Khera et al. "The Impact of 2017 ACC/AHA Guidelines on the Prevalence of Hypertension and Eligibility for Anti-Hypertensive Therapy in the United States and China"

Online Supplement

Table of Contents

Content	First Page
STROBE checklist	2
Supplementary figures A, B, C	4

STROBE Statement—Checklist of items for cross-sectional studies

	Item No	Recommendation	Page No
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title	2
		or the abstract \square	
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of	2.2
		what was done and what was found \square	2-3
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation	(
		being reported	6
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses 🗹	6
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper ✓	6
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of	(7
		recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection ✓	6-7
Participants	6	(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of	(7
		selection of participants 🗹	6-7
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential	
		confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if	7-8
		applicable ☑	
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of	
measurement		methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of	7-8
		assessment methods if there is more than one group \square	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias N/A	-
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at N/A	-
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If	0.0
		applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why ☑	8-9
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for	0
		confounding ☑	8
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	0.0
			8-9
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed \square	7
		(d) If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of	0
		sampling strategy ☑	9
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses N/A	-
Results			
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers	
		potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible,	10-11
		included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed \square	
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage N/A	
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram – Reported in text	10-11

Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic,	
		clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential	23
		confounders ☑	
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable	7
		of interest ☑	/
Outcome data	15*	Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures \square	10-13
		(the results of this study include numerical estimates in all sections)	10-13
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted	
		estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make	
		clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were	-
		included N/A	
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were	
		categorized N/A	-
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into	
		absolute risk for a meaningful time period N/A	-
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and	
		interactions, and sensitivity analyses N/A	_
Discussion			
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives ✓	13-14
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of	
		potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of	16-17
		any potential bias ☑	
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives,	
		limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and	17
		other relevant evidence ☑	
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results ✓	17
Other information			
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present	
		study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present	18
		article is based ☑	

Figure A: Prevalence of hypertension among study participants in the US and China, based on 2014 evidence-based guidelines for the management of high blood pressure in adults developed by the panel members appointed to the eighth Joint National Committee (JNC-8) and the 2017 ACC/AHA hypertension guidelines in the US (NHANES) and in China (CHARLS), among those between 45 to 75 years of age. Data are shown stratified by age and sex.

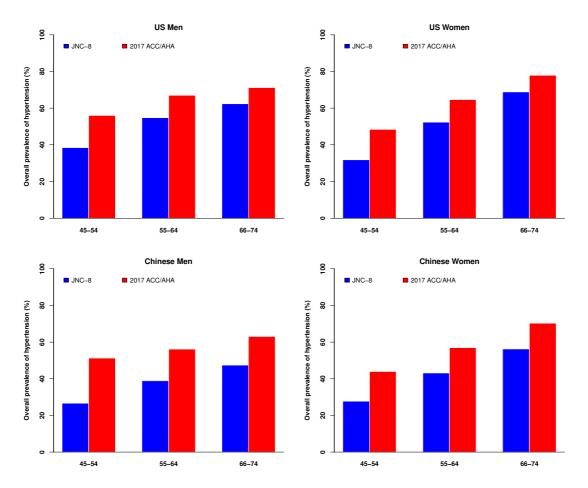


Figure B: Rate of non-treatment among study participants with hypertension in the US and China, based on 2014 evidence-based guidelines for the management of high blood pressure in adults developed by the panel members appointed to the eighth Joint National Committee (JNC-8) and the 2017 ACC/AHA hypertension guidelines in the US (NHANES) and in China (CHARLS), among those between 45 to 75 years of age. Data are shown stratified by age and sex.

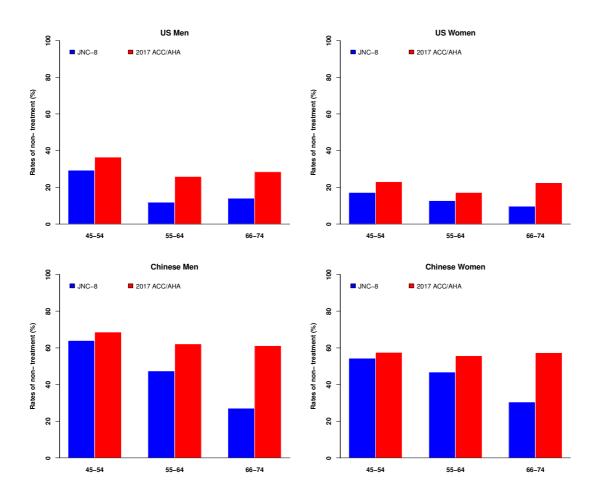


Figure C: Rate of under-treatment among study participants with hypertension in the US and China, based on 2014 evidence-based guidelines for the management of high blood pressure in adults developed by the panel members appointed to the eighth Joint National Committee (JNC-8) and the 2017 ACC/AHA hypertension guidelines in the US (NHANES) and in China (CHARLS). Data are shown stratified by age and sex.

