Supplemental Data Table S3. Characteristics of T-ALL patients with morphological remission according to age groups at the end of induction chemotherapy

	Total (N=30)*	Children $(< 12 \text{ yr}; N = 13)$	Adolescents (12–18 yr; N=5)	Adults (>18 yr; N=12)	P [†]
Age (yr), median (IQR)	15.1 (5.7–22.5)	5.1 (2.6–9.8)	14.9 (13.8–15.4)	28.5 (20.0–48.5)	
TCR clonality					0.357
No clonality, N (%)	19 (63.3)	9 (47.4)	1 (2.4)	9 (47.4)	
Clonality, N (%)	11 (36.7)	4 (36.4)	4 (36.4)	3 (27.2)	
BM blasts (%), median (IQR)	0.4 (0.2–0.6)	0.5 (0.2–0.5)	0.4 (0.2–0.7)	0.2 (0.2–1.0)	0.475
Death within two years	11 (35.5)	1 (9.1)	2 (18.2)	8 (72.7)	0.028
Relapse within two years	6 (19.4)	3 (50.0)	1 (16.7)	2 (33.3)	0.271

*Among the 34 patients who were tested with fragment analysis at the end of induction chemotherapy, four persistently leukemic patients were excluded; [†]Calculated using Student's t-test, Pearson's chi-squared test, a one-way ANOVA, or a Mann-Whitney U test.

Abbreviations: T-ALL, T-acute lymphoblastic leukemia; TCR, T-cell receptor; IQR, interquartile range; BM, bone marrow.