

Title

***Arabidopsis thaliana* SPF1 and SPF2 are nuclear-located ULP2-like SUMO proteases that act downstream of SIZ1 in plant development**

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Supplementary data

Fig. S1. Protein sequence alignment of the catalytic domain of SPF1/2 subgroup members.

Fig. S2. Purification elution of recombinant proteins with the SPF2 and SPP1 catalytic domains with an N-terminus GST-tag.

Fig. S3. Schematic representation of Arabidopsis T-DNA insertion mutants for *SPF2* and *SPF1* and semi-quantitative RT-PCR.

Fig. S4. Plant and siliques size of the wild-type Col-0 and *spf1/2* mutant.

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Table S2. List of primers used in semi-quantitative and quantitative RT-PCR.

Table S3. List of primers used for plasmid constructs.

Table S4. *Cis*-elements over-represented in the promoter region of differentially expressed genes in *spf1/2*.

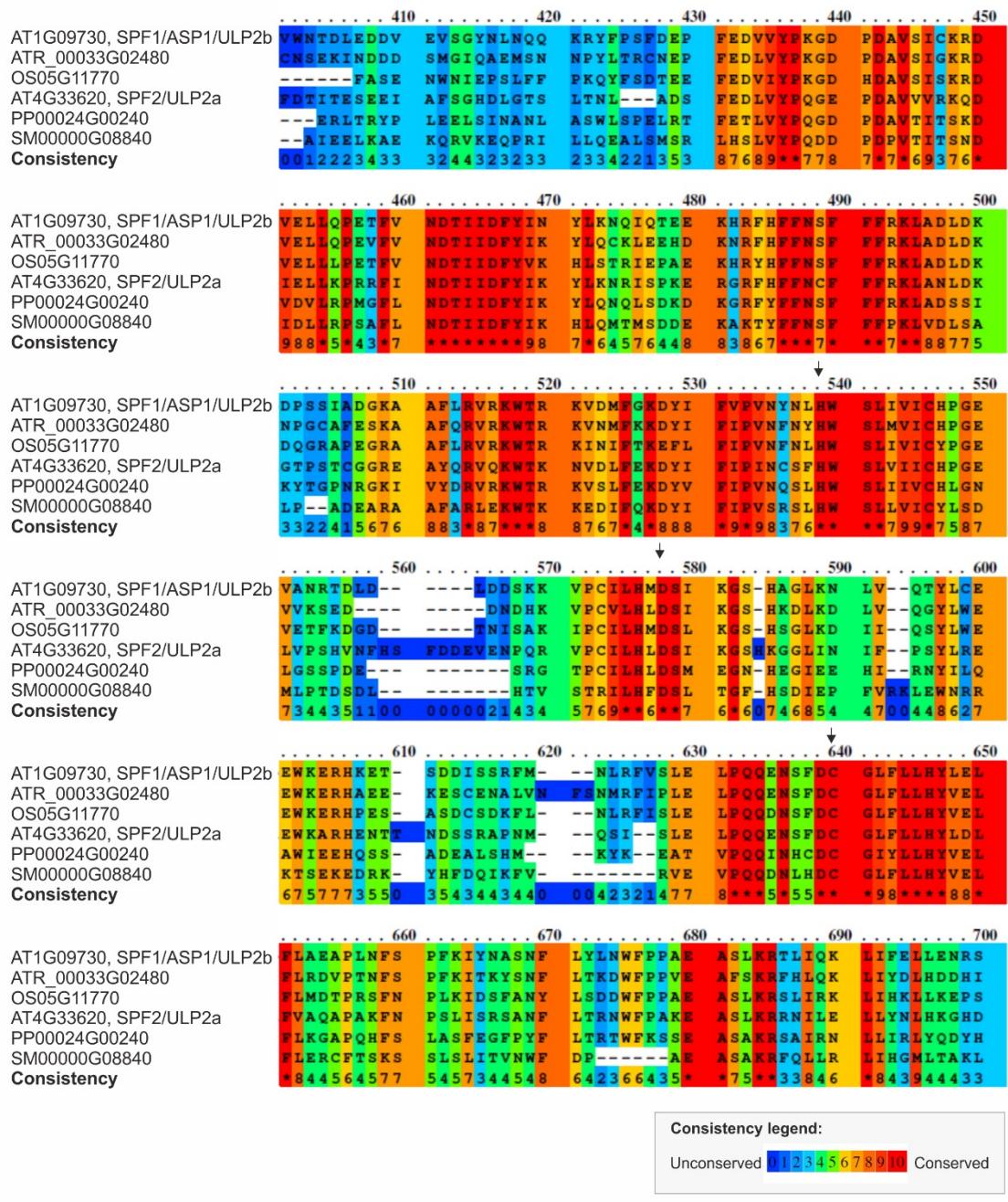


Fig. S1. Protein sequence alignment of the catalytic domain of SPF1/2 subgroup members. Protein sequences were retrieved from *Arabidopsis thaliana*, *Physcomitrella patens*, *Selaginella moellendorffii*, *Amborella trichopoda*, and *Oryza sativa* ssp. Japonica genomes, presenting the three conserved catalytic residues (arrows). Consistency between sequences (colour gradient) indicates the level of conservation of each residue. Protein sequence alignment was performed using PRALINE (<http://www.ibi.vu.nl/programs/pralinewww/>).

