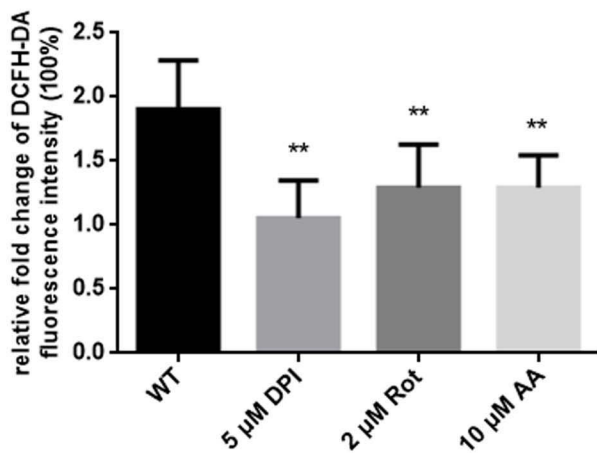
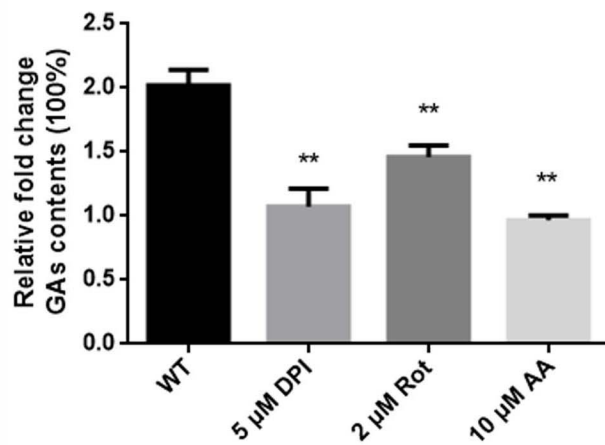
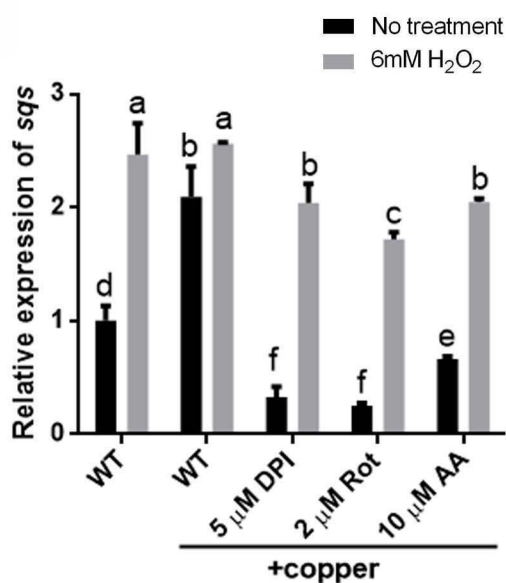
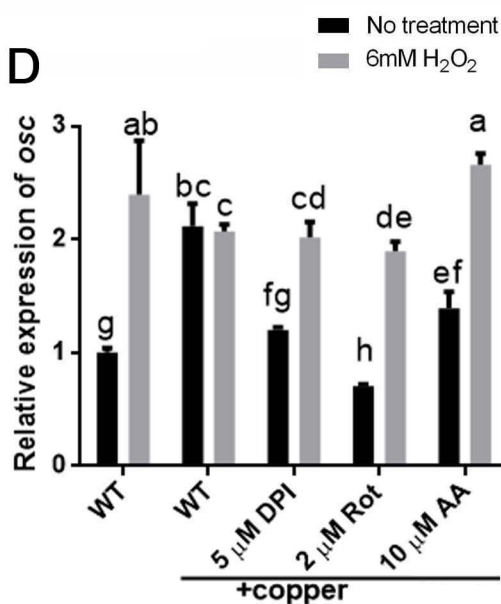
