-6.85 \pm 3.08
HA-PTX/CN NPs	250.83 \pm 1.74	0.137 \pm 0.015	-8.98 \pm 1.96
HPMC NPs	233.87 \pm 6.13	0.133 \pm 0.015	-8.53 \pm 1.77

Table S2. Stern–Volmer quenching rate constant (K_{sv}), fluorescence quenching rate constant (K_q), and binding constant (K_a) at different temperatures.

Formulations	T (K)	K_{sv} (mg/mL ⁻¹)	K_q (mg/mL ⁻¹ s ⁻¹)	n	K_a
MATT/CN complex	288	0.1461	1.46×10^7	1.2	0.0107
	298	0.2956	2.96×10^7	0.8	0.296
	310	0.2664	2.66×10^7	0.5	0.257
HA-PTX/CN complex	288	0.1133	1.13×10^7	0.5	0.057
	298	0.2119	2.12×10^7	0.8	0.234
	310	0.0925	9.25×10^6	1.1	0.0868
HPMC NPs	288	0.3363	3.36×10^7	0.1	0.399
	298	0.8786	8.79×10^7	0.2	1.15
	310	0.4783	4.78×10^7	0.5	0.497

Table S3. Hematologic analysis of mice after five *i.v.* injections of different formulations ($n = 3$)

Formulations	WBC	RBC	PLT	HGB	HCT
	($10^9/L$)	($10^{12}/L$)	($10^9/L$)	g/L	%
Normal ranges	5.1-11.6	7.7-12.5	100-1000	122-162	42-44
Saline	7.26±3.69	8.34±0.47	701.0±36.78	138.0±7.07	43.55±1.34
β-CN	6.07±1.40	7.82±0.50	594.5±221.3	129.5±2.12	43.05±0.35
MATT	5.84±0.66	8.40±0.22	543.0±106.1	132.5±3.54	43.30±0.57
HA-PTX	6.40±2.03	7.83±0.44	548.0±230.5	131.0±9.90	42.95±2.62
HPMC NPs	7.12±0.35	8.35±0.64	665.0±100.4	140.0±2.83	45.45±0.92

white blood cell, WBC; red blood cell, RBC; platelet, PLT; hemoglobin, HGB; hematocrit, HCT