Scientific Reports

- <sup>1</sup> Visualisation and analysis of hepatitis C virus non-structural
- <sup>2</sup> proteins using super-resolution microscopy
- 3 Christopher Bartlett, Alistair Curd, Michelle Peckham, Mark Harris\*
- 4 School of Molecular and Cellular Biology, Faculty of Biological Sciences and Astbury Centre
- 5 for Structural Molecular Biology, University of Leeds, Leeds, LS2 9JT, UK
- 6 **Corresponding authors:**
- 7 Mark Harris, email: m.harris@leeds.ac.uk
- 8 Michelle Peckham, email: m.peckham@leeds.ac.uk

## Scientific Reports

Sample	Antibody	<b>Ab</b> fluor	N <sub>locs</sub>	s <sub>fid</sub> (nm)			N <sub>cl</sub>	n <sub>locs/cl</sub>	D <sub>cl</sub> (nm)
				Х	У	Ζ			
Huh7 24 hpi JFH-1	aNS5A	1.1	151,961	17.8	15.7	52.5	350	142.0 ± 8.6	105.1 ± 3.7
			217,017	10.3	10.8	36.0	398	146.4 ± 7.6	81.4 ± 2.3
			143,262	11.1	11.8	42.0	143	162.1 ± 18.0	88.4 ± 2.9
	aNS3	0.8	144,839	22.2	23.0	122.9	356	98.5 ± 4.6	56.0 ± 1.3
			90,358	10.8	9.8	54.2	218	70.4 ± 3.5	52.9 ± 1.6
			277,315	34.5	21.5	111.6	369	97.0 ± 4.5	79.9 ± 2.1
Huh7 24 hpi JFH-1 + 8 h DMSO		1.2	245,248	13.3	15.1	52.8	601	171.0 ± 9.7	100.0 ± 2.3
			239,968	23.9	15.7	61.8	474	190.3 ± 10.5	81.9 ± 2.6
			147,165	26.4	14.2	99.3	463	$103.4 \pm 4.1$	60.2 ± 1.4
HuH7 24 hpi JFH-1 + 8 h DCV	unssa –	1.4	244,218	7.3	16.9	34.9	562	184.7 ± 13.8	70.0 ± 2.1
			277,811	9.0	8.6	25.7	510	195.9 ± 10.7	77.5 ± 2.4
			93,305	14.3	13.5	55.9	194	190.3 ± 65.7	63.1 ± 2.5
Huh7 24 hpi JFH-1 [Y93H] + 8 h DMSO	αNS5A –	1.4	246,876	12.7	9.4	53.9	529	160.3 ± 13.2	89.0 ± 2.1
			311,709	24.7	20.8	112.3	697	198.2 ± 12.9	110.5 ± 3.3
			215,817	8.8	11.8	37.3	678	132.6 ± 7.1	71.1 ± 1.8
Huh7 24 hpi JFH-1 [Y93H] + 8 h DCV		1.2	161,712	17.6	11.7	80.5	331	125.5 ± 6.2	67.5 ± 2.3
			194,281	12.9	13.6	72.1	450	135.1 ± 7.4	70.9 ± 2.1
			355,632	18.7	17.0	91.4	936	154.9 ± 9.8	84.1 ± 1.8
SGR-Neo-JFH-1 (Stable)	αNS5A	1.0	157,597	13.9	18.9	45.4	285	153.7 ± 15.9	81.4 ± 2.6
			558,773	32.3	22.8	158.4	1,066	252.7 ± 14.7	113.3 ± 2.5
			431,225	17.9	15.9	79.1	373	422.4 ± 52.6	115.5 ± 3.7
Huh7 24 hpi JFH-1 + 8 h DMSO	αNS3	0.8	148,392	31.3	25.7	193.2	150	85.4 ± 7.2	69.5 ± 2.5
			93,033	43.8	19.0	161.3	182	85.3 ± 4.6	85.1 ± 3.3
			171,157	29.1	19.3	94.8	522	100.1 ± 5.2	84.5 ± 2.2
Huh7 24 hi JFH-1 + 8 h DCV			164,060	39.2	14.4	64.0	554	94.1 ± 3.8	78.8 ± 2.1
			92,705	39.5	18.1	70.5	188	85.2 ± 7.6	96.1 ± 3.8
			101,812	30.1	19.0	134.6	237	93.2 ± 6.0	74.2 ± 2.6