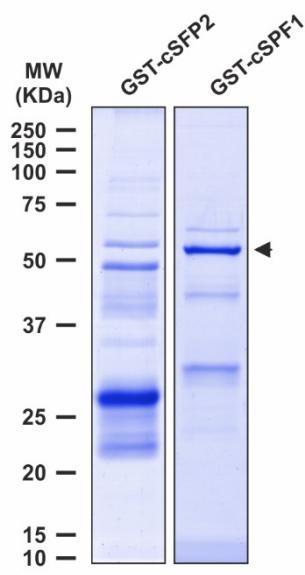


Fig. S2. Purification elution of recombinant proteins with the SPF2 and SPF1 catalytic domains with an N-terminus GST-tag. A protein elution aliquot ran in 10% SDS-PAGE and was stained with *Xpert Safe Protein Stain* (Grisp). Arrow indicates approximately the expected molecular weight for GST-SPFs recombinant proteins.

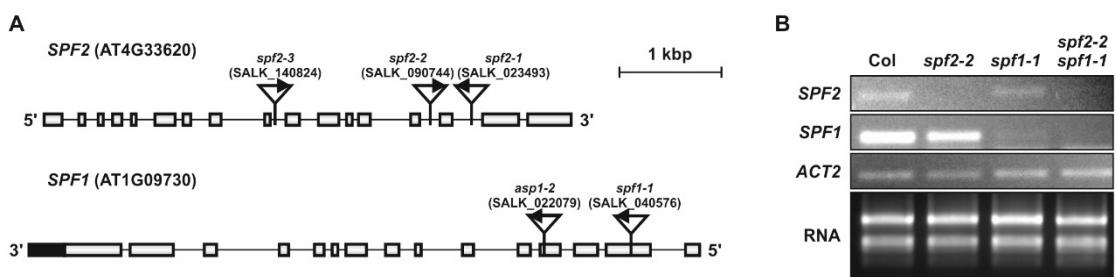


Fig. S3. Schematic representation of Arabidopsis T-DNA insertion mutants for *SPF2* and *SPF1* and semi-quantitative RT-PCR. **(A)** Schematic representation of *SPF2* and *SPF1* displaying exons (grey boxes), introns (thin lines), and UTRs (black boxes). The site and orientation of T-DNA insertions are represented by triangles with the respective SALK line code. Scale bar indicates 1 Kbp. **(B)** Semi-quantitative RT-PCR for wild-type (Col), *spf2-2* (*spf2*), *spf1-1* (*spf1*) and *spf2-2* *spf1-1* (*spf1/2*). *ACT2* was used as a loading control and the total extracted RNA, used as template for reverse transcription, served as a quality control.

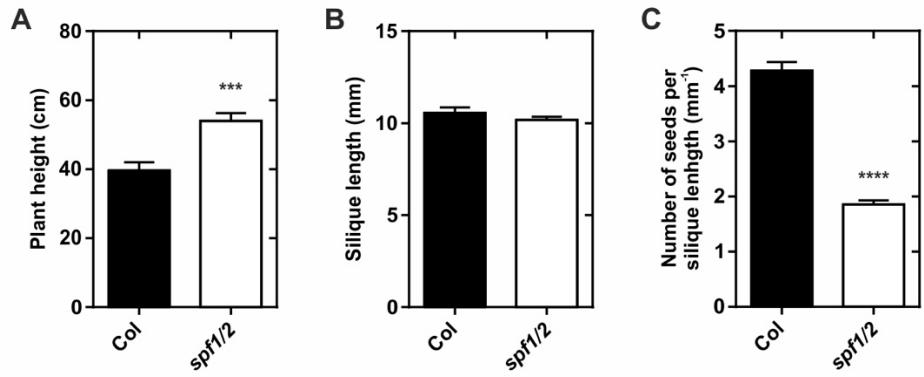


Fig. S4. Plant and siliques size of the wild-type Col-0 and *spf1/2* mutant. Plant size at the end of life cycle (A), siliques size (B) and number of seeds normalized by siliques size (C). Error bars represent standard error of the means (SEM), n > 10 (A), and n = 9 (B, C). Asterisks indicate statistically significant differences with respect to the wild-type (unpaired t test; ***, P < 0.001; ****, P < 0.0001).

