

Interactions between livestock-wildlife and humans as a facilitating factor for continued transmission of *B. anthracis* in the hotspot areas of northern Tanzania



Figure S.2: Photographs showing (A) A dog feeding on abandoned carcass of a sheep (B) animals and humans sharing a water source, (C) Un – attended carcass oozing blood as it was found in one the study sites and (D) livestock and wildlife grazing together in Ngorongoro district, Northern Tanzania