Cell Systems, Volume 6

Supplemental Information

Quantitative Analysis Reveals that Actin

and Src-Family Kinases Regulate

Nuclear YAP1 and Its Export

Nil Ege, Anna M. Dowbaj, Ming Jiang, Michael Howell, Steven Hooper, Charles Foster, Robert P. Jenkins, and Erik Sahai



Supplemental Figure S1: Overexpression of EYFP-YAP1 maintains fibroblasts phenotype. Related to Figure1: Legends next page.



Supplemental Figure S1: Overexpression of EYFP-YAP1 maintains fibroblasts phenotype. Related to Figure1: (A) Western blot showing the expressions of EYFP-YAP1 (92kDa) versus endogenous YAP1 (61kDa), in NF1 WT and in three different FACS-sorted populations (Low-Mid-High) of NF1 EYFP-YAP1. EYFP (27kDa) and Beta-Tubulin (42kDa) are also presented. (B) Western Blot and linear regression analyses to assess the number of EYFP-YAP1 molecules in both NF1 and CAF1, using different concentration of GFP recombinant proteins. (C) Contraction assay of WT and EYFP-YAP1 expressing NF1 and CAF1 in normal media (NM). Bars represent mean ± s.e.m. of 5 independent experiments. (D) Box-plot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) of endogenous YAP1 (left) and EYFP-YAP1 (right) in NF1 and CAF1. n>170 cells for each condition from at least 3 independent experiments. (E) Western Blot showing the expressions of EYFP-YAP1 WT, 5SA, S94A (92kDa) versus endogenous YAP1 (61kDa), in NF1 and CAF1. Phosphorylation of Serine 127 and Tubulin (42kDa) are also presented. (F) Contraction assay of EYFP-YAP1, EYFP-YAP1 5SA and EYFP-YAP1 S94A expressing NF1 and CAF1. Bars represent mean ± s.e.m. of 5 independent experiments. (G) Western blot showing the expression of EYFP-YAP1 WT (92kDa) and endogenous YAP1 (61kDa) after the siRNA depletion of endogenous YAP1 protein. Beta-tubulin (42kDa) loading control is also presented. (H) Scatterplot showing the relative expression level of EYFP-YAP1 and its nuclear-to-cytoplasmic distribution. Grey dots are NF1 data points and black dots are CAF1 data points – in both cases larger dots indicate data from cells used in the FLIP analysis in Figure4. Horizontal trend lines indicate that expression level is not correlated with localization (linear regression slope non-significant, Pearson and Spearman correlation coefficients non-significant). (I) Representative images of EYFP-YAP1 localization in CAF1 EYFP-YAP1 WT, CAF1 EYFP-YAP1 5SA and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1 S94A after siRNA knockdown of endogenous YAP1. Scale bar, 50µm. (J) Representative images of EYFP-YAP1 localization in NF1 and CAF1 cell lines expressing EYFP-YAP1 WT vs TEAD-binding mutants EYFP-YAP1 R89A, EYFP-YAP1 L91A, and EYFP-YAP1 F95A. Scale bar, 50µm. (K) Boxplot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) corresponding to quantification of (J). n>90 cells for each condition from at least 3 independent experiments. (L) Representative images of EYFP-YAP1 localization in NF1 and CAF1 cell lines expressing EYFP-YAP1 WT after siRNA knockdown of TEAD1-4 or LATS1-2. Scale bar, 50µm. (M) Boxplot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) corresponding to guantification of (L). n>36 cells for each condition from at least 2 independent experiments. Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non-significant, * p≤0.05,** p≤0.01, *** p≤0.001 **** p≤0.0001.

A Statistical tests between bleached and non-bleached regions



Supplemental Figure S2: FRAP experiments to identify diffusion and nuclear dissociation rates. Related to Figure2: Legends next page.

Supplemental Figure S2: FRAP experiments to identify diffusion and nuclear dissociation rates.

Related to Figure2: (**A**) Graphs showing the evolution of the p values assessing the statistical differences between the distribution of bleached and reporting EYFP-YAP1 intensities upon nuclear and cytoplasmic FRAP in NF1. FRAP graphs (left) represent median with 95%CI. (**B**) Graph showing the median of EGFP intensities from bleached (plain line) and reporting (dotted line) regions in 5 representative cells upon nuclear FRAP in CAF1. (**C**) Graph showing the median of H2B-EGFP intensities from bleached (plain line) and reporting (dotted line) regions in 5 representative cells upon nuclear FRAP in CAF1. (**C**) Graph showing the median of H2B-EGFP intensities from bleached (plain line) and reporting (dotted line) regions in 5 representative cells upon nuclear FRAP in CAF1. (**D**) Schematic showing effective radius (re), bleach-depth (K) and half-time plots in two contexts: 1. When diffusion is quantifiable or 2. When diffusion is too fast to be estimated. For more details, refer to Mathematical Methods. Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non-significant.



