

Figure S1-Related to Figure 1: (A) Quantitative analysis of clec-60::gfp animals that were reared on E. coli carrying empty vector or RNAi against gar-2 and subsequently infected with S. aureus for 16 h. Data are mean \pm SEM (at least two biological replicates, $n \ge 50$ per condition). * $p \le 0.05$ (two-sample two-tailed t test). (B) Survival of wild type and gar-2 mutant animals infected with S. aureus. Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. ** $p \le 0.01$ (Log-Rank test). (C) Lifespan of wild type and gar-2 mutant animals on E. coli OP50. Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. (D) Lifespan of wild type and unc-17 mutant animals on E. coli OP50. Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. ** $p \le 0.01$ (Log-Rank test). (E) qRT-PCR of clec-60 in wild type and unc-17 mutant animals infected with S. aureus for 8 h. Results are normalized to non-infected wild type animals. Data are mean \pm SEM (two biological replicates, $n \ge 500$ per condition). *** $p \le 0.001$ (two-sample t test).

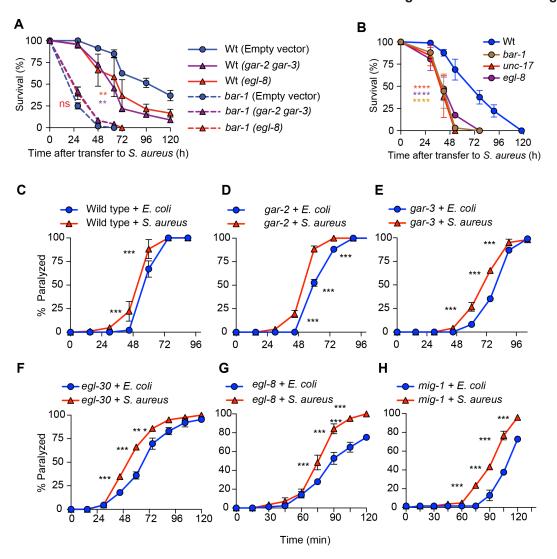


Figure S2-Related to Figure 4: (A) Survival of wild type and *bar-1* mutant animals grown on empty vector, *gar-2* and *gar-3*, or *egl-8* RNAi, and subsequently infected with *S. aureus*. Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. ** $p \le 0.01$ (Log-Rank test). **(B)** Survival of wild type, *unc-17*, *egl-8* and *bar-1* mutant animals infected with *S. aureus*. Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. **** $p \le 0.0001$ (Log-Rank test). **(C-H)** Aldicarb paralysis of wild type (C) or mutant animals (D-H) either infected with *S. aureus* or fed with non-pathogenic *E. coli* for 30 min. The error bar at each time point represents the mean of three trials (25-30 animals tested in each trial) and s.e.m. *** $p \le 0.001$ (two-way ANOVA).

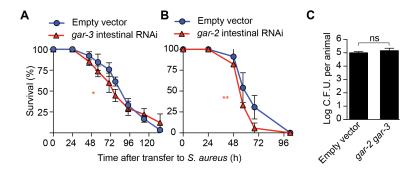


Figure S3-Related to Figure 6: Survival of MGH167 animals, which were subjected to RNAi against gar-2 (A) or gar-3 (B) until young adulthood, and subsequently infected with S. aureus. Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. *** $p \le 0.001$ (Log-Rank test). (C) S. aureus accumulation in RNAi-treated animals after 8 h of infection, expressed as cfu per animal. Data are mean \pm SEM (3 replicates). Differences between groups were not statistically significant (two-sample t test).

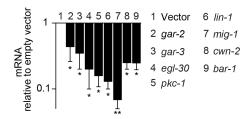


Figure S4-Related to Star Methods: qRT-PCR of *gar-2*, *gar-3*, *egl-30*, *pkc-1*, *lin-1*, *mig-1*, *cwn-2* and *bar-1* in lysates from animals treated respectively with, *gar-2*, *gar-3*, *egl-30*, *pkc-1*, *lin-1*, *mig-1*, *cwn-2* and *bar-1*. Results are normalized to empty vector treated animals. Data are mean \pm SEM (two biological replicates, two technical replicates, $n \ge 3,000$ per condition) * $p \le 0.05$ (two-sample t-test).

Figure S5 - Related to Figure 7

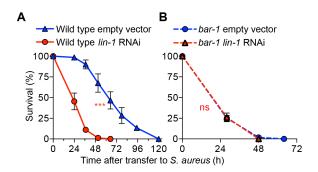


Figure S5-Related to Figure 7: (A) Survival of wild type animals grown on empty vector or *lin-1* RNAi, and subsequently infected with S. aureus. Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. *** $p \le 0.001$ (Log-Rank test). **(B)** Survival of *bar-1* mutant animals treated as in (H). Results are representative of 2 biological replicates. ns, p > 0.05 (Log-Rank test).