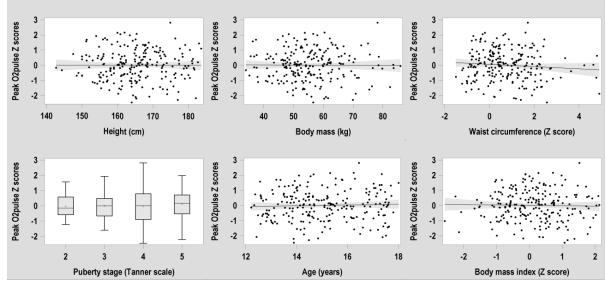
1 SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT 3 (Supplemental results)

2 This supplement presents results for assessment of residual association and conformation to the normal distribution for all CRF parameters. With our models, we were able to diminish the 3 residual association for the peak O₂pulse, the peak workload, OUES and V_e/VCO₂ slope with 4 5 BMI-for-age, puberty stage, age, height, body mass and age-adjusted waist circumference (Figures S1-S4). Table S1 illustrates the slopes and the p-values of the t-statistic for linear 6 association between the CRF Z scores and body size variables. Overall, we found very little 7 residual associations of CRF parameters Z scores with height, body mass, pubertal stage, age, 8 9 and BMI-for-age. Exception to this is the slight negative association with some CRF Z score 10 with waist circumference. Such association was however not seen with BMI-for-age. Two CRF 11 parameters (workload at VAT and OUES) had statistically significant residual association with age. The association was however weak and close to zero (Figure S5). Table S2 shows the p-12 13 value for departure from a normal distribution with a mean of zero and a standard deviation of one and percentage of participants with Z scores > 2.0 or < -2.0. All the CRF parameters Z 14 scores were normally distributed, except Ve/VCO2 at VAT. Although statistical significance was 15 reached, the distribution was visually close to a normal distribution (Figure S6). 16



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Figure S1. Absence of residual associations with height, body mass, puberty stage, age, waist circumference and body mass index with Peak O₂pulse.

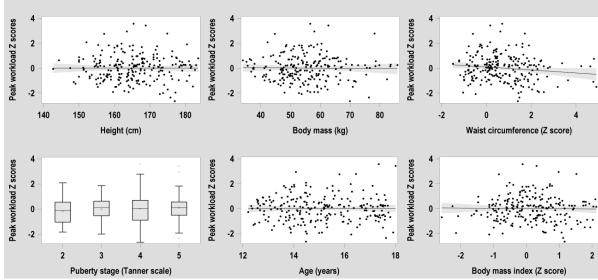




Figure S2. Absence of residual associations with height, body mass, puberty stage, age, waist circumference and body mass index with Peak workload.

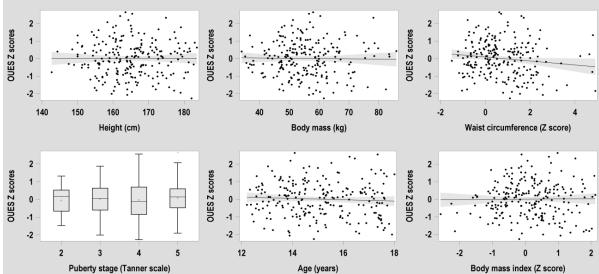


Figure S3. Absence of residual associations with height, body mass, puberty stage, age, waist circumference and body mass index with OUES.

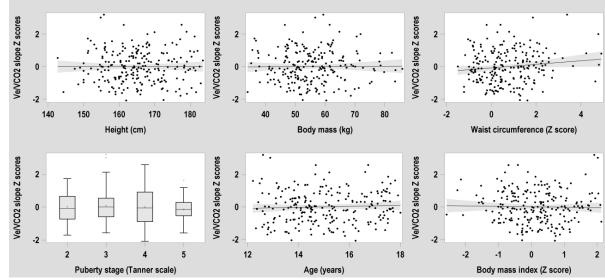


Figure S4. Absence of residual associations with height, body mass, puberty stage, age, waist circumference and body mass index with V_e/VCO_2 slope.

