

Supplemental Material

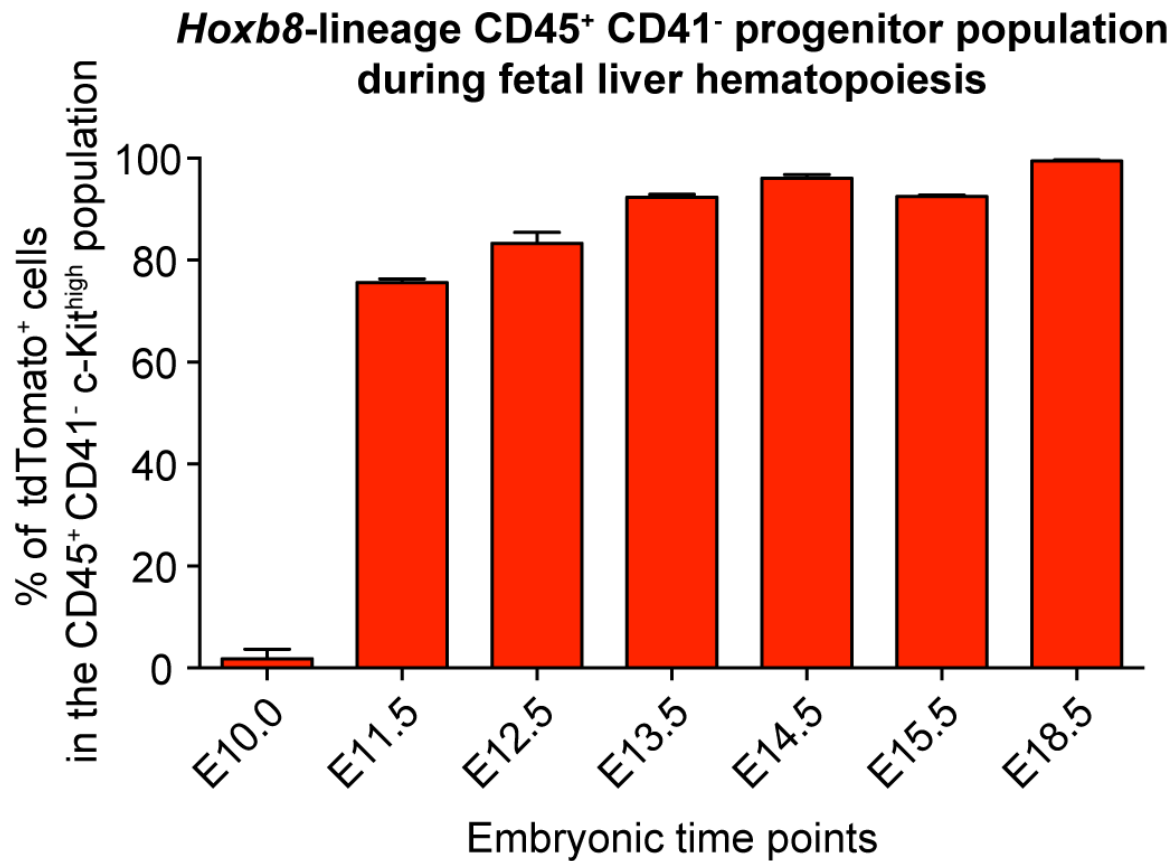


Figure S1. *Hoxb8*-lineage progenitors in fetal liver hematopoiesis. Related to Figure 3. Graph showing percentage of CD45⁺ CD41⁻ c-Kit^{high} tdTomato⁺ cells isolated from fetal liver through embryonic development. n=3 biological replicates per time point, bars represent the mean \pm SEM.

