Asymmetric Remote C-H Borylation of Internal Alkenes via Alkene Isomerization

Supporting Information

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Supplementary Figure 1. ¹H NMR spectrum for L4



Supplementary Figure 2. ¹³C NMR spectrum for L4



Supplementary Figure 3. ¹H NMR spectrum for L5



Supplementary Figure 4. ¹³C NMR spectrum for L5



Supplementary Figure 5. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lsa



Supplementary Figure 6. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lsa



Supplementary Figure 7. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lsb



Supplementary Figure 8. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lsb



Supplementary Figure 9. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lsc



Supplementary Figure 10. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lsc



Supplementary Figure 11. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lsd



Supplementary Figure 12. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lsd



Supplementary Figure 13. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lse



Supplementary Figure 14. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lse



Supplementary Figure 15. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lsf



Supplementary Figure 16. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lsf



Supplementary Figure 17. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lsd



Supplementary Figure 18. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lsg



Supplementary Figure 19. ¹H NMR spectrum for Lsh



Supplementary Figure 20. ¹³C NMR spectrum for Lsh



Supplementary Figure 21. ¹H NMR spectrum for s6b



Supplementary Figure 22. ¹³C NMR spectrum for s6b



Supplementary Figure 23. ¹H NMR spectrum for s7b



Supplementary Figure 24. ¹³C NMR spectrum for s7b



Supplementary Figure 25. ¹H NMR spectrum for ent-S7b



Supplementary Figure 26. ¹³C NMR spectrum for ent-s7b



Supplementary Figure 27. ¹H NMR spectrum for S8b



Supplementary Figure 28. ¹³C NMR spectrum for S8b



Supplementary Figure 29. ¹H NMR spectrum for S9b



Supplementary Figure 30. ¹³C NMR spectrum for S9b



Supplementary Figure 31. ¹H NMR spectrum for S6



Supplementary Figure 32. ¹³C NMR spectrum for S6



Supplementary Figure 33. ¹H NMR spectrum for S7



Supplementary Figure 34. ¹³C NMR spectrum for S7



Supplementary Figure 35. ¹H NMR spectrum for ent-S7


Supplementary Figure 36. ¹³C NMR spectrum for ent-S7



Supplementary Figure 37. ¹H NMR spectrum for S8



Supplementary Figure 38. ¹³C NMR spectrum for S8



Supplementary Figure 39. ¹H NMR spectrum for S9



Supplementary Figure 40. ¹³C NMR spectrum for S9



Supplementary Figure 41. ¹H NMR spectrum for L6



Supplementary Figure 42. ¹³C NMR spectrum for L6



Supplementary Figure 43. ¹H NMR spectrum for L7



Supplementary Figure 44. ¹³C NMR spectrum for L7



Supplementary Figure 45. ¹H NMR spectrum for ent-L7



Supplementary Figure 46. ¹³C NMR spectrum for ent-L7



Supplementary Figure 47. ¹H NMR spectrum for L8



Supplementary Figure 48. ¹³C NMR spectrum for L8



Supplementary Figure 49. ¹H NMR spectrum for L9



Supplementary Figure 50. ¹³C NMR spectrum for L9



Supplementary Figure 51. ¹H NMR spectrum for PdOAc-(L8-H)



Supplementary Figure 52. ¹³C NMR spectrum for PdOAc-(L8-H)



Supplementary Figure 53. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1c



Supplementary Figure 54. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1c



Supplementary Figure 55. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1d



Supplementary Figure 56. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1d



Supplementary Figure 57. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1e



Supplementary Figure 58. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1e



Supplementary Figure 59. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1f



Supplementary Figure 60. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1f



Supplementary Figure 61. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1g



Supplementary Figure 62. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1g



Supplementary Figure 63. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum for 1g



Supplementary Figure 64. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1h



Supplementary Figure 65. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1h



Supplementary Figure 66. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1i



Supplementary Figure 67. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1i



Supplementary Figure 68. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1j



Supplementary Figure 69. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1j



Supplementary Figure 70. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum for 1j



Supplementary Figure 71. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1k


Supplementary Figure 72. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1k



Supplementary Figure 73. ¹H NMR spectrum for 11



Supplementary Figure 74. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 11



Supplementary Figure 75. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum for 11



Supplementary Figure 76. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1m



Supplementary Figure 77. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1m



Supplementary Figure 78. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1n



Supplementary Figure 79. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1n



Supplementary Figure 80. ¹H NMR spectrum for 10



Supplementary Figure 81. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 10



Supplementary Figure 82. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1p



Supplementary Figure 83. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1p



Supplementary Figure 84. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1r



Supplementary Figure 85. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1r



Supplementary Figure 86. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1s



Supplementary Figure 87. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1s



Supplementary Figure 88. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1t



Supplementary Figure 89. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1t



Supplementary Figure 90. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1v



Supplementary Figure 91. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1v



Supplementary Figure 92. ¹H NMR spectrum for **1w**



Supplementary Figure 93. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1w



Supplementary Figure 94. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1y



Supplementary Figure 95. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1y



Supplementary Figure 96. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1z



Supplementary Figure 97. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1z



Supplementary Figure 98. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1aa



Supplementary Figure 99. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1aa



Supplementary Figure 100. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1ab



Supplementary Figure 101. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1ab



Supplementary Figure 102. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1ae



Supplementary Figure 103. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1ae



Supplementary Figure 104. ¹H NMR spectrum for s-1af



Supplementary Figure 105. ¹³C NMR spectrum for s-1af



Supplementary Figure 106. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1af



Supplementary Figure 107. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1af


Supplementary Figure 108. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1ag



Supplementary Figure 103. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1ag



Supplementary Figure 110. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1ah



Supplementary Figure 111. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1ah



Supplementary Figure 112. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1sa



Supplementary Figure 113. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1sa



Supplementary Figure 114. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1a/1a'



Supplementary Figure 115. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1ai



Supplementary Figure 116. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 1ai



Supplementary Figure 117. ¹H NMR spectrum for s1ak-a



Supplementary Figure 118. ¹³C NMR spectrum for s1ak-a



Supplementary Figure 119. ¹H NMR spectrum for s1ak-b



Supplementary Figure 120. ¹³C NMR spectrum for s1ak-b



Supplementary Figure 121. ¹H NMR spectrum for s1ak-c



Supplementary Figure 122. ¹³C NMR spectrum for S1ak-c



Supplementary Figure 123. ¹H NMR spectrum for 1ak



Supplementary Figure 124. ¹³C NMR spectrum for **1ak**



Supplementary Figure 125. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2a



Supplementary Figure 126. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2a



Supplementary Figure 127. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2b



Supplementary Figure 128. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2b



Supplementary Figure 129. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2c



Supplementary Figure 130. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2c



Supplementary Figure 131. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2d



Supplementary Figure 132. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2d



Supplementary Figure 133. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2e



Supplementary Figure 134. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2e



Supplementary Figure 135. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2f



Supplementary Figure 136. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2f



Supplementary Figure 137. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2g



Supplementary Figure 138. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2g



Supplementary Figure 139. ¹⁹FNMR spectrum for 2g



Supplementary Figure 140. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2h



Supplementary Figure 141. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2h



Supplementary Figure 142. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2i



Supplementary Figure 143. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2i


Supplementary Figure 144. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2j



Supplementary Figure 145. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2j



Supplementary Figure 146. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum for 2j



Supplementary Figure 147. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2k



Supplementary Figure 148. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2k



Supplementary Figure 149. ¹H NMR spectrum for 21



Supplementary Figure 150. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2l



Supplementary Figure 151. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum for 21



Supplementary Figure 152. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3m



Supplementary Figure 153. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3m



Supplementary Figure 154. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2n



Supplementary Figure 155. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2n



Supplementary Figure 156. ¹H NMR spectrum for 20



Supplementary Figure 157. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 20



Supplementary Figure 158. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2p



Supplementary Figure 159. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2p



Supplementary Figure 160. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2q



Supplementary Figure 161. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2q



Supplementary Figure 162. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2r



Supplementary Figure 163. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2r



Supplementary Figure 164. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3s



Supplementary Figure 165. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3s



Supplementary Figure 166. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3t



Supplementary Figure 167. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3t



Supplementary Figure 168. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3u



Supplementary Figure 169. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3u



Supplementary Figure 170. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2v



Supplementary Figure 171. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2v



Supplementary Figure 172. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3w



Supplementary Figure 173. ¹³C NMR spectrum for **3w**



Supplementary Figure 174. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3x



Supplementary Figure 175. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3x



Supplementary Figure 176. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3y



Supplementary Figure 177. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3y



Supplementary Figure 178. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2z



Supplementary Figure 179. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2z


Supplementary Figure 180. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2aa



Supplementary Figure 181. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2aa



Supplementary Figure 182. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2ab



Supplementary Figure 183. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2ab



Supplementary Figure 184. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2ac



Supplementary Figure 185. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2ac



Supplementary Figure 186. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2ad



Supplementary Figure 187. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2ad



Supplementary Figure 188. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3ae



Supplementary Figure 189. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3ae



Supplementary Figure 190. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3af



Supplementary Figure 191. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3af



Supplementary Figure 192. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3ag



Supplementary Figure 193. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3ag



Supplementary Figure 194. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2ah



Supplementary Figure 195. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2ah



Supplementary Figure 196. ¹H NMR spectrum for 4



Supplementary Figure 197. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 4



Supplementary Figure 198. ¹H NMR spectrum for 2ai



Supplementary Figure 199. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 2ai



Supplementary Figure 200. ²H NMR spectrum for 2ai



Supplementary Figure 201. ¹H NMR spectrum for 3ak



Supplementary Figure 202. ¹³C NMR spectrum for 3ak



Supplementary Figure 203. ¹H NMR spectrum for 5ak



Supplementary Figure 204. ¹³C NMR spectrum for **5ak**

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time



Supplementary Figure 205. HPLC spectra for 2a







Supplementary Figure 206. HPLC spectra for 2b

Franslation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time					

描述

色谱图 cx11028a-p mV 500 1<u>检测器A 220nm</u> BPin ŌН 10, 118 / 7319451 / 479756 400 7.983 / 30480 / 3076 / 300 2c 200-100-0 0. 0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 min

: AS-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 ml/min, 220 nm

14 994 999				峰表	
检测器A	220nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	7.983	30480	3076		0.415
2	10.118	7319451	479756		99.585
总计		7349931	482832		100.000







Supplementary Figure 207. HPLC spectra for 2c

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Rema	ining Time		
描述	: AS-H, n-Hex/iPrOH	= 98/2, 1.0 mL/min,	220 nm		



检测器A	220nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	7.187	74710	7788		0.938
2	7.750	7892991	683786		99.062
总计		7967701	691574		100.000

描述

: AS-H, n-Hex/iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, 220 nm



Supplementary Figure 208. HPLC spectra for 2d

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time					

描述 : OD-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 ml/min, 220 nm



				峰表	
检测器A	220nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	15.784	61717	3560		1.077
2	16.781	5670673	236548		98.923
总计		5732390	240108		100.000





Supplementary Figure 209. HPLC spectra for 2e

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述:HPLC Condition检测器:Detector峰号:Peak面积:Area色谱图:HPLC Spectra高度:Height 标记:Note 总计:Total峰表:AreaPercent Report 保留时间:Remaining Time



Supplementary Figure 210. HPLC spectra for 2f

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time					



Supplementary Figure 211. HPLC spectra for 2g

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time					



Supplementary Figure 212. HPLC spectra for 2h

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector 峰号: Peak 面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time

描述 : AS-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 99/1, 0.8 ml/min, 220 nm









Supplementary Figure 213. HPLC spectra for 2i

S214



Supplementary Figure 214. HPLC spectra for 2j



检测器: Detector 峰号: Peak 描述: HPLC Condition 面积: Area 色谱图: HPLC Spectra 高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total

峰表: Area Percent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time 描述

: AS-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 98/2, 1.00 ml/min, 220 nm





描述

: AS-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 98/2, 1.00 ml/min, 220 nm



Supplementary Figure 215. HPLC spectra for 2k

100,000
Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height标记: Note总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report保留时间: Remaining Time



Supplementary Figure 216. HPLC spectra for 2l

Franslation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Repo	rt	保留时间: Remain	ining Time		



Supplementary Figure 217. HPLC spectra for 3m

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector 峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time

描述

描述

: AS-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 ml/min, 220 nm









Supplementary Figure 218. HPLC spectra for 2n

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ning Time		

描述~~~~

描述

色谱图 cx11118-p mV 1检测器A 220nm 150 QН Bpin 150063 25.752 / 59001 / 1822 100 21.840 / 4165486 / 20 50-0 25 35 min 15 20 30 10 ò

: Âd-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 98/2,1.0 ml/min, 220 nm

检测器A	220nm			峰表	
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	21.840	4165486	150063		98.603
2	25.752	59001	1822		1.397
总计		4224487	151885		100.000





Supplementary Figure 219. HPLC spectra for 20

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English 描述:HPLC Condition 检测器:Detector 峰号:Peak 面积:Area 色谱图:HPLC Spectra 高度:Height 标记:Note 总计:Total 峰表:Area Percent Report 保留时间:Remaining Time 描述:AS-H, n-Hexane/iPrOH =99/1, 1 mL/min, 220 nm

色谱图 u1检测器A 220nm mV 100 Bpir 15.02475 50 2p 6.173 / 0.425 25 0 12.5 15.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10. 0 17.5 0.0 min 峰表

检测器A	220nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	15.024	2709225	106510		99. 575
2	16.173	11566	762	М	0.425
总计		2720791	107272		100.000





Supplementary Figure 220. HPLC spectra for 2p

Franslation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ning Time		



Supplementary Figure 221. HPLC spectra for 2q



Supplementary Figure 222. HPLC spectra for 2r

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ining Time		

描述

色谱图 mV 1检测器Ac220nm AS 40-ŌН 66 CO₂Et 25.748 30-3s 20-23.551 / 0.494 10-0-25 10 15 20 5 ò min 峰表

: AS-H, n-Hex/iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, 220 nm

检测器A	220nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	23. 551	7630	251		0.494
2	25.748	1537859	41487		99. 506
总计		1545489	41738		100.000



: AS-H, n-Hex/iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, 220 nm



Supplementary Figure 223. HPLC spectra for 3s



描述

色谱图









Supplementary Figure 224. HPLC spectra for 3t

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ning Time		



Supplementary Figure 225. HPLC spectra for 3u



Supplementary Figure 226. HPLC spectra for 3v

Franslation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ning Time		



Supplementary Figure 227. HPLC spectra for 3w

Franslation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English					
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area		
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total		
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ining Time		



Supplementary Figure 228. HPLC spectra for 3x

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height标记: Note总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report保留时间: Remaining Time蕭途: OD-H, n-hexane: iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 ml/min, 220 nm



检测器A	220nm			峰表	
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	8.235	8236	637		0.767
2	10.109	1065137	69080		99.233
总计		1073372	69718		100.000

描述

: OD-H, n-hexane:iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 ml/min, 220 nm





Supplementary Figure 229. HPLC spectra for 3y











Supplementary Figure 230. HPLC spectra for 2z



Supplementary Figure 231. HPLC spectra for 2aa

Translation of Chinese Chara	acters in HPLC spect	tra to English	
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Rema	ining Time
描述	: OD-H, n-hexane:	iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0 ml/	min, 220 nm



				峰表			
检测器A	220nm						
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%		
1	8.792	5936	414		0.636		
2	10.719	926757	55419	SV	99.364		
总计		932693	55833		100.000		
描述~	11.11.255		: OD-H, n-h	exane:iF	rOH = 98/2,1	.0 ml/min,	2





Supplementary Figure 232. HPLC spectra for 2ab

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English							
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area				
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total				
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ining Time				



Supplementary Figure 233. HPLC spectra for 2ac

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time



检测器A	220nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	8.166	6068979	455798		48.863
2	10.034	6351493	401952		51.137
总计		12420473	857750		100.000

描述





Supplementary Figure 234. HPLC spectra for 2ad



Supplementary Figure 235. HPLC spectra for 3ac

ranslation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English							
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area				
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total				
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Remai	ining Time				



Supplementary Figure 236. HPLC spectra for 3af

Franslation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English						
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area			
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total			
峰表: Area Percent Report	t	保留时间: Remai	ining Time			

1941 - A.A.A.