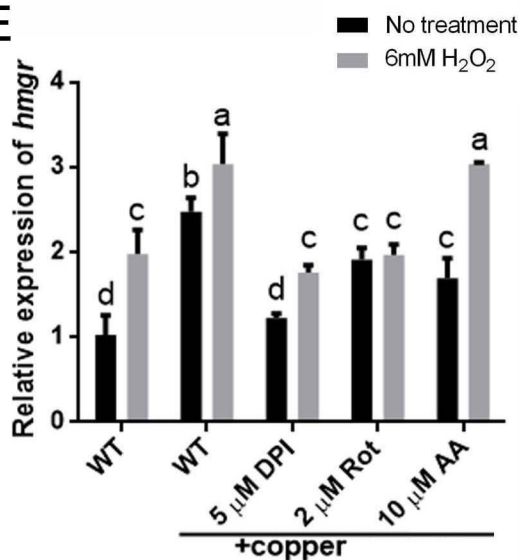
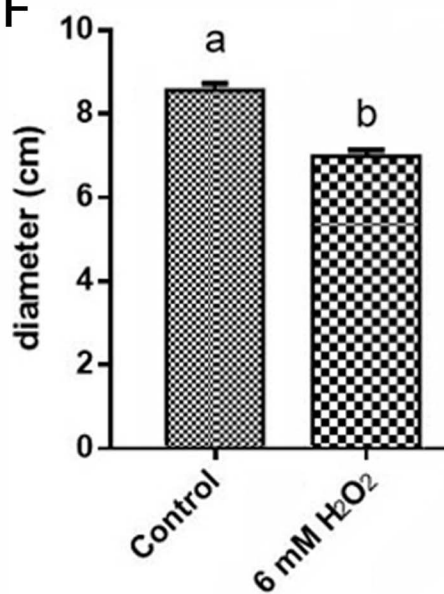
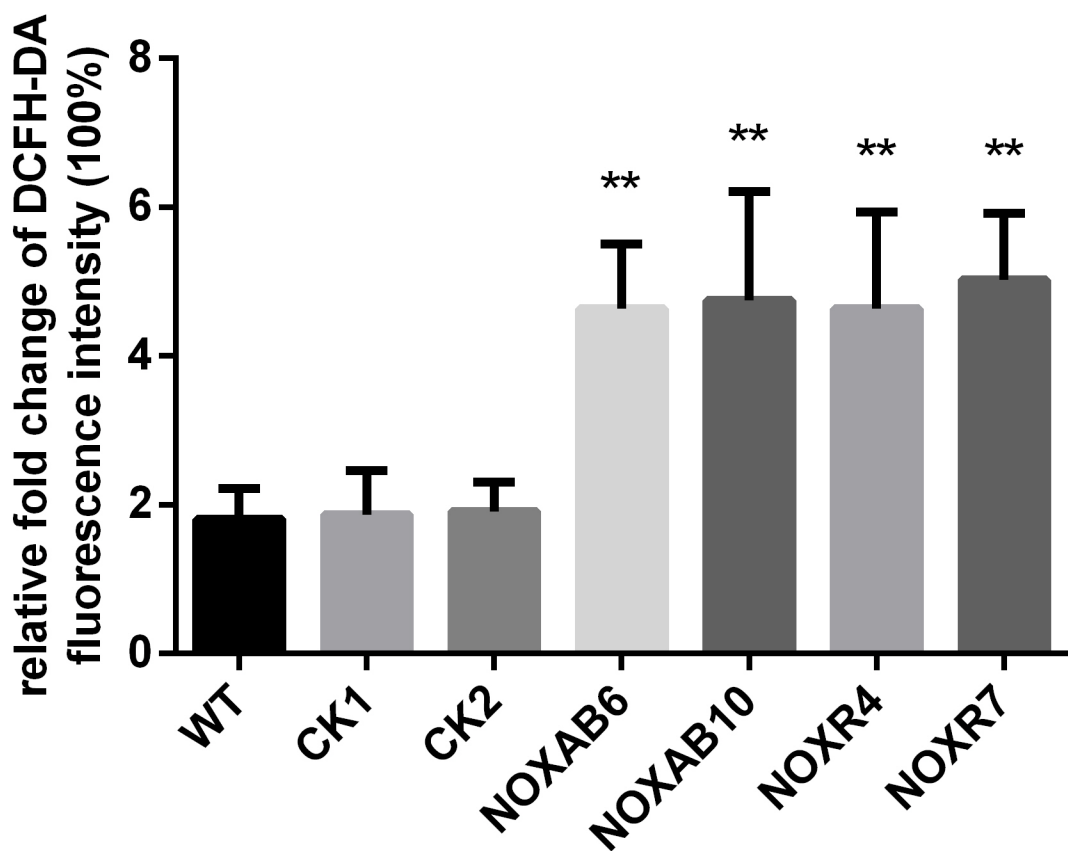
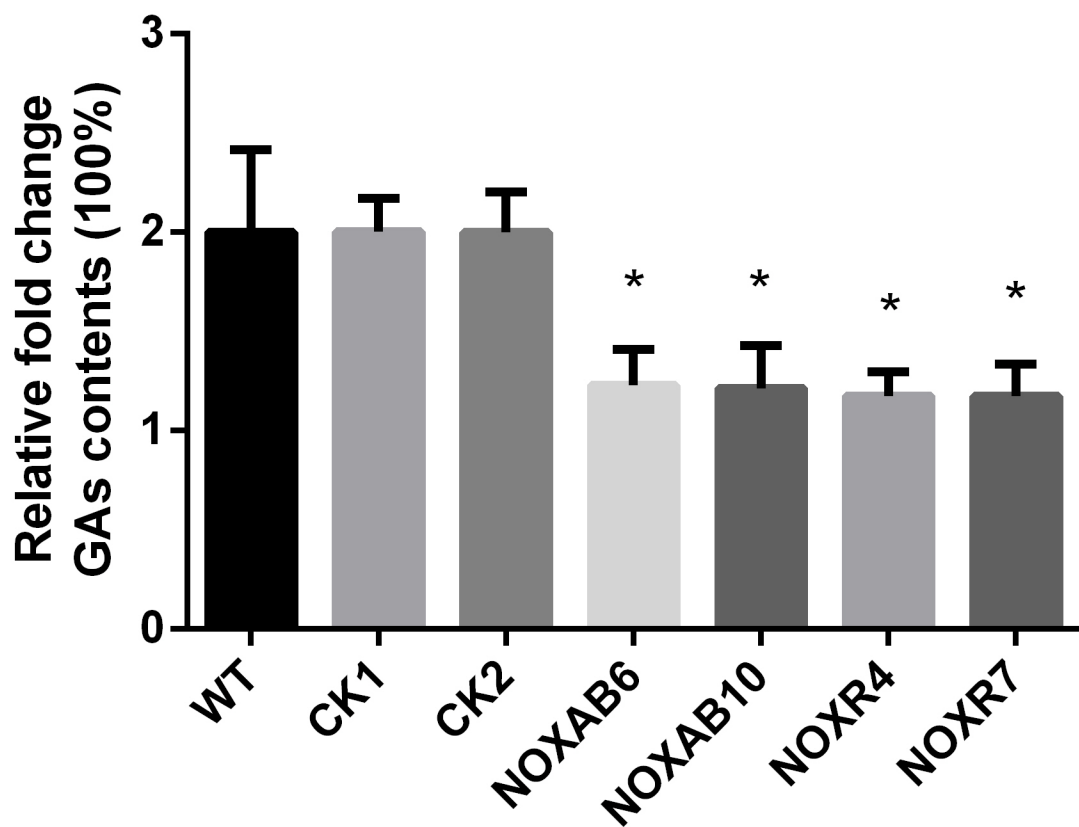
