SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Supplementary Table S1. Bonham and Sellers' Racial Attributes of Clinical Evaluation Scale

ltem no.	Question
RACE 1	l consider information from patients about their racial background.
RACE 2	I consider my patient's race to better understand their genetic predispositions.
RACE 3	I consider my patient's race when making decisions about which medications to prescribe.
RACE 4	I consider my patient's race in determining genetic risk for common, complex diseases (e.g., kidney disease or diabetes).
RACE 5	I consider my patient's race in making medication dosage decisions.
RACE 6	I consider my patient's race when determining age of initiation of screening for certain diseases.
RACE 7	I consider my patient's race in determining how aggressively to treat particular diseases.

Response Items: all of the time; most of the time; some of the time; a little of the time; none of the time. Each item rated on a five-point Likert scale from 0 (none of the time) to 4 (all of the time). Score calculated as sum of responses (0–28), with higher scores signifying greater use of race in clinical practice. The Cronbach's alpha = 0.86.

RACE, Racial Attributes of Clinical Evaluation.