

Supplementary Information - Diagnostics of Data-Driven Models: Uncertainty Quantification of PM7 Semi-Empirical Quantum Chemical Method

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Feasible parameter vectors and feasibility labels are provided in two sets of CSV files. The feasibility labels files, **feasiblePoints_labels_1.csv** and **feasiblePoints_labels_2.csv** are of size nSamples-by-8, where column 1 is the feasibility label associated with methane, column 2 is the feasibility label associated with ethane, and so forth to column 8 which is feasibility label for octane. True indicates feasible and false indicates infeasible.

The associated feasible parameters vector files, **feasiblePoints_parameters_1.csv** and **feasiblePoints_parameters_2.csv** are of size nSamples-by-27, where each row is a parameter vector. The columns are the 27 parameters listed in Table S1. The feasibility of a parameter vector is found in the corresponding row of the associated feasibility labels file.

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Table S1: PM7 nominal parameter vector and the δ associated with a 10 kcal/mol change in the heat of formation of C₄H₁₀, where each parameter value was perturbed, one-at-a-time from its nominal value.

Parameter	Value	δ
USS_H	-11.07	0.29033
BETAS_H	-8.3897	0.069276
ZS_H	1.2602	0.017434
GSS_H	14.15	0.36839
FN11_H	0.17785	0.009959
FN21_H	1.4287	0.33716
FN31_H	0.99132	0.077376
ALPB_H	4.0512	0.54877
XFAC_H	2.8456	4.875
USS_C	-51.373	0.11427
UPP_C	-40.135	0.084482
BETAS_C	-14.415	0.12922
BETAP_C	-7.8937	0.067632
ZS_C	1.9422	0.012886
ZP_C	1.7087	0.007471
GSS_C	12.347	0.13671
GSP_C	11.933	0.18749
GPP_C	10.452	0.8254
GP2_C	9.3855	0.031369
HSP_C	0.80263	0.11697
FN11_C	0.045888	0.005604
FN21_C	5.0371	1.5601
FN31_C	1.5887	0.12723
ALPB_{HC}	1.0387	0.007624
XFAC_{HC}	0.20458	0.002002
ALPC_C	2.6557	0.024061
XFAC_C	0.93782	0.034605

Table S2: Parameter vector of $\mathcal{F}_{2:8}$ found via global optimization with a genetic algorithm using MATLAB's *ga* function.

Parameter	Value
USS_H	-14.577
BETAS_H	-7.3947
ZS_H	1.1558
GSS_H	15.096
FN11_H	0.21973
FN21_H	1.3555
FN31_H	0.89818
ALPB_H	4.0908
XFAC_H	2.6264
USS_C	-50.896
UPP_C	-42.679
BETAS_C	-12.204
BETAP_C	-8.0123
ZS_C	1.9807
ZP_C	1.5976
GSS_C	12.653
GSP_C	10.104
GPP_C	9.8942
GP2_C	9.8562
HSP_C	0.77597
FN11_C	0.051751
FN21_C	4.8582
FN31_C	1.6624
ALPB_{HC}	1.0878
XFAC_{HC}	0.17728
ALPC_C	2.5316
XFAC_C	0.75887

Table S3: Percentage of feasible points found (out of 5.76 million samples) for each alkane and pair of alkanes.

	CH ₄	C ₂ H ₆	C ₃ H ₈	C ₄ H ₁₀	C ₅ H ₁₂	C ₆ H ₁₄	C ₇ H ₁₆	C ₈ H ₁₈
CH ₄	0.2647	0.0036	0.0028	0.0027	0.0026	0.0019	0.0025	0.0030
C ₂ H ₆		0.4253	0.0148	0.0113	0.0093	0.0077	0.0088	0.0100
C ₃ H ₈			0.4063	0.0318	0.018	0.0133	0.0140	0.0159
C ₄ H ₁₀				0.4441	0.0572	0.0317	0.0297	0.0307
C ₅ H ₁₂					0.4172	0.0698	0.0501	0.0461
C ₆ H ₁₄						0.3869	0.1070	0.0750
C ₇ H ₁₆							0.4723	0.1915
C ₈ H ₁₈								0.5723

Table S4: Largest percentage of feasible samples for three alkanes, indexed by QOI model.

$\mathcal{F}_{i,j,k}$	Percentage of feasible samples
6, 7, 8	0.0738
5, 6, 7	0.0488
5, 6, 8	0.0434
5, 7, 8	0.0432
4, 5, 6	0.0312
4, 5, 7	0.0285
4, 6, 7	0.0282
4, 5, 8	0.0278
4, 7, 8	0.0266
4, 6, 8	0.0260

Table S5: Feasible sets of consecutive alkanes which had a few or no feasible samples, indexed by the QOI model.

