## Supplementary Table 1. Details on artificial antiviral miRNAs

miRNA name	Sequence (5' – 3')	Targeting virus	Targeting region	Coverage (%)
Anti- CHIKV-1	AGTCAGTTCTGCTTCTCGTTCT		NSP1	96.9
Anti- CHIKV-2	ACTCATTCGTAGTGCGCATTTT		NSP2	96.9
Anti- CHIKV-3	TATATACCCACCTGCCCTGTCT		NSP3-NSP4	96.9
Anti- CHIKV-4	TCTATGATCTTCACTTCCATGT	CHIKV	NSP4	100
Anti- CHIKV-5	ACTCTTCTTGATAGTTTGGTTC		E2	96.9
Anti- CHIKV-6	GTTTTGCATGATTCGGACTTCT		E2	96.9
Anti- DENV3-1	TCTCATTGTTCCATCATCA		NS2B	96.6
Anti- DENV3-2	CCTGTGTGTTCAGATTTTGTTG		NS3	96.9
Anti- DENV3-3	AATATGACCAGCCTCCTCTTCC	DENV-3	NS3	98.6
Anti- DENV3-4	CATTTATCATGGAGGAGGCTGA		NS5	97.2

## Supplementary Table 2. Performances of Aedes aegypti microinjections

	Eggs injected	Survival	G0 adults		- Integration
Construct		to larval	Male	Female	events
		stage			CVCIIIS
PUb>4miR:DENV-3	432	187	81	70	1
PUb>6miR:CHIKV	595	153	85	68	5
PUb>10miR	310	153	76	60	3
CPA>10miR	185	85	11	12	5

## Supplementary Table 3. Primers used for miRNA qPCR in this study

aae-miR-1: 5'-TGGAATGTAAAGAAGTATGGAG-3' 10miR\_DENV-3: 5'-TCTCATTGTTCCATCATCATCA-3' 5'-TCTATGATCTTCACTTCCATGT-3'

## Supplementary Table 4. Details on primers used for constructing synthetic antiviral miRNA cassettes.

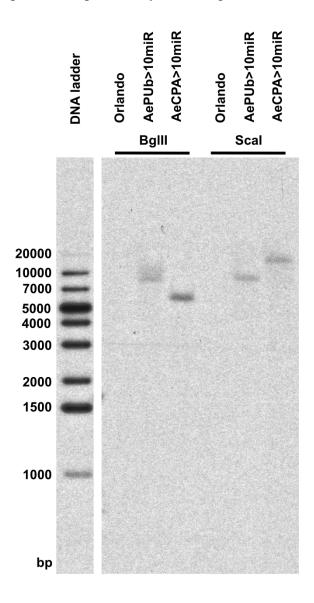
Oligo name Sequence (5' - 3')

tub-3'UTR\_BamHI/XhoI-FGGCGGATCCCGCCCTCGAGATCCGTCACAAGCAATCTCACTASV40-3'UTR\_NotI-RGGCCGCGCGCGCGCGACTCTAGATCATAATCAGCCATAC

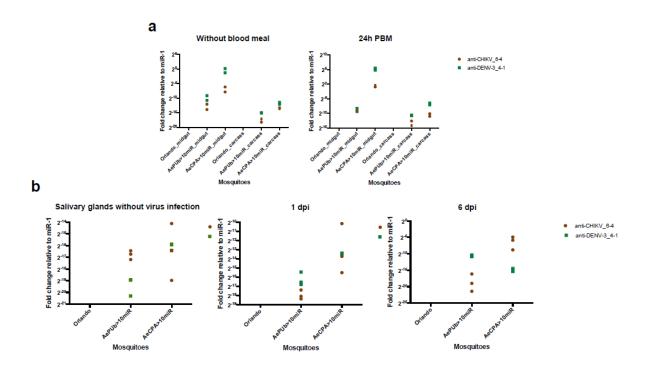
pMOS1\_fusion\_BglII/EcoRIAeCPA-pr-R
Oxitec\_#4573\_BglII-mutate-F
Oxitec\_#4573\_XhoI-mutate-R

AGATCTGGCCGAATTCTCCAACTAACCGATACACACTAACCTGG
TCTTGGGTCGAGAGCGCAGGAACAGGTGGTGGCGCCCTCGGTGCGC
CAAACGGACGCCCGAGGTTGCACAACACTATTATCGATTTGC