色谱图 тV 1检测器A 220nm 8.179 / 99.140 600-Pł Ь́Н 500 400-3ag 300-200-9.282 / 0.860 100-0 7.5 2.5 10.0 min 5.0 0.0

: AD-H, n-Hex/iPrOH = 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 220 nm

LA NUL DD .			峰表		
位测器A 峰号	220nm 【保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	8.179	8831789	603537		99.140
2	9.282	76590	4311	V	0.860
总计		8908379	607848		100.000





Supplementary Figure 237. HPLC spectra for 3ag



Supplementary Figure 238. HPLC spectra for 2ah



該主

检测器A	220nm			叶丰 小 人	
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	22.186	8051228	71797		98.953
2	29.658	85219	530	M	1.047
总计		8136447	72327		100.000

描述







Supplementary Figure 239. HPLC spectra for 4









色谱图 cx10148-p+-



Supplementary Figure 240. HPLC spectra for 2a (gram scale raction)



色谱图 шV 1.检测器A 220nm 66 70 60-BPin ŌН 22.430 Ph Ph Ph 50-40-2a 30-134 / 0.362 20-10-25. 0 10 20 15 25 min 峰表 高周 面积 标证







Supplementary Figure 241. HPLC spectra for 2a (utilization of alkene

isomers)

Translation of Chinese Char	acters in HPLC spect	tra to English	
描述: HPLC Condition	检测器: Detector	峰号: Peak	面积: Area
色谱图: HPLC Spectra	高度: Height	标记: Note	总计: Total
峰表: Area Percent Report	rt	保留时间: Rem	aining Time
描述	: AS-H, n-hexane	:iPrOH = 98/2, 1.0ml	1/min, 220nm



检测器A	220nm			峰表	
一峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	标记	面积%
1	9.777	57007	3511		0.610
2	11.731	9283473	520524		99.390
总计		9340480	524035		100.000





Supplementary Figure 242. HPLC spectra for d-2ai

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector 峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time



Supplementary Figure 243. HPLC spectra for 1ak

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector 峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time



Supplementary Figure 244. HPLC spectra for 3ak

Translation of Chinese Characters in HPLC spectra to English描述: HPLC Condition检测器: Detector峰号: Peak面积: Area色谱图: HPLC Spectra高度: Height 标记: Note 总计: Total峰表: AreaPercent Report 保留时间: Remaining Time



Supplementary Figure 245. HPLC spectra for 5ak

Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1 Optimization studies on different ligands, solvent.



 $Ar = 2,6-dii PrC_6H_3$



L4 : R ¹ = H, R ² = Bn, X = O	Lsa : R ¹ = H, R ² = Ph, X = O
L5 : R ¹ = Me, R ² = Bn, X = O	Lsb : $R^1 = H$, $R^2 = indenyl$, $X = O$
L6 : $R^1 = Me$, $R^2 = Bn$, X = NPh	Lsc : $R^1 = H$, $R^2 = i Pr$, $X = O$
L7 : $R^1 = Me$, $R^2 = i Pr$, X = NPh	Lsd : $R^1 = H, R^2 = tBu, X = O$
L8 : $R^1 = Me$, $R^2 = tBu$, X = NPh	Lse : R^1 = Me, R^2 = Ph, X = O
L9 : $R^1 = Me$, $R^2 = Ph$, X = NPh	Lsf : R^1 = Me, R^2 = indenyl, X = O
	Lsg : $R^1 = Me$, $R^2 = i Pr$, $X = O$
	Lsh : $R^1 = Me$, $R^2 = tBu$, X = O

Entry	Ligand	Solvent	Yield/% ^a	Ee/%
1	Lsa	Et ₂ O	81	18.6
2	Lsb	Et_2O	96	32.4
3	Lsc	Et_2O	92	33.2
4	Lsd	Et_2O	88	31.0
5	Lse	Et_2O	98	85.8
6	Lsf	Et_2O	83	90.6
7	Lsg	Et ₂ O	71	89.6
8	Lsh	Et_2O	95	93.4
9	L1	Et_2O	99	<5
10	L2	Et_2O	19	61.8
11	L3	Et_2O	/	/
12	L4	Et_2O	75	22.6
13	L5	Et ₂ O	99	87.8
14	L6	Et ₂ O	54	95.8
15	L7	Et ₂ O	88	98.0

16	L8	Et ₂ O	96	99.6
17	L9	Et ₂ O	83	89.6
18	L8	MeCN	52	99.0
19	L8	DCM	53	99.2
20	L8	THF	84	99.6
21	L8	toluene	85	99.6
22	L8	dioxane	87	99.8

^{*a*} Yield was determined by ¹H NMR by using TMSPh as internal standard.

	Ph \rightarrow HBpin $6.0 \text{ mol}\% \text{ Co(OAc)}_2$ 1.2 eq $Et_2\text{O}, \text{ r.t.,, 20 h}$	Ph Ph	
Entry	Changes from standard conditions	Yield ^a	ee
1	added 1.0 eq. H ₂ O	/	/
2	opened to air	/	/
3	no ligand	/	/
5	using FeCl ₂ instead of Co(OAc) ₂	/	/
6	using $Pd(OAc)_2$ instead of $Co(OAc)_2$	/	/
7	using Rh ₂ (OAc) ₂ instead of Co(OAc) ₂	/	/

Supplementary Table 2 Control experiments.

^a Yield was determined by ¹H NMR by using TMSPh as internal standard.

Supplementary Methods

General Information

Ether, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane and toluene were distilled from sodium benzophenoneketyl prior to use and dichloromethane was distilled from CaH₂. Pinacolborane (HBpin) (97%) was purchased from TCI and used as received. NaHBEt₃ (1.0 M in THF) were purchased from Aldrich and used as received. Co(OAc)₂ (99%) were purchased from Alfa and used as received. The other commercial available chemicals were used as received. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker-400 instrument. ¹H NMR chemical shifts were referenced to tetramethylsilane signal (0

ppm),¹³C NMR chemical shifts were referenced to the solvent resonance (77.00 ppm, CDCl₃). The following abbreviations (or combinations thereof) were used to explain multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quadruplet, m = multiplet, br = broad. IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer Spectrum One FTIR spectrometer with diamond ATR accessory. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on EI-TOF (electrospray ionization-time of flight). X-ray diffraction data was obtained on Gemini A Ultra.

Procedures for Preparation of Ligands

L1-L3 were prepared according to the methods reported by our group.¹⁻³ S1-S5 were prepared according to the literature.⁴



General procedure for the preparation of L4 –L5, Lsa-Lsh



A 50 mL oven-dried round-bottom flask was charged with amine **S1** (5.0 mmol), picolinic acid (8.0 mmol) and DCM (25 mL). After stirred at room temperature for 5 min, DCC (8.0 mmol) and DMAP (8 mmol) was added to this reaction mixture and stirred at room temperature for 24 h.

Then the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to give the product L4.



(*S*)-*N*-(2-(4-benzyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-methylpicolinamide (L5): Prepared according to the general procedure using 6-methylpicolinic acid (0.6582 g, 4.8 mmol), S1 (0.7568 g, 3.0 mmol), DCM (15 mL), DCC (0.9918 g,

4.8 mmol) and DMAP (0.5816 g, 4.8 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture

was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **L5** (0.9895 g, 2.7 mmol, 89% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 101.8-103.5 °C; IR (neat): 3025, 2895, 1678, 1641, 1582, 1522, 1445 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +116.3 (c 1.09, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 13.71 (s, 1H), 9.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.17 (m, 5H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.87-4.76 (m, 1H), 4.32 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (dd, *J* = 13.6, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (dd, *J* = 13.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.3, 163.4, 157.1, 150.4, 139.6, 137.5, 137.3, 132.3,

129.3, 129.2, 128.5, 126.5, 125.8, 122.5, 120.1, 119.9, 114.4, 70.3, 68.0, 41.7, 24.3. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₃H₂₁N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 394.1531, found m/z 394.1527.



(*S*)-*N*-(2-(4-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)phenyl)picolinamide (Lsa): Prepared according to the general procedure using picolinic acid (0.1979 g, 1.6 mmol), **S2** (0.2384 g, 1.0 mmol), DCM (5.0 mL), DCC (0.3329 g, 1.6 mmol) and DMAP (0.1968 g, 1.6 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture was

concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford Lsa (0.3242 g, 0.94 mmol, 94% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 92.0-93.1 °C; IR (neat): 3059, 2890, 1679, 1640, 1580, 1525, 1446 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +256.0 (c 1.02, CHCl₃);¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 13.88 (s, 1H), 9.08 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.97 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.42-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.12 (m, 1H), 5.67 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.91-4.82 (m, 1H), 4.24 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.1, 164.0, 150.9, 148.2, 142.0, 139.7, 137.1, 132.6, 129.5, 128.6, 127.4, 126.7, 126.0, 122.7, 122.6, 120.2, 114.5, 73.1, 70.2; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₁H₁₇N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 366.1218, found m/z 366.1220.



N-(2-((3a*S*,8a*R*)-8,8a-dihydro-3aH-indeno[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl)phenyl)picoli namide (Lsb): Prepared according to the general procedure using picolinic acid (0.7580 g, 6.1 mmol), S3 (1.2248 g, 4.9 mmol), DCM (25 mL), EDCI (1.1618 g, 6.0 mmol) and DMAP (0.7428 g, 6.0 mmol). After 24 h, the

reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **Lsb** (0.8450 g, 2.4 mmol, 49% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 194.6-196.9 °C; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +280.0$ (c 0.52, CHCl₃) (lit.⁵: $[\alpha]^{27}{}_{D} = -74$ (c 0.5, CH₂Cl₂)); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 13.73 (s, 1H), 8.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.88 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.70-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.04 (m, 1H), 5.94 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.52-5.42 (m, 1H), 3.54 (dd, J = 18.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, J = 18.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.0, 163.4, 151.2, 148.2, 141.9, 139.6, 139.5, 137.2, 132.3, 129.4, 128.6, 127.3, 126.1, 125.5, 125.3, 122.9, 122.6, 120.2, 114.6, 81.8, 77.1, 39.7; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₂H₁₈N₃O₂]⁺ requires m/z



(*S*)-*N*-(2-(4-isopropyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)phenyl)picolinamide (Lsc): Prepared according to the general procedure using picolinic acid (0.1995 g, 1.6 mmol), **S4** (0.2065 g, 1.0 mmol), DCM (5.0 mL), DCC (0.3329 g, 1.6 mmol)

and DMAP (0.1963 g, 1.6 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **Lsc** (0.2674 g, 0.0.86 mmol, 86% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 92.9-94.4 °C; IR (neat): 3062, 2958, 1680, 1643, 1581, 1524, 1447 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +27.0 (c 1.01, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 13.74 (s, 1H), 9.06 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.69-8.60 (m, 1H), 8.34-8.27 (m, 1H), 7.95-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.45 (ddd,*J* = 5.6, 4.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.09 (m, 1H), 4.47-4.39 (m, 1H), 4.31-4.20 (m, 1H), 4.11-4.02 (m, 1H), 1.91-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (d,*J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.1, 162.9, 151.1, 148.2, 139.6, 137.2, 132.2, 129.4, 126.1, 122.9, 122.7, 120.3, 114.7, 73.5, 69.5, 33.5, 19.2, 18.7; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₈H₁₉N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 332.1375, found m/z 332.1376.



(*S*)-*N*-(2-(4-(tert-butyl)-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)phenyl)picolinamide (Lsd): Prepared according to the general procedure using picolinic acid (0.1995 g, 1.6 mmol), **S5** (0.2184 g, 1.0 mmol), DCM (5.0 mL), DCC (0.3334 g, 1.6 mmol)

and DMAP (0.1951 g, 1.6 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **Lsd** (0.2861 g, 0.88 mmol, 88% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 100.7-102.1 °C; IR (neat): 3061, 2953, 1680, 1644, 1582, 1524, 1447 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +38.1 (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 13.70 (s, 1H), 9.07 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.66-8.59 (m, 1H), 8.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.24 (m, 2H), 4.18 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.07 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.2, 162.8, 151.1, 148.2, 139.6, 137.2, 132.2, 129.4, 126.1, 122.9, 122.7, 120.3, 114.6, 76.8, 67.3, 33.9, 25.9; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₉H₂₁N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 346.1531, found m/z 346.1529.


(*S*)-6-methyl-*N*-(2-(4-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)phenyl)picolinamide (Lse): Prepared according to the general procedure using 6-methylpicolinic acid (1.0980 g, 8.0 mmol), **S2** (0.7658 g, 3.2 mmol), DCM (20 mL), DCC (1.6528 g, 8.0 mmol) and DMAP (0.9780 g, 8.0 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction

mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **Lse** (1.0836 g, 3.0 mmol, 94% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 92.1-93.4 °C. IR (neat): 3063, 3026, 1680, 1640, 1583, 1524, 1446 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +239.7 (c 1.0, CHCl₃).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 13.86 (s, 1H), 9.20-8.90 (m, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.26 (m, 5H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 2H), 5.76-5.49 (m, 1H), 4.81 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.38, 164.35, 157.4, 150.1, 142.2, 139.9, 137.2, 132.6, 129.5, 128.6, 127.6, 126.8, 125.7, 122.5, 120.2, 119.6, 114.3, 73.7, 70.4, 23.3; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₂H₁₉N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 380.1375, found m/z 380.1367.



N-(2-((3a*S*,8a*R*)-8,8a-dihydro-3aH-indeno[1,2-d]oxazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-m ethylpicolinamide (Lsf): Prepared according to the general procedure using 6-methylpicolinic acid (0.1808 g, 1.3 mmol), S3 (0.2506 g, 1.0 mmol), DCM (5.0 mL), DCC (0.2728 g, 1.3 mmol) and DMAP (0.1640 g, 1.3 mmol).

After 24 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **Lsf** (0.1760 g, 0.48 mmol, 48% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 201.6-203.1 °C. IR (neat): 3023, 2923, 1682, 1638, 1583, 1529, 1447 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +437.6 (c 0.92, CHCl₃).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 13.71 (s, 1H), 8.97 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.12-7.02 (m, 1H), 5.96 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.50-5.41 (m, 1H), 3.58-3.40 (m, 2H), 2.87 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.3, 163.6, 157.0, 150.6, 141.9, 139.62, 139.57, 137.4, 132.3, 129.4, 128.6, 127.4, 125.9, 125.4, 122.5, 120.4, 120.1, 114.7, 82.2, 39.4, 24.7; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₃H₁₉N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 392.1375, found m/z 392.1376.



(*S*)-*N*-(2-(4-isopropyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-methylpicolinamid e (Lsg): Prepared according to the general procedure using 6-methylpicolinic acid (0.6588 g, 4.8 mmol), **S4** (0.6168 g, 3.0 mmol), DCM (15 mL), DCC (0.9908 g, 4.8 mmol) and DMAP (0.5909 g, 4.8 mmol). After 24 h, the

reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **Lsg** (0.9244 g, 2.9 mmol, 95% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 81.3-82.6 °C; IR (neat): 3091, 2960, 1679, 1642, 1582, 1520, 1444 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +146.0 (c 1.03, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 13.44 (s, 1H), 8.97 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42-4.28 (m, 2H), 4.20-4.12 (m, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 2.05-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.4, 162.7, 157.2, 150.5, 139.4, 137.2, 132.0, 129.3, 125.8, 122.5, 120.4, 120.0, 114.8, 72.7, 68.4, 32.7, 24.4, 18.9, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₉H₂₁N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 346.1531, found m/z 346.1532.



(*S*)-*N*-(2-(4-(tert-butyl)-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-methylpicolinami de (Lsh): Prepared according to the general procedure using 6-methylpicolinic acid (0.1287 g, 0.94 mmol), S5 (0.1317 g, 0.6 mmol), DCM (5 mL), DCC (0.1989 g, 0.96 mmol) and DMAP (0.1145 g, 0.94 mmol). After 24 h, the

reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **Lsh** (0.1272 g, 0.38 mmol, 63% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 67.2-68.4 °C. IR (neat): 3097, 2957, 1680, 1643, 1584, 1522, 1445 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +200.0 (c 1.02, CHCl₃).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 13.23 (s, 1H), 8.92 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.09 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.20 (m, 3H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 0.94 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.6, 162.7, 157.4, 150.8, 139.5, 137.3, 132.0, 129.3, 125.9, 122.7, 120.8, 120.3, 115.0, 76.6, 67.3, 34.2, 25.9, 24.6. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₀H₂₃N₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 360.1688, found m/z 360.1685.