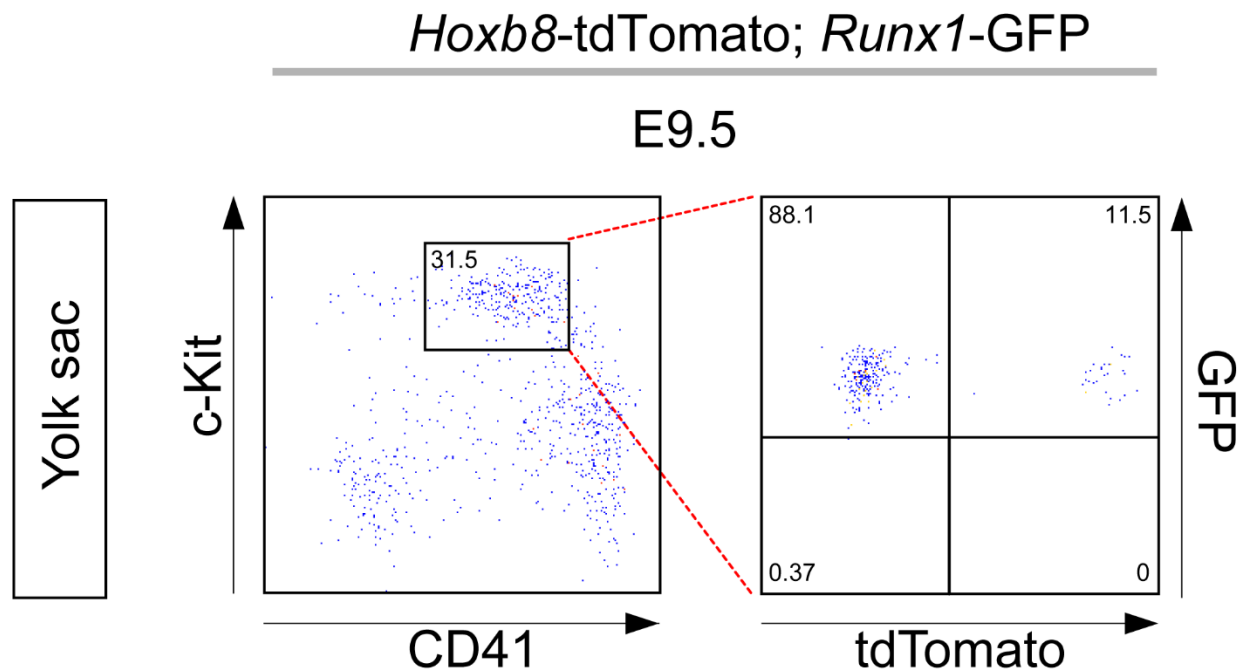


Figure S2. *Hoxb8*-lineage progenitors comprises of ~9% of the *Runx1* cell population in the yolk sac. Related to Figure 3. FACS profile of CD41⁺ c-Kit^{high} cells gated for GFP and tdTomato from the yolk sac of E9.5 *Runx1*^{GFP/+}; *Hoxb8*^{IRES-Cre/+}; *ROSA26*^{CAG-LSL-tdTomato/+} embryos. n=3 pooled biological replicates.

