Online Supplement Table 2. Comparison of neighborhoods with less than 20% poverty (<20% Poverty) and neighborhoods with poverty of 20% or greater (\geq 20% Poverty).

Characteristic	≥20% Poverty (N=17)	<20% (N=38)	p-value
Neighborhood Demographics†			
Median Household Income (US	27820	39930	< 0.001
Dollars)	(20660, 30870)	(33980, 51710)	
African Americans (%)	89.1	63.4	0.04
	(69.2, 95.0)	(7.9, 54.4)	
Whites (%)	5.8	29.4	0.04
	(2.7, 23.5)	(7.8, 71.1)	
Residents 25 years or older with a	7.5	22.0	0.002
bachelor degree or more (%)	(6.8, 17.3)	(14.0, 44.5)	
		4.	
Percentage of population >65 years	10.1	12.0	0.16
of age (%)	(8.0, 13.0)	(9.0, 15.5)	
Neighborhood Store Densities			
Tobacco store (density per 10,000	38.0	17.60	< 0.001
residents)	(26.7, 50.3)	(9.1, 29.8)	
	6.1	2.0	0.001
Alcohol store (density per 10,000	6.1	3.0	< 0.001
residents)	(5.0, 7.9)	(2.2, 5.1)	
F 4F 1D 4 (10,000	1 1	1.6	0.47
Fast Food Density (per 10,000	1.1	1.6	0.47
residents)	(0.0, 2.6)	(0.4, 3.2)	
Neighborhood Health Outcomes	(()	72.0	<0.001
Life expectancy at birth (years)	66.9	72.9	< 0.001
	(65.2, 68.9)	(71.0, 75.3)	
Aged-adjusted mortality (per 10,000	137.4	107.3	< 0.001
residents)	(129.2, 148.8)		\0.001
residents)	(129.2, 140.0)	(91.7, 110.0)	
Deaths due to chronic lower	4.4	3.5	0.31
respiratory disease (per 10,000	(3.3, 5.9)	(2.7, 5.3)	0.31
residents)	(3.3, 3.7)	(2.7, 3.3)	
Results are presented as median (25 th 7	zeth		

Results are presented as median (25th, 75th percentiles).

†Note that we only included African American and white for race, as other races made up less than 1% of the majority of the neighborhoods.