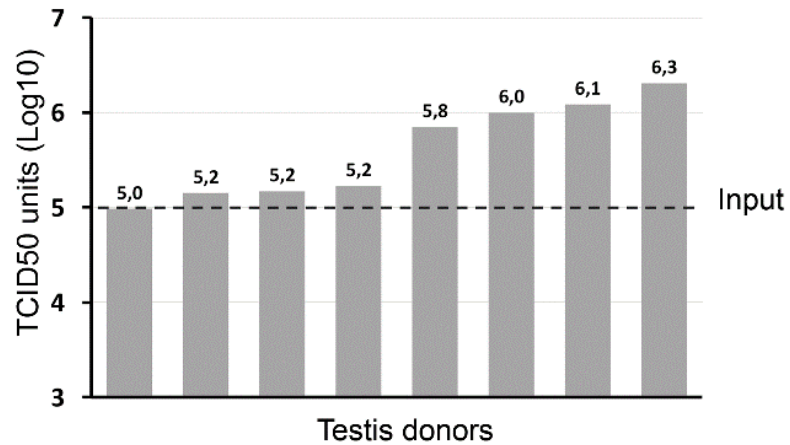
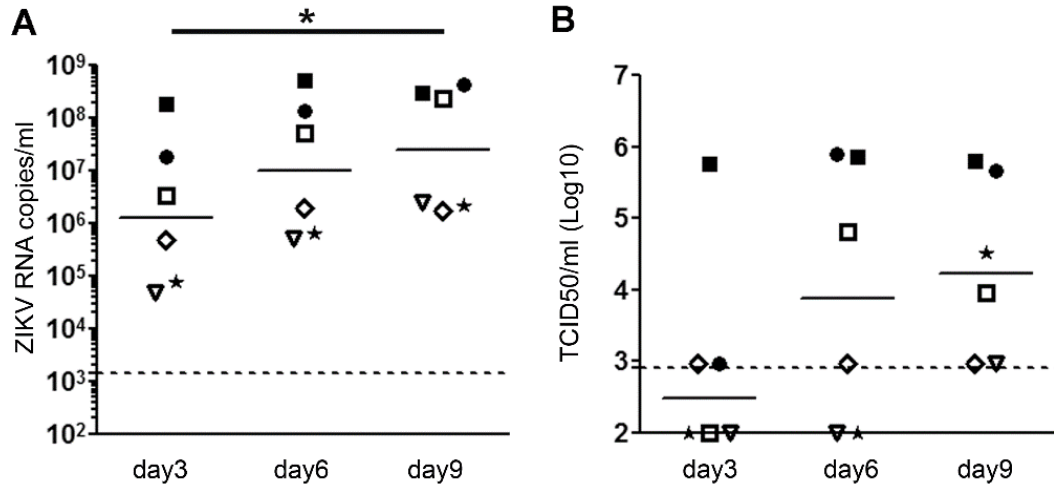


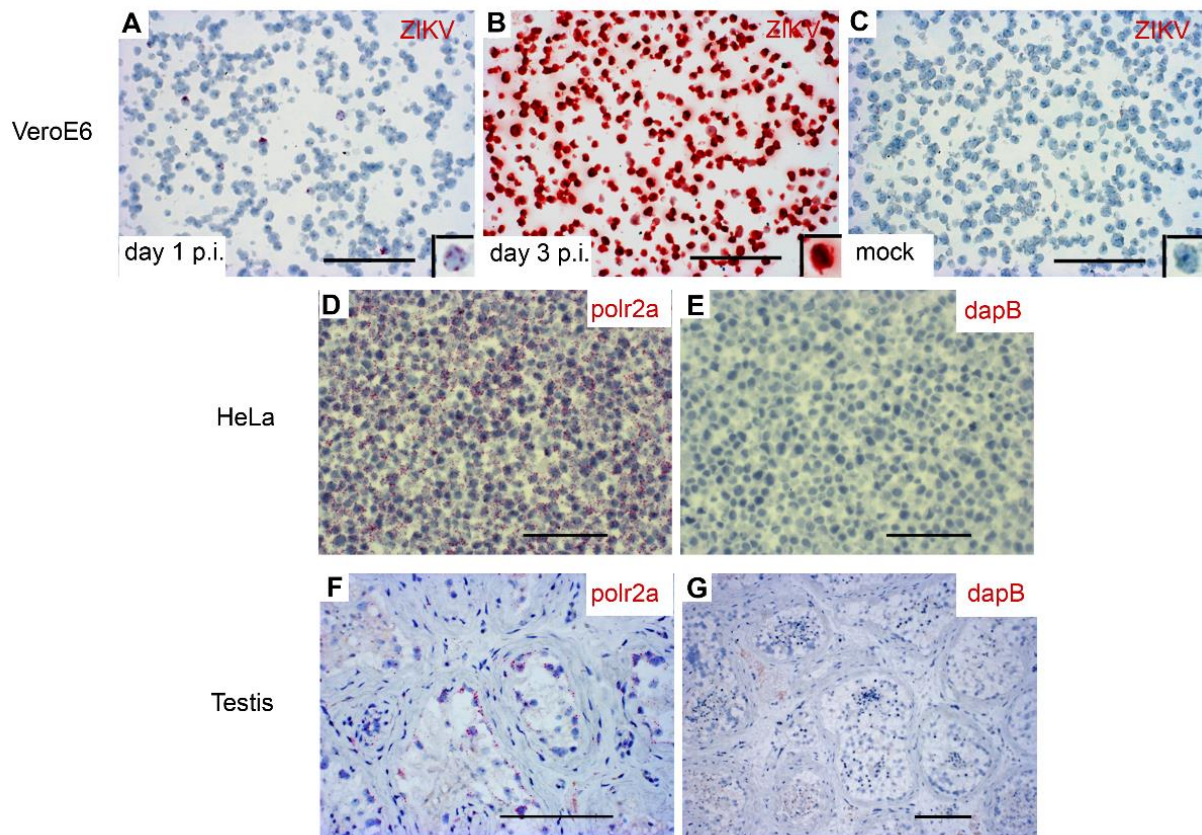
## SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATIONS