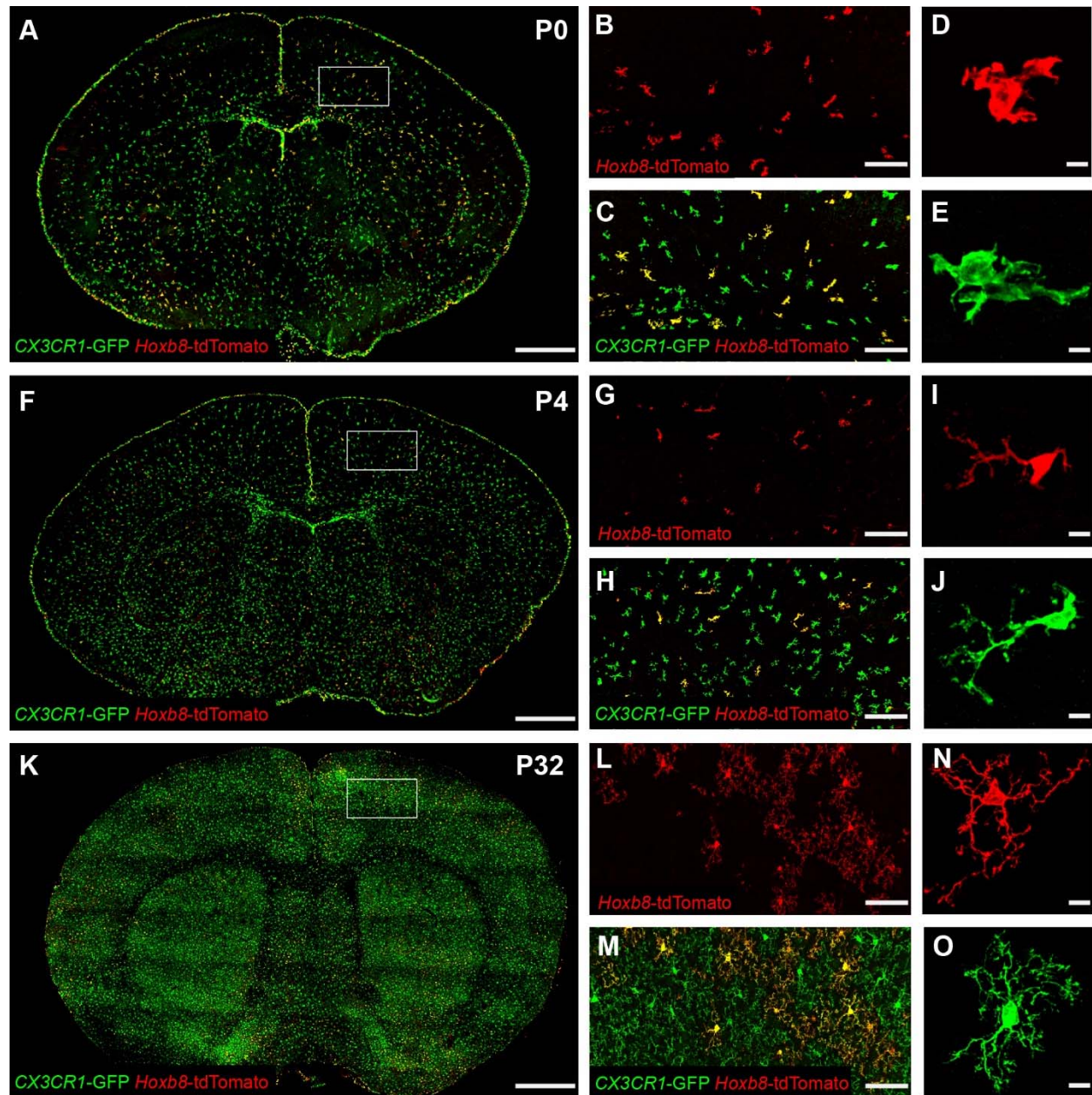


Figure S3. Postnatal development of *Hoxb8*- and non-*Hoxb8*-microglia. Related to Figure 2. Representative coronal sections from P0 (A, scale bar: 200 μm), P4 (F, scale bar: 300 μm) and P32 (K, scale bar: 500 μm) brains showing the increasing density (B-C, G-H, L-M, scale bars: 50 μm) and complexity of ramified processes (D-E, I-J, N-O, scale bars: 20 μm) at the respective time-points.