Synthesis of L6-L9:



(S)-N-(1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-2-iodobenzamide (S6b): 2-Iodobenzoic acid (24.80 g, 100 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (200 mL) in a 250 mL roundbottomed flask and cooled on an ice bath. Oxalyl chloride (13.0 mL, 150 mmol) and DMF (5 drops) was added in sequence under stirring, and the reaction was allowed to come to room temperature. After 8 hours the reaction mixture was evaporated to give the crude product without purification and used in the next step. The acyl chloride was dissolved in dichloromethane (30 mL) and added dropwise to a solution of the amino alcohol S6a (15.12 g, 100 mmol) in triethylamine (35.0 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 250 mmol) and dichloromethane (200 mL) at 0 °C. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was then washed successively with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride, HCl (1 M), saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate and brine. The resulting organic layer was then dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to yield crude product as a pale yellow solid and washed with 120 mL of PE/EtOAc (5/1) to afford S6b (23.74 g, 62 mmol, 62% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 133.7-135.3 °C. IR (neat): 3278, 1638, 1535, 1037 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -21.6$ (c 0.99, CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.84 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.04 (m, 2H), 4.35-4.29 (m, 1H), 3.69 (dd, J = 11.2, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (dd, J = 11.2, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.06 (dd, S255

J = 13.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (dd, J = 14.0, 8.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 172.2, 144.2, 140.6, 139.9, 131.8, 130.4, 129.4, 129.0, 128.9, 127.4, 93.2, 64.2, 54.6, 37.9. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₁₆H₁₇INO₂]⁺ requires m/z 382.0304, found m/z 382.0308.

(S)-N-(1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)-2-iodobenzamide (S7b): 2-Iodobenzoic acid (19.89 g, 80 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (200 mL) in a 250 mL round bottomed flask and cooled on an ice bath. Oxalyl chloride (10.0 mL, 120 mmol) and DMF (10 drops) was added in sequence under stirring, and the reaction was allowed to come to room temperature. After 8 hours the reaction mixture was evaporated to give the crude product without purification and used in the next step. The acyl chloride was dissolved in dichloromethane (20 mL) and added dropwise to a solution of the amino alcohol S7a (8.2890 g, 80 mmol) in triethylamine (28 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 200 mmol) and dichloromethane (200 mL) at 0 °C. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was then washed successively with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride, HCl (1 M), saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate and brine. The resulting organic layer was then dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to yield crude product as a pale yellow solid and washed with 110 mL of PE/EtOAc (10/1) to afford S7b (24.31 g, 73 mmol, 91% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 112.9-114.2 °C. IR (neat): 3272, 2960, 1637, 1537, 1017 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{20} = -28.3$ (c 0.98, CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ7.89 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.15 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (q, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.64 (m, 2H), 2.09-1.97 (m, 1H), 1.07 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.04 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 172.6, 144.5, 140.6, 131.8, 129.08, 129.05, 93.2, 62.9, 58.4, 29.9, 20.2, 19.0.HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^+[C_{12}H_{17}INO_2]^+$ requires m/z 334.0304, found m/z 334.0306.

(R)-N-(1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)-2-iodobenzamide (ent-S7b): 2-Iodobenzoic acid (12.44 g, 50 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (60 mL) in a 250 mL round-bottomed flask and cooled on an ice bath. Oxalyl chloride (6.3 mL, 75 mmol) and DMF (8 drops) was added in sequence under stirring, and the reaction was allowed to come to room temperature. After 7 hours the reaction mixture was evaporated to give the crude

product without purification and used in the next step. The acyl chloride was dissolved in dry dichloromethane (30 mL) and added dropwise to a solution of the amino alcohol (*R*)-2-amino-3-methylbutan-1-ol (5.18 g, 50 mmol) in triethylamine (17 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 125 mmol) and dichloromethane (30 mL) at 0 °C. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was then washed successively with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride, HCl (1 M), saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate and brine. The resulting organic layer was then dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to yield crude product as a pale yellow solid and washed with 100 mL of PE/EtOAc (10/1) to afford **ent-S7b** (15.30 g, 46mmol, 92% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 111.7-113.1°C. IR (neat): 3271, 2958, 1638, 1536, 1015 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$ = +30.6 (c 1.02, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.21 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.94-3.84 (m, 1H), 3.83-3.69 (m, 2H), 2.93 (brs, 1H), 2.02-1.93 (m, 1H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 169.4, 142.3, 139.3, 130.5, 127.7, 127.5, 91.8, 62.7, 57.1, 28.6, 18.9, 18.4; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[Cl₂H₁₇INO₂]⁺ requires334.0304 m/z, found m/z 334.0320.

(S)-N-(1-hydroxy-3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)-2-iodobenzamide (S8b): (19.80 g, 80 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (200 mL) in a 250 mL roundbottomed flask and cooled on an ice bath. Oxalyl chloride (10.0 mL, 120 mmol) and DMF (10 drops) was added in sequence under stirring, and the reaction was allowed to come to room temperature. After 8 hours the reaction mixture was evaporated to give the crude product without purification and used in the next step. The acyl chloride was dissolved in dichloromethane (20 mL) and added dropwise to a solution of the amino alcohol **S8a** (9.3820 g, 80 mmol) in triethylamine (28 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 200 mmol) and dichloromethane (200 mL) at 0 °C. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was then washed successively with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride, HCl (1 M), saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate and brine. The resulting organic layer was then dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to yield crude product as a pale yellow solid and recrystallized from PE/EtOAc to afford **S8b** (23.0441 g, 66 mmol, 83% yield) as a white solid. M.P.: 126.4-128.1°C. IR (neat): 3284, 2959, 1639, 1535, 1017 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -13.9$ (c 1.02, CH₂Cl₂).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.90 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.11 (m, 1H), 3.97 (dd, J = 8.8, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd, J = 11.6, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (dd, J = 11.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 1.05 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.0, 144.7, 140.7, 131.8, 129.4, 129.1, 93.1, 62.4, 61.5, 35.1, 27.7.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₁₃H₁₉INO₂]⁺ requires m/z 348.0460, found m/z 348.0463.

(S)-N-(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)-2-iodobenzamide (S9b): 2-Iodobenzoic acid (19.81 g, 80 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (150 mL) in a 250 mL round bottomed flask and cooled on an ice bath. Oxalyl chloride (10.0 mL, 120 mmol) and DMF (6 drops) was added in sequence under stirring, and the reaction was allowed to come to room temperature. After 8 hours the reaction mixture was evaporated to give the crude product without purification and used in the next step. The acyl chloride was dissolved in dichloromethane (30 mL) and added dropwise to a solution of the amino alcohol S9a (10.94 g, 80 mmol) in triethylamine (28 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 200 mmol) and dichloromethane (75 mL) at 0 °C. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 18 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was then washed successively with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride, HCl (1 M), saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate and brine. The resulting organic layer was then dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to yield crude product as a pale yellow solid and washed with105 mL of PE/DCM (85/20) to afford **S9b** (14.6019 g, 40 mmol, 50% yield)asa white solid. M.P.: 152.1-153.3°C. IR (neat): 3285, 1641, 1535, 1022 cm⁻¹. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +23.8$ (c 1.03, CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.89 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.32 (m, 6H), 7.31-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.13 (m, 1H), 5.16 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 172.3, 144.2, 140.8, 140.8, 132.0, 129.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.5, 128.4, 93.2, 66.0, 57.6. HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^+[C_{15}H_{15}INO_2]^+$ requires m/z 368.0147, found m/z 368.0150.

(S)-4-benzyl-2-(2-iodophenyl)-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-imidazole (S6):

Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁶ a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged

with amide **S6b** (7.60 g, 20 mmol), toluene (15 mL) and SOCl₂ (5.0 mL, 1.60 g/mL, 67 mmol).

Then the mixture was refluxed for 12 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in 150 mL Et₂O and transferred to a 250 mL flame-dried round bottomed flask. To this reaction mixture, triethylamine (31 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 224 mmol) and aniline (2.1 mL, 1.02 g/mL, 23 mmol) were added in sequence. After stirred at room temperature for 48 h, 10% NaOH (200 mL) was added and stirred for another 5 h. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (4×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc (50/1 to 5/1) as the eluent to afford S6 (4.7986 g, 11 mmol, 55% yield) as a yellow oil.IR (neat): 3058, 2972, 1601, 1576, 1498, 1476, 1384 cm⁻¹;Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -9.8$ (c 1.10, CHCl₃);¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.77 (d, J =8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.02 (m, 3H), 6.88 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.6-4.52 (m, 1H), 4.03-3.96 (m, 1H), 3.77 (dd, J = 8.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.34 $(dd, J = 13.6, 4.8 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 2.88 (dd, J = 13.6, 8.8 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H});^{13}\text{C NMR} (101 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3): \delta 161.7,$ 140.5, 139.4, 138.4, 137.5, 130.7, 130.3, 129.4, 128.6, 128.4, 128.1, 126.3, 122.5, 119.5, 96.4, 65.3, 55.7, 41.9. HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^+[C_{22}H_{19}IN_2Na]^+$ requires m/z 461.0491, found m/z 461.0485.

$= \begin{pmatrix} (S)-2-(2-iodophe) \\ Ph \\ Prepared according \\ Prepared according \\ Prepared according \\ Prepared Prepared$

(S)-2-(2-iodophenyl)-4-isopropyl-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (S7):

Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁶ a 100 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with amide **S7b** (8.3322 g, 25 mmol), toluene (10 mL) and SOCl₂ (10.0 mL, 1.60 g/mL, 134 mmol). Then the mixture was refluxed for 12 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in 30mL DCM and transferred to a 250 mL flame-dried round bottomed flask. To this reaction mixture, triethylamine (28 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 200 mmol) and aniline (2.5 mL, 1.02 g/mL, 27.5 mmol) were added in sequence. After stirred at room temperature for 30 h, 10% NaOH (200 mL) was added and stirred for another 5 h. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with DCM (3×200 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc (50/1 to 5/1) as the eluent to afford **S7**(9.4098 g, 24 mmol, 96% yield) as a yellow oil. IR (neat): 3057, 2956, 1599, 1579, 1498, 1475,

1382 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: [α]²⁰_D = -71.9 (c 1.20, CHCl₃);¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ7.76 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (td, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.02 (m, 3H), 6.92-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.64 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14-3.96 (m, 2H), 3.78 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.07-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.12 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ161.0, 140.7, 139.3, 137.9, 130.5, 130.3, 128.5, 128.1, 122.1, 119.2, 96.3, 70.1, 53.7, 32.9, 19.1, 18.4. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₈H₁₉IN₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 413.0491, found m/z 413.0490.

(*R*)-2-(2-iodophenyl)-4-isopropyl-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (ent-S7): Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁶ a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with amide ent-S7b (6.6600 g, 20mmol), SOCl₂ (4.4 mL, 1.60 g/mL, 60 mmol). Then the mixture was refluxed for 12 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in 20 mL DCM and transferred to a 250 mL flame-dried round-bottomed flask. To this reaction mixture, triethylamine (28 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 200 mmol) and aniline (2.0 mL, 1.02 g/mL, 22mmol) were added in sequence. After stirred at room temperature for 12 h, 10% NaOH (200 mL) was added and stirred for another 4 h. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with DCM (3×200 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using DCM to DCM/MeOH(30/1) as the eluent to afford ent-S7 (7.2505 g, 19 mmol, 93% yield) as a brown oil. IR (neat): 3060, 2955, 1598, 1578, 1500, 1476, 1381 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} =$ +75.1 (c 1.02, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.74 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10-7.01 (m, 3H), 6.91-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.11-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.78 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.07-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.12 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.0, 140.6, 139.3, 137.8, 130.5, 130.3, 128.5, 128.0, 122.1, 119.2, 96.2, 70.0, 53.7, 32.8, 19.1, 18.4; HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^{+}[C_{18}H_{19}IN_2Na]^{+}$ requires m/z 413.0491, found m/z 413.0492.



(S)-4-(tert-butyl)-2-(2-iodophenyl)-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (S8):

Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁶ a

100 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with amide **S8b** (6.96 g, 20 mmol) and SOCl₂ (8.0 mL, 1.60 g/mL, 110 mmol). Then the mixture was refluxed for 12 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in 60 mL of DCM/Et₂O(1/2) and transferred to a 250 mL flame-dried roundbottomed flask. To this reaction mixture, triethylamine (22 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 160 mmol) and aniline (2.0 mL, 1.02 g/mL, 22 mmol) were added in sequence. After stirred at room temperature for 11 h, 10% NaOH (200 mL) was added and stirred for another 5 h. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with DCM (3×200 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc (50/1 to 5/1) as the eluent to afford S8 (8.0620 g, 19.9 mmol, 99% yield) as a yellow oil. IR (neat): 3057, 2950, 1581, 1498, 1477, 1384 cm⁻¹;Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -66.1$ (c 0.98, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.75 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (td, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.01 (m, 3H), 6.89 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 4.06-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.70 (m, 1H), 1.07 (s, 9H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ*161.2, 140.8, 139.4, 138.0, 130.5, 128.5, 128.1, 122.2, 119.4, 96.2, 73.8, 52.4, 34.2, 26.3; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₉H₂₁IN₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 427.0647, found m/z 427.0652.

(S)-2-(2-iodophenyl)-1,4-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-imidazole (S9): Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁶ a 100 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with amide S9b (5.04 g, 13.7 mmol) and SOCl₂ (8.0 mL, 1.60 g/mL, 110 mmol). Then the mixture was refluxed for 11 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in 150 mL DCM/Et₂O (1/2) and transferred to a 250 mL flame-dried roundbottomed flask. To this reaction mixture, triethylamine (22 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 160 mmol) and aniline (1.5 mL, 1.02 g/mL, 16.5 mmol) were added in sequence. After stirred at room temperature for 22 h, 10% NaOH (200 mL) was added and stirred for another 5 h. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with DCM (3× 200 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over

anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc (50/1 to 5/1) as the eluent to afford **S9** (3.2776 g, 7.7 mmol, 56% yield) as a yellow oil. IR (neat): 3058, 2973, 1602, 1575, 1496, 1476, 1383 cm⁻¹;Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -136.1$ (c 0.99, CHCl₃);¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.76 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 7.43-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.02 (m, 3H), 6.91 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.37 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.4, 143.3, 140.4, 139.4, 137.5, 130.8, 130.5, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 127.2, 127.1, 122.7, 119.5, 96.3, 67.5, 59.2; HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₂H₁₇IN₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 447.0334, found m/z 447.0330.



(*S*)-*N*-(2-(4-benzyl-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-met hylpicolinamide (L6): Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁷ a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with CuI (0.0765 g, 0.4

mmol), toluene (15 mL) and N, N'-dimethylendiamine (80 uL, 0.90 g/mL, 0.8 mmol). After the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, 6-methylpicolinamide (0.3408 g, 2.5 mmol), S6 (0.8102 g, 1.85 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and K_3PO_4 (0.8480 g, 4.0 mmol) were added to the flask under N₂ atmosphere. The mixture was refluxed for 48 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered and washed with EtOAc. The combined filtrate were concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10:1 as the eluent to afford the title compound (0.5128 g, 62% yield) as a light yellow solid. M.P.: 128.0-129.8 °C; IR (neat): 3062, 2874, 1679, 1585, 1517, 1446, 1379 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +51.5$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃);¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 12.58 (s, 1H), 8.76 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (t, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (dt, J = 10.8, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 2H), 4.81-4.70 (m, 1H), 3.98 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.85-3.70 (m, 1H), 3.49 (dd, J = 13.6, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (dd, J = 13.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (s, 3H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 163.4, 159.9, 157.1, 150.0, 142.7, 138.2, 137.7, 137.5, 130.7, 130.0, 129.3, 128.7, 128.5, 126.4, 126.0, 123.5, 122.8, 122.3, 121.4, 119.9, 119.5, 66.1, 57.2, 42.4, 24.5; HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^{+}[C_{29}H_{26}N_4ONa]^{+}$ requires m/z 469.2004, found m/z 469.1997.



(S)-N-(2-(4-isopropyl-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6methylpicolinamide (L7): Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁷ a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with CuI (0.0362 g, 0.19

mmol), o-xylene (5.0 mL) and N, N'-dimethylethylenediamine (40 uL, 0.90 g/mL, 0.4 mmol). After the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, 6-methylpicolinamide (0.1602 g, 1.2 mmol), S7 (0.3918 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and K₃PO₄ (0.4345 g, 2.0 mmol) were added to the flask under N2 atmosphere. The mixture was refluxed for 36 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered and washed with EtOAc. The combined filtrate were concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10:1 as the eluent to afford the title compound (0.3090 g, 77% yield) as a light yellow solid. M.P.: 147.0-148.5 °C; IR (neat): 3064, 2874, 1679, 1586, 1516, 1445, 1377 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -28.7$ (c 0.90, MeOH); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 12.28 (s, 1H), 8.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97-6.80 (m, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.35-4.28 (m, 1H), 4.00 (dd, J = 10.4, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (dd, J = 9.2, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 2.20-2.06 (m, 1H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 163.3, 159.3, 157.1, 150.0, 142.7, 137.40, 137.37, 130.4, 129.8, 128.6, 125.9, 123.3, 123.0, 122.1, 121.7, 120.2, 119.8, 70.8, 54.9, 32.9, 24.4, 19.4, 17.6. HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^{+}[C_{25}H_{26}N_4ONa]^{+}$ requires m/z 421.2004, found m/z 421.2000.



