Gentisic acid attenuates pressure overload-induced cardiac hypertrophy and fibrosis in mice through inhibition of the ERK1/2 pathway

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Supplementary Method

Acute toxicity study

The acute toxicity experiment was performed using female mice weighing approximately 25 g. Mice were grouped into two groups: control (vehicle, n = 6) and gentisic acid (2000 mg/kg, n = 6) treatment. A single-administration of gentisic acid was given to the mice. Subsequently, the mice were observed for survival and behavioral changes for 14 days. Mice were sacrificed, and paraffin blocks were made to analyze the heart, liver, and kidney tissues. Pathologists analyzed whether inflammation and adverse events occurred after H&E staining.

Supplementary Figure Legends

Supplementary Figure 1. Echocardiographic parameters of mice with TAC

Left ventricular hypertrophy in mice was determined by echocardiography after 3 weeks of drug administration beginning 2 weeks after TAC surgery. (A) Left ventricular internal diameter end systole (LVESD); (B) left ventricular internal diameter end diastole (LVEDD).

Supplementary Figure 2. Gentisic acid attenuates expression of proteins encoded by cardiac fibrosis marker genes in mice with TAC

Levels of collagen type III (**A**), fibronectin (**B**), and CTGF (**C**) proteins were evaluated by western blot analysis. Data are means \pm SE. **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, and ****P* < 0.001; [#]*P* < 0.05, ^{##}*P* < 0.01, and ^{###}*P* < 0.001 versus the TAC group.

Supplementary Figure 3. Gentisic acid does not affect acute toxicity in the hearts, livers, and kidneys of mice

Female mice were orally administrated with vehicle or gentisic acid (2000 mg/kg). After two weeks, mice were sacrificed, and a histological study was performed using hematoxylin and eosin (H&E) staining. Representative images of H&E staining in the hearts (**A**), livers (**B**), and kidneys (**C**) of vehicle and gentisic acid-treated mice. Scale bar, 100 μ m.

Supplementary Figure 1

Α



В



Supplementary Figure 2





С



Supplementary Figure 3