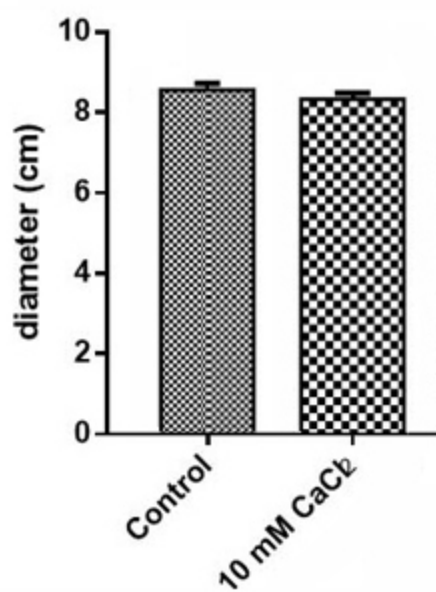
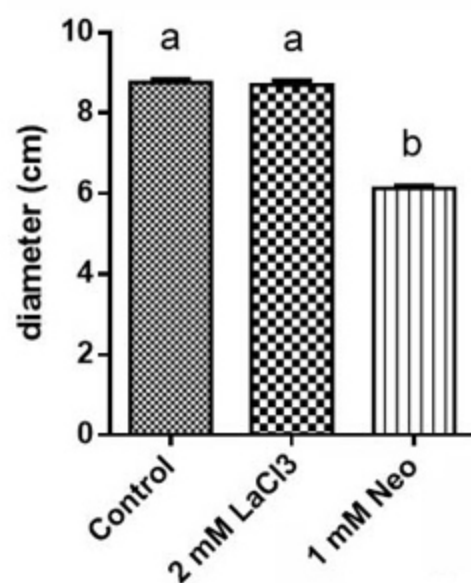
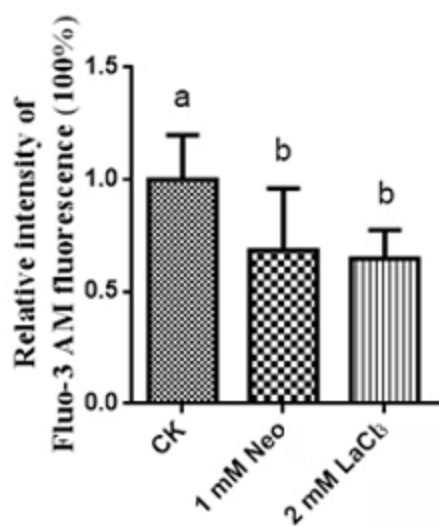
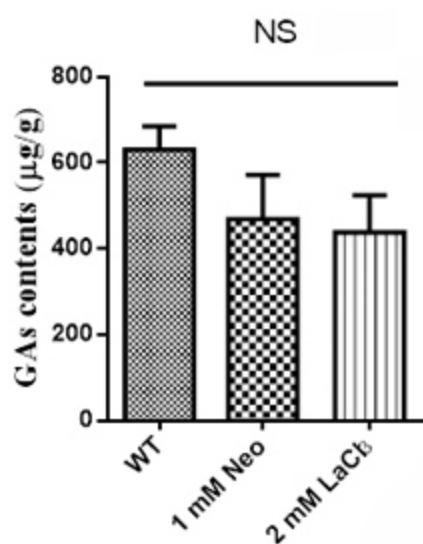