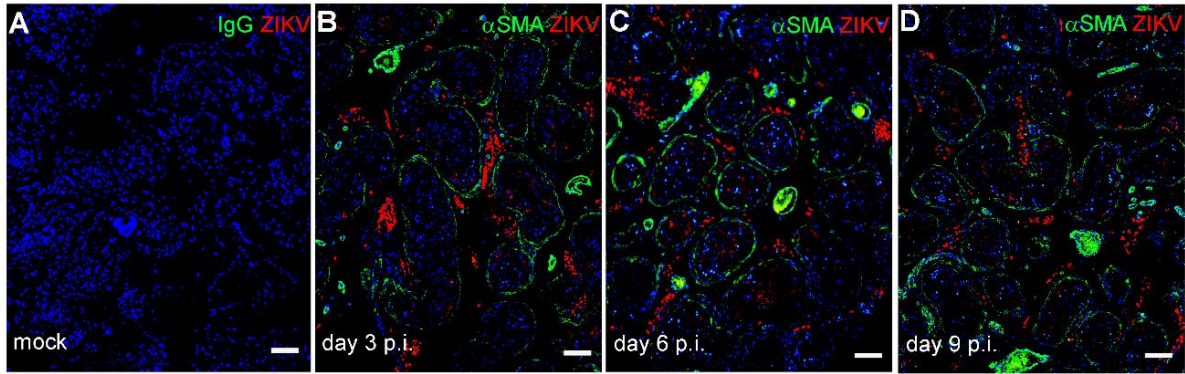
**Figure S1 Cumulative ZIKV production by testis explants over a 9 day-culture period.** Viral titer values presented in Figure 1B (viral release over a 3 day-culture period measured at day 3, day 6 and day 9 p.i.) were summed to obtain cumulative TCID<sub>50</sub> units production over the 9 day-culture period for each testis explants of the eight donors. Dotted line represents the TCID<sub>50</sub> input used for infection.



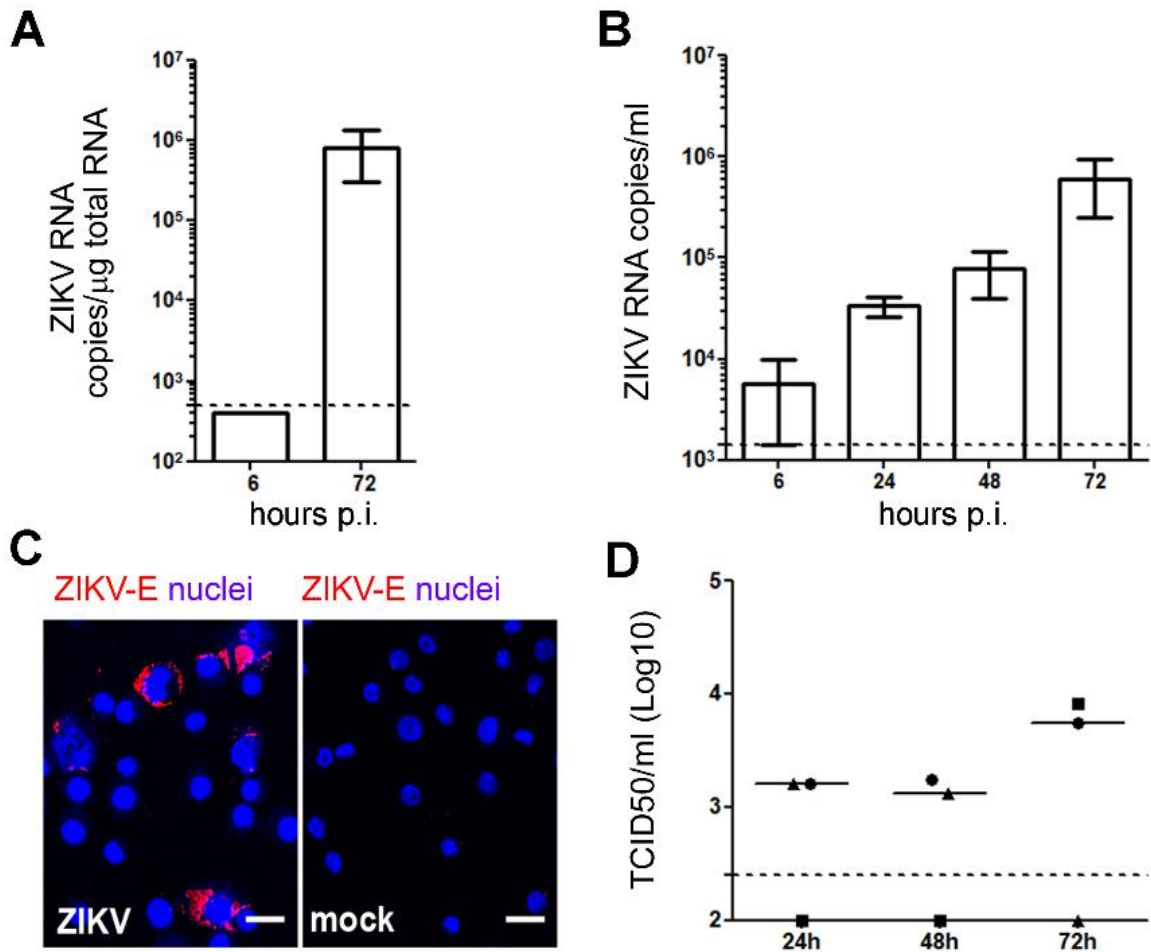
**Figure S2 Replication of ZIKV H/PF/2013 in human testicular tissue.** Human testis explants from 6 donors were ex vivo-infected overnight with  $10^5$  TCID<sub>50</sub> (corresponding to  $8 \cdot 10^7$  vRNA copies) of a low-passage Asian ZIKV strain isolated in 2013 in French Polynesia (H/PF/2013). Explants were thoroughly washed and then cultured on inserts in 1 ml of medium/well for 9 days, with media fully removed and changed every 3 days. Each of the time points (day 3, day 6, day 9) represents de novo viral release over a 3-day-culture period. A) ZIKV RNA release over a 3-day-culture period at day 3, day 6 and day 9 detected by RT-qPCR; B) Viral titers determined by infectivity assay of 3-day-culture period tissue supernatants on VeroE6 cells. Each symbol represents a different donor (same symbol/donor throughout the manuscript figures). Dotted lines represent the detection limit of the assays. Mock-infected explants were always below detection level. Bars represent median. \* $P < 0,05$  (Friedman-Dunns non-parametric comparison).