Supplemental Figure S3: Diffusion is fast and does not take part in the recoveries observed upon FRAP. Related to Figure2: Legends next page.

Supplemental Figure S3: Diffusion is fast and does not take part in the recoveries observed upon FRAP.

Related to Figure2: (A) Post-bleach profiles corresponding to (Figure2B) recoveries of intensities in CAF1 EYFP-YAP1 nuclear FRAP. (B) Box-plot (10&90) showing effective radius corresponding to (Figure2B) recoveries of intensities. (C) Box-plot (10&90) showing bleach-depth K corresponding to (Figure2B) recoveries of intensities. (D) Graph showing the median intensities of EYFP-YAP1 for three different sized bleached (plain line) and reporting (dotted line) regions upon nuclear FRAP in NF1 EYFP-YAP1. n= 20 cells for each of the sizes from 3 biological replicates. (E-G) Box-plot (10&90) showing half-time, effective radius and bleach-depth corresponding to (D) recoveries of intensities. (H) Equivalent graph to (D) upon cytoplasmic FRAP in CAF1, n= 30 cells for each small and medium sizes, 25 cells for large size from 3 biological replicates. (L) Equivalent graph to (D) upon cytoplasmic FRAP in (10&90) showing half-time, effective radius and bleach-depth corresponding to (H) recoveries of intensities. (L) Equivalent graph to (D) upon cytoplasmic FRAP in NF1 EYFP-YAP1. n= 30 cells for each small and medium sizes, 25 cells for large size from 3 biological replicates. (I-K) Box-plot (10&90) showing half-time, effective radius and bleach-depth corresponding to (H) recoveries of intensities. (L) Equivalent graph to (D) upon cytoplasmic FRAP in NF1 EYFP-YAP1. n= 30 cells for each of the sizes and from 3 biological replicates. (M-O) Box-plot (10&90) showing half-time, effective radius and bleach-depth corresponding to (L) recoveries of intensities. Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non-significant, * $p \le 0.05$, ** $p \le 0.01$, **** $p \le 0.001$.



Supplemental Figure S4: Mathematical modeling allows spatial analyses during FLIP experiments. Related to Figure4: Legends next page.



Supplemental Figure S4: Mathematical modeling allows spatial analyses during FLIP experiments.

Related to Figure4: (A) Graph showing the evolution of EGFP intensities from bleached (black), nuclear reporting (green) and cytoplasmic reporting (orange) upon nuclear FLIP in 5 representative CAF1 cells. Graph represents mean with 95%CI. (B) Comparison of experimental data to FLIP model fitting for a single CAF1 cell undergoing FLIP in the nucleus. The raw experimental data, the coarse-gridded discretization of the experimental data and FLIP PDE model fit to the coarse-gridded discretization are compared for various time-points (0s, 8s, 39s, 120s and 300s). The manually determined boundaries of the cytoplasm, nucleus and nucleoli are illustrated at 0s (see Mathematical Methods). (C) Plots of intensity versus time at the bleached point and various labelled points in the nucleus and cytoplasm for the same cell as in (B). Together B and C illustrate both good spatial and temporal fits to the experimental data. (D) Equivalent graph to (A) showing the evolution of EYFP-YAP1 5SA intensities upon nuclear FLIP in CAF1, n=26 cells from 3 biological replicates. (E) Equivalent graph to (A) showing the evolution of EYFP-YAP1_5SA intensities upon nuclear FLIP in NF1, n=30 cells from 3 biological replicates. (F) Equivalent graph to (A) showing the evolution of EYFP-YAP1 S94A intensities upon nuclear FLIP in NF1, n=27 cells from 3 biological replicates. (G) Equivalent graph to (A) showing the evolution of EYFP-YAP1 S94A intensities upon nuclear FLIP in CAF1, n=25 cells from 3 biological replicates. (H) Western blot of both WT and EYFP-YAP1 expressing NF1 and CAF1. YAP1 (61 and 92kDa), S127 YAP1 (61 and 92kDa), 14-3-3 (27kDa), pLATS1 (140kDa), LATS1 (140kDa), TEAD1 (50kDa), TEAD4 (48kDa), and Beta-Tubulin (42kDa) are represented. (I) Mathematical estimation of YAP1 steady-state distribution in NF1 and CAF1 expressing 5SA and S94A mutants. (J) Representative images of EYFP-YAP1 localization in CAF1 cell lines expressing EYFP-YAP1_WT vs EYFP-YAP1_Δ5C or EYFP-YAP1 WW. Scale bar, 20µm. (K) Boxplot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) corresponding to quantification of (J). n>90 cells for each condition from at least 3 independent experiments. (L) Luciferase assay of CAF1 cells expressing EYFP-YAP1_WT vs EYFP-YAP1_Δ5C or EYFP-YAP1_WW. Bars represent mean ± s.e.m. of 3 independent experiments, each with 3 technical replicates. Data are normalised to NF1 EYFP-YAP1 WT. (M) Box-plot (10&90) showing different import and export rates in CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT vs CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WW and EYFP-YAP1 Δ5C cell lines. CAF1 EYFP-YAP1 WT cell line values are reproduced from Figure4C&D. Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non-significant, * p≤0.05, *** p≤0.01, *** p≤0.001, **** p≤0.0001.



