Gene	Cardiomyopathy ^a	Other Conditions ^a	Gene	Cardiomyopathy ^a	Other Conditions ^a
<i>MYPN</i> (myopalladin)	DCM=12; HCM=1; RCM=1		<i>TPM1</i> (tropomyosin 1 alpha)	HCM=22; DCM=19; LNVC=5, RCM=1	
<i>PKP2</i> (plakophillin 2)	ARVC=193; SCD=5; DCM=1	Brugada syndrome=4	<i>TMEM43</i> (transmembrane protein 43)	ARVC=10;	Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy-related myopathy=2
<i>DSC2</i> (desmocollin)	ARVC=51; DCM=1; SCD=1		ACTN2 (Actinin, alpha2)	DCM=6; HCM=5	
JUP (junction plakoglobin)	ARVC=18;	Cutaneous disease=2; Naxos disease=2; Epidermolysis bullosa=1	<i>MYL2</i> (myosin, light chain 2)	HCM=26; RCM=1	Muscle fibre disease, infantile, type1=2
<i>DSP</i> (desmoplakin)	ARVC=103; DCM=19;	Skin fragility and wooly hair=6; Epidermolysis bullosa=4	<i>VCL</i> (vinculin)	DCM=11; HCM=2; SCD=1	
<i>DSG2</i> (desmoglein 2)	ARVC=89; DCM=2		<i>MYH6</i> (myosin, heavy chain polypeptide 6, cardiac)	DCM=9; HCM=4	Congenital heart defects=4; ASD=4; Cardiac dysrhythmia=1
MYBPC3 (myosin binding protein C, cardiac)	HCM=514; DCM=55; LVNC=4; Increased LV wall thickness=2		BAG3 (BCL- associated athanogene 3)	DCM=24	Myofibrillar myopathy=4
<i>MYH7</i> (myosin heavy polypeptide 7, cardiac muscle)	HCM=421; DCM=98; LVNC=23	Myopathy, distal1=17	<i>TCAP</i> (titin cap)	HCM=6; DCM=5	Muscular dystrophy, limb girdle=5; Intestinal pseudo- obstruction=1
<i>TTN</i> (Titin)	DCM, ARVC	Centronuclear myopathy, tibial muscular dystrophy	<i>TNNI3</i> (troponin I, cardiac)	HCM=53; DCM=10; RCM=10; Increased LV wall thickness=2	
ANKRD1 (ankyrin repeat domain1, cardiac)	DCM=7; HCM=3	Neurodevelopmental d/o=6; Total anomalous pulmonary venous return =2	<i>TNNT2</i> (troponin T2, cardiac)	HCM=63; DCM=37; RCM=2; Increased LV wall thickness=1	

Supplementary Table 1: Cardiomyopathy-associated genes eligible for study

HCM=hypertrophic cardiomyopathy; DCM=dilated cardiomyopathy; ARVC=arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy; RCM=restrictive cardiomyopathy; SCD=sudden cardiac death ^a Number of reports/publications in Human Gene Mutation Database (HGMD) associating gene with listed phenotype.

Supplementary Figure 1: Variant Assessment Process



HGMD: Human Gene Mutation Database; MAF: minor allele frequency; NHLBI ESP: National Heart Lung & Blood Institute Exome Sequencing Project; ExAC: Exome Aggregation Consortium; LSDB: Locus Specific Database; NCBI: National Center for Biotechnology Information.

S1: VUS sub-classification disclosure to individuals with family history of cardiomyopathy

Nine individuals, 6 VUS-high and 3 VUS-low, with a family history of cardiomyopathy were included in the study. Four participants intended to share results (2 VUS-high and 2 VUS-low), 3 did not intend to share (3 VUS-high), 1 was unsure (VUS-high), and 1 did not complete the survey (VUS-low). There were no statistically significant differences in intentions between individuals with (mean=4.828, SD=0.582 [95% CI = 4.341 – 5.315]) and without (mean=4.636, SD=0.953 [95% CI = 4.410 – 4.861]) family history of cardiomyopathy (t=0.557, p=0.579).