(*R*)-*N*-(2-(4-isopropyl-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6methylpicolinamide (ent-L7): Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁷ a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with CuI (0.1526 g, 0.8

mmol), xylene (12 mL) and *N*, *N'*-dimethylethylenediamine (0.1428 g, 1.6 mmol). After the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, 6-methylpicolinamide (0.6548 g, 4.8 mmol), ent-S7 (1.5533 g, 4.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and K_3PO_4 (1.69 g, 8.0 mmol) were added to the flask under N₂ atmosphere. The mixture was refluxed for 96 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered and washed with EtOAc. The combined filtrate were concentrated and purified by

column chromatography using PE/EA = 10:1 as the eluent to afford the title compound (0.5870 g, 37% yield) as a light yellow solid. M.P.: 147.3-148.8°C; IR (neat): 2956, 2926, 1680, 1587, 1516, 1446, 1378 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +29.1$ (c 1.00, MeOH); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):*δ*12.29 (s, 1H), 8.69 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.00-6.86 (m, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.40-4.25 (m, 1H), 4.00 (dd, J = 10.4, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (dd, J = 9.2, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 2.16-2.07 (m, 1H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃):163.3, 159.2, 157.0, 150.0, 142.7, 137.4, 137.3, 130.4, 129.8, 128.6, 125.9, 123.2, 122.9, 122.1, 121.6, 120.1, 119.8, 70.7, 54.9, 32.8, 24.3, 19.3, 17.6; HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^+[C_{25}H_{26}N_4ONa]^+$ requires m/z 421.2004, found m/z 421.2001.



(S)-N-(2-(4-(tert-butyl)-1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-methylpicolinamide (L8): Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁷ a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed with nitrogen three times and charged with CuI (0.0782 g, 0.4

mmol), toluene (15 mL) and N, N'-dimethylethylenediamine (80 uL, 0.90 g/mL, 0.8 mmol). After the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, 6-methylpicolinamide (0.3258 g, 2.4 mmol), **S8** (0.8059 g, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and K_3PO_4 (0.8499 g, 4.0 mmol) were added to the flask under N2 atmosphere. The mixture was refluxed for 36 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered and washed with EtOAc. The combined filtrate were concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10:1 and PE/EA = 5:1 as the eluent to afford the title compound (0.3830 g, 47% yield) as a light yellow solid. M.P.: 150.3-151.9 °C; IR (neat): 3063, 2954, 1680, 1591, 1515, 1445, 1377 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -22.7$ (c 1.08, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.96 (s, 1H), 8.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.97-6.90 (m, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.21 (dd, J = 10.4, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96-3.80 (m, 2H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃):δ163.4, 159.2, 157.1, 150.0, 142.8, 137.3, 137.1, 130.3, 129.7, 128.6, 126.0, 123.25, 123.17, 122.1, 120.8, 119.9, 74.5, 54.0, 34.2, 26.1, 24.6; HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^+[C_{26}H_{28}N_4ONa]^+$ requires m/z S264



(S)-N-(2-(1,4-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-methylpi colinamide (L9): Prepared according to a previously reported procedure with a slight modification,⁷ a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was washed

with nitrogen three times andcharged with CuI (0.0380 g, 0.2 mmol), dioxane (8 mL) and ethylene diamine (15 uL, 0.90 g/mL, 0.2 mmol). After the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, 6-methylpicolinamide (0.1708 g, 1.3 mmol), S9 (0.4245 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and K_3PO_4 (0.4338 g, 2.0 mmol) were added to the flask under N₂ atmosphere. The mixture was refluxed for 48 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered and washed with EtOAc. The combined filtrate were concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10:1 as the eluent to afford the title compound (0.2361 g, 53%) yield) as a light yellow solid. M.P.: 178.0-180.2 °C; IR (neat): 3062, 2876, 1679, 1585, 1517, 1446, 1377 cm⁻¹;Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +71.0$ (c 1.06, CHCl₃);¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 12.84 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.16 (m, 5H), 7.13 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.99-6.80 (m, 2H), 6.80 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 5.59 (dd, J = 10.4, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (dd, J = 10.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (dd, J = 9.2, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃):δ163.5, 160.8, 157.3, 149.8, 143.6, 142.8, 138.0, 137.3, 130.9, 130.2, 128.8, 128.5, 127.3, 126.8, 125.7, 123.7, 122.8, 122.5, 121.5, 119.5, 119.2, 68.4, 61.0, 23.7; HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^+[C_{28}H_{24}N_4ONa]^+$ requires m/z 455.1848, found m/z 455.1842.



(L8-H) PdOAc. A 25 mL Schlenk flask was charged with 0.1131 g (0.5mmol) of Pd(OAc)₂, 8 mL of THF and 0.2263 g (0.55mmol) of L8 under atmosphere of nitrogen. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 17

h. The resulting solvent was concentrated *in vacuo* and the resulting residue was washed with ether and dried *in vacuo* to afford 0.2290 g (3.6mmol, 72% yield) of the title compound as a yellow powder. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.18 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, J = 7.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.12 (dd, J = 7.6, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (t, J = 10.0 Hz,

10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 177.6, 169.7, 161.1, 160.0, 156.5, 145.6, 142.3, 139.0, 132.1, 131.9, 129.1, 128.4, 125.5, 124.2, 124.0, 123.4, 121.0, 118.0, 77.2, 68.7, 55.8, 35.2, 26.1, 24.1, 23.5.

CCDC number of (L8-H) PdOAc:1588226

X-ray structure of (L8-H) PdOAc



Supplementary Table 3. Crystal data and structure refinement of compound (L8-H) PdOAc

Crystal data	(L8-H) PdOAc
Empirical formula	$C_{28} H_{30} N_4 O_3 P d$
Formula weight	576.96
Temperature (K)	293
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073
Crystal system	orthorhombic
space group	P 21 21 21
a (Å)	9.827 (2)
b (Å)	11.278 (2)
c(Å)	23.384 (5)
alpha	90

beta	90
gamma	90
Volume (Å ³)	2591.5 (9)
Z	4
Calculated density (mg/m ³)	1.479
Absorption coefficient (mm ⁻¹)	0.753
F(000)	1184.0
Theta range	2.884 - 25.349
Limiting indices	-11<=h<=9, -13<=k<=13, -28<=l<=23
Absorption correction	multi-scan
Max. and min. transmission	1.000 and 0.931
Data/restraints/parameters	4733 / 0 / 330
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.037
Final R indices [I>4sigma(I)]	R = 0.0369, wR = 0.0768
R indices (all data)	R = 0.0496, wR = 0.0836

Procedures for Synthesis of Starting Materials

General procedure A for preparation of alkenes: Under N₂ atmosphere, a 100 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was charged with RP⁺Ph₃X⁻ (12mmol, 1.2 eq.) and 30 mL of THF. *n*-BuLi (14.4 mmol, 5.8 mL, 2.5 M in THF) was added dropwise over 10 min at -20 °C. After stirred at -20 °C for 40 min, the corresponding aldehyde in 10 mL of THF was added dropwise. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature slowly and stirred for another 18 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated solution of NH₄Cl (25~30 mL) under ice cooling and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2x30 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 200-300 mesh) to afford the corresponding alkene (a mixture of *E/Z* isomer and the ratio is unknown).

General procedures B for preparation of alkenes: Under N_2 atmosphere, a 100 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was charged with $RP^+Ph_3X^-$ (12mmol, 1.2 eq.), NaH (14.4 mmol) and 30 mL of THF. The mixture was refluxed for 2 h. Then the corresponding aldehyde in 10 mL of THF was added dropwise at 0 °C. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and refluxed for 4-12 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated solution of NH₄Cl (25~30 mL) under ice cooling and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was exracted with EtOAc (2x20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 200-300 mesh) to afford the corresponding alkene (a mixture of E/Z isomer and the ratio is unknown).

^{Ph} (*E*/*Z*)-1,6-diphenylhex-3-ene (1a): Prepared from phenylpropyl aldehyde according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 4.1/1, 67% yield, colorless oil.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.12 (m, 6H), 5.49-5.37 (m, 2H), 2.68-2.62 (m, 0.80H), 2.62-2.53 (m, 3.26H), 2.35-2.25 (m, 4H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.⁸

 $_{Ph}$ (*E*/*Z*)-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)benzene (1b): Prepared from phenyl- propyl aldehyde according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 4.7/1, 64% yield, colorless oil.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.41-5.36 (m, 0.34H), 5.33-5.18 (m, 1.64H),2.68-2.62 (m, 2H), 2.39-2.32 (m, 1.70H), 2.31-2.25 (m, 0.36H), 2.23-2.12 (m, 0.84H), 1.94-1.83 (m, 0.20H), 1.74-1.58 (m, 3.46H), 1.54-1.45 (m, 1.80H), 1.30-0.0.94 (m, 5H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.⁹

(*E*/*Z*)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-4-methylbenzene (1c): Prepared from 3-(*p*-tolyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 4.0/1, 42% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3005, 2925, 2851, 1515, 1446 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.12-7.04 (m, 4H), 5.42-5.17 (m, 2H), 2.65-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.39-2.12 (m, 5.81H), 1.94-1.82 (m, 0.19H), 1.75-1.58 (m, 3.45H), 1.53-1.47 (m, 1.58H), 1.31-0.85 (m, 5H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₁₇H₂₅]⁺ requires m/z 229.1956, found m/z 229.1951.

(E/Z)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-3-methylbenzene (1d): Prepared from 3-(m-tolyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 3.4/1, 26% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3005, 2924, 2851, 1607, 1488, 1447 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.19-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.03-6.95 (m, 3H), 5.45-5.36 (m, 0.45H), 5.33-5.18 (m, 1.53H), 2.66-2.59 (m, 2H), 2.40- 2.14 (m, 5.83H), 2.01-1.82 (m, 0.27H), 1.73-1.58 (m, 3.43H), 1.55-1.46 (m, 1.65H), 1.31-0.84 (m, 5H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₁₇H₂₅]⁺ requires m/z 229.1956, found m/z 229.1949.



(*E*/*Z*)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-4-methoxybenzene (1e): Prepared from 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanal according to the general procedure A.

Z/E ratio: 2.9/1, 52% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3002, 2924, 2849, 1513, 1450, 1247 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.13-7.06 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.80 (m, 2H), 5.43-5.36 (m, 0.50H), 5.32-5.17 (m, 1.46H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.64-2.55 (m, 2H), 2.37-2.28 (m, 1.50H), 2.26-2.10 (m, 1.25H), 1.95-1.84 (m, 0.28H), 1.74-1.46 (m, 5H), 1.30-0.84 (m, 5H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₇H₂₄ONa]⁺ requires m/z 267.1725, found m/z 267.1732.

 $(E/Z)-4-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-1,1'-biphenyl (1f): Prepared from 3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 4.3/1, 62% yield, colorless oil.IR (neat): 2921, 2848, 1486, 1447 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): <math>\delta$ 7.62-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.37 (dd, J = 8.0, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34-7.20 (m, 3H), 5.49-5.0 (m, 2H), 2.70 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.48-2.36 (m, 1.64H), 2.35-2.28 (m, 0.36H), 2.26-2.12 (m, 0.81H), 1.96-1.84 (m, 0.19H), 1.74-1.41 (m, 5H), 1.30-0.86 (m, 5H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₂H₂₇]⁺ requires m/z 291.2113, found m/z 291.2120.

(*E*/*Z*)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzene (1g): Prepared from 3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 3.7/1, 33% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3005, 2926, 2852, 1604, 1511, 1449, 1227 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.17-7.08 (m, 2H), 7.00-6.91 (m, 2H), 5.38-5.34 (m, 0.42H), 5.30-5.17 (m, 1.54H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.37-2.30 (m, 1.60H), 2.28-2.22 (m, 0.43H), 2.21-2.10 (m, 0.79H), 1.97-1.79 (m, 0.25H), 1.73-1.58 (m, 3.47H), 1.52-1.43 (m, 1.61H), 1.30-0.84 (m, 5H). ¹⁹F

NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -118.0, -118.1.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₆H₂₁FNa]⁺ requires m/z 255.1525, found m/z 255.1532.

(E/Z)-1-chloro-3-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)benzene (1h): Prepared from 3-(3-chlorophenyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 4.0/1, 49% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3003, 2926, 2851, 1598, 1478,1443 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.22-7.12 (m, 3H), 7.08-7.01 (m, 1H), 5.37-5.33 (m, 0.39H), 5.29-5.18 (m, 1.55H), 2.62 (dd, J = 8.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.39-2.30 (m, 1.62H), 2.29-2.22 (m, 0.42H), 2.21-2.09 (m, 0.79H), 1.93-1.82 (m, 0.22H), 1.74-1.57 (m, 3.48H), 1.51-1.43 (m, 1.61H), 1.31-0.94 (m, 5H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₁₆H₂₂Cl]⁺ requires m/z 249.1410 found m/z 249.1417.

(*E*/*Z*)-1-bromo-3-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)benzene (1i): Prepared from 3-(3-bromophenyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 3.5/1, 67% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3000, 2922, 2849, 1567,1447 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.06 (m, 2H), 5.40-5.30 (m, 0.44H), 5.29-5.17 (m, 1.56H), 2.65-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.38-2.31 (m, 1.62H), 2.29-2.23 (m, 0.46H), 2.20-2.09 (m, 0.78H), 1.92-1.83 (m, 0.22H), 1.71-1.56 (m, 3.44H), 1.51-1.43 (m, 1.62H), 1.29-0.95 (m, 5H); HRMS (EI) calculated for[C₁₆H₂₁Br]⁺ requires m/z 292.0827, found m/z 292.0830.

(*E*/*Z*)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-2-fluorobenzene (1j): Prepared from 3-(2-fluorophenyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 4.6/1, 64% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3001, 2923, 2850, 1492, 1449, 1229 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.23-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.08-6.94 (m, 2H), 5.47-5.34 (m, 0.36H), 5.34-5.14 (m, 1.64H), 2.68 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42-2.32 (m, 1.64H), 2.31-2.24 (m, 0.37H), 2.23-2.04 (m, 0.82H), 1.92-1.83 (m, 0.18H), 1.72-1.57 (m, 3.43H), 1.50-1.42 (m, 1.66H), 1.29-1.10 (m, 3H), 1.06-0.91 (m, 2H); ¹⁹F NMR: (376 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -118.9; HRMS (EI) calculated for[C₁₆H₂₁F]⁺ requires m/z 232.1627, found m/z 232.1631.

(*E*/*Z*)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-2-methylbenzene (1k): Prepared from 3-(o-tolyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 4.7/1, 65% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3002, 2923, 2850, 1492, 1449 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): 87.19-7.01 (m, 4H), 5.48-5.37 (m, 0.35H), 5.37-5.15 (m, 1.65H), 2.67-2.59 (m, 2H), 2.36-2.15 (m, 5.84H), 1.94-1.84 (m, 0.17H), 1.74-1.57 (m, 3.40H), 1.56-1.44 (m, 1.71H), 1.30-0.94 (m, 5H); HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^+[C_{17}H_{25}]^+$ requires m/z 229.1956, found m/z 229.1949.

(E/Z)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene **(11):**

Prepared from 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 3.6/1, 57% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3005, 2930, 2853, 1447, 1329, 1167, 1129 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47-7.31 (m, 4H), 5.39-5.32 (m, 0.43H), 5.30-5.18 (m, 1.54H), 2.72 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43-2.33 (m, 1.54H), 2.33-2.26 (m, 0.45H), 2.19-2.06 (m, 0.77H), 1.93-1.82 (m, 0.25H), 1.75-1.56 (m, 3.49H), 1.48-1.38 (m, 1.54H), 1.30-0.92 (m, 5H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -62.5.HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^{+}[C_{17}H_{22}F_{3}]^{+}$ requires m/z 283.1674 found m/z 283.1681.



(E/Z)-2-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)naphthalene (1m): Prepared from 3-(naphthalen-2-yl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/Eratio: 4.2/1, 56% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3003, 2923, 2850, 1600, 1508, 1446 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.83-7.72 (m, 3H), 7.62 (s, 0.79H), 7.60 (s, 0.18H), 7.47-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 1H), 5.50-5.39 (m, 0.38H), 5.37-5.19 (m, 1.61H), 2.82 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.50-2.42 (m, 1.64H), 2.40-2.33 (m, 0.4H), 2.28-2.12 (m, 0.81H), 1.93-1.83 (m, 0.21H), 1.73-1.56 (m, 3.39H), 1.54-1.44 (m, 1.83H), 1.30-0.85 (m, 5H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^{+}[C_{20}H_{24}Na]^{+}$ requires m/z 287.1776 found m/z 287.1780.