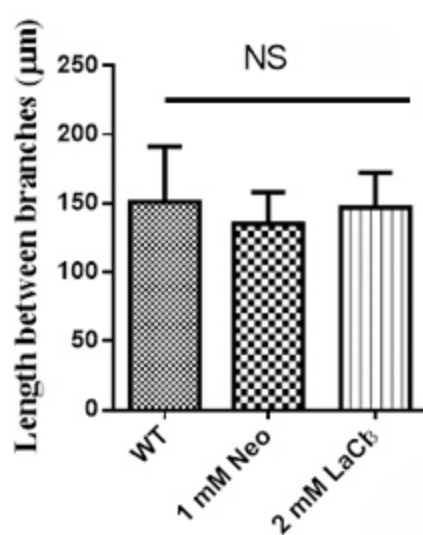
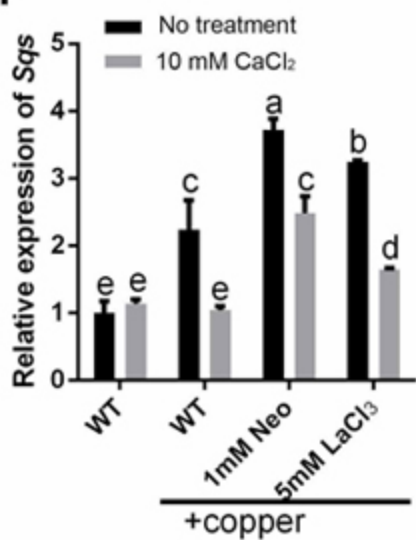
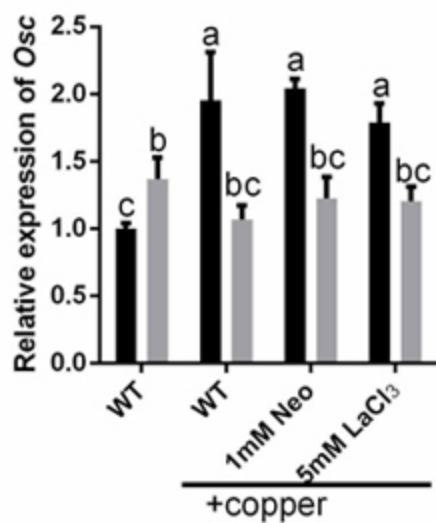
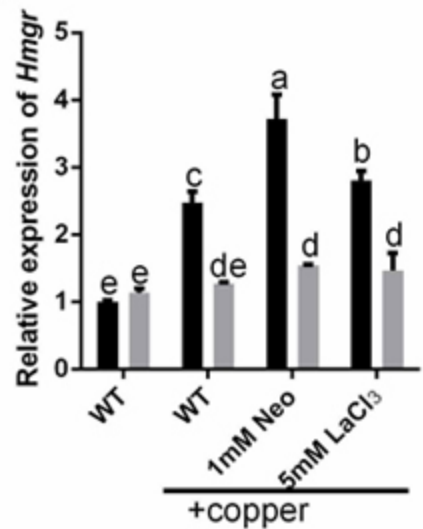
