Supplementary Online Content

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eTable 1. Nerve Conduction Study Values in Patient 1

eTable 2. Nerve Conduction Study Values in Patient 2

eFigure. Brain Magnetic Resonance Imaging in Patient 1

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

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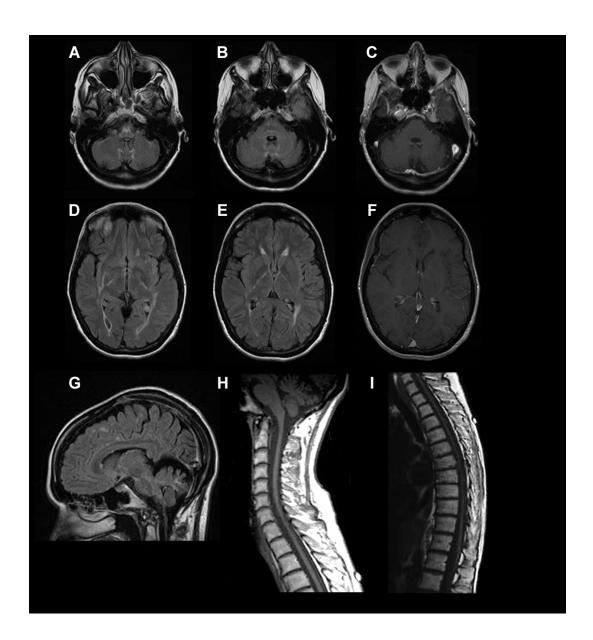
eTable 1. Nerve Conduction Study Values in Patient 1

Patient 1																					
Motor study *																					
												Con									
Stimulatio	Median					Ulnar					Peroneal						Tibial				
n site	L	Α	D	V		L	Α	D	V		L	Α	D	V		L	Α	D	V		
Distal	3.	7.	-			2.	7.8	-			4.	0.	-			4.	1.	-			
	6	2				8					4	4				6	8				
Proximal		6.	-	5			6.6	-	5			0.	-	3			1.	-	3		
		2		0					3			4		7			0		6		
Sensory study**																					
		Med	dian			Ulnar					Radial					Sural					
	L	1	4	V		L	A	1	V		L		Α	V		L	Α		V		
Distal	3.6	(9	53		2.7	10)	53		2.5		17	53		ND	NI)	ND		

eTable 2. Nerve Conduction Study Values in Patient 2

Patient 2																						
Motor study *																						
												Cor	nmo	า								
Stimulatio	latio Median						Ulnar					Peroneal						Tibial				
n site	L	Α	D	V		L	Α	D	V		L	Α	D	V		L	Α	D	V			
Distal	3.	6.	6.0			3.	8.0	7.			3.	9.	12			4.	3.	5.				
	5	3				4		1			6	6				5	4	5				
Proximal		5.	6.5	4			8.5	7.	5			9.	12.	4			3.	6.	4			
		6		7				5	6			3	1	5			0	0	0			
Sensory study**																						
_											Superficial											
		Med	dian			Ulnar					Peroneal					Sural						
	L	/	4	V		L	-	4	V		L		Α	V		L	A	١	V			
Distal	2.6	6	.0	55		2.1 3.0			54		3.0		2.0	40		3.0	3		35			

L= distal motor latency (ms); A= compound muscle action potential amplitude (mV); D= motor action potential duration (ms); V= motor conduction velocity (m/s); ND= not detected; -= value non available. *Motor amplitude, lower normal limits: median-ulnar 5 mV; common peroneal- tibial 2 mV. Distal motor latency, upper normal limits: median-ulnar 3.9 ms; common peroneal-tibial 5 ms. Motor conduction velocity, lower normal limits: median-ulnar 50 m/s; common peroneal-tibial 40 m/s. **Sensory amplitude, lower normal limits: median-ulnar 10 mV; superficial peroneal- sural 5 mV. Distal sensory latency, upper normal limits: median-ulnar 3.4 ms; superficial peroneal-sural 3.5 ms. Motor conduction velocity, lower normal limits: median-ulnar 50 m/s; superficial peroneal-sural 40 m/s



eFigure. Brain Magnetic Resonance Imaging in Patient 1. FLAIR axial images show bilaterally increased signals at the level of brainstem in the medulla, anterior pons, and cerebellum (A, B). FLAIR also showed symmetric hyperintensities in the internal and external capsules, and in the periventricular, callosal, and deep white matter (D, E, F). Scattered subcortical lesions were visible in sagittal scans (G). There were no areas of abnormal enhancement (C, F). Sagittal scans of the spinal cord (T1) showed diffusely small caliber at both cervical and dorsal levels (H, I).