Cv (*E*/*Z*)-1-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)naphthalene (1n): Prepared from 3-(naphthalen-1-yl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 4.5/1, 67% yield, colorless oil.IR (neat): 2922, 2848, 1597, 1511, 1447 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ8.13-7.99 (m, 1H), 7.92-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.78-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.35 S271

(m, 1H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 1H), 5.60-4.98 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.02 (m, 2H), 2.57-2.46 (m, 1.66H), 2.46-2.37 (m, 0.34H), 2.22-1.98 (m, 0.81H), 1.97-1.81 (m, 0.18H), 1.76-1.38 (m, 5H), 1.32-0.88 (m, 5H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^+[C_{20}H_{24}Na]^+$ requires m/z 287.1776, found m/z 287.1783.



(E/Z)-5-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-2-methoxypyridine (10): Prepared from 3-(6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 3.9/1, 79% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3004, 2925, 2851, 1609, 1494, 1452, 1391, 1287 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.99-7.93 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.35 (m, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.38-5.33 (m, 0.40H), 5.29-5.18 (m, 1.56H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.57 (t, J = 7.2 Hz,2H), 2.36-2.28 (m, 1.57H), 2.27-2.20 (m, 0.42H), 2.18-2.07 (m, 0.79H), 1.93-1.82 (m, 0.25H), 1.73-1.56 (m, 3.38H), 1.51-1.42 (m, 1.60H), 1.31-0.80 (m, 5H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^{+}[C_{16}H_{24}NO]^{+}$ requires m/z 246.1858, found m/z 246.1865.

(*E*/*Z*)-3-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)benzo[b]thiophene (1p): Prepared from 3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 4.5/1, 55% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2921, 2848, 1447, 1428cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.85 (d, 1H), 7.80-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.10 (s, 0.78H), 7.08 (s, 0.17H), 5.50-5.00 (m, 2H), 2.89 (t, 2H), 2.56-2.46 (m, 1.68H), 2.46-2.38 (m, 0.32H), 2.24-2.09 (m, 0.81H), 1.96-1.80 (m, 0.18H), 1.74-1.44 (m, 5H), 1.36-0.82 (m, 5H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^{+}[C_{18}H_{23}S]^{+}$ requires m/z 271.1520, found m/z 271.1526.

(E/Z)-pent-2-ene-1,5-diyldibenzene (1q): Prepared from phenylacetaldehyde according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 5.5/1, 27% yield, colorless oil.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.32-7.06 (m, 10H), 5.62-5.50 (m, 2H), 3.38-3.30 (m, 2H), 2.75-2.67 (m, 2H), 2.52-2.45 (m, 1.71H), 2.39-2.32 (m, 0.31H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹⁰



(E/Z)-2-methyl-2-(6-phenylhex-3-en-1-yl)-1,3-dioxolane (1r): Prepared

from 3-(2-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)propanal¹¹ according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 2.9/1, 67% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2941, 2878, 1602, 1450, 1376, 1058 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.51-5.30 (m, 2H), 3.96-3.85 (m, 4H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.40-2.33 (m, 1.47H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 0.50H), 2.12-2.03 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.65 (m, 0.53H), 1.63-1.56 (m, 1.53H), 1.31 (s, 0.80H), 1.30 (s, 2.22H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₆H₂₂O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 269.1517, found m/z 269.1537.

$$Ph \longrightarrow O \rightarrow Harrow Harro$$

(*E*/*Z*)-ethyl 9-phenylnon-6-enoate (1s): To a dry THF (30 mL) suspension of (6-carboxyhexyl) triphenylphosphonium bromide (13.76 g, 30 mmol), under N₂ atmosphere at -30 °C, NaHMDS (32.5 mL, 2.0 M in THF) was added dropwise over 20 minutes. After stirred at -30 °C for 1 h, phenylpropyl aldehyde (3.10g, 23 mmol) in 10 mL THF was added dropwise. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature slowly and stirred for another 15 h. After completion of the reaction, pH was adjusted to 2 ~ 3 by addition of 1N hydrochloric acid, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was exracted with EtOAc (3x30 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 5/1 as the eluent to afford the acid **1ss** (3.2339 g, 13.9 mmol, 60% yield) as a light yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 10.39 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.13 (m, 3H), 5.50-5.30 (m, 2H), 2.65 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.41-2.25 (m, 4H), 1.98 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.65-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.23 (m, 2H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹²

To a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask charged with acid **1ss** (1.8426 g, 8.0 mmol) and EtOH (15 mL) was added a few drops of concentrated sulfuric acid. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 20 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 20:1 as the eluent to afford alkene **1s** (1.5682 g, 6.0 mmol, 76% yield, *Z/E* ratio: 4.0/1) as a light yellow oil. IR (neat): 2935, 2859, 1736, 1453, 1179 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.22-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 3H), 5.46-5.25 (m, 2H), 4.02-3.90 (m, 2 H), 2.60-2.49 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.20 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.45 (m, 2 H), 1.28-1.21 (m, 0.41H), 1.20-1.10 (m, 1.64H), 1.02-0.92 (m, 3H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for

 $[M+H]^+[C_{17}H_{25}O_2]^+$ requires m/z 261.1855, found m/z 261.1854.



(E/Z)-N,N-diethyl-7-phenylhept-4-enamide (1t): acid 1ss (2.32 g, 10.0 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (10 mL) in a 50 mL round bottomed flask and cooled on an ice bath. Oxalyl chloride (1.70 mL, 20.0 mmol) and DMF (5 drops) was added in sequence under stirring, and the reaction was allowed to come to room temperature. After 5 hours the reaction mixture was evaporated to give the crude product without purification and used in the next step.

Under N₂ atmosphere, a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was charged with chloride and 30 mL THF. To this reaction mixture, Et₃N (2.8 mL, 0.73 g/mL, 20.0 mmol) and Diethylamine (1.5 mL, 0.71 g/mL, 15 mmol) was added in sequence. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated solution of NH₄Cl (25-30 mL) and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was exracted with EtOAc (3x30 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 200-300 mesh) using PE/EA = 5/1 as the eluent to afford the alkene **1t** (1.7729 g, 62% yield for two steps, *Z/E* ratio: 4.0/1) as a yellow oil. IR (neat): 2932, 2855, 1642, 1455, 1430 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.22-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 3H), 5.47-5.39 (m, 2H), 3.22 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.59-2.53 (m, 2H), 2.35-2.21 (m, 2H), 2.06-1.93 (m, 4H), 1.79-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.35 (m, 0.40H), 1.35-1.25 (m, 1.62H), 0.98 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.70 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₉H₂₉NONa]⁺ requires m/z 310.2147, found m/z 310.2156.



(E/Z)-2-methyl-10-phenyldec-7-en-2-ol (1u): To a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask charged with acid 1ss (1.16 g, 5.0 mmol) and EtOH (10 mL) was added two drops of concentrated sulfuric acid. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 20 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 20:1 as the eluent to afford

ester as a light yellow oil.

Under N₂ atmosphere, a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was charged with ester and 10 mL Et₂O. To this reaction mixture, CH₃MgBr (4.2 mL, 3.0 mol/L) was added slowly at 0 °C. Then the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 20 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated solution of NH₄Cl (25-30 mL) and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was exracted with EtOAc (3x20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 200-300 mesh) using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford the alkene (1.1181 g, 90% yield for two steps, *Z/E* ratio: 4.0/1) as a colorless oil.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 7.32-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.49-5.44 (m, 0.40H), 5.43-5.36 (m, 1.59H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42-2.22 (m, 2H), 2.08-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.24 (m, 7H), 1.18 (s, 6H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹³

Ph **9-phenylnon-6-en-1-ol (1v):** To a dry THF (30 mL) suspension of LiAlH₄ (1.25 g, 32.9 mmol), under N₂ atmosphere with ice cooling, acid **1ss** (5.10 g, 22.0 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added dropwise over 10 minutes. After stirred at room temperature for 21 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated solution of Na₂SO₄ (10 mL) under ice cooling. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3x60 mL) and the organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 5/1 as the eluent to afford alkene **1v** (4.2942 g, 19.7 mmol, 90% yield, *Z/E* ratio: 3.9/1) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3349, 2931, 2856, 1496, 1454 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₃D₆O): δ 7.30-7.12 (m, 5H), 5.46-5.32 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.40 (m, 3H), 2.65 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.40-2.32 (m, 1.61H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 0.41H), 2.05-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.24 (m, 4H); HRMS (EI) calculated for[C₁₅H₂₂O]⁺ requires m/z 218.1671, found m/z 218.1675.



(E/Z)-2-(9-phenylnon-6-en-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (1w): To a dry THF (30 mL) suspension of LiAlH₄ (1.42 g, 37.5 mmol), under N₂ atmosphere with ice cooling, acid (5.80 g, 25.0 mmol) in

THF (20 mL) was added dropwise over 10 minutes. After stirred at room temperature for 5 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated solution of Na_2SO_4 (10 mL) under ice cooling. Then the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated to give the crude alcohol without purification and used in the next step.

A 50 mL oven-dried round-bottom flask was charged with alcohol **1v** (1.30 g, 6.0 mmol), phthalamide (1.08 g, 7.2 mmol), Ph₃P (1.88 g, 7.2 mmol) and THF (20 mL). The flask was cooled to 0 °C, and DIAD (1.46 g, 7.2 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred for 24 h. Then the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl (aq). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2x30 mL) and the organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 5/1 as the eluent to afford alkene **1w** (1.4980 g, 4.3 mmol, 72% yield, *Z/E* ratio: 4.0/1) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2935, 2856, 1772, 1714, 1399, 1365 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN): δ 7.84-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.28-7.10 (m, 5H), 5.47-5.29 (m, 2H), 3.58 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.65-2.55 (m, 2H), 2.35-2.26 (m, 1.60H), 2.26-2.19 (m, 0.40H), 2.20-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.66-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.20 (m, 4H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₃H₂₅NO₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 370.1783, found m/z 370.1785.

but-3-en-1-ylbenzene (1x): Prepared from phenylpropyl aldehyde according to the general procedure B. 29% yield, colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.15 (m, 3H), 5.92-5.80 (m, 1H), 5.09-4.95 (m, 2H), 2.71 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42-2.33 (m, 2H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹⁴

Ph (E/Z)-hept-3-en-1-ylbenzene (1y): Prepared from phenylpropyl aldehyde according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 2.8/1, 60% yield, colorless oil.
IR (neat): 3017, 2925, 2854, 1496, 1458 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31–7.23 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.46-5.41 (m, 0.53H), 5.41-5.32 (m, 1.47H), 2.71-2.61 (m, 2H), 2.42-2.25 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.93 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.20 (m, 18H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₁H₃₅]⁺ requires m/z 287.2739, found m/z 287.2746.



24% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3019, 2952, 2865, 1461, 1364 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.32-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.55-5.40 (m, 2H), 2.72-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.29 (m, 2H), 1.89 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1.83 H), 1.85(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 0.27H), 0.87 (s, 7.85H), 0.83 (s, 1.22H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+K]^+[C_{15}H_{22}K]^+$ requires m/z 241.1359, found m/z 241.1368.

^{Ph} (*E*/Z)-(6-cyclohexylhex-5-en-1-yl)benzene (1aa): Prepared from 5-phenylpentanal according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 4.2/1, 57% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3000, 2926, 2852, 1495, 1450 cm⁻¹;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 2H), 5.36-5.30 (m, 0.38H), 5.28-5.16 (m, 1.60 H), 2.64-2.56 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.17 (m, 0.81H), 2.10-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.82 (m, 0.21 H), 1.74-1.53 (m, 7H), 1.44-0.96 (m, 7H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+K]⁺[C₁₈H₂₆K]⁺ requires m/z 281.1672, found m/z 281.1655.



(*E*/Z)-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)benzene (1ab): The mixture of acid 1ss (9.2 g) and Pd/C (0.9 g, 10 %) in EtOAc (50 mL) was stirred under atmosphere of hydrogen for 26 h at ambient temperature. The suspension was filtrated and the solid was washed with THF for three times. The combined filtrate was concentrated to give crude product, the crude product in THF (20 mL) was added dropwise over 10 minutes to a dry THF (30 mL) suspension of LiAlH₄ (2.21 g, 58 mmol), under N₂ atmosphere with ice cooling. After stirred at room temperature for 5 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated solution of Na₂SO₄ (10 mL) under ice cooling. Then the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 10/1 as the eluent to afford the alcohol **1sab'** (8.0787 g, 36.7 mmol, 93% yield for two steps) as a colorless oil.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.33-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.14 (m, 3H), 3.63

(dd, J = 7.8, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.65-2.56 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.44 (m, 5H), 1.32 (s, 10H);¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 142.8, 128.3, 128.2, 125.5, 63.0, 35.9, 32.7, 31.5, 29.5, 29.38, 29.36, 29.2, 25.7. ¹HNMR data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹⁵

1.5 equivalents of PCC was suspended in DCM, and then the mixture was cooled in an ice bath. To the cooled suspension, 1 equivalent of alcohol dissolved in DCM was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for about 5 h. Then the mixture was filtered over silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE/EA = 30/1 as the eluent to afford the aldehyde **1sab** (3.3903 g, 15.5 mmol, 43% yield) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 9.75 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.10 (m, 3H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 1.68-1.56 (m, 4H), 1.38-1.25 (m, 8H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 202.9, 142.8, 128.4, 128.2, 125.5, 43.9, 35.9, 31.4, 29.24, 29.18, 29.1, 29.0, 22.0. All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹⁶ The alkene **1ab** was prepared from aldehyde **1sab** according to the general procedure A. *Z/E* ratio: 4.1/1, 71% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2925, 2853, 1496, 1454 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 3H), 5.36-5.14 (m, 2H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.30-2.16 (m, 0.82H), 2.10-1.80 (m, 2.20H), 1.77-1.52 (m, 7H), 1.40-0.96 (m, 15H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₂H₃₄Na]⁺ requires m/z 321.2558, found m/z 321.2564.

Ph (3-cyclohexylidenepropyl)benzene (1ac): Prepared from cyclohexanone according to the general procedure A. 63% yield, colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.11 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.10-2.02 (m, 4H), 1.55-1.45 (m, 4H), 1.43-1.34 (m 2H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹⁷

^{ph} (cyclohexylidenemethyl)benzene (1ad): Prepared from cyclohexanone according to the general procedure A. 99% yield, colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):
δ7.36-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.12 (m, 3H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 2.45-2.32 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.20 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.48 (m, 6H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.¹⁸

(E/Z)-1-methyl-2-(6-phenylhex-3-en-1-yl)benzene(1ae): Prepared from 3-(o-tolyl) propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 4.2/1,

55% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3020, 2930, 2857, 1494, 1455 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆): δ7.20-7.14 (m, 3H), 7.12-7.00 (m, 7H), 5.48-5.35 (m, 2H), 2.58-2.50 (m, 0.77H), 2.48-2.40(m, 3.24H), 2.28-2.14 (m, 4H), 2.11 (s, 0.57H), 2.24 (s, 2.24H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^+[C_{19}H_{23}]^+$ requires m/z 251.1800, found m/z 251.1806.

(E/Z)-1-(4-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)phenyl)ethanone (s-1af): Prepared from 3-(4-acetylphenyl)propanal¹⁹ according to the general

procedure A. Z/E ratio: 3.9/1, 14% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2923, 2850, 1683, 1607, 1447 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 7.80-7.76 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.39-5.20 (m, 2H), 2.54-2.45 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.10 (m, 5.81H), 1.94-1.82 (m, 0.21H), 1.74-1.48 (m, 5H), 1.27-0.94 (m, 5H). HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_{18}H_{24}O]^+$ requires m/z 256.1827, found m/z 256.1827.



1-((E/Z)-4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-yl)-4-((E/Z)-5-phenylpent-2-e

general procedure A. 66% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2922, 2850, 1604, 1448 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31-6.99 (m, 9H), 5.83-5.73 (m, 0.19H), 5.52-5.48 (m, 0.81H), 5.42-5.18 (m, 2H), 2.75 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 0.43H), 2.63 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3.64H), 2.57-2.46 (m, 0.43H), 2.40-2.26 (m, 3.60H), 2.22-2.11 (m, 0.83H), 2.00 (s, 2.45H), 1.94 (s, 0.57H), 1.89-1.82 (m, 0.20H), 1.74-1.55 (m, 3.45H), 1.49-1.42 (m, 1.59H), 1.30-0.86 (m, 5.0H). HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_{27}H_{34}]^+$ requires m/z 358.2661, found m/z 358.2658.