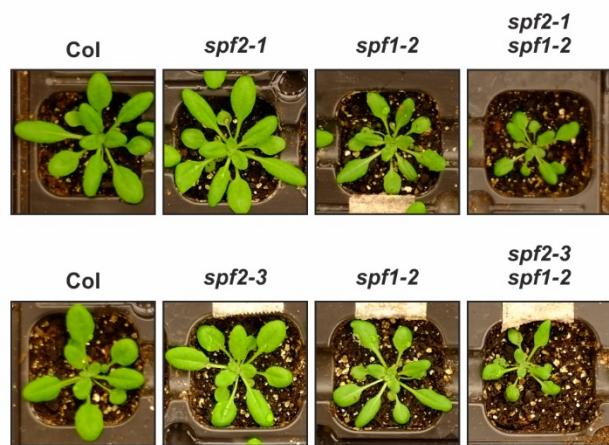


Fig. S5. Morphology of 1-month-old plants of the *SPF2* and *SPF1* second allele T-DNA mutants.

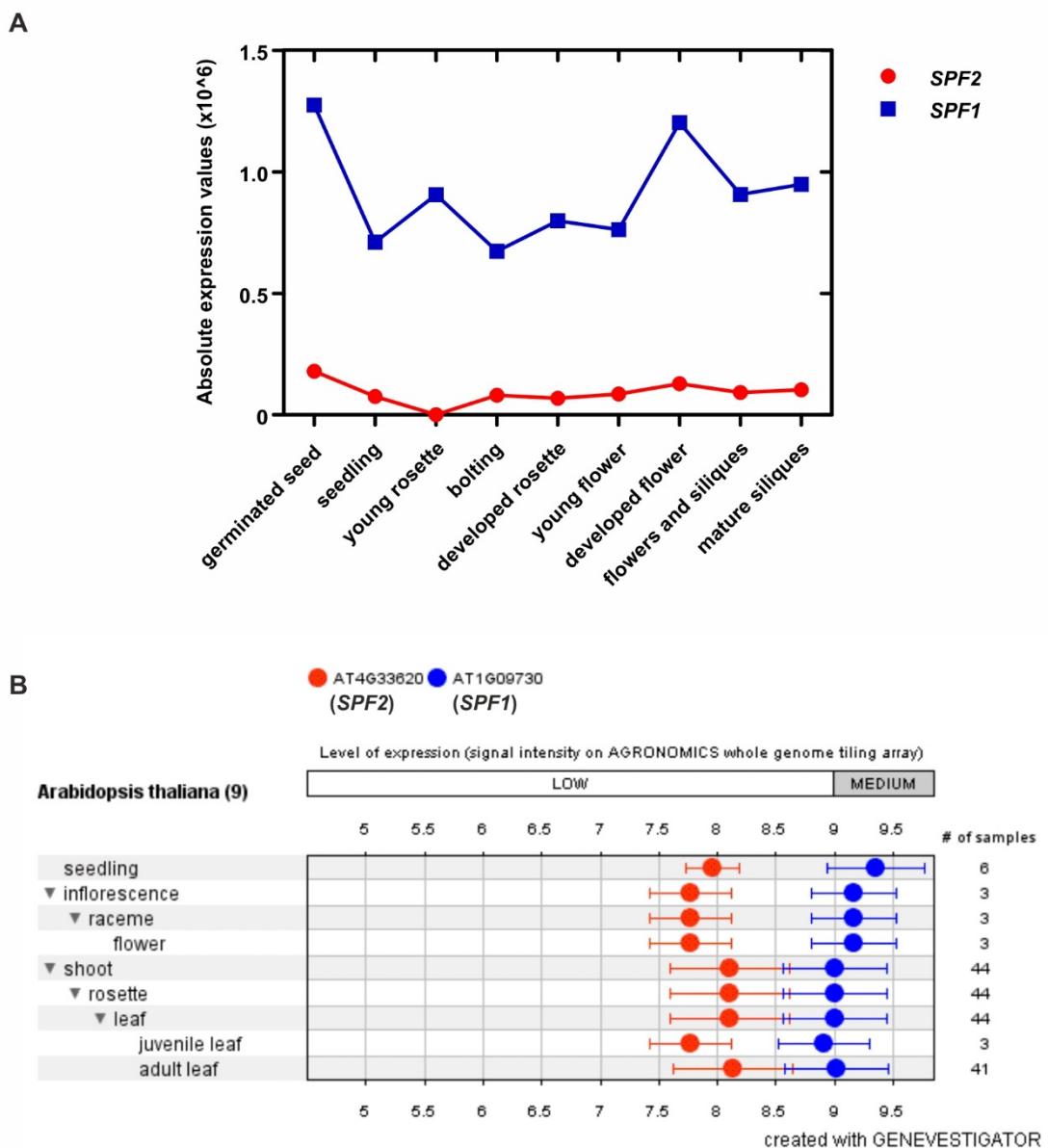


Fig. S6. *In silico* analysis of *SPF2* and *SPF1* expression patterns. Expression profile of *Arabidopsis* *SPF2* (red) and *SPF1* (blue) during development (A) and in different plant organs (B). Analysis was conducted in Genevestigator (genevestigator.com).

Table S1. List of primers used for genotyping Arabidopsis T-DNA insertion lines.

Primer name	Primer sequence (5' to 3')	Description
SPF2-2 LP	ACCCACAAAGGGTCCCTGCAT	Genotyping of <i>spf2-2</i> (SALK_090744)
SPF2-2 RP	TCTCTTGCTGCGGGAGCTGA	
SPF2-3 LP	CCAACTTACAAGCTGCTTCG	Genotyping of <i>spf2-3</i> (SALK_140824)
SPF2-3 RP	TGCTGACAGGAATTGATCTCC	
SPF2-1 LP	AATCAGTTTGGTCGGTAGGC	Genotyping of <i>spf2-1</i> (SALK_023493)
SPF2-1 RP	AAAGCATGCATCCCTTTTC	
SPF1-1 RP	TCCGCCTAGCTGGCAAGAGA	Genotyping of <i>spf1-1</i> (SALK_040576)
SPF1-1 LP	CCGGTTCTGCAACGCCAACG	
SPF1-2 RP	GTCAACGCCAGCTAAACTCAC	Genotyping of <i>spf1-2</i> (SALK_022079)
SPF1-2 LP	CCAAAATCGAATGAAAGCATG	
SIZ1-2 RP	CACGACAGATGAAGCATTGTG	Genotyping of <i>siz1-2</i> (SALK_065397)
SIZ1-2 LP	GAGCTGAAGCATCTGGTTTG	
LBb1.3	ATTTGCCGATTCCGGAAC	Left border primer for genotyping SALK T-DNA insertion lines