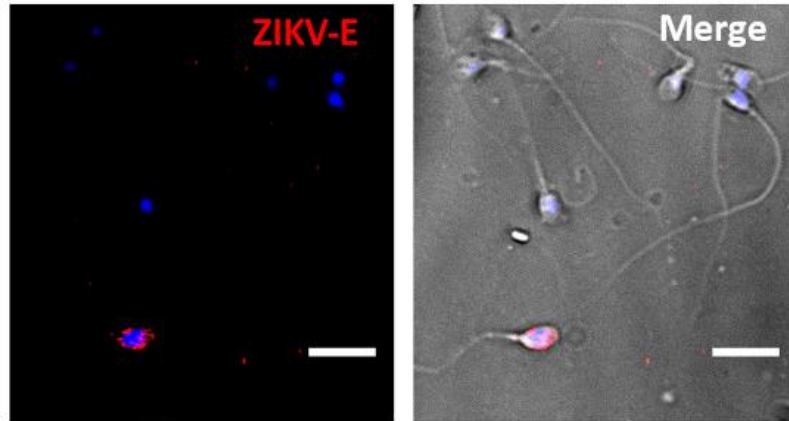
**Figure S3 RNAscope in situ hybridization (ISH) set-up.** Paraffin-embedded cell pellets (A-E) and testis tissue (F-G) underwent ISH using different probes (indicated in red). A) Vero E6 cells infected with ZIKV for 1 day showing specific punctuate red dot staining; B) Vero E6 cells infected with ZIKV for 3 days, showing intense clusters of red dots covering the cells, reflecting high infection level; C) mock-infected Vero E6; D-E) HeLa cells; F-G) Testicular tissue sections. A-C) VeroE6 cells were stained for ZIKV RNA for positive (A,B) and negative (C) controls of ISH; D, F) ISH positive control using a probe targeting human polr2a gene; E, G) ISH negative control using a probe targeting bacterial gene dapB. Scale bars=100 $\mu$ m.



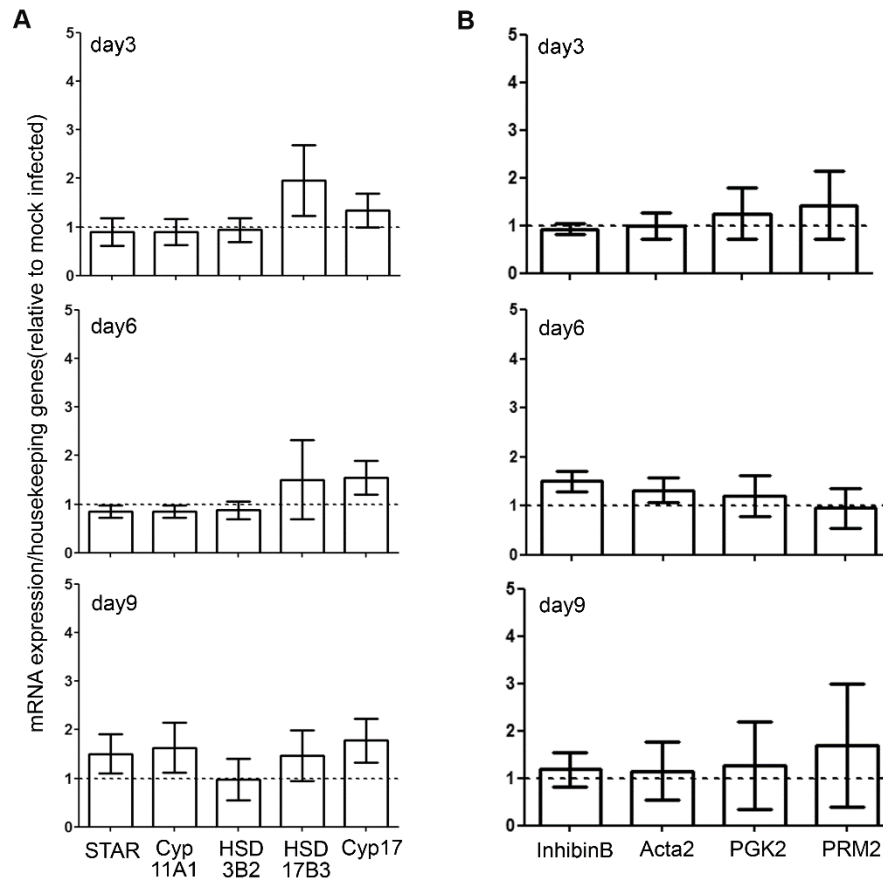
**Figure S4 Localization of ZIKV infected cells in testicular explants at different time points of infection.** RNAscope in situ hybridization for ZIKV RNA coupled to immunofluorescence for  $\alpha$ SMA (which labels peritubular cells, thus delineating seminiferous tubules, and smooth muscle cells in blood vessels walls) in mock-infected (A) and day-3 (B), day-6 (C), day-9 (D) ZIKV-infected testis explants. Nuclei are stained in blue. Scale bars=100  $\mu$ m.



