Return of the lysergamides. Part III: Analytical characterization of N^6 ethyl-6-norlysergic acid diethylamide (ETH-LAD) and 1-propionyl ETH-LAD (1P-ETH-LAD)

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Liquid chromatography diode array detection

A Dionex 3000 Ultimate liquid chromatography system coupled to a UV diode array detector (Thermo Fisher, St. Albans, UK) was used for analysis using a Phenomenex Synergi Fusion column (150 mm × 2 mm, 4 μ m) that was protected by a 4 mm × 3 mm Phenomenex Synergi Fusion guard column (Phenomenex, Cheshire, UK). The Mobile phases were 70% acetonitrile with 25 mM of triethylammonium phosphate buffer (TEAP) and aqueous TEAP (25 mM) buffer. The gradient elution commenced with 4% acetonitrile and ramped to 70% acetonitrile in 15 min and held for 3 min, resulting in a total acquisition time of 18 min at a flow rate of 0.6 mL/min. The diode array detection window was set at 200 nm–595 nm (collection rate 2 Hz).



1P-ETH-LAD incubation (10 µg/mL) in human serum at 37°C.

Fifty μ L and 950 μ L (acetonitrile/water, 1/1 + 0.1 % formic acid); centrifuged at 18,000 rpm for 3 min, then passed through a Nylon spin filter (0.2 μ m). Samples were further diluted for LC-MS: 50 μ L of the above and 950 μ L (acetonitrile /water, 1/1 + 0.1 % formic acid).















TA = Tartaric acid



















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Drug Testing and Analysis – Brandt et al. – Supporting Information











TA = Tartaric acid











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