(E/Z)-(R)-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-((4R,8R)-4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)chroman-6-yl-9-phenylnon -6-enoate (1ag): Under N2 atmosphere, a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask was charged with acid (4.5 mmol, 1.0456 g), Vitamin E (4.5 mmol, 1.9489 g) and 20 mL DCM. Then DCC (5.4 mmol, 1.1149g) and DMAP (5.4 mmol, 0.6688 g) were added. The mixture was stirred at room

temperature for 24 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered and the organic phases were concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 200-300 mesh) using PE/EA = 40/1 as the eluent to afford the alkene (1.8383 g, 63% yield, *Z/E* ratio: 3.6/1) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2932, 2861, 1755, 1458, 1374, 1136 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +2.4$ (c 1.55, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ 7.21-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.04 (m, 3H), 5.42-5.27 (m, 2H), 2.58 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.53-2.44 (m, 4H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 1.63H), 2.25-2.15 (m, 0.45H), 2.02-1.93 (m, 5H), 1.89 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H), 1.77-1.60 (m, 4H), 1.50-0.97 (m, 26H), 0.80-0.74 (m, 12H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₄₄H₆₈O₃Na]⁺ requires m/z 667.5066, found m/z 667.5056.

2-(2-cyclohexylideneethyl)naphthalene (1ah): Prepared from cyclohexanone according to the general procedure A. 88% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2926, 2852, 1508, 1446 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.82-7.73 (m, 3H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.47-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.33-2.26 (m, 2H), 2.18-2.12 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.54 (m, 6H).¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ140.9, 139.5, 133.6, 131.9, 127.8, 127.6, 127.4, 126.1, 125.8, 125.0, 119.6, 37.2, 33.5, 28.8, 28.6, 27.9, 26.9. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₁₈H₂₁]⁺ requires m/z 237.1643, found m/z 237.1646.



A 250 mL oven-dried three-neck flask was charged with 1,6-diphenylhexan-3-ol²⁰ (11.67g, 45.9 mmol), tetrabromomethane (18.49 g, 55.8 mmol), DCM (100 mL).Then, the flask was cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C, and triphenylphosphine (14.62 g, 55.7 mmol) was added portionwise. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred for 24 h. The resulting solution was concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE as the eluent to afford **1sa**' (3.85 g, 12.1 mmol, 26% yield) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.32-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.11 (m, 6H), 4.07-3.85 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.82 (m, 1H), 2.77-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.65-2.54 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.79 (m, 3H), 1.78-1.68 (m, 1H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 141.8,

140.9, 128.5, 128.4, 128.34, 128.33, 126.0, 125.8, 57.3, 40.7, 38.6, 35.1, 33.7, 29.2.

To a 50 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask charged with bromide **1sa'** (1.8993 g, 6.0 mmol) and *t*BuOH (10 mL) was added *t*BuOK (1.13 g, 10.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 20 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography using PE as the eluent to afford alkene (**1a**/**1a'** = 1/1) (0.7733 g, 3.3 mmol, 55% yield) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.32-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.12 (m, 6H), 5.64-5.39 (m, 2H), 3.44-3.26 (m, 1H), 2.71-2.52 (m, 3H), 2.36-2.26 (m, 2H), 2.24-2.02 (m, 1H), 1.79-1.65 (m, 1H).

 $(E/Z)-1,6-di-p-tolylhex-3-ene (1ai): Prepared from 3-(p-tolyl)propanal according to the general procedure A. Z/E ratio: 4.7/1, 43% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 3005, 2921, 2857, 1515, 1451 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): <math>\delta$ 7.15-6.95 (m, 8H), 5.52-5.46 (m, 0.35H), 5.45-5.34 (m, 1.65H), 2.61 (dd, J = 8.4, 7.2 Hz, 0.7H), 2.54 (dd, J = 8.0, 7.6 Hz, 3.3H), 2.31 (s, 6H), 2.30-2.24 (m, 4H). HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₀H₂₅]⁺ requires m/z 265.1956, found m/z 265.1960.

^{Ph} (Z)-1,4-diphenylbut-2-ene ((Z)-1aj): Prepared according to the literature.²¹ 72% yield, colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.16 (m, 6H), 5.78-5.66 (m, 2H), 3.52 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 4H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.²¹

Ph (*E*)-1,4-diphenylbut-2-ene ((*E*)-1aj): Prepared according to the literature.²¹ 46% yield (a mixture of alkene and alkane, $n_{alkene}/n_{alkane} = 2.8/1$), *E/Z* ratio: 13/1, colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32-7.15 (m, 13.4H), 5.70-5.65 (m, 2H), 3.52 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 0.28H), 3.37 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 3.72H). All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.²¹



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(S)-5-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)-4-methylpentanal (S1ak-a): Prepared from (-)-Citronellal according to the Literature.²² 69% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2926, 2722, 1724, 1411, 1139 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -4.6$ (c 1.06, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.78 (d, J = 1.2, 1H), 4.90 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.02-3.91 (m, 2H), 3.89-3.80 (m, 2H), 2.55-2.30 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.62 (m, 3H), 1.59-1.47 (m, 2H), 0.97 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): § 202.6, 103.4, 64.7, 64.6, 41.5, 40.5, 29.0, 28.9, 19.7. HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_9H_{16}O_3]^+$ requires m/z 172.1099, found m/z 172.1097.

5.1/1, 80% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2923, 1603, 1495, 1454, 1132 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +1.6$ (c 0.43, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.10 (m, 3H), 5.52-5.30 (m, 2H), 4.95-4.81 (m, 1H), 4.02-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.89-3.75 (m, 2H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43-2.31 (m, 1.67H), 2.31-2.24 (m, 0.33H), 2.10-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.44 (m, 1H), 1.42-1.29 (m, 1H), 1.24-1.10 (m, 1H), 1.00-0.89 (m, 3H). HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_{18}H_{26}O_2]^+$ requires m/z 274.1933, found m/z 274.1936.

(S)-3-methyl-9-phenylnonanal (S1ak-c): To a stirred solution of сно Slak-b (4.1713 g, 15.2 mmol) in EtOAc (40 mL) were added Pd/C (5%) (0.8241g, 20% wt/Pd) at room temperature. The resulting mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 24 h with H₂ balloon. Then, the resulting solution was filtered through a short pad of silica gel, washed by EtOAc (2×30 mL). The combined filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude hydrogenation product as a colorless oil, which was used for the next step without further purification. To a 250 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask charged with the crude hydrogenation product and THF (75 mL) was added 1 N HCl (a) (75 mL) at 25 °C. After stirring at 60 °C for 6 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. EtOAc (80 mL) was added to the residue, and the solution was neutralized to pH = 7 with saturated Na₂CO₃ solution. The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (60 mL \times 2). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated Na_2CO_3 solution (60 mL), brine (60 mL). The organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 200-300 mesh) using PE/EA = 100/1 as the eluent to afford **S1ak-c** (3.0117 g, 86% yield for two steps) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2926, 2855, 1707, 1458 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -6.9$ (c 1.12, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.74 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.12 (m, 3H), 2.64-2.56 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (ddd, J = 16.0, 5.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (ddd, J = 16.0, 8.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.10-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.18 (m, 8H), 0.95 (dd, J = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.0, 142.8, 128.4, 128.2, 125.6, 51.1, 36.9, 35.9, 31.4, 29.5, 29.2, 28.2, 26.8, 19.9. HRMS (EI) calculated for [C₁₆H₂₄O]⁺ requires m/z 232.1827, found m/z 232.1826.

Ph Ph Prepared from **S1ak-c** according to the general procedure A. Z/E

ratio: 4.9/1, 83% yield, colorless oil. IR (neat): 2924, 2852, 1495, 1453, 1376 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +4.0 (c 1.22, CHCl₃), 92% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H*2, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100/0, 0.5 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 19.2 (major), 20.1 (minor). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.33-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.10 (m, 3H), 5.40-5.30 (m, 0.34H), 5.30-5.13 (m, 1.66H), 2.66-2.55 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.16 (m, 0.83H), 2.07-1.76 (m, 2.21H), 1.74-1.55 (m, 7H), 1.48-0.98 (m, 14H), 0.90-0.82 (m, 3H). HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_{23}H_{36}]^+$ requires m/z 312.2817, found m/z 312.2816.

General Procedures for Isomerization–Hydroboration of Alkenes: To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk flask cooled under nitrogen, $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.025 mmol), L (0.03 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL) were added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min. Then, alkene (1.0 mmol), HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol) were added in sequence and stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The resulting solution was filtered by a short pad of silica gel and washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrate was concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1as the eluent to give the corresponding product.



$(S) \hbox{-} 2-(1, 6-diphenylhexyl) \hbox{-} 4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl \hbox{-} 1, 3, 2-dioxaborolane \qquad (2a):$

Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), **L8** (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1a** (0.2358 g, 1.0

mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2a** (0.3259 g, 0.89 mmol, 90% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2979, 2929, 2857, 1458, 1368, 1324, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +16.1$ (c 1.15, CHCl₃), 98% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 20.2 (major), 22.1 (minor).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.08 (m, 10H), 2.56 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.89-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.53 (m, 3H), 1.39-1.24 (m, 4H), 1.19 (s, 6H), 1.17 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.4, 142.8, 128.4, 128.3, 128.19, 128.16, 125.5, 125.1, 83.2, 35.9, 32.5, 31.3, 29.2, 29.1, 24.60, 24.55.HRMS (EI) calculated for[C₂₄H₃₃BO₂]⁺ requires m/z 364.2574, found m/z 364.2574.

(S)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-phenylbutyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan



e (2b): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), **L8** (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1b** (0.2120 g, 0.99

mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2b** (0.2873 g, 0.84 mmol, 85% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2978, 2925, 2853, 1454, 1368, 1324, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +19.0 (c 0.92, CHCl₃), 96% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 7.7 (minor), 8.9 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.87-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.70 -1.56 (m, 6H), 1.31-1.08 (m, 20H), 0.90-0.75 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.5, 128.3, 128.2, 125.0, 83.2, 37.47, 37.45, 33.43, 33.35, 32.9, 26.7, 26.5, 26.4, 24.63, 24.56. HRMS (EI) calculated for[C₂₂H₃₅BO₂]⁺ requires m/z 342.2730, found m/z 342.2726.



(S)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(p-tolyl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxab orolane (2c): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1c (0.2288 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μ L, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h,

the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2c** (0.2869 g, 0.80 mmol, 80% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2979, 2924, 2852, 1453, 1366, 1323, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +20.8$ (c 1.18, CHCl₃); 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 7.9 (minor), 10.1 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.11-7.02 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.25 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.84-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.69-1.57 (m, 6H), 1.31-1.08 (m, 20H), 0.88-0.76 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 140.4, 134.3, 128.9, 128.2, 83.1, 37.5, 33.44, 33.35, 33.1, 26.7, 26.5, 26.4, 24.64, 24.58, 21.0. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₃H₃₇BO₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 379.2784, found m/z 379.2786.



(S)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(*m*-tolyl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxabor

olane (2d): Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0044 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1d (0.2288 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the

resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2d** (0.2784 g, 0.78 mmol, 78% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2979, 2924, 2854, 1453, 1366, 1323, 1146 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +18.2 (c 0.90, CHCl₃); 98% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 7.2 (minor), 7.8 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.25 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.85-1.74 (m, 1H), 1.71-1.55 (m, 6H), 1.32-1.08 (m, 20H), 0.90-0.74 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.4, 137.6, 129.2, 128.0, 125.8, 125.3, 83.2, 37.5, 37.4, 33.4, 33.3, 33.0, 26.7, 26.6, 26.4, 24.61, 2005

24.56, 21.4.HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^+[C_{23}H_{38}BO_2]^+$ requires m/z 357.2965, found m/z 357.2959.



(*S*)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl -1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2e): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0044 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1e(0.2448 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180

μL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 and PE/EtOAc = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **2e** (0.2608 g, 0.70 mmol, 70% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2924, 2853, 1511, 1455, 1367, 1323, 1247, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +26.8 (c 0.76, CHCl₃); 98% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 15.8 (minor), 16.8 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.14-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.82-6.76 (m, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.23 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.82-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.51 (m, 6H), 1.30-1.10 (m, 20H), 0.88-0.75 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ157.2, 135.5, 129.1, 113.6, 83.1, 55.1, 37.5, 37.4, 33.4, 33.34, 33.13, 31.2, 26.7, 26.43, 26.40, 24.63, 24.56. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₃H₃₈BO₃]⁺ requires m/z 373.2914, found m/z 373.2912.



1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 100/1 as the eluent to afford **2f** (0.3423 g, 0.82 mmol, 81% yield) as a white solid. IR (neat): 2922, 2851, 1486, 1448, 1361, 1322, 1143 cm⁻¹;Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +23.7$ (c 1.15, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0

mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 11.8 (minor), 13.2 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.63-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.34-7.23 (m, 3H), 2.35 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.90-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.57 (m, 6H), 1.34-1.10 (m, 20H), 0.91-0.76 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): *6*142.7, 141.2, 137.8, 128.7, 128.6, 126.90, 126.86, 126.8, 83.2 37.5, 33.4, 33.3, 32.9, 26.7, 26.5, 26.4, 24.64, 24.57. HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^+[C_{28}H_{40}BO_2]^+$ requires m/z 419.3121, found m/z 419.3129.



(S)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3, 2-dioxaborolane (2g): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0043 g, 0.024 mmol), L8 (0.0127 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1g (0.2332 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol).

After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL \times 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford 2g (0.3024 g, 0.84 mmol, 84% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2978, 2924, 2852, 1509, 1451, 1367, 1326, 1225, 1146 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{20} = +18.4$ (c 1.20, CHCl₃), 98% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 8.1 (minor), 8.8 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.18-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.96-6.89 (m, 2H), 2.27 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.83-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.53 (m, 6H), 1.29-1.08 (m, 20H), 0.88-0.75 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 160.9 (d, J = 243.0 Hz, 1C), 139.0 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1C), 129.5 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1C), 114.9 (d, J = 20.6 Hz, 1C), 83.3, 37.5, 37.4, 33.4, 33.3, 33.0, 26.7, 26.4, 24.62, 24.55; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -119.0.HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+H]^{+}[C_{22}H_{35}BFO_{2}]^{+}$ requires m/z 361.2714, found m/z 361.2697.



(S)-2-(1-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-cyclohexylbutyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2dioxaborolane (2h): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0124 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1

mL), 1h (0.2490 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h,

the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL \times 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2h** (0.2712 g, 0.72 mmol, 72% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2976, 2925, 2853, 1464, 1367, 1328, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +12.0 (c 0.90, CHCl₃), 97% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 13.3 (major), 14.3 (minor).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.22-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.05 (m, 2H), 2.27 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.85-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.71-1.54 (m, 6H), 1.30-1.08 (m, 20H), 0.92-0.75 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 145.7, 133.9, 129.4, 128.4, 126.5, 125.2, 83.4, 37.41, 37.37, 33.4, 33.3, 32.6, 26.7, 26.4, 24.60, 24.55. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₂H₃₄BClO₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 399.2238, found m/z 399.2231.



(S)-2-(1-(3-bromophenyl)-4-cyclohexylbutyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramet hyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2i): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0047 g, 0.027 mmol), L8 (0.0125 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1i (0.2963 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μ L, 1.2

mmol). After 48 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 100/1 as the eluent to afford **2i** (0.3378 g, 0.80 mmol, 79 % yield) a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2923, 2852, 1471, 1360, 1325, 1143 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +13.9 (c 1.02, CHCl₃),97 % ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 0.8 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 18.5 (minor), 19.5 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.41-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.06 (m, 2H), 2.26 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.83-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.52 (m, 6H), 1.33-1.10 (m, 20H), 0.92-0.72 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 146.0, 131.3, 129.7, 128.2, 127.0, 122.3, 83.4, 37.42, 37.36, 33.4, 33.3, 32.7, 26.7, 26.4, 24.60, 24.56; HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_{22}H_{34}BBrO_2]^+$ requires m/z 420.1835, found m/z 420.1838.



(*S*)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(2-fluorophenyl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2dioxaborolane (2j): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0176 g, 0.099 mmol), L8 (0.0494 g, 0.120 mmol), Et₂O (1
mL), **1j** (0.2360 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μL, 1.2 mmol). After 48 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 100/1 as the eluent to afford **2j** (0.2322 g, 0.80 mmol, 63 % yield) a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2923, 2852,1453, 1370, 1324, 1144 cm⁻¹; OpticalRotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +23.5 (c 1.05, CHCl₃), 99 % ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 8.4 (minor), 9.1 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):7.23 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.03 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01-6.93 (m, 1H), 2.52 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.85-1.74 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.56 (m, 6H), 1.32-1.04 (m, 20H), 0.90-0.71 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ161.0 (d, *J* = 244.5 Hz, 1C), 130.6 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1C), 130.3 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1C), 126.5 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1C), 123.8 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1C), 115.0 (d, *J* = 22.8 Hz, 1C), 83.3, 37.5, 37.4, 33.4, 33.3, 31.5, 26.7, 26.4, 26.3, 24.7, 24.6;¹⁹F NMR: (376 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -117.2; HRMS (EI) calculated for [C₂₂H₃₄BFO₂]⁺ requires m/z 360.2636, found m/z 360.2636.