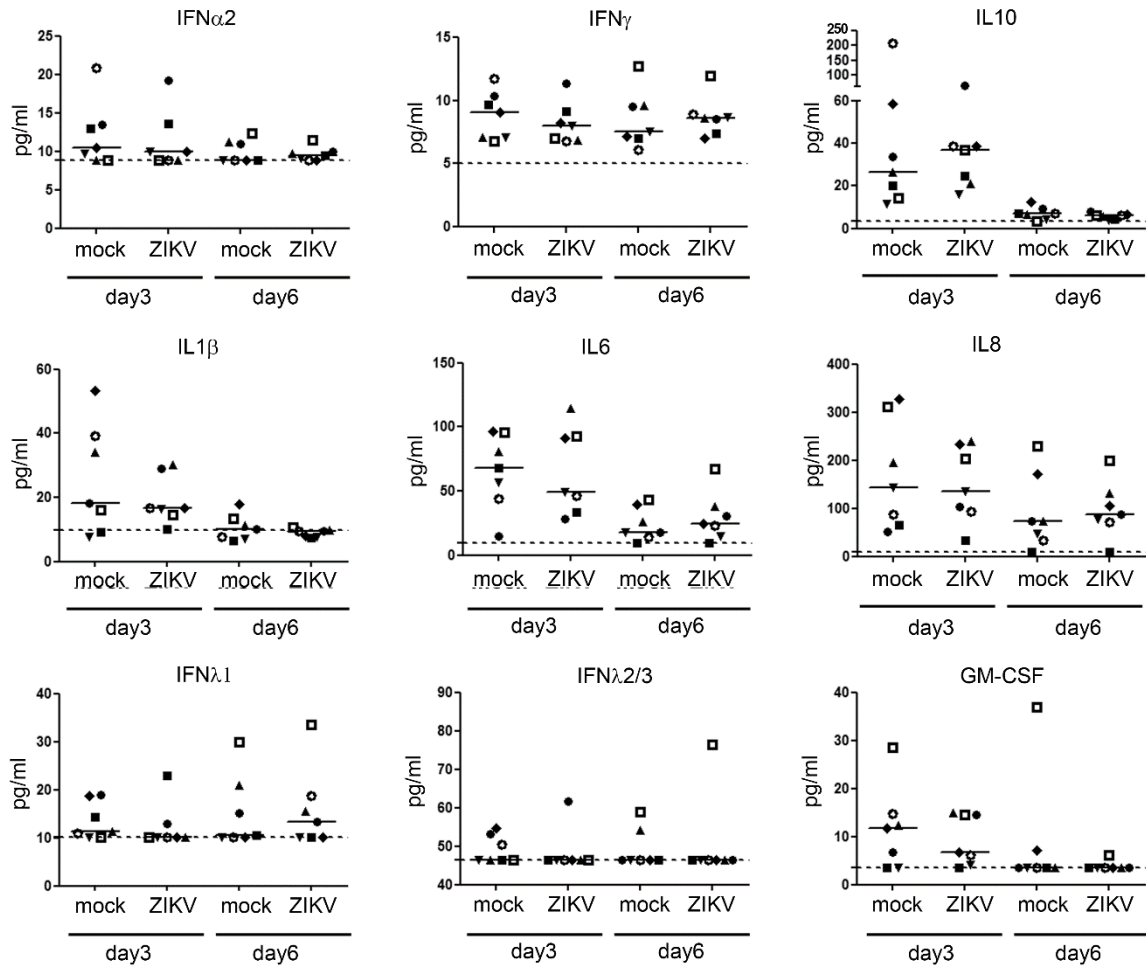
**Figure S5 ZIKV infection of testicular germ cells T-cam2.** The human testicular germ cell line Tcam-2 was infected for 2h with ZIKV (MOI 1, corresponding to  $1.43 \times 10^5$  TCID<sub>50</sub> units/ml/0.1 million cells). Viral inoculum was washed away and cells trypsinized to remove residual virus. Incubated media and cells were collected at the indicated time points post-infection. ZIKV RNA detected by RT-qPCR in cells (A) and culture supernatants (B). Mean $\pm$  SEM of 3 independent experiments is represented. C) Immunofluorescence against ZIKV envelope (ZIKV-E) protein. Nuclei are stained in blue. Scale bars=20  $\mu$ m. D) Viral titers determined by infectivity assay of tissue supernatants on VeroE6 cells. Each dot represents a different experiment. Bars represent median values. Dotted lines indicate detection limits.