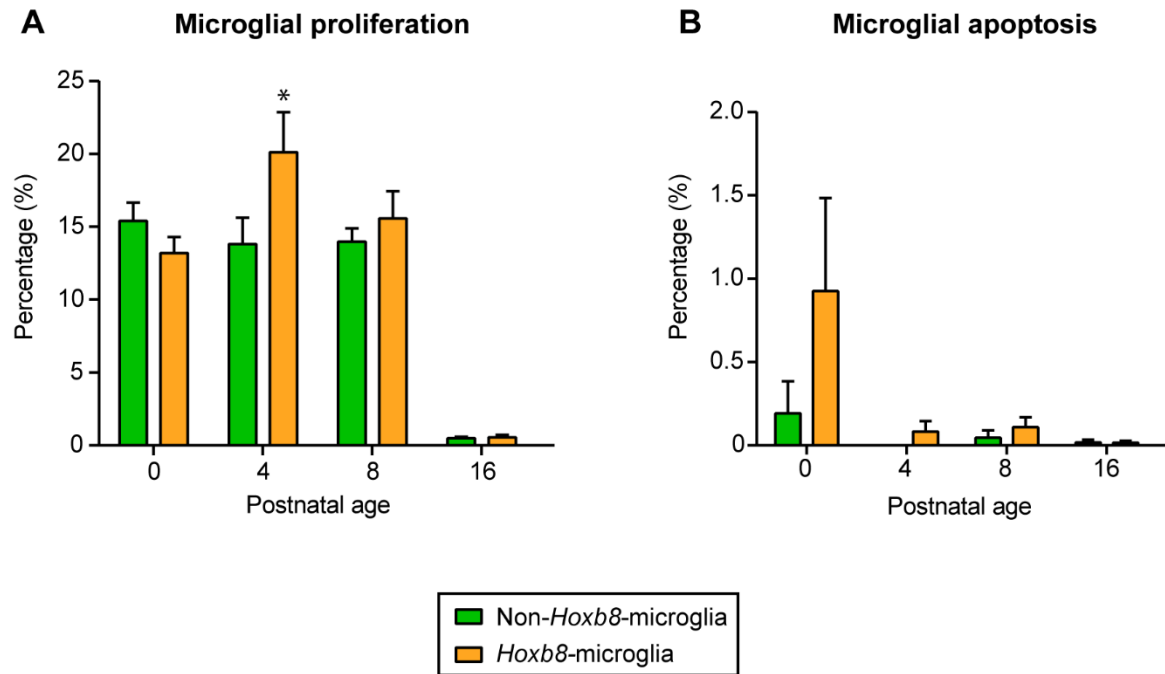


Figure S4. Developmental dynamics of *Hoxb8*- and non-*Hoxb8*-microglia. Related to Figure 2. (A,B) Comparison of proliferation (A) and apoptosis (B) between the two microglia populations during early postnatal development. The bars represent proliferating/apoptotic microglia as a percentage of their own specific population. n=3, * p<0.05, bars represent the mean \pm SEM.

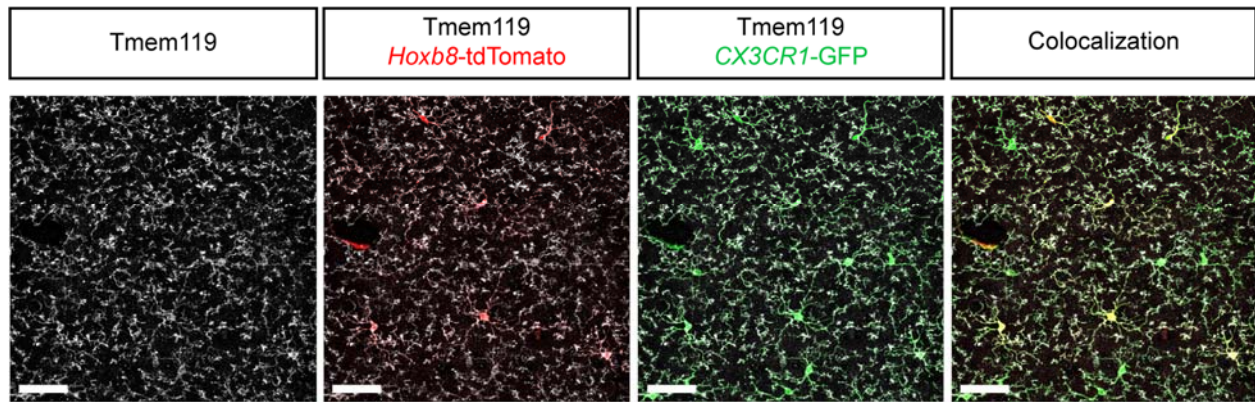


Figure S5. Tmem119 expression. Related to Table S2. Both *Hoxb8*- and non-*Hoxb8*-microglia show expression of the transmembrane protein 119 (Tmem119) on their ramified processes. Scale bars: 40 μ m.

