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Supplemental Information

Genetically Corrected iPSC-Derived Neural

Stem Cell Grafts Deliver Enzyme Replacement

to Affect CNS Disease in Sanfilippo B Mice

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Supplementary Figure 1. Biological Effect of NAGLU Treatment in Vitro

Naglu^{-/-} Neural Stem Cells (NSC) (A, B) or differentiated (C, D) cells treated for ten days with supernatant collected from Naglu overexpressing NSC (*N*-iNSCs) were compared to *Naglu*^{+/+} untreated cells. (A) Nestin+ iNSCs, forward and side scatter (top) and LysoTracker staining (bottom). (B) FACS quantification: frequency of cell having bright LysoTracker signal (top) and mean LysoTracker signal (bottom). (C) Nestindifferentiated iNSCs, forward and side scatter (top) and LysoTracker staining (bottom). (D) FACS quantification: frequency cell having bright LysoTracker signal (top) and mean LysoTracker signal (bottom). Two-tailed *t*-test p-values .*p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, n = 3.

Supplementary Figure 2. Correction of Astrocytosis in Naglu^{-/-} Mice Treated with Neural Stem Cells Overexpressing NAGLU (N-iNSCs) at Two Months

(A) Schematic illustration intracerebroventricular (ICV, green) at bregma 1.54 mm; intraparenchymal (PAR, blue) at bregma -0.58 mm demonstrating regions of analysis (red squares), relative to the site of engraftment (ICV and PAR), including the motor cortex, striatum and ventral forebrain. (B) Representative bright-field images of half brain coronal sections of immunohistochemical staining of GFAP after *N*-iNSCs transplantation (-/- Treated) compared to unaffected heterozygous (Unaffected) and saline-injected controls (-/- Vehicle), scale bar = 1 mm. (C1-3) Representative immunohistological staining images for GFAP in higher magnification in the motor cortex (1), striatum (2) and ventral forebrain (3). Scale bar = 100 μ m. Insert images taken

at higher magnification to highlight differences in morphology of GFAP-stained astrocytes, scale bar = 20 μ m. Post-acquisition processing was applied to all images and included adjustments to brightness/contrast and Red Green Blue (RGB) curves using Adobe Photoshop CS6, to reduce improve visibility and consistency in colour tone. Area of GFAP immunoreactivity (μ M²) is summarized in the histograms. Values are shown as mean \pm SEM (n = 3 mice per group), for p-values, see Table 1 and 2. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001.

Supplementary Figure 3. Correction of Storage Material Accumulation in Naglu^{-/-} mice Treated with Neural Stem Cells Overexpressing NAGLU (N-iNSCs) at Two Months

(A) Schematic illustration intracerebroventricular (ICV, green) at bregma 1.54 mm; intraparenchymal (PAR, blue) at bregma -0.58 mm demonstrating regions of analysis (red squares), relative to the site of engraftment (ICV and PAR), including the motor cortex, striatum and ventral forebrain. (B) Representative bright-field images of half coronal sections immunostained for Lamp 1 in *Naglu*^{-/-} mice (-/- Vehicle), heterozygotes (Unaffected) and *N*-iNSC transplanted (-/- Treated) mice. Scale bar = 1 mm. (C1-3) Representative bright-field images of the motor cortex (1), striatum (2) and ventral forebrain 9). Scale bar = 100 µm. Insert images taken at higher magnification to highlight cells with larger Lamp 1 staining lysosomes, scale bar = 20 µm. Post-acquisition processing was applied to all images and included adjustments to brightness/contrast and Red Green Blue (RGB) curves using Adobe Photoshop CS6, to reduce improve visibility and consistency in colour tone. Area of Lamp1 immunoreactivity (μ M²) is summarized in the histograms showing differences between each treatment group. Values are shown as mean \pm SEM (n = 3 mice per group) for p-values, see Table 1 and 2. *p < 0.05.







Motor Cortex















С

2

3







Motor Cortex



Striatum



-/- Vehicle -/- Treated (PAR) Unaffected

Area of engraftment

