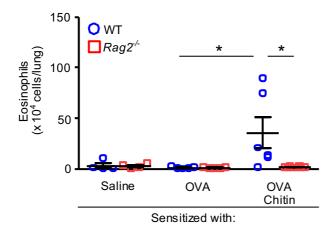
Chitin promotes antigen-specific Th2 cell-mediated murine asthma through induction of IL-33-mediated IL-1β production by DCs

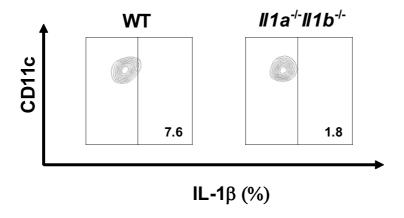
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Supplementary Figures



Supplemental Figure 1. OVA-specific T cells are essential for development of OVA-induced airway inflammation in the presence of chitin. The number of eosinophils in the BALFs from C57BL/6-wild-type and $-Rag2^{-/-}$ mice intranasally sensitized with or without OVA \pm chitin and challenged with OVA, as shown in Fig. 1a. Data are shown as the mean \pm SE. 1-way or 2-way ANOVA, *P < 0.05.



Supplemental Figure 2. Chitin induces IL-1 β by DCs. C57BL/6-wild-type (n=3) and $-II1a^{-I-}II1b^{-I-}$ (n=3) mice were intranasally treated with OVA+Chitin on 3 consecutive days. Twenty-four hours after the last treatment, thoracic LNs were harvested. The proportion of CD45⁺ IL-1 β -producing DCs in 7-AAD-negative I-A/I-E^{hi}CD11c^{hi} cells in the LNs was determined by flow cytometry. Data are shown as a representative data from 3-independent experiments.