Table S1. Residual association for cardiorespiratory fitness parameters

CRF Parameters	Residual associations									
	Height		Body mass		BMI-for -age		Age		Waist circumference	
	Slope	p value	Slope	p value	Slope	p value	Slope	p value	Slope	p value
Maximal parameters										
Peak VO ₂	<.001	1.00	<.001	0.89	0.087	0.22	-0.083	0.10	-0.061	0.28
Peak O ₂ pulse	<.001	0.99	-0.001	0.86	0.075	0.30	-0.072	0.09	-0.074	0.19
Peak workload	<.001	0.99	-0.004	0.56	-0.019	0.80	-0.016	0.71	-0.119	0.04
Peak V _e	<.001	0.99	<.001	0.92	0.039	0.59	-0.009	0.82	0.018	0.75
Peak HR	<.001	1.00	<.001	0.91	-0.007	0.93	0.001	0.98	0.040	0.46
RER	<.001	0.99	-0.002	0.72	-0.021	0.77	-0.005	0.92	-0.049	0.37
Submaximal parameters										
OUES	<.001	0.99	-0.003	0.69	0.086	0.24	-0.113	0.02	-0.113	0.04
OUES below VAT	<.001	0.95	-0.002	0.72	0.049	0.50	-0.065	0.13	-0.125	0.07
V _e /VCO ₂ slope	<.001	1.00	0.004	0.53	0.020	0.79	0.040	0.36	0.110	0.05
V _e /VCO ₂ below VAT	<.001	0.98	0.004	0.54	0.038	0.61	-0.002	0.97	0.144	0.01
V _e /VCO ₂ at VAT	<.001	1.00	0.004	0.53	0.027	0.73	0.012	0.80	0.108	0.07
VO ₂ at VAT	<.001	0.99	-0.001	0.82	0.024	0.74	-0.010	0.82	-0.049	0.38
VO ₂ /Work slope	<.001	1.00	0.003	0.71	0.079	0.30	-0.042	0.34	-0.006	0.92
Workload at VAT	<.001	1.00	-0.001	0.84	0.081	0.28	-0.101	0.02	-0.078	0.17
O ₂ p/Work slope	<.001	0.98	<.001	0.91	0.016	0.83	-0.002	0.96	-0.077	0.30
O ₂ pulse increase (%)	<.001	0.98	-0.000	0.96	-0.003	0.97	0.002	0.97	-0.070	0.22
HRR1	<.001	0.99	<.001	0.99	0.004	0.96	-0.004	0.93	0.033	0.58
HRR2	<.001	0.99	0.002	0.78	0.031	0.70	0.002	0.96	0.072	0.22

34 HR: Heart rate; HRR: Heart rate recovery; O₂p: O₂pulse; OUES: Oxygen uptake efficiency slope; RER: Respiratory 35 exchange ratio; VAT: Ventilatory anaerobic threshold

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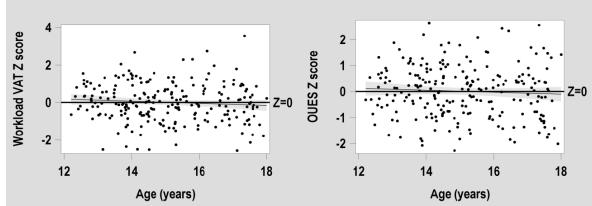




Figure S5. Residual associations with age with Workload at VAT and OUES.

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CRF Parameters	Normal distribution					
	<i>p</i> value for normal distribution	% of Z values < -2 or > 2				
Maximal parameters						
Peak VO ₂	0.59	3.51				
Peak O ₂ pulse	0.83	4.04				
Peak workload	0.06	3.94				
Peak V _e	0.13	5.26				
Peak HR	0.20	3.14				
RER	0.38	5.70				
Submaximal parameters						
OUES	0.49	4.82				
OUES below VAT	0.38	3.56				
V_e/VCO_2 slope	0.07	3.56				
Ve/VCO2 below VAT	0.66	4.89				
V _e /VCO ₂ at VAT	<.001	7.89				
VO ₂ at VAT	0.07	4.44				
VO ₂ /Work slope	0.13	6.58				
Workload at VAT	0.42	4.89				
O ₂ p/Work slope	0.08	5.26				
O ₂ pulse increase (%)	0.54	4.93				
HRR1	0.06	1.06				
HRR2	0.37	3.26				