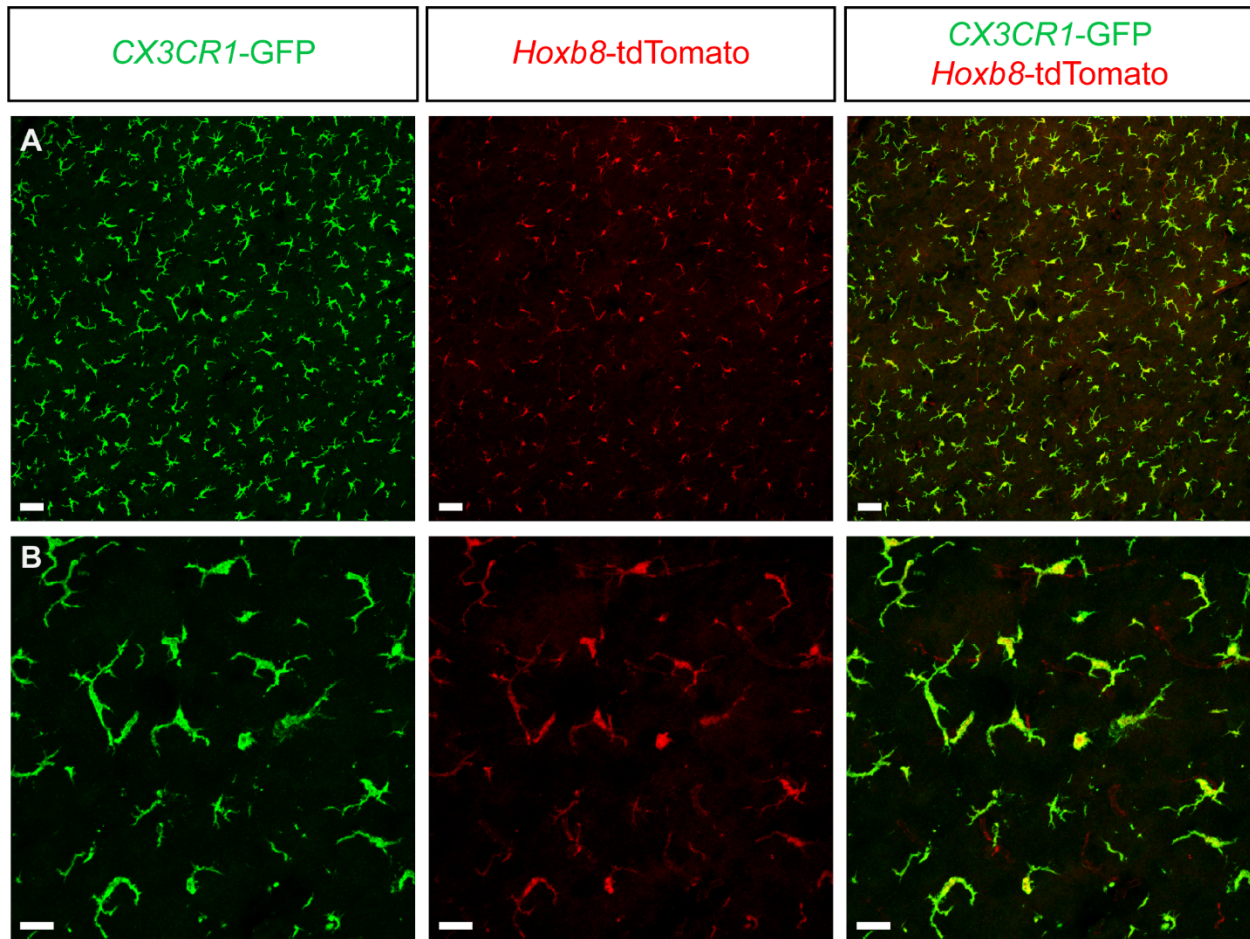


Figure S6. E12.5 *Hoxb8*-lineage fetal liver hematopoietic progenitors differentiate and repopulate the brain parenchyma in *Csf1r* null mice. Related to Figure 6. Note that although thousands of microglial cells have engrafted by P17, these cells have not fully matured. Scale bars: (A) 50 μm , (B) 20 μm .