**Figure S6 Detection of ZIKV in spermatozoa.** Semen smear obtained from an infected donor 11 days post-symptoms onset stained with anti-ZIKV-E antibody. Nuclei are stained in blue. Merged with brightfield image to visualize cell's morphology. Scale bars=20 $\mu$ m.



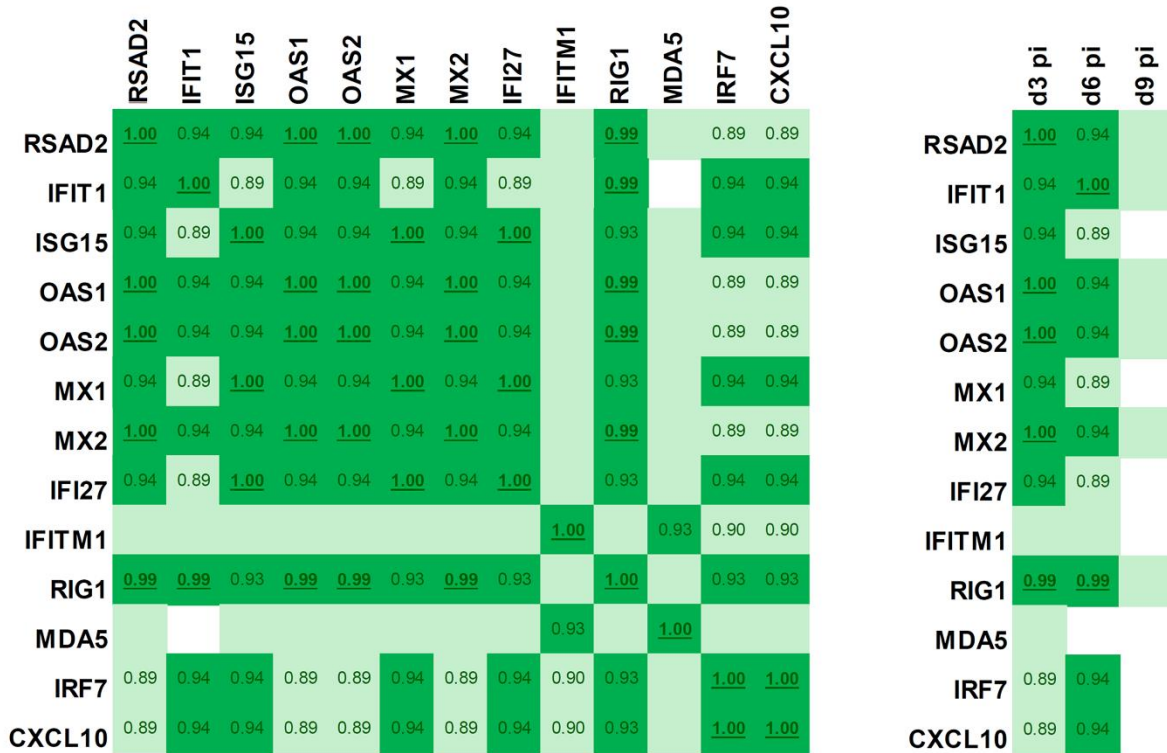
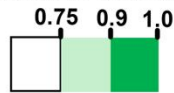
**Figure S7 Testicular gene expression in infected versus mock-infected testis explants.** Mock-infected and ZIKV-infected testis explants from 6 donors were collected at day 3, 6 and 9 post-infection and assessed by RT-qPCR for relative expression of A) steroidogenic enzymes mRNAs and B) specific transcripts for Sertoli cells (Inhibin B), peritubular myoid cells (Acta2), early meiotic (PGK2) and post-meiotic (PRM2) germ cells. Graphs represent mean  $\pm$  SEM for 6 testis donors. Dotted lines show basal expression levels in mock-infected explants.