(S)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(o-tolyl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxabor

olane (2k): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0180 g, 0.10 mmol), L8 (0.0496 g, 0.12 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1k (0.2298 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μL, 1.2 mmol). After 48 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 100/1 as the eluent to afford 2k (0.1097 g, 0.31 mmol, 31% yield) as a colorless oil. >99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 7.0 (minor), 7.9 (major). IR (neat): 2923, 2852,1454, 1363, 1321, 1144 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +9.7$ (c 1.01, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.24-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.07 (m, 2H), 7.05-6.98 (m, 1H), 2.49 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.88-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.71-1.56 (m, 6H), 1.36-1.09 (m, 20H), 0.91-0.76 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 142.0, 135.9, 130.0, 127.7, 125.8, 124.8, 83.1, 37.6, 37.5, 33.44, 33.38, 32.5, 26.8, 26.7, 26.4, 24.7, 24.6, 20.1; HRMS (ESI) calculated for[M+Na]⁺ [C₂₃H₃₇BO₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 379.2784, found m/z 379.2800.

Bpin



(S)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetrame thyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2l): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0043 g, 0.024 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1l (0.2839 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μ L, 1.2

mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2l** (0.2243 g, 0.55 mmol, 54% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2925, 2854, 1451, 1370, 1329, 1132 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +8.5$ (c 0.95, CHCl₃), 97% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 8.2 (major), 8.9 (minor).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.32 (m, 3H), 2.36 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.88-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.57 (m, 6H), 1.32-1.08 (m, 20H), 0.90-0.75 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 144.5, 131.7, 130.4 (q, J = 31.6 Hz, 1C), 128.5, 125.0 (q, J = 3.7 Hz, 1C),124.4 (q, J = 273.2 Hz, 1C),122.0 (q, J = 2.9 Hz, 1C), 83.5, 37.4, 37.3, 33.4, 33.3, 32.8, 26.7, 26.4, 24.5;¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -62.5.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₃H₃₄BF₃O₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 433.2502, found m/z 433.2498.

(*S*)-4-cyclohexyl-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)butan-1-ol (3m): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1m (0.2645 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μ L, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H₂O₂ (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **3m** (0.2357 g, 0.83 mmol, 83% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3264, 2922, 2852, 1453, 1371, 1313, 1048 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -20.9$ (c 0.90, CHCl₃), 98% ee determined by HPLC,

HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 10.5 (minor), 13.6 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.86-7.80 (m, 3H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 3H), 4.87-4.79 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.57 (m, 8H), 1.51-1.38 (m, 1H), 1.36-1.05 (m, 7H), 0.91-0.77 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 142.3, 133.3, 132.9, 128.2, 127.9, 127.7, 126.1, 125.7, 124.6, 124.1, 74.8, 39.3, 37.5, 37.3, 33.4, 33.3, 26.7, 26.4, 23.1.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₀H₂₆ONa]⁺ requires m/z 305.1881, found m/z 305.1893.



(S)-2-(4-cyclohexyl-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)butyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3 ,2-dioxaborolane (2n): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0089 g, 0.050 mmol), L8 (0.0251 g, 0.061 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1n (0.2661 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μ L, 1.2 mmol).

After 48 h, the resulting solution was added 20 ml of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 100/1 as the eluent to afford **2 n** (0.2761 g, 0.70 mmol, 70% yield) as a white solid. IR (neat):2922, 2851, 1322, 1143 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +27.4 (c 0.90, CHCl₃), >99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 11.0 (minor), 13.4 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.16 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.84-7.74 (m, 1H), 7.68-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.32 (m, 4H), 3.02 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.10-1.98 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.69-1.57 (m, 5H), 1.42-1.30 (m, 2H), 1.24-1.04 (m, 18H), 0.89-0.75 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 140.1, 134.0, 132.2, 128.7, 125.71, 125.67, 125.3, 125.13, 125.06, 124.2, 83.3,37.6, 37.5, 33.40, 33.35, 32.4, 26.8, 26.7, 26.4, 24.7, 24.5. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₆H₃₈BO₂]⁺ requires m/z 393.2965, found m/z 393.2967.



(*S*)-**5**-(**4**-cyclohexyl-1-(**4**,**4**,**5**,**5**-tetramethyl-1,**3**,**2**-dioxaborolan-2-yl) **butyl**)-**2**-methoxypyridine (**2o**): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0043 g, 0.024 mmol), **L8** (0.0127 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **10** (0.2458 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180

 μ L, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and s291

purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **20** (0.2405 g, 0.64 mmol, 64% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2979, 2923, 2851, 1605, 1491, 1452, 1367, 1323, 1283, 1143 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +17.1 (c 1.13, CHCl₃), 97% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 21.8 (major), 25.8 (minor).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.81-1.50 (m, 7H), 1.30-1.08 (m, 20H), 0.90-0.74 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.2, 146.0, 138.9, 131.4, 110.3, 83.4, 53.2, 37.5, 37.3, 33.4, 33.3, 33.0, 29.7, 28.3, 26.7, 26.4, 26.2, 24.65, 24.60. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₂H₃₆BNO₃Na]⁺ requires m/z 396.2686, found m/z 396.2687.



(S)-2-(1-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-4-cyclohexylbutyl)-4,4,5,5tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2p): Prepared according to the

general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0086 g, 0.049mmol), L8 (0.0246

g, 0.060mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1p** (0.2911 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 24 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 100/1 as the eluent to afford **2p** (0.3361 g, 0.87mmol, 87% yield) as a white solid.IR (neat): 2921, 2850, 1368, 1323, 1142 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +12.4 (c 1.02, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr15.02 (major), 16.17 (minor). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.92-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.14 (s, 1H), 2.73 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.98-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.57 (m, 5H), 1.41-1.31 (m, 2H), 1.26-1.10 (m, 18H), 0.90-0.78 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 140.3, 139.2, 137.7, 123.9, 123.4, 122.7, 122.1, 120.3, 83.4, 37.49, 37.46, 33.4, 31.7, 26.71, 26.67, 26.4, 24.7, 24.6. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₄H₃₆BO₂S]⁺ requires m/z 399.2529, found m/z 399.2532.



(S)-2-(1,5-diphenylpentyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2q): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), **L8** (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1q** (0.2220 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL×2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2q** (0.3200 g, 0.91 mmol, 91% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2978, 2929, 2858, 1458, 1368, 1325, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$ = +17.4 (c 1.29, CHCl₃) (lit.²³: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$ = -11.8 (c 2.43, CHCl₃), 98% ee), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 11.9 (minor), 13.5 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.18 (m, 6H), 7.17-7.10 (m, 4H), 2.61-2.51 (m, 2H), 2.29 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.93-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.59 (m, 3H),1.37-1.28 (m, 2H), 1.18 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.3, 142.8, 128.4, 128.3, 128.22, 128.16, 125.5, 125.1, 83.2, 35.8, 32.5, 31.4, 28.9, 24.6, 24.5.HRMS (EI) calculated for[C₂₃H₃₁BO₂]⁺ requires m/z 350.2417, found m/z350.2414.



(*S*)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(6-(2-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)-1-phenylhexyl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2r): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O

(1 mL), **1r** (0.2468 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μ L, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2r** (0.2664 g, 0.71 mmol, 71% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2981, 2933, 1457, 1369, 1324, 1144, 1070 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +15.9$ (c 1.39, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 0.5 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 9.9 (minor), 11.0 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.85 (m, 4H), 2.28 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.89-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.56 (m, 3H), 1.39-1.22 (m, 9H), 1.20 (s, 6H), 1.18 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.4, 128.3, 128.2, 125.0, 110.2, 83.2, 64.5, 39.2, 32.4, 29.9, 29.2, 24.6, 24.5, 24.0, 23.7. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺ calculated for[C₂₂H₃₆BO₄]⁺ requires m/z 375.2707, found m/z375.2706.



(S)-ethyl 9-hydroxy-9-phenylnonanoate (3s): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0088 g, 0.050 mmol), L8

(0.0246 g, 0.060 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1s** (0.2609 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL x 3). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H_2O_2 (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 10/1 and PE/EtOAc = 5/1 as the eluent to afford **3s** (0.1821 g, 0.65 mmol, 65% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3446, 2930, 2858, 1731, 1456, 1376, 1188, 1034 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -21.6$ (c 1.22, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 23.6 (minor), 25.7 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.23 (m, 1H), 4.70-4.60 (m, 1H), 4.11 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.89 (s, 1H), 1.84-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.46-1.36 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.21 (m, 10H); 13 C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 173.9, 144.9, 128.4, 127.5, 125.9, 74.6, 60.1, 39.0, 34.3, 29.3, 29.1, 29.0, 25.7, 24.9, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^+[C_{17}H_{26}O_3Na]^+$ requires m/z 301.1780, found m/z 301.1781.

mmol), **L8** (0.0247 g, 0.060 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1t** (0.2852 g, 0.99 mmol) and HBpin (300 μ L, 2.0 mmol). After 36 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL x 3). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in THF/H₂O (10/10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaBO₃ 4H₂O (0.6188 g, 4.0 mmol) was added to this solution. After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (4 × 20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using

PE/EtOAc (5/1 to 2/1) as the eluent to afford **3t** (0.1950 g, 0.64 mmol, 64% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3403, 2930, 2854, 1623, 1454 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = -21.0 (c 0.95, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 18.3 (major), 20.2 (minor). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38-7.24 (m, 5H), 4.66 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.28 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.11 (s, 1H), 1.89-1.54 (m, 4H), 1.46-1.22 (m, 8H), 1.16 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.10 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.3, 145.0, 128.4, 127.4, 125.9, 74.5, 41.9, 40.0, 39.1, 33.1, 29.4, 29.3, 25.7, 25.4, 14.4, 13.1.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₉H₃₁NO₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 328.2252, found m/z 328.2256.



the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0124 g, 0.03 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1u** (0.1235 g, 0.5 mmol) and HBpin (180µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL x 3). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H_2O_2 (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 5/1 as the eluent to afford **3u** (0.0610 g, 0.23mmol, 46% yield) as a colorless oil.IR (neat): 3360, 2931, 2856, 1454, 1378,1045 cm-1; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} =$ -24.2 (c 2.10, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 7.6 (minor), 8.2 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 1H), 4.63 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 1H), 1.86-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.34 (m, 4H), 1.36 -1.21 (m, 9H), 1.18 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ144.9, 128.3, 127.4, 125.8, 74.5, 71.0, 43.8, 39.0, 30.0, 29.45, 29.40, 29.1, 25.7, 24.2. HRMS (ESI) calculated for $[M+Na]^{+}[C_{17}H_{28}O_2Na]^{+}$ requires m/z 287.1987, found m/z 287.1987.



(S)-9-phenyl-9-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-

yl)nonan-1-ol (2v): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0087 g, 0.049 mmol), **L8** (0.0249 g, 0.060 mmol),

Et₂O (1 mL), **1v** (0.0.2183 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μL, 1.2 mmol). After 24 h, the resulting solution was added 20 ml of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (20 ml x 3). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 3/1 as the eluent to afford **2v** (0.1500 g, 0.43 mmol, 43% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3376, 2926, 2854, 1453, 1370, 1323, 1143 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +14.5 (c 1.04, CHCl₃), >99% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 37.9 (minor), 40.1 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.26-7.17 (m, 4H), 7.16-7.07 (m, 1H), 3.62 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.92-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.49 (m, 3H), 1.35-1.22 (m, 11H), 1.20 (s, 6H), 1.18 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.5, 128.3, 128.2, 125.0, 83.2, 63.1, 32.8, 32.5, 29.5, 29.4, 29.3, 29.2, 25.7, 24.62, 24.55; HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_{21}H_{35}BO_3]^+$ requires m/z 346.2679, found m/z 346.2677.

(S)-2-(9-hydroxy-9-phenylnonyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3w):

(0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), **L8** (0.0125 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1w** (0.1740 g, 0.5 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL x 3). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H_2O_2 (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 5/1 as the eluent to afford **3w** (0.1029 g, 0.28 mmol, 56% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3471, 2928, 2857, 1771, 1710, 1400, 1062 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D} = -10.9$ (c 1.20, CHCl₃), 86% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 9.8

(minor), 11.0 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.86-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.74-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.20 (m, 5H), 4.64 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (s, 1H), 1.83-1.56 (m, 4H), 1.45-1.15 (m, 10H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.4, 144.9, 133.8, 132.0, 128.3, 127.3, 125.8, 123.1, 74.5, 39.0, 37.9, 29.3, 29.2, 28.9, 28.5, 26.7, 25.6. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₃H₂₇NO₃Na]⁺ requires m/z 388.1889, found m/z 388.1892.

Ph (S)-1-phenylbutan-1-ol (3x): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0125 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1x (0.1328 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL \times 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H₂O₂ (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 10/1 as the eluent to afford 3x (0.0526 g, 0.35 mmol, 35% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3381, 2957, 2869, 1455, 1025 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -51.3$ (c 0.83, CHCl₃) (lit.²⁴: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -47.6$ (c 0.5, CHCl₃), 99% ee), >99% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 8.8 (minor), 10.6 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.39-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 1H), 4.66 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (s, 1H), 1.84-1.74 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.50-1.38 (m, 1H), 1.36-1.22 (m, 1H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 144.9, 128.4, 127.4, 125.9, 74.4, 41.2, 19.0, 13.9. All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.²⁴The absolute configuration of 2xwas verified by comparison of the optical rotation of 3x with previously reported data²⁴ and the other products were then assigned by analogy.

 $_{Ph}$ (S)-1-phenylpentadecan-1-ol (3y): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1y (0.2880 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the

resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H₂O₂ (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **3y** (0.2008 g, 0.66 mmol, 65% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3368, 2919, 2852, 1463, 1062 cm⁻¹;OpticalRotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = -18.3 (c 1.03, CHCl₃), 98% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 8.2 (minor), 10.1 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 1H), 4.70-4.63 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.65 (m, 3H), 1.44-1.20 (m, 24H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 144.9, 128.4, 127.5, 125.9, 74.7, 39.1, 31.9, 29.68, 29.66, 29.64, 29.57, 29.53, 29.52, 29.4, 25.8, 22.7, 14.1. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₁H₃₇O]⁺ requires m/z 305.2844, found m/z 305.2831.

$(S) \hbox{-} 2-(6, 6-dimethyl \hbox{-} 1-phenylheptyl) \hbox{-} 4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl \hbox{-} 1, 3, 2-dioxaborola$



ne (2z): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0046 g, 0.026 mmol), **L8** (0.0125 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1z** (0.2020 g, 1.0

mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2z** (0.2741 g, 0.83 mmol, 83% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2934, 1465, 1367, 1324, 1146 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +17.8$ (c 1.02, CHCl₃), 98% ee determined by HPLCafter oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 5.9 (minor), 6.4 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 1H), 2.29 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.91-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.17 (m, 16H), 1.15-1.08 (m, 2H), 0.84 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.5, 128.4, 128.2, 125.0, 83.2, 44.1, 32.7, 30.3, 29.4, 24.62, 24.57.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₁H₃₆BO₂]⁺ requires m/z 331.2808, found m/z 331.2812.



$(S) \hbox{-} 2-(6-cyclohexyl-1-phenylhexyl) \hbox{-} 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl \hbox{-} 1,3,2-dioxabor$

olane (2aa): Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0123 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1aa

(0.2426 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2aa** (0.3203 g, 0.86 mmol, 86% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2981, 2925, 2852, 1454, 1364, 1324, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +14.2 (c 0.85, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 6.0 (minor), 6.5 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-7.17 (m, 4H), 7.14-7.08 (m, 1H), 2.29 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.87-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.71-1.57 (m, 6H), 1.31-1.06 (m, 24H), 0.90-0.77 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.5, 128.3, 128.2, 125.0, 83.2, 37.6, 37.5, 33.4, 32.6, 29.9, 29.3, 26.8, 26.7, 26.4, 24.6, 24.5. HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+H]⁺[C₂₄H₄₀BO₂]⁺ requires m/z 371.3121, found m/z 371.3128.