Scientific Reports

- 10 Supplementary Table S1: Summary of 3D-dSTORM image characteristics. Ab<sub>fluor</sub>: Ratio of fluorophore to monoclonal antibody. N<sub>locs</sub>: Total
- 11 number of localisations from dataset of 11,000 frames. s<sub>fid</sub>: Localisation precision (standard deviation of localisations) of fiducial markers used
- 12 for drift-correction. N<sub>cl</sub>: Number of clusters identified by DBSCAN analysis from regions of interest (ROI). n<sub>locs/cl</sub>: Number of localisations per
- 13 cluster (mean  $\pm$  SEM) in ROI.  $D_{cl}$ : Cluster diameter (mean  $\pm$  SEM) in ROI.



14

15 **Supplementary Figure S1: Validation of antibody staining for 3D-dSTORM.** 3D-dSTORM 16 images of naïve or JFH-1 infected Huh7 cells immunostained for NS5A or NS3. Projection of 17 2  $\mu$ m-thick volume, 100 nm histogram bins. 3D-dSTORM images are sum projections over 18 depth (*z*) smoothened with a Gaussian filter  $\sigma$  = 20 nm. Histograms for naïve and infected 19 cells are shown with the same look-up table for NS5A and NS3, respectively.

20



Supplementary Figure S2: 3D-dSTORM imaging of Huh7 cells infected with JFH-1 for 4 24 hours and immunostained for NS5A at different concentrations. (a, b) 1:200, (c, d) 4 1:2,000, (e, f) 1:5,000. (a, c, e) Wide-field fluorescence image of Huh7 cell stably harbouring 5 SGR-Neo-JFH-1 and immunostained for NS5A at different concentrations. (b, d, f) 3D-4 dSTORM image of cell in a, c, e. Projection of 2 µm-thick volume, 100 nm histogram bins. 3D-4 dSTORM images are sum projections over depth (*z*) smoothened with a Gaussian filter 5  $\sigma = 20$  nm.





## 32 Supplementary Figure S3: Correlation between cluster diameter and FWHM. (a)

33 Simulated clusters of localisations with spherical Gaussian density distributions. Gaussian

34 standard deviation ranging from 25–250 nm, in 25 nm intervals. Images are sum projections

onto the plane shown, with 4 nm histogram bins, smoothened with a Gaussian filter

 $\sigma = 20$  nm. (b) Correlation between measured cluster diameter and FWHM of simulated

37 clusters. Goodness of fit ( $R^2$ ) and the slope of linear regression are shown.



39

40 Supplementary Figure S4: Localisation precision measurement from smallest NS3

41 **clusters.** (a) *x-y* (b) *x-z*. Results of summing the smallest NS3 clusters, containing a total of

42 9,901 localisations (124 clusters, up to cluster diameter 45 nm, registered by their centroid).

43 Images are sum projections onto the plane shown, with 4 nm histogram bins. Line profiles

44 through their centre, normalised to the peak intensity and fitted with a Gaussian model,

45 standard deviation of fit is indicated. Precision was expected to be lower in *z*, and may

46 include contributions from intra-cellular inhomogeneity (variations in refractive index,

47 including at the boundaries of DMVs).







- 58 bin. 3D-dSTORM images are sum projections over depth (*z*) smoothened with a Gaussian
- 59 filter  $\sigma$  = 20 nm.
- 60
- 61