QOI Index	Number of feasible samples
1, 2, 3	7
1, 2, 3, 4	4
1, 2, 3, 4, 5	0
2, 3, 4, 5	7
5, 6, 7	2809
5, 6, 7, 8	2431
4, 5, 6, 7, 8	1431
3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	145

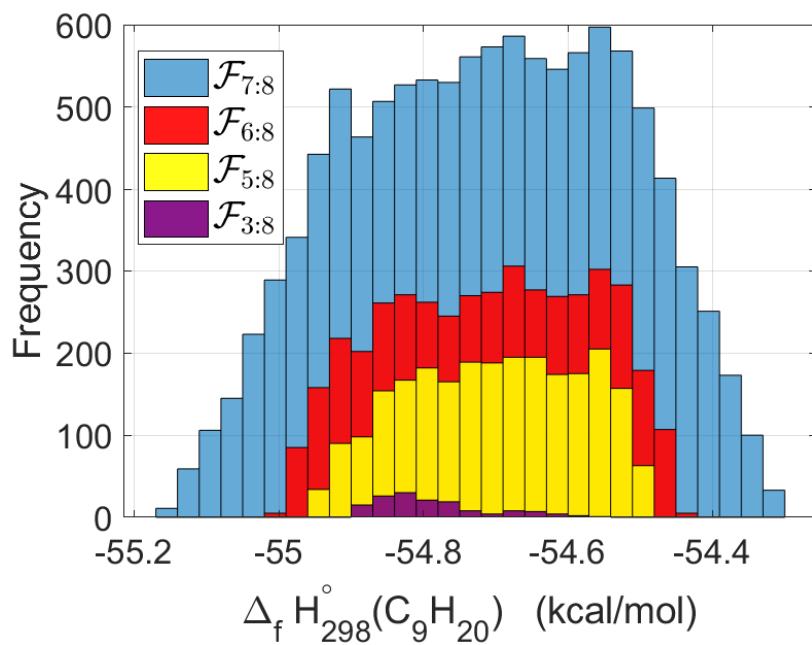


Figure S1: Predicted heat of formation of nonane by feasible samples of smaller alkanes. Using samples of $\mathcal{F}_{3:8}$ reduce the uncertainty in the predicted heat of formation by 40.5% compared to the prediction from samples of $\mathcal{F}_{7:8}$.

