

regeneration kinetics detected by ARQiv assay. Quantification of YFP signal intensity 3 days after induction of Mtz-meditated rod cell loss demonstrates valproic acid (VPA) treatment inhibition of rod cell regeneration kinetics. Control fish (Cntrl) subjected solely to rod cell loss have regenerated to $\sim 50\%$ of non-ablated YFP fluorescence levels by this time point. Conversely, VPA-treated larvae recover only $\sim 25\%$ of fluorescence.

Supplemental Figure 4: Chemical inhibition of rod cell