Table S2. List of primers used in semi-quantitative and quantitative RT-PCR.

Gene (AGI code)	Primer name	Primer sequence (5' to 3')	Tm	GC (%)	Product size (bp)
<i>ACT2</i> (At3g18780)	ActinF	CTAAGCTCTCAAGATCAAAGGCTTA	52.7	40.0	211
	ActinR	ACTAAAACGCAAAACGAAAGCGTT	57.2	40.0	
<i>SPF2</i> (At4g33620)	SPF2 RT F	CTTTGACTGTGGCCTCTT	49.6	47.4	183
	SPF2 RT R	CTTTGTGGAGGTTGTAAAGC	49.1	45.0	
<i>SPF1</i> (At1g09730)	SPF1 RT F	GGAAGAAGAAATGGAAGGTC	47.8	45.0	152
	SPF1 RT R	CTAAATGGTCAGTGGTTCC	48.2	45.0	
<i>CAD7</i> (At4g37980)	CAD7 RT F1	TTTCCTCTCATCTTGCG	57.9	50.0	144
	CAD7 RT R1	GGCGGTGTTGACATAATCCG	59.3	55.0	
<i>KNAT1</i> (At4g08150)	KNAT1 RT F1	AGTGGCCATATCCTTCTGAGTC	59.3	50.0	181
	KNAT1 RT R1	TCCATGTACAGAGCTGCGTG	60.1	55.0	
<i>NIA1</i> (At1g77760)	NIA1 RT F1	CCACCAGGAGAACCGAAC	59.9	55.0	167
	NIA1 RT R1	TCATCCCCATGAGGTTCCAG	58.9	55.0	
<i>PER1</i> (At1g48130)	PER1 RT F1	TTCGCCAATTCTTGGACCGT	60.2	50.0	199
	PER1 RT R1	CCTTGCTTCCGTGATTAAAGGC	60.2	50.0	
<i>SOC1</i> (At2g45660)	SOC1 RT F1	GAGCAGCTCAAGCAAAAGGAGA	61.1	50.0	137
	SOC1 RT R1	GGGCTACTCTTCATCACCTC	59.6	54.6	
<i>XTH6</i> (At5g65730)	XTH6 RT Fw1	TGATCAGAGCACTGGATGTGG	59.8	52.4	153
	XTH6 RT Rv1	TCTAGCTCGTCTCTCACCGT	59.8	55.0	
<i>XTH31</i> (At3g44990)	XTH31 RT F1	TCCACTGGGAGTGGGTTCA	60.1	57.9	191
	XTH31 RT R1	GAATAAGGCTTCCCTGGCGT	60.1	55.0	