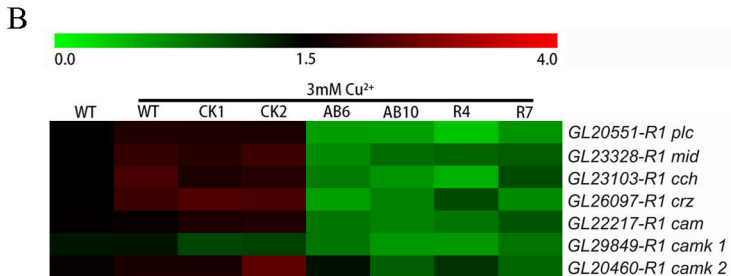
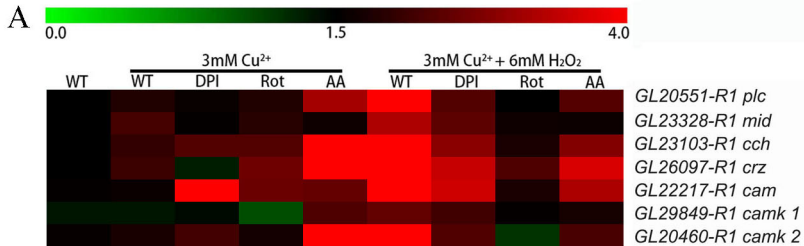
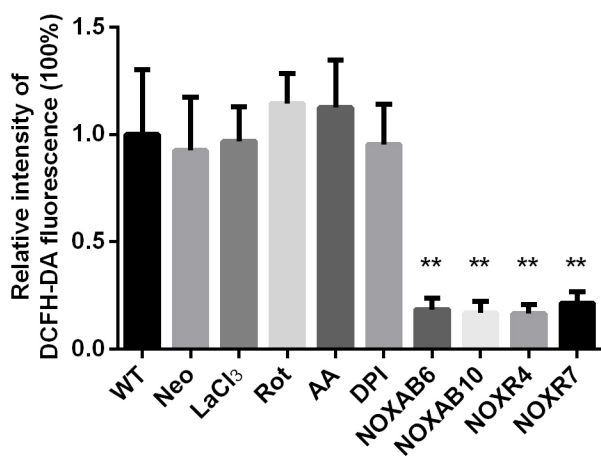
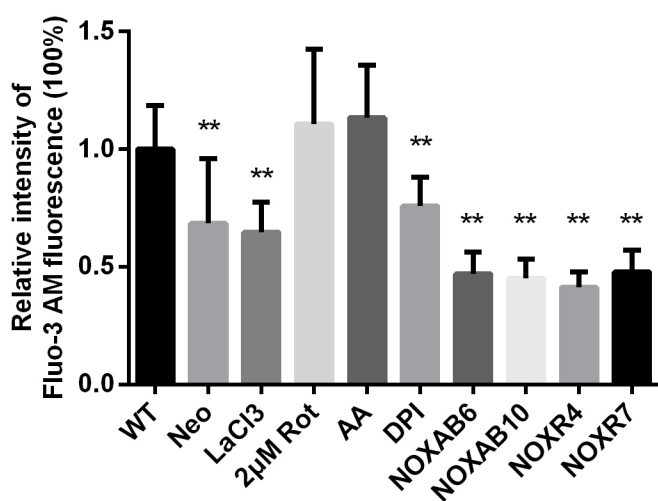