Supplemental FigureS5: YAP1 dynamics correlates with cellular morphology. Related to Figure5: Legends next page.



Supplemental FigureS5: YAP1 dynamics correlates with cellular morphology.

Related to Figure5: (A) Scatter plot of nuclear eccentricity vs. export and lines of best fit for NF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (grey) and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (black). (B) Scatter plot of nuclear eccentricity vs. import and lines of best fit for NF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (grey) and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (black). (C) Scatter plot of nuclear circularity vs. export and lines of best fit for NF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (grey) and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (black). (D) Scatter plot of nuclear circularity vs. import and lines of best fit for NF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (grey) and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (black). (D) Scatter plot of nuclear circularity vs. import and lines of best fit for NF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (grey) and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT (black). (E) Scatter plots and 95% CI for additional Pearson correlations of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio, cellular morphology, cell speed and their derivatives for NF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT. (F-H) Cross-correlations of change in nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio with acceleration (F), speed (G) and change in nuclear area (H) for NF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT and CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT. Mean of all cells – solid line, 95% CI – dot-dash line. Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non-significant, ** p ≤0.01.



Supplemental Figure S6: Effect of treatment with latrunculin B and dasatinib and of Y357F mutation. Related to Figure6: Legends next page.



Supplemental Figure S6: Effect of treatment with latrunculin B and dasatinib and of Y357F mutation.

Related to Figure6: (A) Representative images of endogenous YAP1 localization in NF1 and CAF1 treated with DMSO or 500nM latrunculin B and 500nM dasatinib. Scale bar, 50µm. (B) Box-plot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) of endogenous YAP1 in NF1 and CAF1 treated with DMSO or 500nM latrunculin B and 500nM dasatinib, n>30 cells from at least 2 independent experiments. (C) Boxplot (Min to Max) of gRT-PCR of two YAP1 target genes normalised to GAPDH in NF1 and CAF1 cell lines in normal media (NM), or treated with 10µM DMSO, 500nM latrunculin B or 500nM dasatinib. Data summary of 3 independent experiments, each with 2 technical replicates. (D) Representative images of EYFP-YAP1 localization in CAF1 after treatment with 1µM saracatinib. Scale bar, 50µm. (E) Box-plot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) of EYFP-YAP1 localization in CAF1 after treatment with DMSO, 500nM dasatinib, 5µM imatinib or 1µM saracatinib. n>60 cells from 2 independent experiments. (F) Western blot of YAP1 Immunoprecipitation showing the effects of 10µM blebbistatin, 500nM latrunculin B and 500nM dasatinib treatment on Y357 YAP1 phosphorylation in CAF1 WT. Total YAP1 levels also shown. (G) Western Blot showing the expressions of EYFP-YAP1 and EYFP-YAP1 Y357F (92kDa) versus endogenous YAP1 (61kDa), in NF1 and CAF1. Phosphorylation of Serine 127 and Tubulin (42kDa) are also presented. (H) Contraction assay of NF1 and CAF1 expressing EYFP-YAP1 vs EYFP-YAP1 Y357F. Bars represent mean ± s.e.m. of 5 independent experiments. (I) Representative images of EYFP-YAP1 Y357F and EYFP-YAP1 3YF localization in NF1 and CAF1. Scale bar, 20µm. (J) Box-plot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) of EYFP-YAP1, EYFP-YAP1 Y357F and EYFP-YAP1 3YF localization in NF1 and CAF1, n>100 cells from at least 3 independent experiments. (K) Graph showing the median intensities of EYFP-YAP1 Y357F from bleached (plain line) and reporting (dotted line) regions upon nuclear FRAP in CAF1, n= 30 cells from 3 biological replicates. (L) Graph showing the intensities of EYFP-YAP1_Y357F from bleached (black), nuclear reporting (green) and cytoplasmic reporting (orange) regions upon nuclear FLIP in CAF1, n= 28 cells from 3 biological replicates. Graph represents mean with 95%CI. (M) Western blot showing the effects of 10µM blebbistatin, 100/500nM latrunculin B and 300/500nM dasatinib treatment on S127 YAP1 in NF1 and CAF1 WT. (N) Representative images of EYFP-YAP1 5SA in CAF1 treated with DMSO or 10µM blebbistatin, 100nM latrunculin B and 300nM dasatinib. Scale bar, 50µm. (O) Box-plot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) of endogenous EYFP-YAP1 5SA in CAF1 treated with DMSO or 10µM blebbistatin, 100nM latrunculin B and 300nM dasatinib. n>90 cells from 3 independent experimental repeats. (P) Box-plot (10&90) showing different export rates in CAF1 EYFP-YAP1_WT and EYFP-YAP1_5-SA cell lines upon treatment with 100nM latrunculin B and 300nM dasatinib. Rates of EYFP-YAP1 WT are reproduced from Fig2H for representation Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non significant. Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non significant, * p ≤0.05, ** p≤0.01, **** p≤0.0001.