Table S2. Assessment for departure from a standard normal distribution

HR: Heart rate; HRR: Heart rate recovery; O_2p : O_2pulse ; OUES: Oxygen uptake efficiency slope; RER: Respiratory exchange ratio; VAT: Ventilatory anaerobic threshold

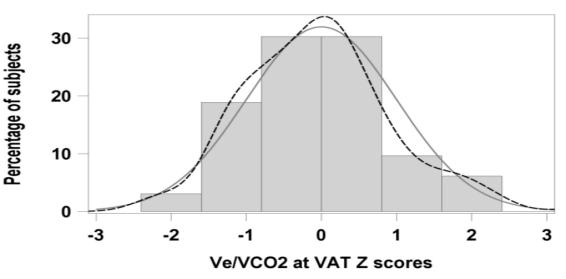


Figure S6. Distribution for V_e/VCO₂ at VAT Z scores (black dotted line) compared to a normal distribution 47 (light grey).

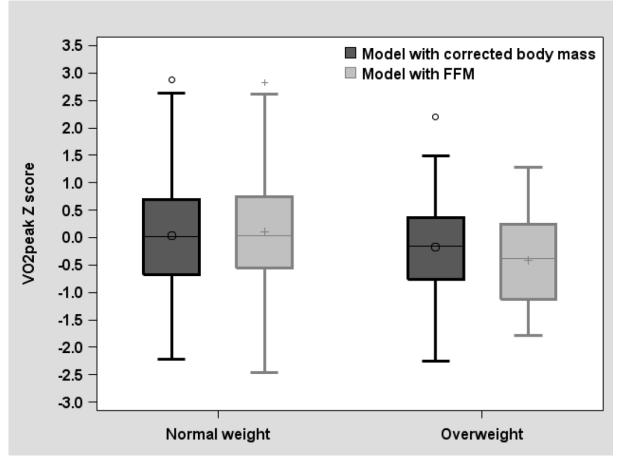
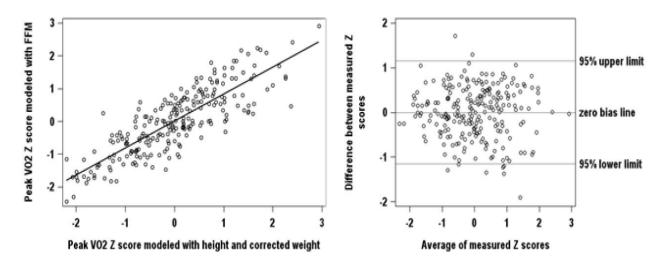


Figure S7. Mean peak $VO_2 Z$ score calculated with corrected body mass or fat-free-mass, stratified for normal weight or overweight participants



52 53 54 Figure S8. Relationship and agreement between the Z score of the peak VO₂, modeled with the FFM and modeled with height and corrected weight

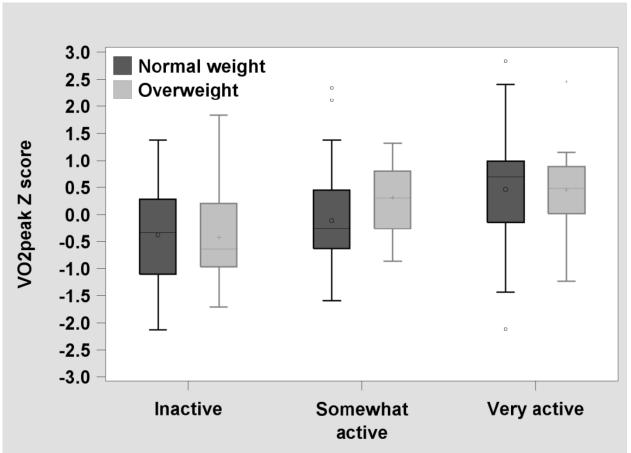


Figure S9. Peak VO₂ Z scores stratified by level of habitual physical activity for normal weight and overweight participant