

Exploring the potential of NTME/GC-MS, in the establishment of urinary volatomic profiles. Lung cancer patients as case study

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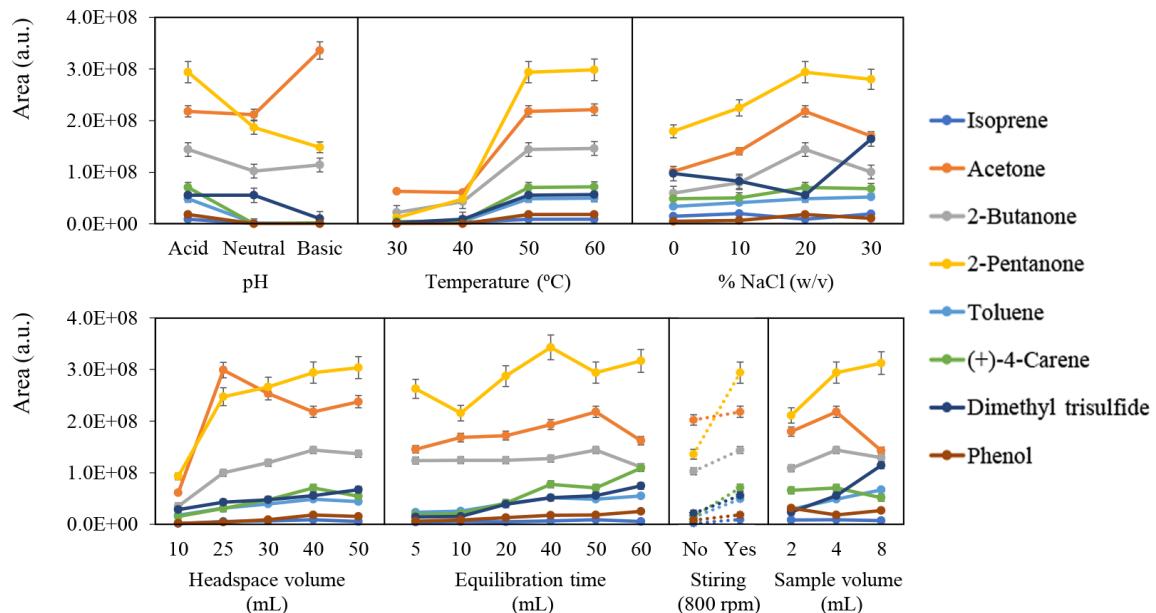
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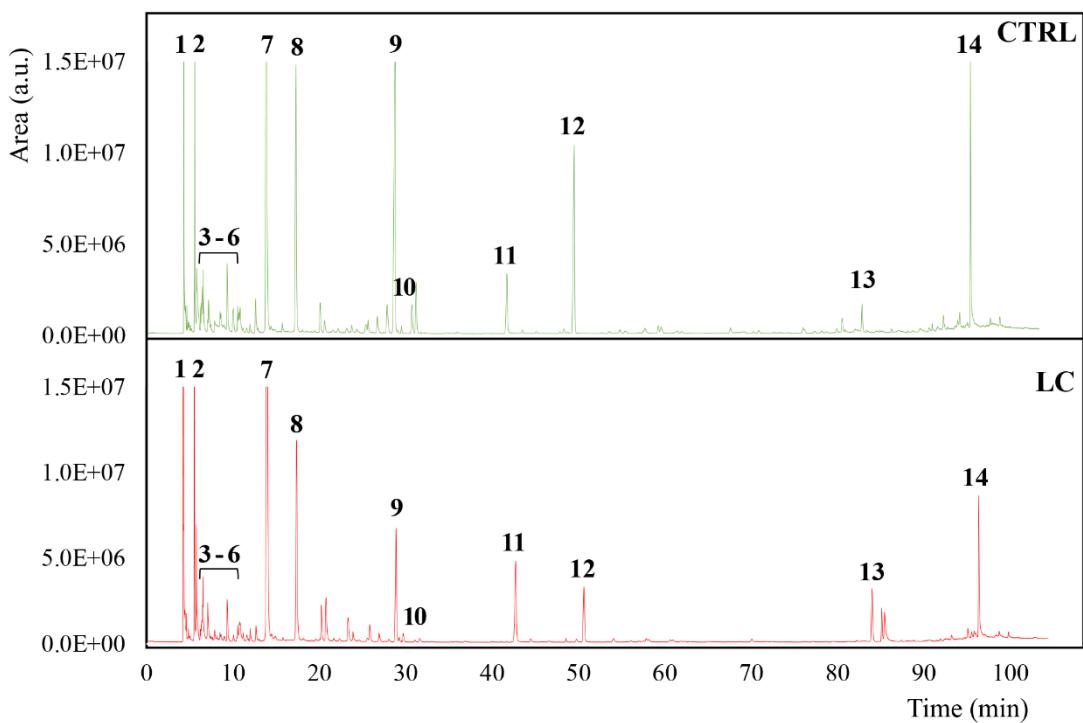
Supplementary Figures

Supplementary Fig. 1



Supplementary Fig. 1: Optimization of different parameters affecting NTME (pH, extraction temperature, ionic strength through NaCl concentration, volume of the sample headspace, equilibration time, sample stirring and volume) by selected VOMs.

Supplementary Fig. 2



Supplementary Fig. 2: Typical chromatograms obtained with control (CTRL) and lung cancer (LC) urine samples. Legend: 1 – Furan, 2 – Acetone, 3 - Tetrahydro-2,2,5,5-tetramethylfuran, 4 - 2-Butanone, 5 - 2-Pentanone, 6 - 2,4-Dimethyl-3-pentanone, 7 - Dimethyl disulphide, 8 - 4-Heptanone, 9 - o-Cymene, 10 - methyl allyl disulphide, 11 - Dimethyl trisulfide, 12 - p-cymenene, 13 - Dehydro-Ar-ionene, 14 - p-Cresol