Tm - Melting temperature; bp - Base pair

Table S3. List of primers used for plasmid constructs.

Primer name	Primer sequence (5' to 3')	Description
SPF2 pENTR Fw1	TTGCGGCCGCATGACTCTCCGGTCAGTTC AATCC	Cloning into <i>pENTR</i> ; RS: <i>NotI</i>
SPF2 pENTR Rv1	TTGGCGGCCAGTTTGCTGGCCATCA CATT	Cloning into <i>pENTR</i> ; RS: <i>AscI</i>
SPF1 pENTR Fw1	AAGCGGCCGCATGAAGAAAAACTTGAA GTATTCG	Cloning into <i>pENTR</i> ; RS: <i>NotI</i>
SPF1 pENTR Rv1	AAGGC CGCC CTTCTCCATCTCCTCAGCTT CGCC	Cloning into <i>pENTR</i> ; RS: <i>AscI</i>
SPF2 pCM190 Fw1	AGCTT TgttaaacATGACTCTCCGGTCAGTTC	Cloning into <i>pCM190</i> ; RS: <i>PmeI</i>
SPF2 pCM190 Rv1	ATAGTTAGCGGCCGCTCAAGTTTGCTT GGCC	Cloning into <i>pCM190</i> ; RS; <i>NotI</i>
cSPF2 pGEX5 Fw1	TTGGATCCAAGATCTAGTTACCCTCAAGG AG	Cloning into <i>pGEX-5X-1</i> ; RS: <i>BamHI</i>
cSPF2 pGEX5 Rv1	AATAGCGGCCGCTAACCTTGTGGAGGTT GTAA	Cloning into <i>pGEX-5X-1</i> ; RS: <i>NotI</i>
cSPF1 pGEX5 Fw1	AAGAATTCGAGGATGTTGTCTATCCAAAGG GTG	Cloning into <i>pGEX-5X-1</i> ; RS: <i>EcoRI</i>
cSPF1 pGEX5 Rv1	AACTGCGGCCGCTAGTTCAAGGAGTTC AAAT	Cloning into <i>pGEX-5X-1</i> ; RS: <i>NotI</i>

RS – Restriction site

Table S4. *Cis*-elements over-represented in the promoter region of differentially expressed genes in *spf1/2*. The DEGs were submitted to Athena analysis (O'Connor *et al.*, 2005; DOI: 10.1093/bioinformatics/bti714), to scan for binding site enrichment.

<i>Cis</i>-element name	<i>Cis</i>-element sequence*	Nr. of genes	Predicted in the genome	Found in the genes	p-value	Corresponding TFs
<i>Down-regulated</i>						
<i>AtMYC2 BS in RD22</i>	CACATG	61	35%	53%	< 10e-6	MYC2
<i>MYCATERD1</i>	CATGTG	61	35%	53%	< 10e-6	MYC2
<i>Up-regulated</i>						
<i>AtMYC2 BS in RD22</i>	CACATG	47	35%	47%	< 10e-3	MYC2
<i>MYCATERD1</i>	CATGTG	47	35%	47%	< 10e-3	MYC2
<i>CARGCW8GAT</i>	CWWWWWWWWWG	70	59%	70%	< 10e-3	AGL15
<i>TATA-box Motif</i>	TATAAA	91	91%	82%	< 10e-4	

* R (A/G), M (A/C), W (A/T), K (G/T), B (C/G/T), N (A/C/G/T)