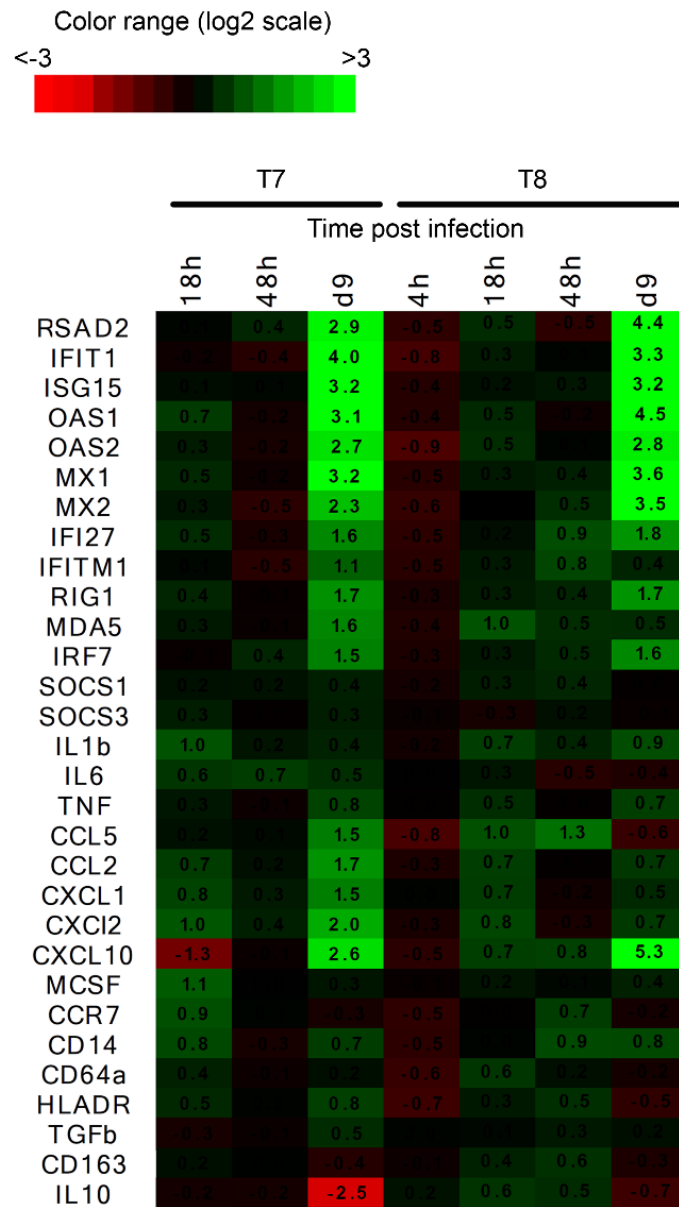
**Figure S8 Cytokines secretion in ZIKV-infected and mock-infected testis explants.** Levels of cytokines in supernatants of testis explants from 7 donors were measured by flow-cytometer based multiplex assay (Legendplex). TNF $\alpha$  and IL-12p70 concentration levels are not shown as they were below the detection threshold. Dotted lines indicate quantification limits. Each symbol represents a different donor. Bars represent median values.



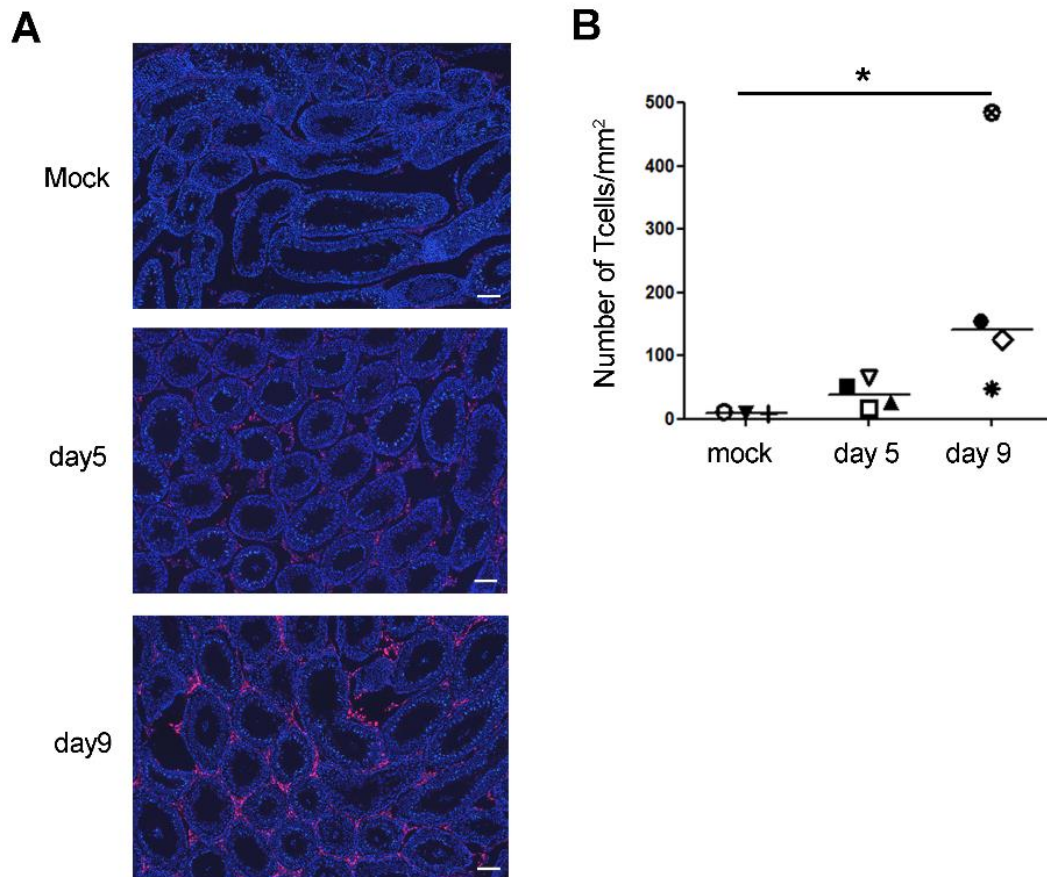
Spearman correlation



**Figure S9 Gene expression correlations in infected human testis.** Heatmap of Spearman correlation of day 9 gene expression fold increase with viral loads in supernatants at days 3, 6 and 9 post-infection (d3, d6, d9 p.i.) (left panel) or between each pair of upregulated (right panel) genes from 6 testis explants donors (T1 to T6). Cells with a Spearman rho value higher than 0.75 and 0.9 are indicated with light and dark green respectively. Rho values are reported in cells when correlation is statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$ , regular font;  $p < 0.01$  bold underlined).



