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Supplemental Material

Long-Term Exposure to Fine Particulate Matter, Blood Pressure, and Incident Hypertension in Taiwanese Adults

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Table 51 Sensitivity analyses on associations between long-term exposure to 1 M _{2.5} and blood pressure in Talwanese adults at baseline											
	Crude Model		Adjusted Model 1		Adjusted Model 2		Adjusted Model 3				
	Coef (95% CI)	Р									
Participants using home address (N=29	8,965)										
Systolic blood pressure	0.69 (0.61,0.77)	< 0.001	0.54 (0.47,0.61)	< 0.001	0.48 (0.41,0.55)	< 0.001	0.46 (0.40,0.51)	< 0.001			
Diastolic blood pressure	0.25 (0.19,0.30)	< 0.001	0.17 (0.13,0.22)	< 0.001	0.14 (0.10,0.19)	< 0.001	0.13 (0.09,0.17)	< 0.001			
Pulse pressure	0.44 (0.39,0.50)	< 0.001	0.37 (0.31,0.42)	< 0.001	0.34 (0.28,0.39)	< 0.001	0.33 (0.28,0.38)	< 0.001			
Healthy participants (N=193,897) ^a											
Systolic blood pressure	0.57 (0.50,0.64)	< 0.001	0.48 (0.42,0.55)	< 0.001	0.44 (0.37,0.51)	< 0.001	0.58 (0.51,0.64)	< 0.001			
Diastolic blood pressure	0.11 (0.06,0.16)	< 0.001	0.08 (0.04,0.13)	< 0.001	0.07 (0.02,0.11)	< 0.001	0.14 (0.09,0.18)	< 0.001			
Pulse pressure	0.46 (0.40,0.51)	< 0.001	0.40 (0.34,0.46)	< 0.001	0.38 (0.32,0.43)	< 0.001	0.44 (0.39,0.50)	< 0.001			

Table S1 Sensitivity analyses on associations between long-term exposure to PM2.5 and blood pressure in Taiwanese adults at baseline

Results are changes in blood pressure for each 10-µg/m3 increment in the 2-year average PM2.5 concentration.

Crude Mode: no adjustment; Adjusted Model 1: adjusted by age, sex and educational level; Adjusted Model 2: also adjusted by smoking, alcohol use, physical activity, occupational exposure to dust/organic solvents and season; Adjusted Model 3: also adjusted by body mass index, hypertension (not in healthy participants), diabetes (using blood fasting glucose instead in healthy participants), hyperlipidaemia (using total cholesterol instead in healthy participants), cardiovascular disease/stroke and cancer (not in healthy participants).

a: Participants without hypertension, diabetes, hyperlipidaemia, obesity, cardiovascular disease/stroke or cancer.

PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³)	Crude Moo	Crude Model		Adjusted Model 1		Adjusted Model 2		Adjusted Model 3	
	HR (95% CI)	Р	HR (95% CI)	Р	HR (95% CI)	Р	HR (95% CI)	Р	
Participants using home addre	ss (N=102,846, cases=1	3,555)							
1st Quartile (-21.4)	Ref	-	Ref	-	Ref	-	Ref	-	
2nd Quartile (21.4-23.8)	1.06 (1.01,1.11)	0.01	1.10 (1.05,1.15)	< 0.001	1.10 (1.05,1.15)	< 0.001	1.10 (1.05,1.15)	< 0.001	
3rd Quartile (23.8–31.1)	1.10 (1.05,1.15)	< 0.001	1.14 (1.09,1.20)	< 0.001	1.14 (1.08,1.2)	< 0.001	1.12 (1.07,1.18)	< 0.001	
4th Quartile (31.1–)	1.17 (1.12,1.23)	< 0.001	1.14 (1.09,1.20)	< 0.001	1.14 (1.09,1.2)	< 0.001	1.11 (1.06,1.17)	< 0.001	
Trend test	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	
$10 \ \mu g/m^3$ increment	1.07 (1.04,1.09)	< 0.001	1.06 (1.03,1.08)	< 0.001	1.05 (1.03,1.08)	< 0.001	1.04 (1.02,1.06)	< 0.001	
Healthy participants (N=80,76	8, cases=6,215) ^a								
1st Quartile (-21.6)	Ref	-	Ref	-	Ref	-	Ref	-	
2nd Quartile (21.6–23.9)	1.01 (0.94,1.09)	0.74	1.05 (0.98,1.12)	0.20	1.05 (0.98,1.12)	0.19	1.05 (0.98,1.13)	0.17	
3rd Quartile (23.9–28.6)	1.06 (0.99,1.14)	0.10	1.14 (1.06,1.22)	0.001	1.14 (1.06,1.22)	< 0.001	1.13 (1.05,1.21)	0.001	
4th Quartile (28.6–)	1.20 (1.12,1.28)	< 0.001	1.16 (1.09,1.24)	< 0.001	1.16 (1.08,1.24)	< 0.001	1.17 (1.10,1.25)	< 0.001	
Trend test	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	
$10 \ \mu g/m^3$ increment	1.08 (1.05,1.11)	< 0.001	1.07 (1.04,1.10)	< 0.001	1.07 (1.04,1.10)	< 0.001	1.07 (1.04,1.11)	< 0.001	
Participants with follow-up ≥ 2	2 years (N=96,472, cases	s=12,106)							
1st Quartile (-21.6)	Ref	-	Ref	-	Ref	-	Ref	-	
2nd Quartile (21.6–24.0)	1.11 (1.06,1.17)	< 0.001	1.15 (1.09,1.21)	< 0.001	1.15 (1.09,1.21)	< 0.001	1.15 (1.09,1.21)	< 0.001	
3rd Quartile (24.0–28.9)	1.20 (1.14,1.27)	< 0.001	1.27 (1.21,1.34)	< 0.001	1.27 (1.21,1.34)	< 0.001	1.25 (1.19,1.32)	< 0.001	
4th Quartile (28.9–)	1.24 (1.18,1.30)	< 0.001	1.22 (1.16,1.28)	< 0.001	1.21 (1.16,1.27)	< 0.001	1.18 (1.13,1.24)	< 0.001	
Trend test	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	-	< 0.001	
$10 \ \mu g/m^3$ increment	1.08 (1.05,1.10)	< 0.001	1.07 (1.05,1.09)	< 0.001	1.07 (1.05,1.09)	< 0.001	1.05 (1.03,1.08)	< 0.001	

Table S2 Sensitivity analysis on associations between long-term exposure to PM2.5 and incident hypertension in Taiwanese adults

Crude Mode: no adjustment; Adjusted Model 1: adjusted by age, sex and educational level; Adjusted Model 2: also adjusted by smoking, alcohol use, physical activity, occupational exposure to dust/organic solvents and season; Adjusted Model 3: also adjusted by body mass index, diabetes (using blood fasting glucose instead in heathy participants), hyperlipidaemia (using total cholesterol instead in heathy participants), cardiovascular disease/stroke and cancer (not in healthy participants). a: Participants without diabetes, hyperlipidaemia, obesity, cardiovascular disease/stroke or cancer.