natureresearch

Experimental design

1. Sample size

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Initial submission		Revised version	Final submission

Life Sciences Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form is intended for publication with all accepted life science papers and provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. Every life science submission will use this form; some list items might not apply to an individual manuscript, but all fields must be completed for clarity.

For further information on the points included in this form, see Reporting Life Sciences Research. For further information on Nature Research policies, including our data availability policy, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

	Describe how sample size was determined.	No stastistical methods were used to predetermine sample size.		
2.	Data exclusions			
	Describe any data exclusions.	No data were excluded.		
3.	Replication			
	Describe whether the experimental findings were reliably reproduced.	All the experimental findings were reliably reproduced.		
4.	Randomization			
	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into experimental groups.	No randomization was performed.		
5.	Blinding			
	Describe whether the investigators were blinded to group allocation during data collection and/or analysis.	The investigators were not blinded to allocation during data collection and analysis.		
	Note: all studies involving animals and/or human research participants must disclose whether blinding and randomization were used.			
6.	Statistical parameters			
	For all figures and tables that use statistical methods, confirm that the following items are present in relevant figure legends (or in the Methods section if additional space is needed).			
n/a	Confirmed			

A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as an adjustment for multiple comparisons

The test results (e.g. P values) given as exact values whenever possible and with confidence intervals noted

A clear description of statistics including central tendency (e.g. median, mean) and variation (e.g. standard deviation, interquartile range)

The <u>exact sample size</u> (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement (animals, litters, cultures, etc.)

A description of how samples were collected, noting whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same

The statistical test(s) used and whether they are one- or two-sided (note: only common tests should be described solely by name; more

Clearly defined error bars

See the web collection on statistics for biologists for further resources and guidance.

Software

Policy information about availability of computer code

sample was measured repeatedly

A statement indicating how many times each experiment was replicated

complex techniques should be described in the Methods section)

7. Software

Describe the software used to analyze the data in this

Yeast colonies were automatically counted using the OpenCFU software (3.9.0)

kindly provided by Quentin Geissmann. Densitometric analyses (WB and agarose gels) were performed using either ImageJ (1.51n) or the Alliance software (16.09b, UVITEC). GUIDE-seq data were analysed using the pipeline kindly provided by the Joung's lab. Targeted deep-sequencing data were analysed using a custom written script in R which is available upon request. Statistical analyses were performed either using Prism (5.0, GraphPad) or RStudio(1.1.383).

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the paper but not yet described in the published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). *Nature Methods* guidance for providing algorithms and software for publication provides further information on this topic.

Materials and reagents

Policy information about availability of materials

8. Materials availability

Indicate whether there are restrictions on availability of unique materials or if these materials are only available for distribution by a for-profit company.

No unique materials were used.

9. Antibodies

Describe the antibodies used and how they were validated for use in the system under study (i.e. assay and species).

Anti-FLAG tag (cat.no. F3165, lot. SLBG5673V) was obtained from Sigma-Aldrich; anti-tubulin (cat.no. T6199) was obtained from Sigma-Aldrich; anti-actin (cat.no. A2066) was obtained from Sigma-Aldrich. These antibodies have been extensively exploited for reasearch use and were thus not validated in the system under study.

10. Eukaryotic cell lines

- a. State the source of each eukaryotic cell line used.
- b. Describe the method of cell line authentication used.
- c. Report whether the cell lines were tested for mycoplasma contamination.
- d. If any of the cell lines used are listed in the database of commonly misidentified cell lines maintained by ICLAC, provide a scientific rationale for their use.

HEK293T/17 were obtained from the ATCC repository.

Cell lines were not authenticated as they were obtained directly from a certified repository (ATCC).

Cells were tested monthly for mycoplasma contamination. Cells tested negative for mycoplasma contamination.

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used.

▶ Animals and human research participants

Policy information about studies involving animals; when reporting animal research, follow the ARRIVE guidelines

11. Description of research animals

Provide details on animals and/or animal-derived materials used in the study.

No research animals were used in this study

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

12. Description of human research participants

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants.

No human participants were involved in this study