

Supplementary Material to “Biochemical and molecular characterization of 3-Methylcrotonylglycinuria in an Italian asymptomatic girl”

Table S1 - Summary of bioinformatics analysis using the Alamut software. Square brackets show the score range for each algorithm, when applicable.

Nucleotide variation cDNA	Aminoacid variation protein	POLYPHEN-2 [0;1]§	SIFT [0;1]*	Mutation Taster	Splice Site Finder (0–100)		Max Ent Scan (0–16)		NNSPLICE (0–1)		Gene Splicer (0–15)		Human Splicing Finder (0–100)		Alamut Predicted Change
					WT	MUT	WT	MUT	WT	MUT	WT	MUT	WT	MUT	
c.691A>T	p.I231F	0.986	0.01	Disease causing	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Variant of uncertain significance
c.1150-1G>A	NA	NA	NA	NA	91.37	—	7.91	—	0.99	—	5.11	—	84.62	—	Acceptor splice site: -100%

§: the higher the value, the higher the probability of pathogenicity; *: probability of observing the new amino acid at that position, a value of between 0 and 0.05 is predicted to affect protein function. NA: Not Applicable; —: splice site not detected.