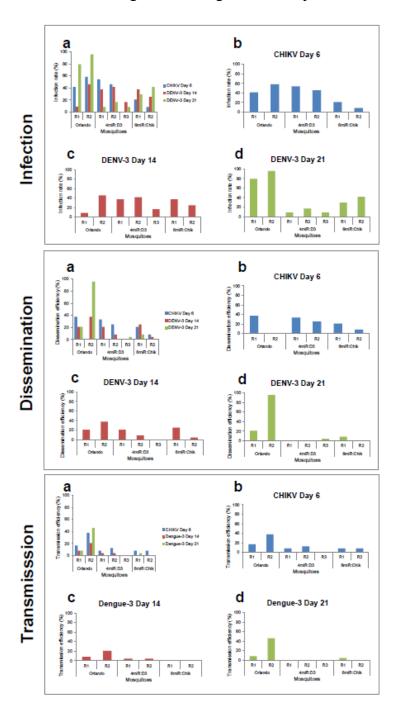
**Supplementary Figure 1. Southern blot analyses of transgenic mosquitoes.** Genomic DNAs were digested with restriction enzyme *Bgl*II or *Sca*I, and hybridized at 42°C with random primed alpha [<sup>32</sup>P]-labeled DNA probes complementary to the sequence of the antiviral miRNA cluster.



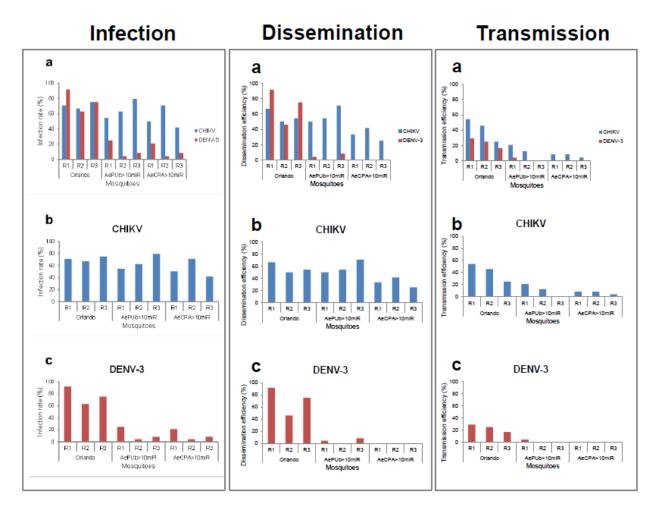
**Supplementary Figure 2. Detection of artificial antiviral miRNAs. a** in midgut and carcass. **b** in salivary glands. Information on replicates is provided and details are described in the legend of the figure 2.



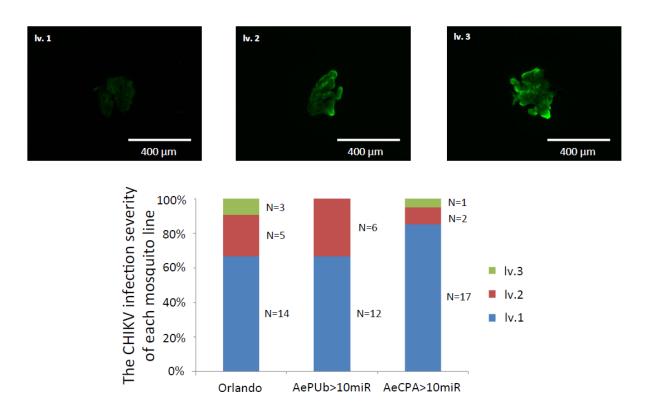
**Supplementary Figure 3. Anti-DENV-3/CHIKV phenotype of transgenic 4miR:D3 and 6miR:Chik mosquitoes. a** All samples. **b** Day 6 post CHIKV-infection. **c** Day 14 post DENV-3 infection. **d** Day 21 post DENV-3 infection. Information on replicates is provided and details are described in the legend of the figure 4. R1, replicate 1. R2, replicate 2



Supplementary Figure 4. Anti-DENV-3/CHIKV phenotype of transgenic AePUb>10miR and AeCPA>10miR mosquitoes. a All samples. b CHIKV. c DENV-3. Information on replicates is provided and details are described in the legend of the figure 5. R1, replicate 1. R2, replicate 2. R3, replicate 3.



**Supplementary Figure 5. Antiviral phenotype in salivary glands.** Mosquito salivary glands were dissected in PBS and fixed with 4% paraformadehyde at 6 days post-infection, followed by detection with anti-CHIKV antibody. The viral infection patterns were visualized under fluorescent microscopy.



Supplementary Figure 6. Antiviral phenotypic screenings for AePUb>10miR and AeCPA>10miR mosquito lines. The mosquito lines AePUb>10miR and AeCPA>10miR were co-challenged with DENV-3 at 10^7 ffu/ml and CHIKV at 10^6 ffu/ml. The viral suppression efficiency was determined by the transmission efficiency at 6 and 14 dpi for CHIKV and DENV-3 respectively. AeCPA>10miR-3 (AeCPA>10miR) and AePUb>10miR-1 (AePUb>10miR) were analyzed in this study. Numbers above are the transmission efficiency and sample size.

