

FIG S1 The skin pathology in wildtype-infected mice does not increase in size or severity over time. (A) Spleen length (mm) for WT-infected and control mice. (B) Histopathology lesion length (mm) and (C) histopathology severity grading for WT-infected mice. Each data point represents an individual mouse and mean scores (horizontal bars) were analysed by two-sample unpaired t-test, \*p≤0.05. No differences in histopathology lesion length or severity grade were identified over time with large variation present between mice.



FIG S2 Gross examination identified larger, flatter surface lesions in ED99 $\Delta spsL\Delta spsD$ -infected mice. (A) WT-infected mice and (B) ED99 $\Delta spsL\Delta spsD$ -infected mice at 3 dpi. Each image represents a separate mouse on the day of euthanasia. Larger, flatter surface lesions are present in the ED99 $\Delta spsL\Delta spsD$ -infected mice compared to the WT-infected mice.

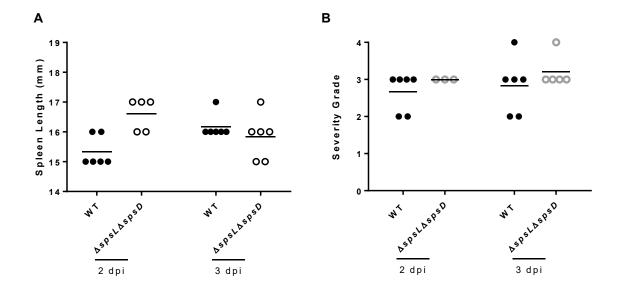


FIG S3 Deletion of spsD and spsL does not alter spleen size or the severity of infection. (A) Spleen length (mm) and (B) histopathology severity grades for WT- (filled circle), or  $ED99\Delta spsL\Delta spsD$ -infected mice (open circle). Each data point represents an individual mouse and mean scores are represented as horizontal bars. No differences in spleen size or severity grade were identified between the two experimental groups.

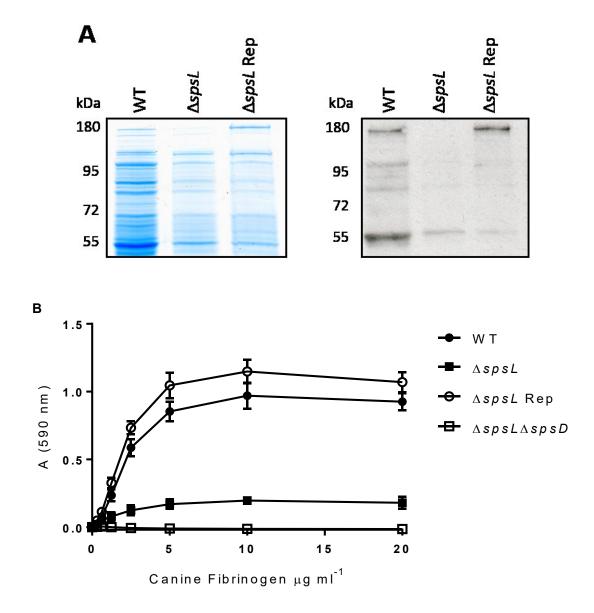


FIG S4 ED99 $\Delta spsL$  Rep has Restored SpsL Expression and Canine Fibrinogen Binding. (A) Western blot using anti-SpsL N2N3 IgY antibody against cell wall-associated proteins of strains cultured to optical density (600 nm) of 0.6. (B) Bacterial adherence to canine fibrinogen of WT (closed circle), ED99 $\Delta spsL$  (closed square), ED99 $\Delta spsL$  Rep (open circle), and ED99 $\Delta spsL\Delta spsD$  (open square) strains. Each data point represents the mean value from three independent experiments; error bars represent SD.

**TABLE S1** Primers used in this study to generate the Repaired strain ED99 $\triangle spsL$  Rep

Primer	Sequence (5' to 3')	Function
spsL A	cctcactaaagggaacaaaagctgggtacCGGATGCAAATTTTCGAAT	pIMAY
		Construct
spsL B	ATGTTTTCTTCATTTTTGTACAC	pIMAY
		Construct
spsL C	gtgtacaaaaatgaagaagaaaaacatTCAATAAGAAAGTTATCTATA	pIMAY
		Construct
spsL D	cgactcactatagggcgaattggagctcTGTAACAGCAATACAACAAA	pIMAY
		Construct
MCS F	TACATGTCAAGAATAAACTGCCAAAGC	Confirm
Maan	A A TO A CONTROL A COOL A CATTO A COTTO C	Construct
MCS R	AATACCTGTGACGGAAGATCACTTCG	Confirm
OUT F		Construct
OUT F	CATGCAACATAAGGCGACGAT	Confirm
OUT R	TACGTCAAAGTGAACGTTTTGAC	generation of Confirm
OUIK	TACUTCAAAUTGAACUTTTTGAC	generation of
Seq F	TTAATTTCAAGGGTAGGAGTAGT	Sanger
ocq 1	THUTTIOMOOOTMOONOTMOT	sequencing
Seq R	AAAGCCATCGTAAACCATAAAG	Sanger
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Lower case sequences represent complementary sequences in allele replacement primers.