Additional File 1

Table S1: The four variable nucleotide sites among the five *P. xylostella* 613 bp COI haplotypes identified in 102 individuals from Australia. Shown are sequences from this study and re-analysed sequences from Landry and Hebert [1] downloaded from dx.doi.org//10.5883//DS-PLUT1. Three haplotypes correspond to those reported by Saw et al. [2]: PxCOI01/PxMt01, GenBank accession: DQ394347; PxCOI02/PxMt06, GenBank accession: DQ394352; PxCOI04/PxMt02, GenBank accession: DQ394348. Nucleotide positions were determined from sequence MF151841. Only positions that differ from haplotype PxCOI01 are shown.

	Nuc	cleotid	e posi	tion		
Haplotype	343	373	541	598	No. individuals	Sequence reference
PxCOI01	Т	A	A	A	76	MF151841
PxCOI02	\mathbf{C}				1	PHSAU1068-12
PxCOI03	•	G			1	LOQTC311-07
PxCOI04	•		G		23	MF151838
PxCOI05	•	•	•	G	1	PHLCD068-12

Table S2: The eight variable nucleotide sites among the nine *P. australiana* 613 bp COI haplotypes identified in 87 individuals from Australia. Haplotypes PaCOI01 and PaCOI02 were identified among sequences from this study and Landry and Hebert [1], and PaCOI04, PaCOI05, PaCOI08 and PaCOI09 were identified from Landry and Hebert [1]. Nucleotide positions were determined from sequence MF151865. Only the positions that differ from haplotype PaCOI01 are shown.

		N	Vucle	eotid	e po	sitio	n			
Haplotype	202	278	316	382	400	433	481	519	No. individuals	Sequence reference
PaCOI01	${ m T}$	Τ	A	С	С	A	G	G	74	MF151865
PaCOI02	\mathbf{C}								6	MF151831
PaCOI03	\mathbf{C}						A		1	MF151885
PaCOI04	\mathbf{C}							A	1	MCCAA2949-12
PaCOI05		\mathbf{C}							1	PHLCA920-11
PaCOI06			G						1	MF151836
PaCOI07				A					1	MF151883
PaCOI08					${ m T}$			•	1	LSM1299-11
PaCOI09	•	•	•	•	•	G	•	•	1	LNSWA731-05

Table S3: Log-logistic regression statistics for dose-response bioassays on P. australiana (P. aus) and P. xylostella (P. xylostella (P) (P)

Product	Strain	n	Slope (SE)	$LC_{50} (95\% \text{ CL})$ [mg L ⁻¹ a.i.]	RR_{LC50}	$LC_{99} (95\% \text{ CL})$ [mg L ⁻¹ a.i.]	RR_{LC99}
Coragen	P. aus	320	2.016 ± 0.236	0.028 (0.023-0.034)	0.45	0.276 (0.161-0.474)	0.22
	P. x	322	1.363 ± 0.149	$0.524 \ (0.411 - 0.667)$	8.26	15.235 (7.374–31.479)	11.88
	P. x (S)	323	1.528 ± 0.165	$0.063 \ (0.051 - 0.079)$	1.00	$1.282 \ (0.666-2.47)$	1.00
Dominex	P. aus	320	1.078 ± 0.117	$0.032\ (0.024-0.042)$	0.13	$2.267 \ (0.92 - 5.583)$	0.16
	<i>P. x</i>	320	1.292 ± 0.146	$9.792\ (7.563-12.679)$	41.38	343.317 (158.25–744.816)	24.85
	P. x (S)	320	1.130 ± 0.118	$0.237\ (0.182 - 0.308)$	1.00	13.815 (5.685–33.574)	1.00
Proclaim	P. aus	320	2.073 ± 0.235	$0.012\ (0.010.015)$	0.68	$0.111 \ (0.066 - 0.186)$	0.39
	<i>P. x</i>	320	1.254 ± 0.146	$0.073\ (0.056-0.096)$	4.15	$2.868 \ (1.282 - 6.415)$	10.04
	P. x (S)	320	1.652 ± 0.181	$0.018 \ (0.014 - 0.022)$	1.00	$0.286 \ (0.153 - 0.532)$	1.00
Success Neo	P. aus	320	2.087 ± 0.293	$0.011 \ (0.009 - 0.014)$	0.14	$0.101 \ (0.056 - 0.184)$	0.14
	<i>P. x</i>	320	1.766 ± 0.196	$0.242\ (0.197 - 0.297)$	2.94	$3.266 \ (1.805 - 5.912)$	4.65
	P. x (S)	321	2.143 ± 0.255	$0.082\ (0.068 0.099)$	1.00	$0.703\ (0.417 - 1.184)$	1.00

n, number of insects tested; LC_{50} , dose predicted to cause 50% mortality with 95% confidence limits; LC_{99} , dose predicted to cause 99% mortality with 95% confidence limits; RR_{LC50} , resistance ratio at the LC_{50} dose level; RR_{LC99} , resistance ratio at the LC_{99} dose level.

References

- [1] Landry JF, Hebert PDN. *Plutella australiana* (Lepidoptera, Plutellidae), an overlooked diamondback moth revealed by DNA barcodes. ZooKeys. 2013;(327):43–63.
- [2] Saw J, Endersby NM, McKechnie SW. Low mtDNA diversity among widespread Australian diamondback moth *Plutella xylostella* (L.) suggests isolation and a founder effect. Insect Sci. 2006;13(5):365–373.