

# Supplementary Information

## Human neural stem cell transplantation improves cognition in a murine model of Alzheimer's disease

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Table S1: List of primary antibodies used for immunohistochemistry (IHC).

<b>Antibody</b>	<b>Vendor</b>	<b>Cat. #</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Dilution</b>
<b>A<math>\beta</math></b>	Abcam	Ab10148	Rabbit	1:1500
<b>ChAT</b>	Millipore	AB-144-P	Rabbit	1:100
<b>IBA-1</b>	Wako	019-19741	Rabbit	1:500
<b>PSD95</b>	Abcam	Ab18258	Rabbit	1:100
<b>Synaptophysin</b>	Abcam	Ab32127	Rabbit	1:500

**Supplementary Figure S1: Effect of NSC transplantation on synapse density, cholinergic neurons, and pro-inflammatory cytokines.** Representative IHC images (a) and quantification of IHC fluorescent intensity of synaptophysin (b), PSD-95 (c), and ChAT (d) in APP/PS1 mice at 29 weeks (17 weeks post-NSC/vehicle transplant). Synapse density and ChAT levels were unchanged by NSC transplantation, with no significant differences detected between groups (synaptophysin;  $p = 0.1297$ ; PSD-95;  $p = 0.4580$ ; ChAT;  $p = 0.1539$ ; NSC vs. sham; t-test). ELISA quantification on whole brain homogenate of IL-1 $\beta$  (e) and TNF- $\alpha$  (f) shows equivalent levels between treatment groups (IL-1 $\beta$ ;  $p = 0.4082$  and TNF- $\alpha$ ;  $p = 0.2115$ ; NSC vs. sham, Mann-Whitney test). Data are representative images or mean  $\pm$  SEM. Scale bar 100  $\mu$ m. Sample size: WT  $n=5$ , NSC  $n=10$ , and sham  $n=10$ .

