OMTN, Volume 12

Supplemental Information

Long-Term Morpholino Oligomers in Hexose

Elicits Long-Lasting Therapeutic Improvements

in *mdx* Mice

Gang Han, Caorui Lin, Hanhan Ning, Xianjun Gao, and HaiFang Yin

Supplementary Figure 1



Supplementary Figure 1. Examination of body-weight and pathophysiological changes of *mdx* mice treated with PMO-GF for one year. (A) Measurement on body-weight of *mdx* mice treated with PMO-GF during the one-year time course. (B) H&E staining of kidney (upper panel) and liver (lower panel) tissues sections from *mdx* mice treated with PMO-GF, untreated *mdx* and *C57BL6* controls (scale bar = 200 μ m). (C) H&E staining of body-wide peripheral muscle tissue sections from *mdx* mice

treated with PMO-GF, untreated *mdx* and *C57BL6* controls (scale bar = 200 μ m). (**D**) Detection of CD68⁺ macrophage in the diaphragms and quadriceps of treated and untreated *mdx* mice (scale bar = 100 μ m). Arrows indicate macrophages detected by CD68⁺ mouse monoclonal antibody.



Supplementary Figure 3



Supplementary Figure 2. Transmission electron microscopy micrographs of the the intermyofibrillar mitochondria (IFM) pool density in *mdx* mice treated with **PMO-GF for one year** (scale bar=2 μ m). The arrowhead points to the IFM.



Supplementary Figure 3. Measurement of serum creatine kinase-MB (CK-MB) and membrane integrity in heart from mdx mice treated with PMO-GF for one year. (A) Measurement of serum creatine kinase-MB (CK-MB) levels. (B) IgG staining to assess the membrane integrity in heart from mdx mice treated with PMO-GF, untreated age-matched mdx and C57BL6 controls (scale bar=200 µm).