Criteria/ Study	Albini et al [41]
1-Was the study described as randomized, a randomized trial, a randomized clinical trial, or an RCT?	$\mathbf{X}^{\mathrm{b}}$
2. Was the method of randomization adequate (i.e., use of randomly generated assignment)?	X
3. Was the treatment allocation concealed (so that assignments could not be predicted)?	X
4. Were study participants and providers blinded to treatment group assignment?	X
5. Were the people assessing the outcomes blinded to the participants' group assignments?	X
6. Were the groups similar at baseline on important characteristics that could affect outcomes (e.g., demographics, risk factors, co-morbid conditions)?	$\mathrm{CD}^{\mathrm{e}}$
7. Was the overall drop-out rate from the study at endpoint 20% or lower of the number allocated to treatment?	√a
8. Was the differential drop-out rate (between treatment groups) at endpoint 15 percentage points or lower?	NR
9. Was there high adherence to the intervention protocols for each treatment group?	NA <sup>d</sup>
10. Were other interventions avoided or similar in the groups (e.g., similar background treatments)?	NA
11. Were outcomes assessed using valid and reliable measures, implemented consistently across all study participants?	√
12. Did the authors report that the sample size was sufficiently large to be able to detect a difference in the main outcome between groups with at least 80% power?	NR°
13. Were outcomes reported or subgroups analyzed prespecified (i.e., identified before analyses were conducted)?	V

14. Were all randomized participants analyzed in the group to which they were originally assigned, i.e., did they use an intention-to-treat analysis?	х
Quality rating & additional comment	Poor quality due to lack of randomization and blinding procedures (selection bias) that affect validity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>√: Yes; <sup>b</sup>x: No; <sup>c</sup>NR, not reported; <sup>d</sup>NA, not applicable; <sup>e</sup>CD, cannot determine