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Supplemental Figure S7: Validation of conditions and reagents for the siRNA screen. Related to Figure7: Legends next page.



Supplemental Figure S7: Validation of conditions and reagents for the siRNA screen.

Related to Figure7: (A) Schematic representation of the screen experimental pipeline. (B) Representative images of endogenous YAP1 staining in human VCAF4 and VCAF8 cell lines with increasing cell confluence. Scale bar, 200µm. (C) Representative images showing endogenous YAP1 localization in human VCAF4 and VCAF8 cell line treated with 10µM blebbistatin. Scale bar, 100µm. (D) Box-plot (10&90) of nuclear-to-cytoplasmic ratio (log2 scale) corresponding to data in n > 21 cells from one experimental repeat. (E) Western blot showing depletion of XPO1 (123kDa) in NF1 and CAF1 upon XPO1 depletion. Beta-Tubulin (42kDa) is also presented. (F) Representative images showing endogenous YAP1 localization in NF1, CAF1 and VCAF8 upon XPO1 pool deconvolution to single oligos. Scale bar, 50µm. (G) Representative images showing endogenous c-Jun or beta-catenin (green) staining upon depletion of XPO1. Actin staining also shown (magenta). Scale bar, 50 µm. (H) Boxplot (Min to Max) of gRT-PCR of two YAP1 target genes normalised to GAPDH in NF1 and CAF1 cell lines after depletion of XPO1. Data summary of 3 independent experiments, each with 2 technical replicates. (I) Boxplot (Min to Max) of qRT-PCR of two YAP1 target genes normalised to GAPDH in CAF1 cell lines after depletion of XPO1 in normal media (NM), or treated with DMSO, 10µM blebbistatin, 500nM dasatinib or 500nM latrunculin B. Data summary of 3 independent experiments, each with 2 technical replicates. (J) Boxplot (Min to Max) of gRT-PCR of two YAP1 target genes normalised to GAPDH in CAF1 EYFP-YAP1 5SA cell line in normal media (NM), or treated with DMSO, 500nM dasatinib, 5µM imatinib or 1µM saracatinib. Data summary of 3 independent experiments, each with 2 technical replicates. Mann-Whitney U-test, n.s., non significant, * $p \le 0.05$, ** $p \le 0.01$, **** $p \le 0.0001$.



Supplemental Figure S8: FRAP postbleach profile processing and analysis.

Related to STAR Methods - Mathematical Methods: Walkthrough of analysis of the postbleach profile of a single CAF WT cell undergoing FRAP. (**A**) Pre-bleach profile (frame prior to bleach process) re-centred such that the bleach-point (red circle) is in the centre of the image. Nucleoli are observable as regions of low intensity within the nucleus. (**B**) Post-bleach profile (first frame captured upon completion of bleach process) re-centred around bleach-point (red circle in (A)). (**C**) Image mask (re-centred around the bleach-point) outlining the manually determined boundaries of the nucleus and nucleoli. (**D**) Post-bleach frame in (B) transformed from Cartesian to polar coordinates. (**E**) Image mask in (C) transformed from Cartesian to polar coordinates. (**F**) Result of interpolation of data in (D). (**G**) Model fit of exponen- tial of a Gaussian (Equation (1.1)) (red curve) to median intensity versus distance from bleach-point (in microns) derived from (F) (blue curve).



