Figure 3B Source Data



Three biological replicates per group have been used for each membrane. The first membrane has been cut and each part used for the incubation with NDUFS3 or SDHA antibody (A). The upper part of the membrane has been re-incubated with the ATP5 α antibody (B) and then with Anti-beta Tubulin used as loading control (C). To increase the MTCO1 signal both the blocking and the MTCO1 incubation was done using BSA 0,5%, (by using Milk 0.5% a very faint signal was detected a the expected size). The incubation in BSA rather than milk increase the signal but gives also a dark background (D). The same membrane was then incubated with Anti-beta Tubulin in Milk 0,5% (E). To increase the signal the membrane has been cut at the expected size and both blocking and the Anti-Ubiquinol-Cytochrome C Reductase Core incubation was done using BSA 0,5% (F). The same membrane was then incubated with Anti-beta Tubulin in Milk 0,5% (G). The membrane has been cut and each part used for the incubation with Porin or Anti-beta Tubulin (H)



Figure 3D Source Data

Chemiluminescent signal used in figure

Unrelated sample omitted from figure

Merged image showing MW marker





This membrane was re-probed with β -actin (see right panel) but the colorimetric image was not saved.



β-actin

Figure 3E Source Data

Chemiluminescent signal used in figure

ent Colorimetric image to show gure molecular weight markers

Merge

Figure 3E, OXA1L blot, low exposure (10 sec)





Figure 3E, TOM20 blot for both OXA1L and Flag (used as loading)



Figure 3E, Flag blot







Chemiluminescent signal used in figure

Figure 3F. NDUFA9 blot



Figure 3F, UQCRC1 blot









669 440



Figure 3F, COXIV blot







Figure 3F, ATP5A blot



Colorimetric image to show molecular weight markers

669 440

134

67 -

Merge

Figure 3G Source Data





Figure 3G, MRPL44 and MRPS6 blots





Flag→

50

37

Figure 3G, MRPL49 and OXA1L blots



 $MRPL44 \rightarrow$

 $MRPS6 \rightarrow$