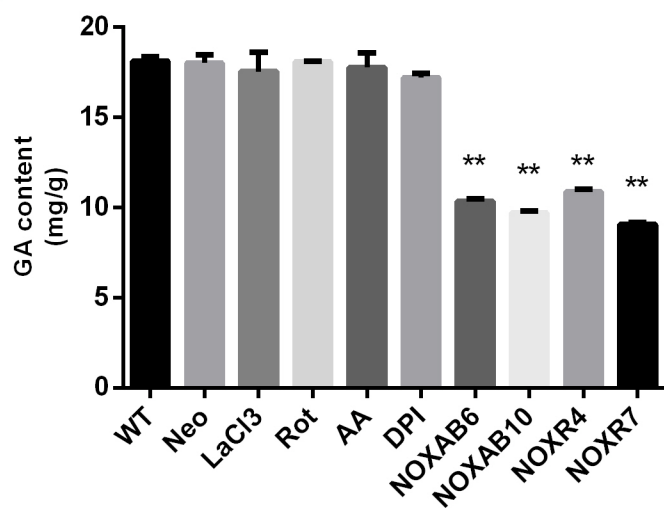
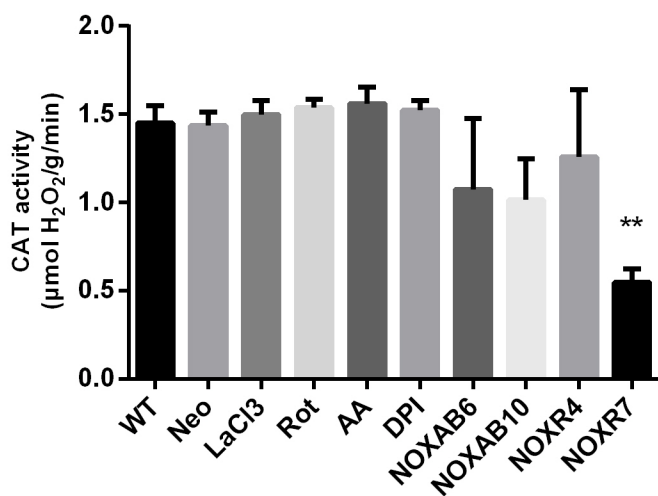
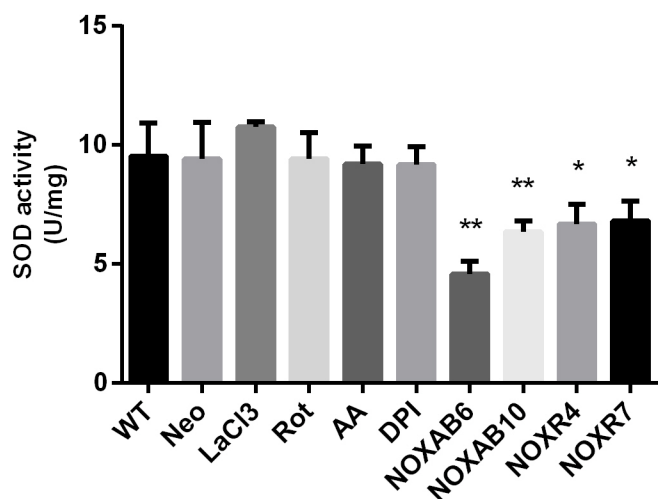
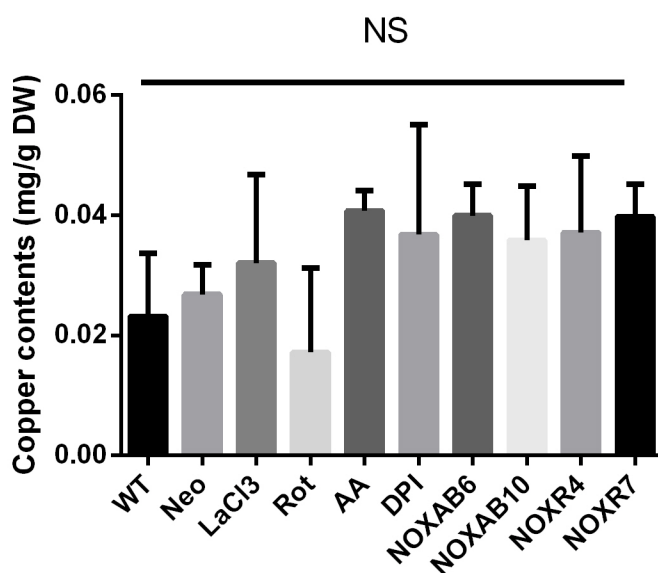