**Figure S10 ZIKV triggering of gene expression at early time points post-infection.** To investigate the expression before day 3 post-infection of IFN and other genes involved in pathogen sensing, antiviral response, inflammation, chemoattraction and immunotolerance, RT-qPCR was performed on testis explants from two donors (T7 and T8) exposed to  $10^5$  TCID<sub>50</sub> of ZIKV for 18h and 48h. Testis explants from one donor (T8) were also collected at 4h post-infection. As a control for the ability of ZIKV to induce gene expression in these testis donors, infected explants were screened in RT-qPCR at day 9 post-infection. Heat map shows log<sub>2</sub> transformed expression ratios between ZIKV infected and time-matched mock-infected controls. On the scale bar, green indicates up-regulation and red, down-regulation compared to mock-infected controls Type I ( $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\lambda_2$ ,  $\lambda_3$ ) and II ( $\gamma$ ) IFN mRNAs were below quantification threshold (not shown).



**Figure S11 Immune cells infiltrates in ZIKV-infected mouse testis.** (A) Detection of T lymphocytes in mock-infected and ZIKV-infected mouse testis at day 5 and day 9 post-infection by immunofluorescence with anti-CD3 antibody. Nuclei are stained in blue. Scale bars=100 $\mu$ m. (B) Quantification of CD3+ cells in mock-infected, day 5 infected and day 9 infected mouse testis. Each symbol represent a different animal. \*  $P < 0,05$  (Kruskal–Wallis-Dunn's test non-parametric comparison).

**Supplementary Table 1.** Primers used for the relative quantification of innate immune response effector genes**Human genes**

<b>Gene</b>	<b>Forward primer (5'-3')</b>	<b>Reverse primer (5'-3')</b>
<b>ACTb</b>	TACAGCTTCACCACCACGG	TGCTCGAAGTCCAGGGCGA
<b>CCL2</b>	AGCAGCAAGTGTCCCAAAGAAG	AGTCTTCGGAGTTTGGGTTTGC
<b>CCL5</b>	TGCTGCTTTGCCTACATTGCC	TTTCGGGTGACAAAGACGACTG
<b>CCR7</b>	AGTGGGGAGACTTCTTGGCTTG	AAAACGATGGAGGGAGGGGTTT
<b>CD14</b>	GTACTCCCGCCTCAAGGAAGT	AAAGTGCAAGTCTGTGGCTTC
<b>CD163</b>	TGAGCCACACTGAAAAGGAAAATG	GCTCCATTCAATAGTCCAGGTCTTC
<b>CD64a</b>	ACACATCAGCAGGAATATCTGTAC	GAGCAACTTTGTTTCACAGCTCAGG
<b>CXCL1</b>	TTCACAGTGTGTGGTCAACATTTT	CCCTTTGTTCTAAGCCAGAAACAC
<b>CXCL10</b>	GTGGCATTCAAGGAGTACCTCTC	CGTGGACAAAATTGGCTTGCAG
<b>CXCL2</b>	CACAGTGTGTGGTCAACATTTCTC	TGCTCTAACACAGAGGGAAACAC
<b>HLADR</b>	CCTTGACCTCAGTCAAAGCAGTC	AGAGTACGGAGCAATCGAAGAGG
<b>IFI27</b>	AGTCACTGGGAGCAACTGGAC	CTGGCATGGTTCTTCTCTCTGC
<b>IFIT1</b>	CTTGAGCCTCCTTGGGTTTCGTC	GTTCTCAAAGTCAGCAGCCAGTC
<b>IFITM1</b>	CCGTGAAGTCTAGGGACAGGAAG	CACAGAGCCGAATACCAGTAACAG
<b>IFNa1</b>	ACCCACAGCCTGGATAACAG	TCCATCAGACAGGAGGAAGG
<b>IFNa2</b>	AAACTGGTTCAACATGGAATGATT	CATGAGTCTTTGAAATGGCAGATC
<b>IFNa4</b>	CCGTGCTGGTGTCTCAGCTA	GCTGTGGGTCTGAGGCAGAT
<b>IFNb</b>	CAGAAGCTCCTGTGGCAATTG	TCCTCAGGGATGTCAAAGTTCA
<b>IFNL1</b>	GAATTGGGACCTGAGGCTTCTC	GATGTGGTGCAGGGTGTGAAGG
<b>IFNL2,3</b>	CTGCCACATAGCCCAGTTCAAG	CGACTCTTCTAAGGCATCTTTGGC
<b>IL10</b>	GCTGGAGGACTTTAAGGGTTACCTG	GGGTCTTGGTTCTCAGCTTGGG
<b>IL1b</b>	CACGATGCACCTGTACGATCAC	ACATGGAGAACACCACTCGTTGC
<b>IL6</b>	TGTTTCTGCCAGTGCCTCTT	ACACAGACAGCCACTCACCTC
<b>IRF7</b>	CGCTATACCATCTACCTGGGCTTC	GCTGCTATCCAGGGAAGACACAC
<b>ISG15</b>	CGAACCTCTGAGCATCCTGGTG	CCTCGAAGGTCAGCCAGAACAG
<b>MCSF</b>	GATGGAGACCTCGTGCCAAATTAC	TATCTCTGAAGCGCATGGTGTCC
<b>MDA5</b>	AAAGCACTGCAAAAAGAAGTGTGC	TGCACCATCATTGTTCCCAAG
<b>MX1</b>	CGTTAGCCGTGGTGATTTAGCAG	ATCCTTCAATCCCGCCAGCTC
<b>MX2</b>	CCAGTAATGAGTCTTCGGTTTCTC	GAGACGTTTGGTGGTTTCCAAGAAG
<b>OAS1</b>	GATGTGCTGCCTGCCTTTGATG	TCGATGAGCTTGACATAGATTTGGG
<b>OAS2</b>	CTGAGCCAGTTGCAGAAAACAG	CAGAAGATGCCAACCAACCGG
<b>RSAD2</b>	ACATGACGGAACAGATCAAAGCAC	AGCATCTTCTCCACAATTCTCAC
<b>RIG1</b>	GACACAGAGAGTCTGGCAAAGAG	CTTTGTCTGGCATCTGGAACACC
<b>SOCS1</b>	GCAGACCCCTTCTCACCTCTTG	GAGGTAGGAGGTGCGAGTTCAG
<b>SOCS3</b>	TAAGGGGTAAAGGGCGCAAAGG	CCTGGTTGGCTTCTTGTGCTTG
<b>TGFb</b>	TCCTGGCGATACCTCAGCAAC	GGCGAAAGCCCTCAATTTCCC
<b>TNFa</b>	CTGTAGCCCATGTTGTAGCAAACC	TCTCTCAGCTCCACGCCATTG