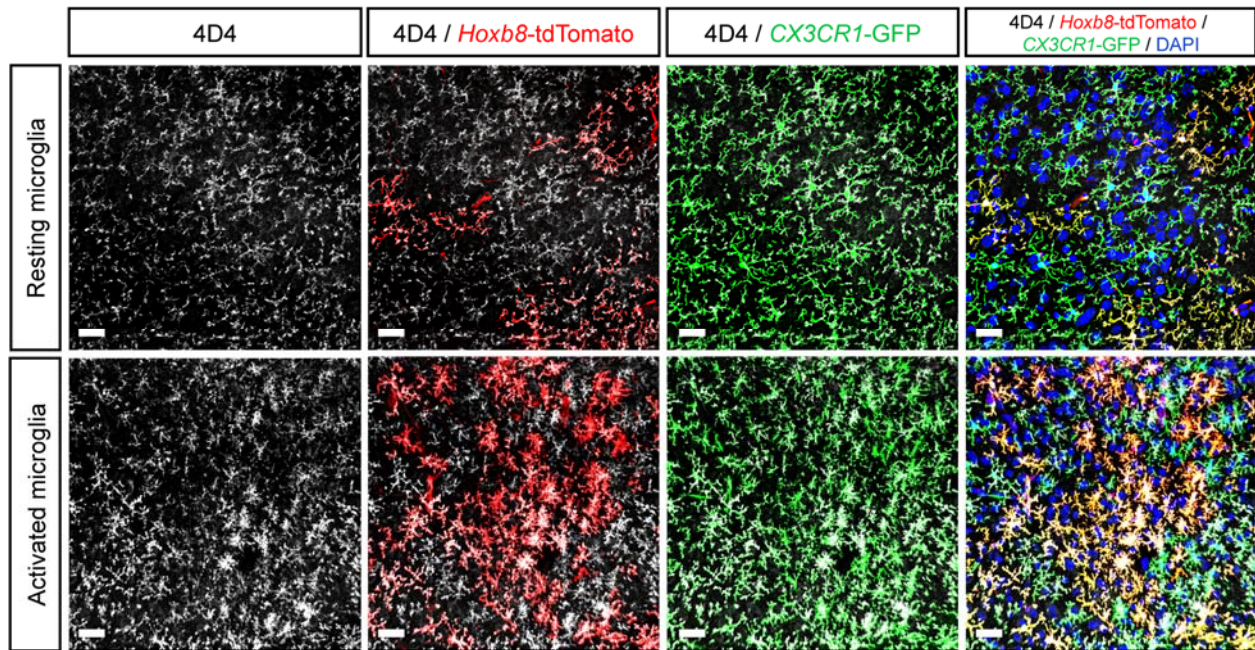


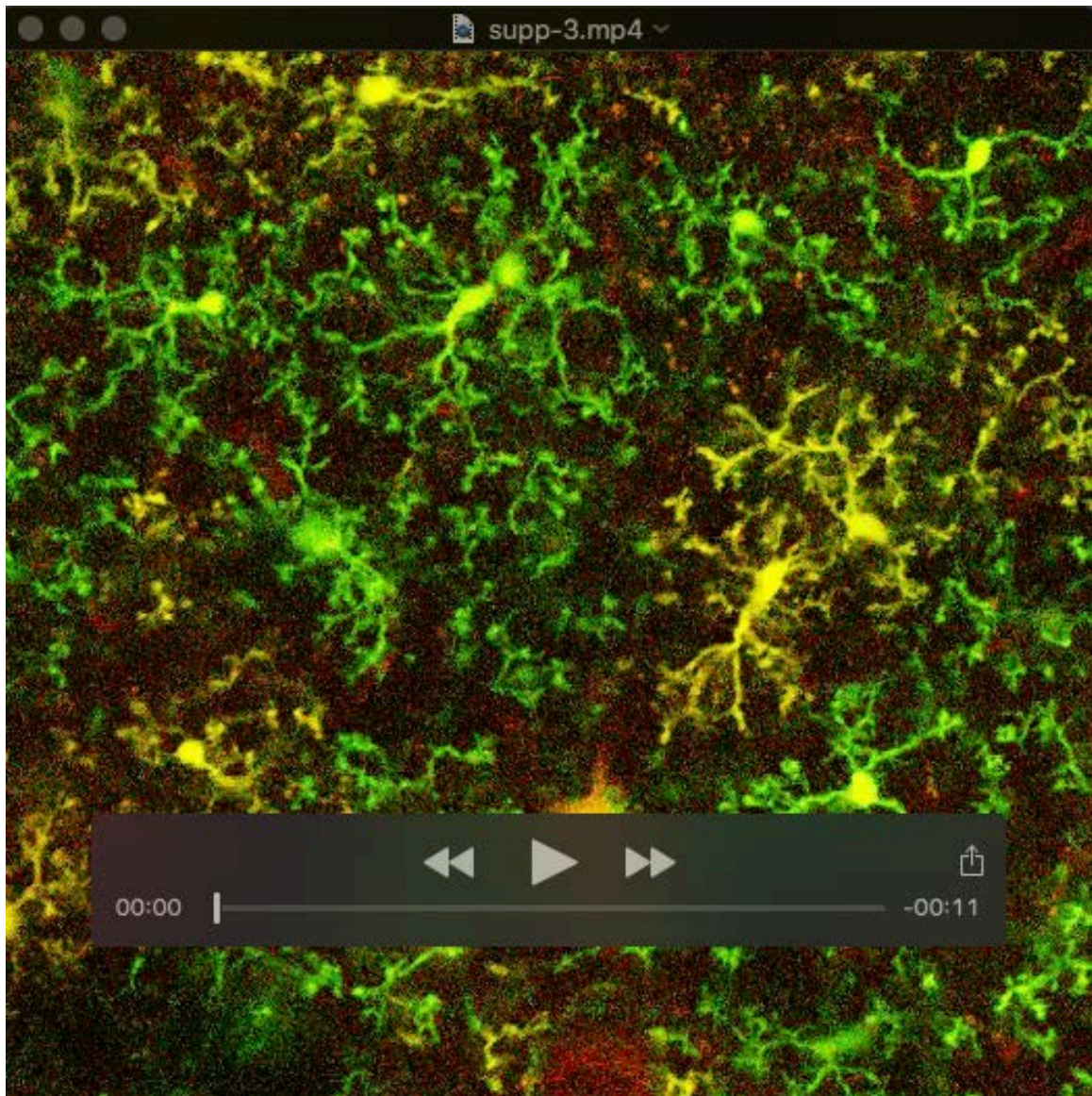
Figure S7. Resident brain microglia are predominantly present at the site of injury. Related to Figure 7. The 4D4 antibody allows the distinction of resident brain microglia from peripheral macrophages. Majority of the GFP⁺ and GFP⁺ tdTomato⁺ cells around the site of injury are expressing 4D4 showing that they are resident brain microglia. Scale bars: 30 μ m.