Supplemental Figure S9: FLIP image analysis.

Related to STAR Methods - Mathematical Methods: Walkthrough of PDE model fitting to FLIP imaging data. (A) Schematic of Partial Differen- tial Equation (PDE) model approximation to FLIP system. (B) Illustration of coarse-grid discretization of cell for numerically solving PDE and fitting to data. (C) Lattice-sites in the grid of (B) are determined as nuclear or cytoplasmic if at least 50% of that lattice site is composed of that cellular compartment. (D) Final coarse-grid-ded approximation to the original cell. Each grid-point intensity is set at the median intensity of that grid-point. Only pixels from the cellular compartment (nucleus or cytoplasm) that defines the grid-point are used in this calculation. This coarse grid is then used to fit the numerical solution of our PDE to the imaging data.



Supplemental Figure S10: FRAP model sensitivity analysis.

Related to STAR Methods - Mathematical Methods: (**A**) Heatmap of Sum of Squares due to Error (SSE) of the exponential of a Gaussian fit (Equation (1.1)) to the median intensity (Supplemental Figure S8G) for varying bleach-depth and effective radius. The red dot signifies the global minimum. (**B**) Plot of SSE as the bleach-depth parameter is varied, when de-riving the bleach-depth parameter from the recovery curve (Equation (1.2)) as opposed to the post-bleach profile. (**C**) Heatmap of SSE of the single reaction model (Equation (1.5)) fit to the recovery curve of a single cell for varying am- plitude and rate of dissociation. (**D**) Initial protein concentrations of the nucleus and cytoplasm (red high, blue low) for sensitivity analysis of the assumption of zero import/export for CAF WT with bleach at the centre of the nucleus (left panel) and righthand side of the nucleus (right panel). (**E**) Bleach region recovery comparing the FLIP simulated recovery with non-zero import/export (blue), zero import/export (black) and single reaction FRAP equation (1.5) with dissociation fixed at FRAP quantified levels and other parameters fitted to the recovery with non-zero import/-export (red dot-dash line). The top-left panel recovery is for NF WT with a bleach at the centre of the nucleus, top-right panel for NF 5SA with bleach at the centre of the nucleus and bottom panel is for CAF S94A with bleach on the righthand side of the nucleus.

NF1 EYFP-YAP1 WT



Supplemental Figure S11: FLIP model sensitivity analysis.

Related to STAR Methods - Mathematical Methods: FLIP model sensitivity analysis. Sensitivity analysis of model parameters for a single NF1 EYFP-YAP1 WT cell (Plots A-D) and a single CAF1 EYFP-YAP1 WT cell (E-H). (A-E) Plots of sensitivity of association rate, export, import, predicted initial cytoplasmic concentration and decay rate due to bleaching as the fixed dissociation rate is varied. The scales are in terms of ratios of the derived parameter values for a given dissociation rate to the optimum model fit parameter values.

(**B&F**) Plots of sensitivity of association rate, export, import, predicted initial cytoplasmic concentration and decay rate due to bleaching as the fixed rate of diffusion is varied. The scales are in terms of ratios of the derived parameter values for a given rate of diffusion to the optimum model fit parameter values. (**C&G**) Surface plots of the weight-ed-SSE (Equation (1.29)) for varying association rate and export. Scales are presented in terms of ratio of parameter values to optimum fit parameter values and ratio of weighted-SSE for those parameter values to the weighted-SSE for optimum parameter values. (**D&H**) Heatmaps of the weighted-SSE and the overall best-fit weighted-SSE for varying import and export. Scales are again in terms of ratios of specific parameter values to optimum fit parameter values. (**I**) Horizontal linescan of complete cell for FLIP mathematical solution in Figure S4B at timepoints 0s (blue), 8s (red), 39s (green), 120s (magenta) and 300s (cyan). The discontinuous jumps in intensity illustrate the boundary of the cytoplasm and nucleus.



Times (sec)

CAF WT cell (see Supplementary Figure S4B). (**F**) Residuals versus time of FLIP model fit at the nuclear bleachpoint of 15 CAF WT cells. (**G**) Residuals versus time of FLIP model fit at all nuclear lattice- sites (ignoring bleach-points) for 15 CAF WT cells. (**H**) Residuals versus time of FLIP model fit at all cytoplasmic lattice-sites of 15 CAF WT cells.

