# natureresearch

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

### Statistical parameters

When statistical analyses are reported, confirm that the following items are present in the relevant location (e.g. figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section).

n/a	Cor	nfirmed
		The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
		An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\boxtimes$		A description of all covariates tested
		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
		A full description of the statistics including <u>central tendency</u> (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND <u>variation</u> (e.g. standard deviation) or associated <u>estimates of uncertainty</u> (e.g. confidence intervals)
		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
$\boxtimes$		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\boxtimes$		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
$\boxtimes$		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
		Clearly defined error bars State explicitly what error bars represent (e.g. SD, SE, CI)
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> may be useful.

### Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

i olicy information abo	a wind binty of computer code
Data collection	No software was used
Data analysis	No software was used

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All data is tabulated in the main text and supplemental information. Raw data is available upon request.

# Field-specific reporting

Please select the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf</u>

## Life sciences

### Study design

All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	No predetermined sample size calculations were performed. Based on previous experiences three independent experiments done in technical duplicate or triplicate have provided enough rigor and power to make firm conclusions given that virus growth is logarithmic.
Data exclusions	No data was excluded
Replication	All replications repeated the experimental findings
Randomization	Cellular samples were pooled together prior to separating into individual groups. No randomization was performed or needed.
Blinding	During data acquisition for plaque assays and FACS samples were given a numerical value and during data collection we were blinded to the grouping of the samples. Only after after data acquisition were data analyzed and their identity revealed.

### Materials & experimental systems

Policy information about availability of materials

n /a lunialization that at the	
n/a Involved in the study	
Unique materials	
Antibodies	
Eukaryotic cell lines	
Research animals	
Human research particip	ants
Unique materials	
Obtaining unique materials	All materials are available under an MTA
Antibodies	
C F	The following antibodies were used for flow cytometry or western blotting as indicated: rabbit $\alpha$ -Sptlc2 (Proteintech), mouse $\alpha$ -GAPDH-HRP (Sigma), rat $\alpha$ -CD300lf-PE clone TX70 (Biolegend), armenian hamster $\alpha$ -CD300lf clone 3F6 (Genentech), rat $\alpha$ -FLAG-PE (Biolegend), rat $\alpha$ -FLAG-APC (Biolegend), mouse anti-VP1-FITC (A6.2 monoclonal antibody conjugated to FITC; (Wobus et al., 2004)).
	All antibodies were tested and titrated on control antigen positive and antigen negative control cell lines for both flow cyometry and western blot.
Eukaryotic cell lines	
Policy information about <u>cell line</u>	<u>2</u>
Cell line source(s)	293T cells were acquired from ATCC. BV2 cells were originally isolated by Blasi et al and have since been acquired and maintained at Washington University where they have been previously karyotyped (Orchard et al Science).
Authentication	Cell lines were not validated
Mycoplasma contamination	All cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma
Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)	N/A

#### Research animals

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Animals/animal-derived materials N/A

#### Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics N/A

### Method-specific reporting

n/a	Involved in the study
$\boxtimes$	ChIP-seq
	Flow cytometry
$\boxtimes$	Magnetic resonance imaging

### ChIP-seq

#### Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links May remain private before publication.	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.
Files in database submission	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u> )	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.
Methodology	
Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

### Flow Cytometry

#### Plots

Confirm that:

 $\square$  The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

 $\bigotimes$  All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.

 $\square$  A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation

Cells were isolated and probed for extracellular CD300lf expression prior to being fixed and permeabilized with Cytofix/Cytoperm (BD biosciences). Cells were stained with indicated antibodies intracellularly

Instrument	FACSCalibur (BD biosciences)
Software	Data were analyzed using FlowJo
Cell population abundance	No sorting was performed and all flow cytometry was done on single populations of BV2 cells and derivatives.
Gating strategy	Gates were set based on the staining of antigen negative cells for each individual experiment
Tick this box to confirm t	hat a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

### Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design	
Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.
Behavioral performance measures	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).
Acquisition	
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.
Field strength	Specify in Tesla
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.
Diffusion MRI Used	Not used
Preprocessing	
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.
Statistical modeling & inference	
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.
Specify type of analysis: 🗌 Whole	e brain 🗌 ROI-based 📄 Both
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u> )	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).

#### Models & analysis

n/a Involved in the study    Involved in the study   Functional and/or effective connectivity   Graph analysis   Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis	
Functional and/or effective connectivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis	Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.

# Behavioural & social sciences

### Study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	N/A
Research sample	N/A
Sampling strategy	(N/A
Data collection	N/A
Timing	N/A
Timing Data exclusions	N/A N/A
Data exclusions	N/A