

Spatio-temporal tumor heterogeneity in metastatic CRC tumors: a mutational-based approach

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Supplementary Table 1: Clinical and biological characteristics of sporadic colorectal cancer (sCRC) patients (n=26)

Clinical Features	Total (n=26)
Age (years)*	67 (48-79)
Gender	
Female	7 (27%)
Male	19 (73%)
Site of primary tumor	
Right colon	4 (16%)
Left colon	11 (42%)
Rectum	11 (42%)
Histological type	
Adenocarcinoma	25 (96%)
Adenocarcinoma with signet ring cells	1 (4%)
Grade of differentiation	
Well-differentiated	16 (61%)
Moderately differentiated	8 (31%)
Poorly differentiated	2 (8%)
Histopathological tumor classification	
pT2	1 (4%)
pT3	19 (73%)
pT4	6 (23%)
Histopathological lymph node status	
pN0	9 (35%)
pN1	11 (42%)
pN2	6 (23%)
Metastatic status	
M0	6 (23%)
M1	20 (77%)
Stage at diagnosis	
Stage I	1 (4%)
Stage IIA	1 (4%)
Stage IIB	1 (4%)
Stage IIIB	3 (11%)
Stage IV	20 (77%)
Tumor size (cm)*	5.3 (2.5-9)
CEA serum levels*	204 (0.8-1484)
≤5 ng/ml	4 (15%)
>5 ng/ml	22 (85%)

*Results expressed as median (range), or number of cases (percentage).

CEA: carcinoembryogenic antigen.