## Mouse genes

Gene	Forward primer (5'-3')	Reverse primer (5'-3')
<b>ACTb</b>	TGGATCAGCAAGCAGGAGTACG	AAAACGCAGCTCAGTAACAGTCC
<b>CD14</b>	GACCATGGAGCGTGTGCTTG	TTGAAAGCGCTGGACCAATCTG
<b>CD19</b>	CCGAGGAAACCTGACCATCGAG	ACTGGGACTATCCATCCACCAG
<b>CD20</b>	TTCAAACCTTCCAAGCCGTATGTTG	AGAAGGCAGAGATCAGCATCGC
<b>CD3E</b>	CTGTATCACTCTGGGCTTGCTG	GCTCCTTGTTTTGCCCTCTGG
<b>CD3G</b>	TATCTCATTGCGGGACAGGATGG	CTGGTCATATTCCCGGTCTTG
<b>CD4</b>	TCTGACTCTGGACAAAGGGACAC	GGGTCAGTCTCATCTTGGGAGAG
<b>CD68</b>	CTTCGGGCCATGTTTCTCTTGC	AGAGGGGCTGGTAGGTTGATTG
<b>CD8a</b>	TGGCCCTTCTGCTGTCCTTG	ACTAGCGGCCTGGGACATTTG
<b>CD8b</b>	TCAAGACGGCCCTTCTCAGTATC	TTGTAGGAAGGACATCAACCACAG
<b>CXCL10</b>	GTCTGAGTCCCTCGCTCAAGTGG	TAGGGAGGACAAGGAGGGTGTG
<b>FOXP3</b>	AGTTCCTTCCCAGAGTTCTTCCAC	AAGGGTGGCATAGGTGAAAGGG
<b>IFIT1</b>	GGCATCACCTTCTCTGGCTAC	TTTCGGGATGTCTCAGTTGGG
<b>IFITM1</b>	AGCCTATGCCTACTCCGTGAAG	CAGACAACGATGACGACGATGG
<b>IFNa1</b>	ATTTCCCTGACCCAGGAAGATG	AGGAAGACAGGGCTCTCCAGAC
<b>IFNa2</b>	TCCTCGTGATGCTGATAGTGATGAG	CCTTCAGGCAGGAGAGAAAGGG
<b>IFNa4</b>	TGTCTGCTACTTGGAATGCAACTC	AGAGGAGGTTCTGCATCACAC
<b>IFNb1</b>	GATGAACTCCACCAGCAGACAG	GACATCTCCACGTCATCTTTCC
<b>IFNg</b>	GGAGGAACTGGCAAAGGATGG	TGTTGCTGATGGCCTGATTGTC
<b>IFNL2,3</b>	AGGATTGCCACATTGCTCAGTTC	AGCAGCCTTCTCTCGATGGC
<b>IL1b</b>	AAAGCTCTCCACCTCAATGGAC	TTGTCGTTGCTTGGTTCTCCTTG
<b>IL6</b>	TTCCTACCCCAATTTCCAATGCTC	TTGGATGGTCTTGGTCCTTAGCC
<b>ISG15</b>	GGAACAAGTCCACGAAGACCAG	CTGGGGCTTTAGGCCATACTCC
<b>MDA5</b>	ACATGAAACCAGAGGAGTATGCAC	TGGATTGTCGTTGTATTGCTTTGC
<b>MX1</b>	CTTTCTGGTCGCTGTGCAATG	TACAAAGGGCTTGCTTGCTTCC
<b>OAS1b</b>	TGCTGAAGGAGGTGAAGTTTGATG	TGGCGTAGAATTGTTGGTTAGGC
<b>RSAD2</b>	GTGGTGCAGGGATTACAAGGTG	TTAGGAGGCACTGGAAAACCTTC
<b>RIG1</b>	GCAGAACAAACCGGGCAACAG	GTTATCTCCGCTGGCTCTGAATG
<b>TNFa</b>	GTAGCCACGTCGTAGCAAAC	TCTTTGAGATCCATGCCGTTGG