## **Supplementary Material**

## Tumor-targeted hybrid protein oxygen carrier to simultaneously enhance hypoxiadampened chemotherapy and photodynamic therapy at a single dose

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## **Supplementary Figures**



Figure S1. Size distribution of HbO<sub>2</sub>, HSA and ODC-HPOCs.



Figure S2. UV-Vis absorption spectra of ODC-HPOCs.



Figure S3. The releasing profiles of DOX and Ce6 in ODC-HPOCs.

**Table S1**. Fitting results of experimental DOX and Ce6 release data to different kinetic equations.

Samples	Kinetic model	Equation	Correlation coefficient
DOX	First-order	y=64.6025(1-e <sup>-0.1064x</sup> )	0.9658
	Higuchi	$y=13.9290x^{1/2}+4.9211$	0.8835
	Ritger-Peppas	$y=20.8482x^{0.3950}$	0.9137
Ce6	First-order	y=85.7680(1-e <sup>-0.1233x</sup> )	0.9987
	Higuchi	$y=10.8034x^{1/2}+0.5513$	0.8942
	Ritger-Peppas	$y=12.9517x^{0.4452}$	0.9034



**Figure S4**. (A) Cellular uptake of Ce6 in cancerous (MCF-7) and normal (LO2 and 293T) cell lines after 2 h incubation with ODC-HPOCs. (B) Median fluorescent intensities of Ce6 uptake in different cells with flow cytometric analysis (Figure S4A).



Figure S5. Semi-quantification of the P-gp expression (Figure 2D) in vitro (n=3).



**Figure S6.** (A) Fluorescence imaging of ROS generation in MCF-7 cells treated with Ce6, C-HPOCs and OC-HPOCs (Ce6-encapsulated HPOCs) with laser irradiation. (B) Flow cytometric profiles of ROS generation in MCF-7 cells after PDT treatment with Ce6, C-HPOCs and OC-HPOCs. (C) Mean fluorescent intensities of ROS probe in the flow cytometric analysis (Figure S6B).



**Figure S7**. Quantitative biodistribution analysis of ODC-HPOCs by measuring fluorescence of Ce6 and DOX in tissue lysate (in the unit of % ID/g).



**Figure S8.** (A) Quantified PA intensities of  $HbO_2$  (850 nm) around the tumor at indicated time points. (B) Quantified PA intensities of Hb (750 nm) around the tumor at indicated time points.



**Figure S9.** Measurement of pO<sub>2</sub> in liver and kidney by OxyLite device (Oxford Optronix, UK) after mice were intravenously injected with ODC-HPOCs.



**Figure S10.** Quantified FL intensities of DOX around the tumor at 24h after intravenous administration of DOX+Ce6 and ODC-HPOCs, respectively.



**Figure S11.** Distribution of hypoxia (green), Ce6 (red) and nuclei (blue) in tumor 24h after intravenous injection of DOX+Ce6 and ODC-HPOCs.



Figure S12. Semi-quantification of the P-gp expression in vivo.



**Figure S13.** Tumor growth curves of DC-HSA and DC-HSA+laser. The groups of Figure 4I were added as dash lines for comparison. \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01.



**Figure S14.** Serum levels of (A) cTnI (cardiac function marker), (B) ALT/AST (liver function marker) and (C) BUN/CRE (renal function marker) of mice on 15 day after different treatments (n=5).