A**B****C****D****E****F**

A**B**

A**B****C****D****E****F****G****H**



A**B****C****D****E****F**

1 **Supplemental Figures Legends**

2 **FIG. S1 Effect of Cd²⁺ and Fe³⁺ on the GAs, ROS and Ca²⁺ contents in *G. lucidum***

3 *G. lucidum* wild-type strain was cultured on CYM plates for 5 days with different concentrations of
4 copper. Aerial hyphae were removed from actively growing colonies, suspended in fluorescent dye
5 DCFH-DA for cytosolic ROS detection (A) or Fluo-3AM (B) for the free cytosolic Ca²⁺ detection for 30
6 min at 37 °C. The hyphae were washed three times with PBS to remove excess fluorophore. The green
7 fluorescence DCF- and Fluo 3-labeled cells were visualized by CLSM, with the green fluorescence
8 intensity representing the levels of cytosolic ROS and Ca²⁺. DIC denotes differential interference contrast.
9 Scale bar = 100 μm. C and D. Changes in the cytosolic ROS and Ca²⁺ fluorescence ratio in copper-
10 stressed *G. lucidum*. The Y-axis is the fluorescence ratio measured by CLSM, and the X-axis represents
11 the different concentrations of copper. E. The wild-type strain was cultured in CYM liquid with shaking
12 at 28 °C. On the 4th day, 3 mM Cu²⁺, 3 mM Cd²⁺, and 3 mM Fe³⁺ were added. On the 7th day, the sample
13 were analyzed. Within each set of experiments, different letters indicate significant differences between
14 the lines (P < 0.05, according to one-way ANOVA multiple comparison test).

