

Table S1. Clinical characteristics of study participants born full-term and preterm with and without day-time (awake) ambulatory blood pressure monitoring (ABPM).

-	Term		Preterm			P	
Clinical	ABPM	No ABPM	ABPM	No ABPM	ABPM	Term	Interaction
Characteristics	(n=33)	(n=22)	(n=36)	(n=19)			
Gestational age, weeks	$39 \pm 1$	40 ± 1	27 ± 1	27 ± 2	.903	<.0001	.357
Birth weight, g	$3346 \pm 339$	$3546 \pm 448$	$995 \pm 216$	$988 \pm 251$	.134	<.0001	.107
Age, years	$23 \pm 2$	$23 \pm 2$	$24 \pm 2$	$23 \pm 3$	.059	.564	.534
Male sex, %	33%	46%	33%	47%	.180	.922	.922
Height, cm	$169 \pm 8$	$171 \pm 7$	$167 \pm 9$	$166 \pm 10$	.628	.045	.382
Weight, Kg	$67 \pm 15$	$72 \pm 13$	$61 \pm 12$	$59 \pm 12$	.545	.001	.145
BMI, Kg/m <sup>2</sup>	$23 \pm 4$	$25 \pm 5$	$22 \pm 3$	$21 \pm 4$	.596	.003	.183
Peak VO <sub>2</sub> , ml/min/Kg	$35 \pm 9$	$31 \pm 9$	$33 \pm 9$	$31 \pm 6$	.140	.686	.629
Smoking, %	15%	18%	19%	26%	.531	.432	.808
2-hours glycemia,	$6.3 \pm 1.3$	$6.3 \pm 1.2$	$7.0 \pm 1.5$	$7.2 \pm 1.2$	.532	.005	.730
mmol/L							
Resting SBP, mm Hg	$114 \pm 9$	$117 \pm 10$	$119 \pm 11$	$116 \pm 7$	.894	.384	.190
Resting DBP, mm Hg	$65 \pm 7$	$67 \pm 9$	$69 \pm 7$	$67 \pm 6$	.868	.496	.829
Left ventricular mass	$63 \pm 15$	$64 \pm 12$	$62 \pm 11$	$62 \pm 17$	.867	.496	.829
index, g/m <sup>2</sup>							
Left ventricular ejection	$63 \pm 5$	$61 \pm 5$	$63 \pm 6$	$65 \pm 6$	.598	.040	.043
fraction, %							
Days to 1st colony, days	$15 \pm 6$	$14 \pm 4$	$15 \pm 4$	$16 \pm 4$	.959	.246	.538

ABPM, ambulatory blood pressure monitoring; BMI, body mass index; Peak VO<sub>2</sub>, peak oxygen consumption; SBP, systolic blood pressure; DBP, diastolic blood pressure. Within each study group (term and preterm), subjects with vs. without ABMP were compared using two-way ANOVA and Bonferroni *post-hoc* test. No statistically significant differences were noted.

Table S2. Clinical and perinatal characteristics of study participants born full-term and preterm with ECFC colony growth.

_	Term	Preterm	P
Clinical characteristics	n=34	n=32	
Perinatal characteristics			
Gestational age, weeks,	$39.6 \pm 1.1$	$27.1 \pm 1.3$	<.001
Birth weight, g	$3363 \pm 299$	$978 \pm 218$	<.001
Small for gestational age, n (%) (†)	2 (7)	2 (6)	.392
Hypertensive complications of pregnancy, n (%)	2 (6)	5 (16)	.251
Antenatal corticosteroids, n/N (%)	N/A	13/30 (43)	
Bronchopulmonary dysplasia, n/N (%) (§)	N/A	6/31 (19)	
Adult characteristics			
Age, years	$23 \pm 2$	$23 \pm 2$	.329
Male sex, n (%)	13 (38)	13 (41)	1.00
Height, cm	$169 \pm 7$	$167 \pm 10$	.483
Weight, kg	$68 \pm 15$	$60 \pm 12$	.028
BMI, $kg/m^2$	$24 \pm 4$	$21 \pm 3$	.016
Peak VO <sub>2</sub> , ml/min/kg of lean body mass <sup>(<math>\chi</math>)</sup>	$33 \pm 9$	$33 \pm 9$	.862
Smoking, n (%)	4 (12)	5 (16)	.730
2-hours glucose, mmol/L	$6.4 \pm 1.3$	$7.0 \pm 1.4$	.093
Resting SBP, mm Hg	$116 \pm 11$	$117 \pm 8$	.612
Resting DBP, mm Hg	$66 \pm 8$	$67 \pm 6$	.401
Day-time ABPM SBP, mm Hg (¥)	$119 \pm 8$	$124 \pm 10$	.073
Day-time ABPM DBP, mm Hg (¥)	$71 \pm 5$	$75 \pm 6$	.049
Left ventricular mass index, g/m <sup>2</sup>	$64 \pm 12$	$63 \pm 14$	.758
Left ventricular ejection fraction, %	$62 \pm 5$	$64 \pm 6$	.435

<sup>(†)</sup>Birth weight < 10th percentile for gestational age; (§) supplemental oxygen requirement at 36 weeks post menstrual age; BMI, body mass index; ( $^{(y)}$ VO2, peak oxygen consumption measured in a subgroup of 25 participants per group; SBP, systolic blood pressure; DBP, diastolic blood pressure;  $^{(¥)}$ ABPM, ambulatory blood pressure monitoring determined in a subgroup of 23 term and 22 preterm subjects. N/A, not applicable. Data are mean  $\pm$  standard deviation (SD) unless stated otherwise. Independent t-test or  $\chi$ 2-test.