Table S1: Table compiling output of mathematical models fitting experimental data for nuclear FRAP of NF1 and CAF1 expressing EYFP-YAP1. Related to Figure 2.

See excel file called Table S1.

Table S2: Result of the primary siRNA screen in human CAFs. Related to Figure 6.

No

Targets		VCAF8			VC	AF4	Selected for
		Repeat1	Repeat2	Repeat3	Repeat1	Repeat2	secondary screen
	rf	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	rf	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	rf	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Rick Free	rf	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
RISKTICC	rf	ND	MC	MC	ND	ND	
	rf	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	rf	ND	ND	ND	MC	ND	
	h	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	ubb	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	ubb	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	ubb	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	ubb	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Controls	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
targets	yap	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	lat	MN	VN	VN	ND	MN	
	lat	MN	VN	VN	ND	MN	
	lat	MN	VN	VN	ND	MN	
	lat	MN	VN	VN	ND	MN	
	lat	VN	VN	VN	ND	MN	
	lat	VN	VN	VN	ND	MN	
	taz	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	taz	ND	ND	ND	ND	MC	
	taz	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	taz	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	

Targets	Repeat1	VCAF8 Repeat2	Repeat3	Vi Repeat1	CAF4 Repeat2	Selected for secondary screen		Targets	Re	epeat1	VCAF8 Repeat2	Repeat3	V0 Repeat1	CAF4 Repeat2	Selected for secondary screen
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			AKAP6 LOC340312		MN ND	ND ND	MN	ND ND	ND ND	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			AKAP8 LOC401391		MN ND	ND MC	ND ND	ND MC	ND ND	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			ANXA11 LOC402569	1	MN ND	ND ND	MN ND	ND MC	ND ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			BDP1		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			C140RF1 PTTG1IP		MN	ND	MN	ND	ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			C20ORF77		ND	ND	MN	ND	ND	
empty well	ND ND	ND	ND	MC	MC			C9ORF126		MN	ND	MN	ND	ND	
empty well	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND MC			C9ORF67 GLE1L		MN ND	ND MN	MN	ND ND	ND ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			CGI-49		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2nd screen
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			DKFZP434F2021 KPNA1	1	MN	VN	MN	MN	MN	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			DKFZP564C186 KPNB1		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	MC			DKFZP586B1621		MN	MN	MN	ND	MN	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			DKFZP586J0619		MN	ND	ND	MC	ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			DULLARD		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			EMD		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
empty well empty well	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND			FAM34A TNPO1		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
empty well empty well	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND			FLJ10330 KPNR3		MN	MN	MN	MN	MN	2nd screen
empty well	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			FLJ10407 NUP88		ND	ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			FLJ10637 NUP98		ND	ND MN	ND	ND ND	ND	
empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			FLJ10774 RAN		MN	ND MN	ND	MN	MN	