Table S1. Differentially expressed genes in *Hoxb8*-microglia compared to non-*Hoxb8*-microglia. Related to Figure 5. RNASTAR analysis revealed 21 genes that were differentially expressed in *Hoxb8*-microglia.

Ensembl #	Fold Difference	p value	Common Gene Name
ENSMUSG00000027009	4.580620809	<0.0001	Itga4
ENSMUSG00000030214	4.246659468	<0.0001	Plbd1
ENSMUSG00000034641	3.995970369	<0.0001	Cd300ld
ENSMUSG00000047735	2.772480567	0.00122	Samd9l
ENSMUSG00000049037	2.954023796	0.00145	Clec4a1
ENSMUSG00000070354	-2.505748451	0.00396	Gm21975
ENSMUSG00000049103	2.306712444	0.00754	Ccr2
ENSMUSG00000073421	2.712053997	0.00754	H2-Ab1
ENSMUSG00000026715	2.607464549	0.00868	Serpinc1
ENSMUSG00000026832	2.744409633	0.00868	Cytip
ENSMUSG00000021886	2.555949808	0.01377	Gpr65
ENSMUSG00000040711	2.607410017	0.01377	Sh3pxd2b
ENSMUSG00000104052	-2.622239415	0.01377	Gm38125
ENSMUSG00000105472	-2.59562299	0.01586	RP23-200E11.1
ENSMUSG00000064138	-1.62989463	0.01688	Fam172a
ENSMUSG00000051906	2.230894994	0.04398	Cd209f
ENSMUSG00000009687	2.382666625	0.05744	Fxyd5
ENSMUSG00000053063	2.122713235	0.07959	Clec12a
ENSMUSG00000022550	-2.284415883	0.09254	Adck5
ENSMUSG00000025150	2.291474247	0.09957	Cbr2
ENSMUSG00000037849	2.259747087	0.09957	Gm4955

Table S2. Gene expression profiles of *Hoxb8*- and non-*Hoxb8*-microglia. Related to Figure 5.

[Click here to Download Table S2](#)



Movie S1. Microglial activation response to focal laser ablation. Related to Figure 7. Time-lapse recording of microglial response to damage induced by focused laser ablation in brain cortex, observed by *in vivo* multiphoton imaging. *Hoxb8*-microglia (yellow) and non-*Hoxb8*-microglia (green) exhibit very similar behavior in the event of an injury in their surrounding environment.