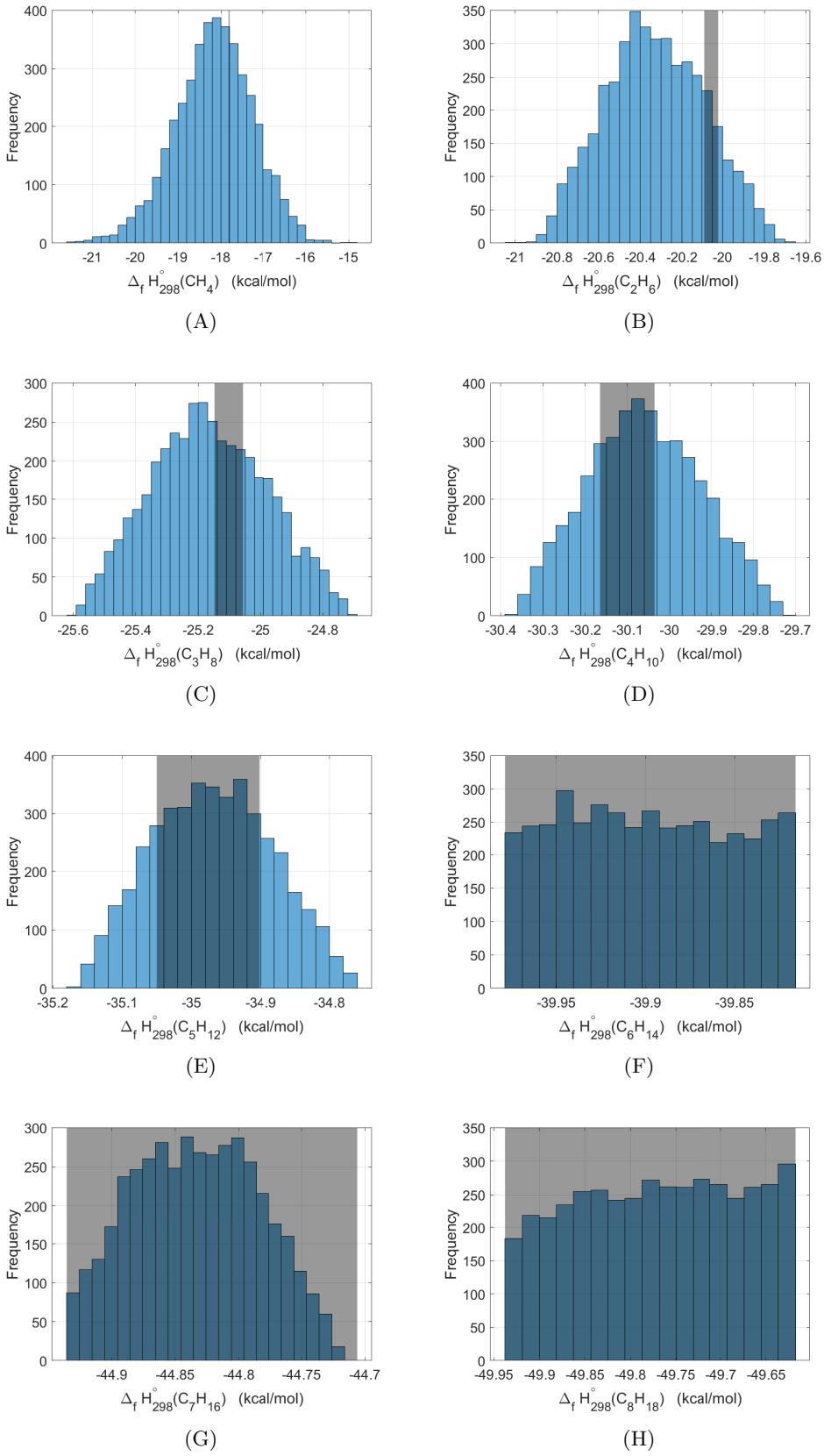


Figure S2: Predicted heat of formation of methane, ethane, to octane from samples of $\mathcal{F}_{6:8}$. The grey shaded region is the respective alkanes experimental interval shown in Table 1.

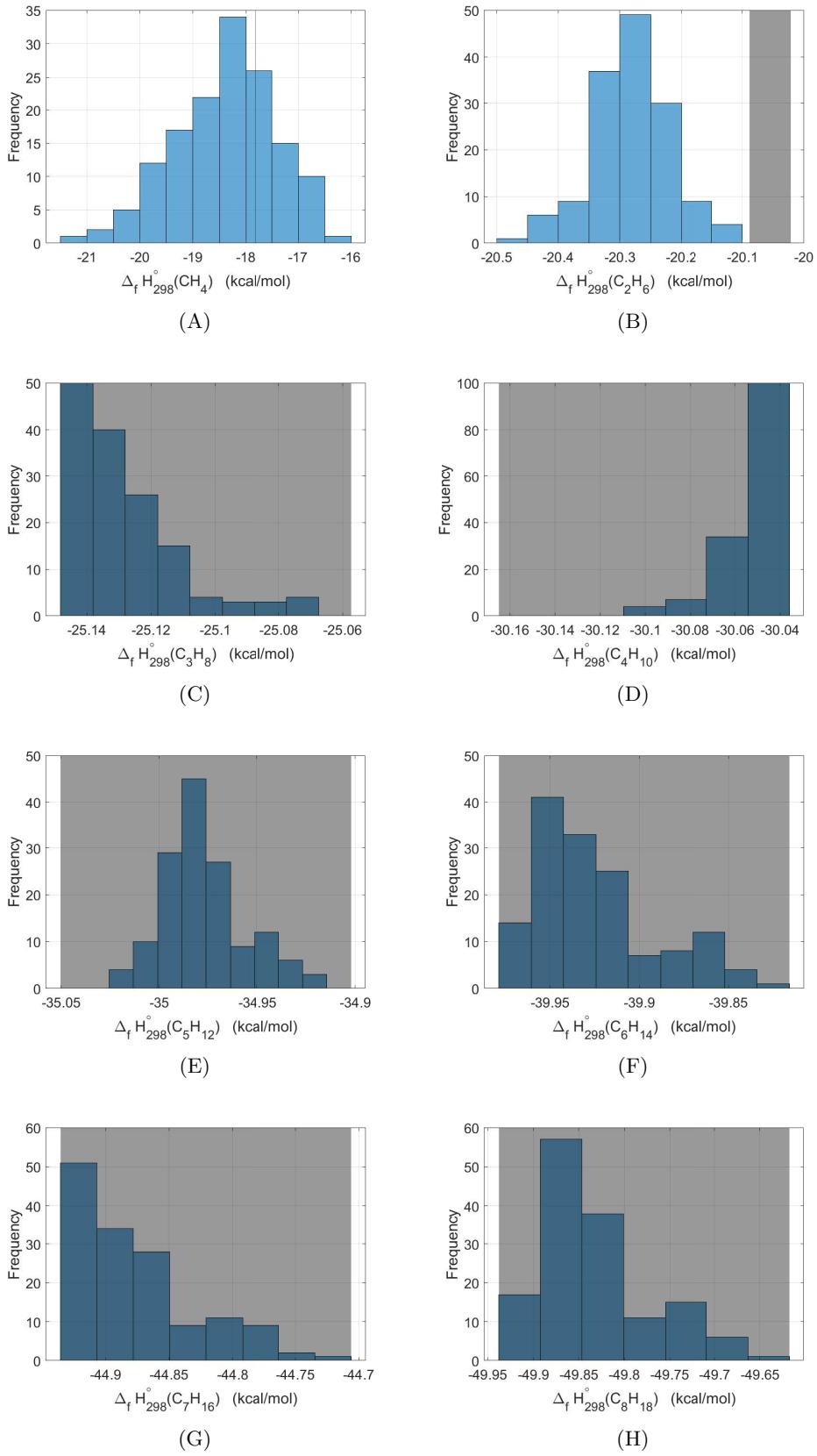


Figure S3: Predicted heat of formation of methane, ethane to octane from samples of $\mathcal{F}_{3:8}$. The grey shaded region is the respective alkanes experimental interval shown in Table 1.

Acknowledgments

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