empty well empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			FLJ11127 RANRP1		ND ND	MN	MN	ND	ND	
empty well empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			FLJ12519 RANRP2		ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
empty well empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			FLJ14803 RANGAP1		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2nd screen
empty well empty well	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			FLJ20273 SEC13I 1		MN MN	ND MN	ND MN	MC	ND MN	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			FLJ20297 TPR		MN MN	MN MN	MN MN	ND ND	ND ND	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			FLJ22353 XPO1		MN ND	MN ND	MN ND	ND MN	MN	2nd screen
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			FLJ23323 ZFP36		MN MN	MN MN	MN MN	ND	ND MN	2nd screen
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	MC ND			FLJ30668 NUP214		ND MN	ND MN	ND MN	ND VN	ND MN	2nd screen
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			FLJ39369 AAAS		MN MN	MN MN	MN MN	ND ND	ND ND	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			GNAZ RAE1		ND MN	ND MN	ND ND	MC ND	ND ND	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			HAX1 RANBP3		ND MN	ND MN	ND VN	MC MN	MC MN	2nd screen
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			JMJD1B NUP155	1	MN ND	MN MN	MN MN	MC MN	MC MN	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			KIAA0007 IPO13		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	MC MC	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			KIAA0133 NUP93	1	MN ND	MN ND	MN ND	ND ND	ND MN	
empty well empty well	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND			KIAA1161 NUPL1		ND ND	ND MN	ND ND	MN ND	ND ND	
empty well	MC	ND	ND	ND	ND		Targets	LAP1B POM121	1	MN ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND MC	
								LBR NUP153		ND MN	MC MN	VC MN	ND ND	ND ND	
								LEMD2 RANBP9		MN VC	ND MC	ND VC	ND VC	ND ND	
								LOC163590 NUTF2		ND MN	MN ND	ND ND	ND MN	MN MN	
								LOC375616 NXF1		MN VC	MN MC	MN MC	MN VC	MN VC	
								IPO8		MN ND	MC	ND	MN	MN ND	
								MGC3162 IPO7		MN	MN	ND ND	ND ND	MC ND	
								NUP50		MN	MN	MN	ND	ND	
								NUPL2		ND	ND	ND	MN	ND	
								XPOT		MN	ND	MN	MN	ND	
								DDX19		ND	ND	MN	ND	ND	
								CASC3		ND	ND	ND	ND	MC	
								ХР07 ртми		VC	VC	VC	ND	MC	
								NUP205 S1004P		MC	MC	VC	MC	MC	
								XP06 SLC25A??		ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
								NUP210 SLC39A14		ND ND	ND ND	ND MN	ND ND	ND	
								NUP160 SP140		ND MC	ND MC	ND MC	ND MC	ND MC	
								NUP188 SYNE1		MN ND	MN ND	MN ND	ND ND	ND ND	2nd screen
								TNPO3 SYNE2		MN MN	ND MN	MN MN	ND ND	MN ND	
								KPNA6 TMPO		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	
								NUP62 TREX1		MC ND	MC ND	MC ND	MC ND	MC MC	
								POM121L1 UNC84B		MN ND	VN ND	MN MC	MN ND	MN MC	
								RANBP6 WDR33		VN ND	MN ND	MN ND	MN ND	MN ND	2nd screen
								RANGNRF UNC84A		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND MC	ND MC	
								NXT1 RP13-15M17.2		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	MC ND	
								TNPO2 IPO11		ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	MC ND	MC MC	
								NUP54 IPO9		ND MN	ND ND	ND MN	ND ND	ND ND	
								NUP133 NXF5		MC VN	VC MN	MC VN	ND MN	MC MN	2nd screen
								NXF3 NXF2		ND	MN ND	ND	MN ND	ND	2nd screen
								EIF4ENIF1 NUP107		MN	MN MN	ND MN	ND	MN ND	
								RANBP10		MN	MN	MN	ND	ND	
								RANBP17		VN	MN	MN	MC	MN	2nd screen
								IPO4 POAT		MN	MN	MN	MC	MC	
								SEC13L		ND	ND	ND	MN	ND	2nd screen
								THOC3		MN	MN	MN	MN	MN	2nd screen 2nd screen
								NUP43		MN	MN	ND	MC	MC	