15 **FIG. S2 The effect of ROS-related reagents on fold change of ROS contents and GAs contents,**
16 **expression of GAs-related genes in *G. lucidum* under copper stress**

17 A, B. The effect of DPI, Rot, and AA on fold change of ROS and GAs contents induced by copper treated.
18 C-E. The relative expression of genes encoding key enzymes in the GAs biosynthetic pathway was
19 measured in *G. lucidum* mycelia with ROS-related inhibitor, H₂O₂ and 3 mM copper treatment. The Y
20 axis is the relative expression of *Sqs* (C), *Osc* (D) and *Hmgr* (E) measured by RT-PCR, and the X axis is
21 the different treatments. F. The effect of H₂O₂ on hyphal growth without copper treated. All values are
22 the mean ± SD of three independent experiments. Within each set of experiments, different letters

23 indicate significant differences between the lines ($P < 0.05$, according to one-way ANOVA multiple
24 comparison test).

25 **FIG. S3 The effect of NOX silencing on fold change of ROS contents and GAs contents, expression**
26 **of GAs-related genes in *G. lucidum* under copper stress**

27 A, B. The effect of NOX silencing on fold change of ROS and GAs contents induced by copper treated.

28 All values are the mean \pm SD of three independent experiments. Within each set of experiments, different
29 letters indicate significant differences between the lines ($P < 0.05$, according to one-way ANOVA
30 multiple comparison test).

31 **FIG. S4 The effect of Ca^{2+} -related reagents on hyphal growth, Ca^{2+} contents, GAs contents and**
32 **expression of GAs-related genes in *G. lucidum* under copper stress**

33 A, B. The effect of CaCl_2 , LaCl_3 , and Neo on hyphal growth without copper treated. C-D. The effect of

34 LaCl_3 , and Neo on fold change of Ca^{2+} and GAs contents induced by copper treated. E. The effect of

35 LaCl_3 , and Neo on hyphal branching without copper treated. F-H. The relative expression of genes

36 encoding key enzymes in the GAs biosynthetic pathway was measured in *G. lucidum* mycelia with Ca^{2+} -

37 related inhibitor, CaCl_2 and 3 mM copper treatment. The Y axis is the relative expression of *Sqs* (F), *Osc*

38 (*G*) and *Hmgr* (H) measured by RT-PCR, and the X axis is the different treatments. All values are the

39 mean \pm SD of three independent experiments. Within each set of experiments, different letters indicate

40 significant differences between the lines ($P < 0.05$, according to one-way ANOVA multiple comparison

41 test).

42 **FIG. S5 The effect of reagents on genes expression in *G. lucidum* under copper stress**

43 The expression levels of certain ROS and Ca^{2+} signaling-related genes were measured after the hyphae

44 were treated with different treatments (A. 3 mM copper and 6 mM H_2O_2 treatment with ROS related

45 reagents; B. 3mM treatment on Nox-silenced strains). Relevant genes were detected using real-time PCR,
46 reference gene was used as *actin* gene, and the results are presented as a heatmap generated using
47 GENESPRINGGX 7.3.1 software (Agilent Technologies). Relative expression is shown as a mean value
48 from 0.0 to 4.0 in green to red.

49 **FIG. S6 The effect on ROS, Ca²⁺, and GAs contents, antioxidant activities, and copper contents in**
50 ***G. lucidum* under different agents without copper treated**

51 A. Measurement of ROS contents by DCFH-DA staining to detect the effect of different agents and NOX-
52 silencing without copper treated on ROS contents. B Measurement of Ca²⁺ contents by Fluo-3 AM
53 staining to detect the effect of different agents and NOX-silencing without copper treated on Ca²⁺
54 contents. C. Measurement of GAs contents to detect the effect of different agents and NOX-silencing
55 without copper treated on GAs contents. D, E. Measurement of CAT and SOD activities to detect the
56 effect of different agents and NOX-silencing without copper treated on antioxidant activities. E.
57 Measurement of copper contents to detect the effect of different agents and NOX-silencing without
58 copper treated. Within each set of experiments, different letters indicate significant differences between
59 the lines (P < 0.05, according to one-way ANOVA multiple comparison test).
60