(S)-2-(10-cyclohexyl-1-phenyldecyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-

dioxaborolane (2ab): Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0089 g, 0.050 mmol), L8 (0.0249

g, 0.060 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1ab** (0.2980 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2ab** (0.2482 g, 0.58 mmol, 58% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2925, 2853, 1455, 1366, 1324, 1145 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D} = +14.3$ (c 1.11, CHCl₃); 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 8.8 (minor), 10.7 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.15-7.08 (m, 1H), 2.29 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.86-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.57 (m, 6H), 1.31-1.08 (m, 32H), 0.90-0.78 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.5, 128.3, 128.2, 125.0, 83.2, 37.7, 37.6, 33.4, 32.6, 30.0, 29.7, 29.6, 29.5, 29.3, 26.9, 26.8, 26.4, 24.6, 24.5. HRMS (ESI) calculated for s299



(S)-2-(3-cyclohexyl-1-phenylpropyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2ac): Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0125 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1ac (0.2006 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 μ L, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was

added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2ac** (0.2443 g, 0.74 mmol, 74% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2980, 2924, 2852, 1453, 1368, 1324, 1147 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +15.1 (c 1.1, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99.1/0.9, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 10.5 (minor), 11.1 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.14-7.08 (m, 1H), 2.25 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.89-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.73-1.58 (m, 6H), 1.26 -1.07 (m, 18H), 0.90-0.78 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.5, 128.3, 128.2, 125.0, 83.2, 37.7, 37.1, 33.4, 33.3, 29.9, 26.7, 26.4, 24.6, 24.5. HRMS (EI) calculated for[C₂₁H₃₃BO₂]⁺ requires m/z 328.2574, found m/z 328.2574.



(S)-2-(cyclohexyl(phenyl)methyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxabo rolane (2ad): Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0179 g, 0.010mmol), L8 (0.0495 g, 0.12mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1ad (0.1744 g,

1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 48 h, the resulting solution was

added 20 ml of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 100/1 as the eluent to afford **2ad** (0.1670 g, 0.55 mmol, 55% yield) a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2922, 2851, 1449, 1356, 1318, 1143 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +13.0$ (c 0.99, CHCl₃), >99 % ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 8.3 (minor), 10.0 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.25-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.15-7.08 (m, 1H), 2.04 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 1.87-1.66 (m, 3H), 1.48-1.23 (m, 4H), 1.19 (s, 6H), 1.17 (s, 6H), 1.15-0.95 (m, 3H), 0.86-0.68 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 141.7, 129.1, 128.0, 125.1, 83.1, 40.2, 33.8, 32.4, 26.6, 26.5, 26.3, 24.6, 24.5; HRMS

(EI) calculated for $[C_{19}H_{29}BO_2]^+$ requires m/z 300.2261, found m/z 300.2258.



(S)-1-phenyl-6-(o-tolyl)hexan-1-ol (3ae): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g,

0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1ae** (0.1259 g, 0.5 mmol) and HBpin (90 µL, 0.6 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H₂O₂ (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 10/1 as the eluent to afford **3ae** (0.0903 g, 0.34mmol, 67% yield, 11/1 ratio) as a colorless oil.IR (neat): 3349, 2930, 2857, 1492, 1454, 1027 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}}$ = -21.3 (c 1.40, CHCl₃), 98% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm,tr 41.3 (minor), 44.6 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38-7.03 (m,9H), 4.89 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 0.08H), 4.63 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 0.95H), 2.63-2.52 (m, 2H), 2.30 (s, 0.24H), 2.27 (s, 2.55H), 1.92 (s, 1H), 1.86-1.23 (m, 8H).HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₁₉H₂₄ONa]⁺ requires m/z 291.1725, found m/z 291.1735.



Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0023 g, 0.013 mmol), L8 (0.0063 g, 0.015 mmol), Et₂O (0.5 mL), **1af** (0.0901 g, 0.25 mmol) and HBpin (40 µL, 0.26 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL x 3). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (1.0 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H₂O₂ (1.0 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room

temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 and PE/EtOAc = 10/1 as the eluent to afford a mixture of (*Z*)-**3af** and (*E*)-**3af** (0.0504 g, 0.13 mmol, 54% yield, (*Z*)-**3af** /(*E*)-**3af** = 1.26/1) as a colorless oil. 94 % ee for (*Z*)-**3af** and 94% ee for (*E*)-**3af** determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr_{(*Z*)-**3af**} 7.3 (minor), 8.7 (major) and tr_{(*E*)-**3af** 10.9 (minor), 14.5 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36-7.05 (m, 9H), 5.86-5.78 (m, 0.42H), 5.53-5.45 (m, 0.53H), 4.64 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 0.91H), 2.64 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1.17H), 2.57-2.48 (m, 0.93H), 2.34-2.24 (m, 1.14H), 2.01 (s, 1.68H), 1.96 (s, 1.30H), 1.84-1.61 (m, 7H), 1.49-1.10 (m, 9H), 0.92-0.78 (m, 2H).}



(S)-(R)-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-((4R,8R)-4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)chroman-6-yl-9-hydroxy-9-p henylnonanoate (3ag): Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0126 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1ag (0.3220 g, 0.5 mmol) and HBpin (90 μ L, 0.6 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL x 3). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H_2O_2 (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 5/1 as the eluent to afford **3ag** (0.1989 g, 0.30 mmol, 60% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3559, 2930, 2857, 1753, 1459, 1148, 1102 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -7.0$ (c 0.91, CHCl₃), 98% de determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 8.2 (major), 9.3 (minor).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.37-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 1H), 4.64 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.62-2.51 (m, 4H), 2.12-1.90 (m, 10H), 1.86-1.63 (m, 6H), 1.59-0.98 (m, 32H), 0.90-0.82 (m,

12H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.3, 149.3, 144.9, 140.5, 128.4, 127.4, 126.6, 125.8, 124.8, 122.9, 117.3, 75.0, 74.6, 39.3, 39.0, 37.4, 37.2, 34.1, 32.8, 32.7, 31.1, 29.3, 29.2, 29.1, 27.9, 25.7, 25.1, 24.8, 24.4, 22.7, 22.6, 21.0, 20.6, 19.7, 19.6, 12.9, 12.1, 11.8.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₄₄H₇₀O₄Na]⁺ requires m/z 685.5172, found m/z 685.5176.



(*S*)-2-(2-cyclohexyl-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)ethyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2dioxaborolane (2ah): Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), **L8** (0.0125 g, 0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), 1ah (0.2369 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h,

the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2ah** (0.1990 g, 0.55 mmol, 55% yield) as a white solid. IR (neat): 2922, 2850, 1448, 1323, 1141 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +20.9 (c 1.15, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 13.8 (minor), 18.2 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.82-7.70 (m, 3H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.35 (m, 3H), 2.63 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.90-1.56 (m, 7H), 1.28-1.16 (m, 16H), 1.00-0.82 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 141.2, 133.8, 131.7, 127.6, 127.49, 127.46, 127.4, 126.1, 125.5, 124.7, 83.3, 39.7, 36.5, 33.7, 32.9, 29.5, 26.6, 26.31, 26.25, 24.6, 24.5.HRMS (ESI) calculated for [M+Na]⁺[C₂₄H₃₃BO₂Na]⁺ requires m/z 387.2471, found m/z 387.2478.

Gram scale reaction:



(S)-2-(1,6-diphenylhexyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2a): Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0088 g, 0.050 mmol), L8 (0.0249 g, 0.060 mmol), Et₂O (5.0 mL), 1a (1.1822 g, 5.0

mmol) and HBpin (0.90 μ L, 6.0 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL x 4). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2a** (1.7324 g, 4.76 mmol, 95% yield) as a colorless oil. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +15.8$ (c 1.04, CHCl₃); 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol,

HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 0.5 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 10.7 (minor), 12.3 (major).

Applications of chiral boronic ester



(S)-2-(2-cyclohexyl-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)ethyl)thiophene (4): Prepared according to the previous reported literature,²⁵ a solution of thiophene (32 µL, 0.40 mmol, 1.3 eq.) in THF (2.0 mL) was cooled to -78 °C and treated with n-BuLi (160 µL, 0.40 mmol, 2.5 M in hexanes, 1.3 eq.). The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min and at room temperature for 3 h. The mixture was cooled to -78 °C and a solution of 2ah (0.1098 g, 0.30 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in THF (1.5 mL) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and a solution of NBS (0.0720 g, 0.4 mmol, 1.3 eq.) in THF (1.0 mL) was added dropwise. After 1 h at -78 °C, Na₂S₂O₃ sat. was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was exracted with EtOAc (2x30 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 200-300 mesh) using PE/EtOAc = 50/1 as the eluent to afford 4 (0.0454 g, 47% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 2921, 2850, 1447, 1262 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{20} = +51.6$ (c 1.0, CHCl₃), 98% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 0.5 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 22.2 (major), 29.7 (minor).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.82-7.74 (m, 3H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.50-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.12 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 4.8, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (dd, J = 8.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (dd, J = 7.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 1.75-1.54 (m, 4H), 1.29–0.89 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 150.0, 142.3, 133.5, 132.3, 128.2, 127.7, 127.6, 126.5, 126.1, 126.0, 125.9, 125.4, 123.7, IR (neat): 2981, 2933, 1457, 1369, 1324, 1144, 1070 cm-1;123.4, 44.9, 43.6, 34.9, 33.6, 32.9, 26.6, 26.1, 26.0.All the spectroscopic data were in agreement with the reported ones.²⁶

Utilization of a mixture of geometrical and positional alkene isomers



Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0045 g, 0.025 mmol), **L8** (0.0127 g, 0.031 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1a/1a'** (0.2360 g, 1.0 mmol, 1/1 mixture) and HBpin (180 µL, 1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2a** (0.3456 g, 0.95 mmol, 95% yield) as a colorless oil. Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +15.4 (c 1.35, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 22.4 (major), 25.1 (minor). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.08 (m, 10H), 2.56 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.90-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.53 (m, 3H), 1.39-1.24 (m, 4H), 1.20 (s, 6H), 1.18 (s, 6H).

Deuterium labeling experiment



Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0088 g, 0.050 mmol), **L8** (0.0249 g, 0.060 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1ai** (0.2649 g, 1.0 mmol) and DBpin(180 µL,1.2 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2ai** (0.3828 g, 0.97 mmol, 97% yield) as a colorless oil.IR (neat): 2925, 2855, 1366, 1322, 1144 cm⁻¹; Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D} = +17.7$ (c 0.90, CHCl₃), 99% ee determined by HPLC after oxidized to the corresponding alcohol, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, *n* = 220 nm, tr 9.7 (minor), 11.7 (major). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.01-6.98 (m, 4H), 2.52-2.42 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.11-1.98 (m, 0.84 H), 1.89-1.76 (m, 0.85H), 1.60-49 (m, 1.90 H), 1.47-1.24 (m, 3.41H), 1.02 (s, 6H), 1.00 (s, 6H); ²H

The parallel reaction of the alkene (*E*)-1aj and (*Z*)-1aj

Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0044 g, 0.025 mmol), L8 (0.0124 g, 0.03 mmol), Et₂O (1.0 mL), (*Z*)-**1aj** (0.1040 g, 0.5 mmol) and HBpin (90 µL, 0.6 mmol). After the reaction was complete, the resulting solution was added 20 ml of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 ml x 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and analysed by ¹H NMR using TMSPh (10 uL) as the internal standard.

Supplementary Table 4. The parallel reaction of the alkene (*E*)-1aj and (*Z*)-1aj

	Ph (E) -1aj or Ph (Z) -1aj	Ph + HBpin Co(OAc) ₂ (5.0 mol%) L8 (6.0 mol%) Et ₂ O (0.5 M), r.t., 0 - 16 Ph	h Ph Ph
Entry	Time/h	Yield (from (<i>E</i>)- 1aj)	Yield (from (<i>Z</i>)- 1aj)
1	0	0%	0%
2	3	34%	33%
3	5	54%	52%
4	7	72%	71%
5	11	88%	85%
6	16	96%	97%



Supplementary Figure 246 The effect of stereochemistry of alkenes on the kinetics of the reaction

Time course reaction:

Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.0022 g, 0.0125 mmol), L8 (0.0062 g, 0.015 mmol), Et₂O (0.5 mL), **1b** (0.1072 g, 0.5 mmol) and HBpin (90 µL, 0.6 mmol). After the reaction was complete, the resulting solution was added 20 ml of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 ml x 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and analysed by ¹H NMR using TMSPh (10 uL) as the internal standard.

		Ph Cy	′ + HBpin	Co(OAc) ₂ (2.5 mol%) ligand (3.0 mol%) Et ₂ O, r.t., 0-20 h	~) >	
Ph	Ph-		- Contraction of the second se	Ph	Bpin Ph	\bigcirc
1	b	1ba	1bb	1bc	2	2b
Entry	time/h	1b ^a	1ba ^a	1bb ^a	1bc ^a	2b ^a
1	0	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
2	2	53.5%	21.0%	0.2%	16.5%	9.0%
3	4	33.3%	17.5%	0.1%	23%	19.5%
4	6	22.0%	13.7%	1.6%	23%	36.0%
5	8	14.5%	9.3%	0.3%	25.5%	43.0%
6	10	3.5%	2.3%	0.0%	24.5%	64.5%
7	13	2.0%	0.7%	0.0%	14.5%	77.0%
8	16	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	89.5%
9	20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.85%	91.0%

Supplementary Table 5. Time course of alkene isomeration-hydroboration

^aYields were determined by ¹H NMR using TMSPh as the internal standard, and is an average of two runs (0.5 mmol scale).



Supplementary Figure 247 The time course study of 1b.





Ph * C

(1*S*,7*S*)-10-cyclohexyl-7-methyl-1-phenyldecan-1-ol (3ak):

Prepared according to the general procedure using Co(OAc)₂ (0.0356 g, 0.20 mmol), **L8** (0.0990 g, 0.24 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1ak** (0.3139 g, 1.0 mmol) and HBpin (240 μ L, 1.6 mmol). After 48 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and dissolved in ether (10 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath and NaOH (2 mL of a 2 M aqueous solution) was added followed by H₂O₂ (2 mL of a 30% aqueous solution). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with ether and water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 40/1 as the eluent to afford **3ak** (0.0285 g, 0.86 mmol, 9% yield) as a colorless oil. IR (neat): 3355, 2923, 2852, 1454,

cm⁻¹; 98% de determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 8.3 (minor), 9.9 (major).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.40-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 1H), 4.75-4.60 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.64 (m, 7H), 1.41-1.02 (m, 20H), 0.90-0.79 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 144.9, 128.4, 127.5, 125.9, 74.7, 39.1, 37.9, 37.7, 37.3, 37.0, 33.5, 33.4, 32.7, 29.9, 26.9, 26.8, 26.5, 25.9, 24.2, 19.7. HRMS (EI) calculated for [C₂₃H₃₈O]⁺ requires m/z 330.2923, found m/z 330.2921.

^{Ph} (S)-(10-cyclohexyl-7-methyldecyl)benzene (5ak): Alkane 5ak was prepared from 3ak according to the literature^{27, 28} to determine the ee value of alkyl chain on 3ak. 13% ee determined by HPLC, HPLC conditions: Chiralcel

OJ-H*3, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.25 mL/min, n = 220 nm, tr 55.0 (major), 56.3 (minor). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.13 (m, 3H), 2.60 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.74-1.57 (m, 7H), 1.36-1.01 (m, 19H), 0.93-0.76 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.0, 128.4, 128.2, 125.5, 37.9, 37.7, 37.4, 37.1, 36.0, 33.5, 33.4, 32.7, 31.5, 29.9, 29.4, 27.0, 26.8, 26.5, 24.2, 19.7. HRMS (EI) calculated for $[C_{23}H_{38}]^+$ requires m/z 314.2974, found m/z 314.2971.

Linear effect reaction

L7 with different ee value was prepared by mixing L7 and $L7_{rac}$ in THF solution.

Prepared according to the general procedure using $Co(OAc)_2$ (0.025 mmol), L7 (0.030 mmol), Et₂O (1 mL), **1a** (0.5 mmol) and HBpin (90 µL, 0.6 mmol). After 20 h, the resulting solution was added 20 mL of ether and filtered through a pad of silica gel, washed by ether (10 mL × 2). The combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography using PE/EtOAc = 20/1 as the eluent to afford **2a** as a colorless oil and ee value was determined by HPLC.

Entry	ee value of ligand ^a	ee value of product ^a
1	0.0%	0.0%
2	21.3%	20.8%
3	41.3%	35.1%
4	60.4%	53.3%

Supplementary Table 6. Linear effect reaction

5	80.5%	73.6%
6	99.6%	98.0%

100% y = 0.9509x80% ee value of product $R^2 = 0.995$ 60% 40% 20% 0% 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% ee value of ligand

^aee value was determined by HPLC, and is an average of two runs (0.5 mmol scale).

Supplementary Figure 248 The Linear effect reaction

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