siRNAs	company	Cat. No.	Sequence	Species
CTRL Allstars Negative Control siRI	Qiagen	1027280	Proprietary	human, mou
YAP1 oligo1	Dharmacon	D-046247-01	ACAGGUGGCUCAAUUCUUG	mouse
YAP1 oligo4	Dharmacon	D-046247-04	GCCGAGAAGUGCAGUCCAA	mouse
YAP1 oligo1	Dharmacon	D-012200-01	GGUCAGAGAUACUUCUUA	human
YAP1 oligo2	Dharmacon	D-012200-02	CCACCAAGCUAGAUAAAGA	human
YAP1 oligo3	Dharmacon	D-012200-03	GAACAUAGAAGGAGAGGAG	human
YAP1 oligo4	Dharmacon	D-012200-04	GCACCUAUCACUCUCGAGA	human
MST1 oligo1	Dharmacon	D-004157-01	CCAGAGCUAUGGUCAGAUA	human
MST1 oligo2	Dharmacon	D-004157-02	GUGAAACAGUGUCUUGUAA	human
MST1 oligo3	Dharmacon	D-004157-03	GAUGGGCACUGUCCGAGUA	human
MST1 oligo4	Dharmacon	D-004157-05	GCAGGUCAACUUACAGAUA	human
MST2 oligo1	Dharmacon	D-004874-01	GCCCAUAUGUUGUAAAGUA	human
MST2 oligo2	Dharmacon	D-004874-04	ACAAGUACCUGUUGAAUCA	human
MST2 oligo3	Dharmacon	D-004874-05	CCACAAGCACGAUGAGUGA	human
MST2 oligo4	Dharmacon	D-004874-18		human
LATS1 pool	Dharmacon	M063467010005		mouse
LATS2 pool	Dharmacon	M044602010005		mouse
TEAD1 pool	Dharmacon	M048419010005		mouse
TEAD2 pool	Dharmacon	M060552000005		mouse
TEAD3 pool	Dharmacon	M044127010005		mouse
TEAD4 pool	Dharmacon	M057322010005		mouse
HBB oligo1	Sigma	SASI Hs01 00169464		human
HRB oligo?	Sigma	SASI Hs01 00169465	GUCAACAGCUACAGCCAAU	human
HRB oligo2	Sigma	SASI Hen2 00337763		human
ZEP36 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Hs02_00335603		human
ZEP36 oligo2	Sigma	SASI_Hs01_00030373		human
ZEP36 oligo2	Sigma	SASI_Hs01_00030376		human
RANBP3 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Hs01_00176010		human
RANBP3 oligo?	Sigma	SASI_Hs01_00176010		human
RANBP3 oligo3	Sigma	SASI He01 00176012		human
NXE3 oligo1	Sigma	SASI Hs01 00124616		human
NXF3 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Hs02_00355416		human
NXF3 oligo2	Sigma	SASI_Hs01_00124617		human
THOC3 oligo1	Sigma	SASI He01 001/1598		human
THOC3 oligo?	Sigma	SASI He01 00141599		human
THOC3 oligo3	Sigma	SASI He01 00141600		human
XPO1 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Hs01_00084184		human
XPO1 oligo2	Sigma	SASI Hs02 00335588		human
XPO1 oligo3	Sigma	SASI Hs01 00084185		human
Xno1 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Mm02_00289246	GCCAAUAUGAGGAACAAUU	mouse
Xpo1 oligo2	Sigma	SASI_Mm02_00289247	GCALICAALIUCUUGCALIALIA	mouse
Xpo1 oligo3	Sigma	SASI_Mm02_00289248		mouse
Hrb oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00069742	GUGAUCAAGGGAGUGGUUU	mouse
Hrb oligo?	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00069743		mouse
Hrb oligo2	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00069744	GGGUAAAGCUCCUGUUGGU	mouse
Thoc3 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Mm02_00334077		mouse
Thoc3 oligo?	Sigma	SASI_Mm02_00334078	GAAGGACCGGCUGGUCAAA	mouse
Thoc3 oligo3	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00086842	GAGUUAGUGUGCGUGCGGU	mouse
Zfp36 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00178605		mouse
Zfp36 oligo2	Sigma	SASI_Mm02_00321352	GUAUGGAUCAGCUAGAUCU	mouse
Zfp36 oligo3	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00178606		mouse
Ranhn3 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00118034	GACUACACAUGCCCAGUCA	mouse
Ranbp3 oligo?	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00118035	GCAAUGUGCUGCAGAUCCA	mouse
Ranbp3 oligo3	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00118036	GAUGGAUAAGGCCAGUGAA	mouse
Nxf3 oligo1	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00101282	GALICCAAGALICCUAAGAALI	mouse
Nxf3 oligo2	Sigma	SASI_Mm01_00191203	GAGGALIALIGACCCACCUCA	mouse
Nxf3 oligo3	Sigma	SASI Mm01 00101204		mouse
Xno1 oligo1	Sigma	SI02746044		mouse
Xpo1 oligo?	Sigma	SI02720704		mouse
	Sigma	SI02720704		mouse
Xpo1 oligo/	Sigma	SI02070023		mouse
Apor Uligut	ugina	0100200020		mouse

Table S3: siRNA oligonucleotide sequences. Related to STAR Methods.

Table S4: Sensitivity analysis of the zero import/export assumption in FRAP model fitting. Related to STAR Methods: Table comparing recovery rates from FRAP experimental data (FRAP), the FLIP approximation to FRAP recovery in the presence (IE) and absence (No IE) of import and export and the ratio of the two FLIP model approximations (IE/(No IE)) for a bleach-point in the centre of the nucleus and right-shifted bleach point.

			Centred	bleach	Right-shifted bleach			
Cell	FRAP	IE	No IE	IE/(No IE)	IE	No IE	IE/(No IE)	
NF_WT	0.550	0.523	0.547	0.956	0.525	0.541	0.970	
NF_5SA	0.300	0.295	0.298	0.990	0.295	0.297	0.993	
NF_S94A	0.950	0.818	0.941	0.870	0.850	0.912	0.931	
CAF_WT	0.400	0.387	0.399	0.971	0.387	0.394	0.983	
CAF_5SA	0.200	0.198	0.200	0.991	0.197	0.198	0.996	
CAF_S94A	1.300	1.014	1.283	0.790	1.103	1.225	0.901	