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### **Supplemental Information**

#### Suppressing Nodal Signaling Activity Predisposes Ectodermal Differ-

#### entiation of Epiblast Stem Cells

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Figure S2





в



В



















Dis Post \*\*\* n.s. 30-20-15-**Cell number** 20 10-10 5 0 0-EpiSC EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> EpiSC EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>

## Figure S5

В

D

#### Supplementary Figure Legends

#### Figure S1. Derivation of EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>, relate to Figure 1.

(A) Experimental design. EpiSC lines were derived in FGF2 and Activin Asupplemented medium. After 10 passages, EpiSC were maintained in the same medium, or with additional supplement of IWP2 for more than ten passages to generate the IW-EpiSC.

(B) PCA display of the trajectory of lineage differentiation (arrows) of EpiSC and IW-EpiSC based on gene expression profiles at Day 0-4 of differentiation (colour-coded) assessed by reporter card assay for "cell lineage" in 3 lines for each type of EpiSCs.

(C) Pie chart display of the number of up-regulated reporter card genes at Day 0 versus (VS) Day 4 of differentiation of EpiSC and IW-EpiSC. Colour identifies the pluripotency and germ layer associated genes.

(D) Experimental design. 129 EpiSC lines were derived in Activin A and bFGFsupplemented medium from E5.5 129 strain mouse embryo. After 25 passages, EpiSC were maintained in SB43 plus bFGF condition for more than ten passages to generate the EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>.

(E) Morphology of EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> derived from 129 EpiSC. Scale bar,  $200\mu m$ .

(F) Morphology of EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> clone derived from single EpiSC. Scale bar,  $50\mu m$ .

#### Figure S2. Characterization of EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>, relate to Figure 2.

(A) Bright field images showing alkaline phosphatase expression by cytochemical staining of ESCs, EpiSCs and EpiSCs<sup>S/F</sup>. Scale bar, 500  $\mu$ m.

(B) The profile of population growth of  $EpiSC^{S/F}$  and EpiSC, data are mean  $\pm SD$ . (C) Q-PCR analysis of the expression of Nodal downstream genes: *Nodal*, *Lefty1*, *Gsc* and *Foxa2* in ESC, EpiSC and EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>. Data are mean  $\pm SD$ , n=3

for each cell type, Statistical analysis was performed using Student's t tests (\*p <0.05).

(D) Q-PCR analysis of the expression of marker genes of epiblast (*Fgf5*) in EpiSCs under SB43 plus bFGF treatment from 2 hours to 24 hours. Data are mean  $\pm$ SD, n=3 for each assay. Statistical analysis was performed between control cell (first column) and cells under treatment from 2 hours to 24 hours using Student's t tests (\*p <0.05, \*\* p <0.01, \*\*\* p <0.001).

(E) Q-PCR analysis of the expression of marker genes of epiblast (*Fgf5*), mesendoderm (*T*), neuroectoderm (*Sox1*) and epidermis (*Ck18*) in EpiSCs<sup>S/F</sup>. Data are mean ±SD, n=3 for each assay at passage 0 to 20. Statistical analysis was performed between control cell (first column) and EpiSCs<sup>S/F</sup> of passage 0 to 20 using Student's t tests (\*p <0.05, \*\* p <0.01, \*\*\* p <0.001).

(F) Q-PCR analysis of expression level, relative to GAPDH, of markers of ESC (*Rex1*, *Esrrb* and *Klf4*), EpiSC (*Fgf5*, *Eomes* and *Lefty1*), mesendoderm (*Flk1*, *Gata6* and *Sox17*), neuroectoderm (*Pax6*, *Zfp521* and *Nestin*) and epidermis (*Ck18*, *Ck19*, *Ck8* and *Grhl2*) in EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> and EpiSC, data are mean ±SD, n=3 samples each. Statistical analysis was performed using Student's t tests (\*p <0.05).

#### Figure S3. Global transcriptome of EpiSCs<sup>S/F</sup>, relate to Figure 3.

(A) Hierarchical clustering of EpiSCs (red: this study, blue: (Kojima et al., 2014), purple: rsEpiSCs (Wu et al., 2015)).

(B) PCA display of RNA-seq data of EpiSCs<sup>S/F</sup>, EpiSCs and embryonic tissue samples.

#### Figure S4. Epigenetic signature of EpiSCs<sup>S/F</sup>, relate to Figure 4.

(A) Comparison of H3K27ac, H3K27Me3 and H3K4Me3 pattern between EpiSC and EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>. The peaks with the unique genomic feature are annotated in the color bar diagrams.

(B) The ChIP-seq signal and the expression of ectoderm-related genes (*Id1 and Id2*). In each gene, first panel shows H3K4me3 signal, second panel shows H3K27ac signal, third panel shows H3K27me3 signal around transcription start site in EpiSC and EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>. The last panel shows RNA expression level in EpiSC and EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>.

# Figure S5. Differentiation of EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> in E7.0 host chimeras, relate to Figure 5.

(A) RFP-expressing EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> and EpiSCs grafted to anterior (Ant), distal (Dis) and posterior (Post) regions of E7.0 embryo.

(B) Distribution of graft-derived cells in host embryo 24 hours after transplantation of RFP-expressing cells to anterior (Ant), distal (Dis) and posterior (Post) regions of E7.0 embryo. Scale bar,  $200\mu$ m.

(C) Percentage of embryos showing incorporation of graft-derived cells transplanted to anterior (Ant), distal (Dis) and posterior (Post) regions of E7.0 embryo. N=12 embryos for EpiSC, and N=13 embryos for EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> in anterior (Ant) grafted group. N=16 embryos for EpiSC, and N=13 embryos for EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> in distal (Dis) grafted group. N=15 embryos for EpiSC, and N=11 embryos for EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> in posterior (Post) grafted group.

(D) Number of EpiSC and EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup>- derived cells in the host embryo following cell transplantation to distal (Dis) and posterior (Post) regions of E7.0 embryo. Data are mean ±SD, N=10 embryos for EpiSC, and N=7 embryos for EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> in distal (Dis) grafted group. N=14 embryos for EpiSC, and N=7 embryos for EpiSC<sup>S/F</sup> in posterior (Post) grafted group. Statistical analysis was performed using Student's t tests (\*\*\* p <0.001).