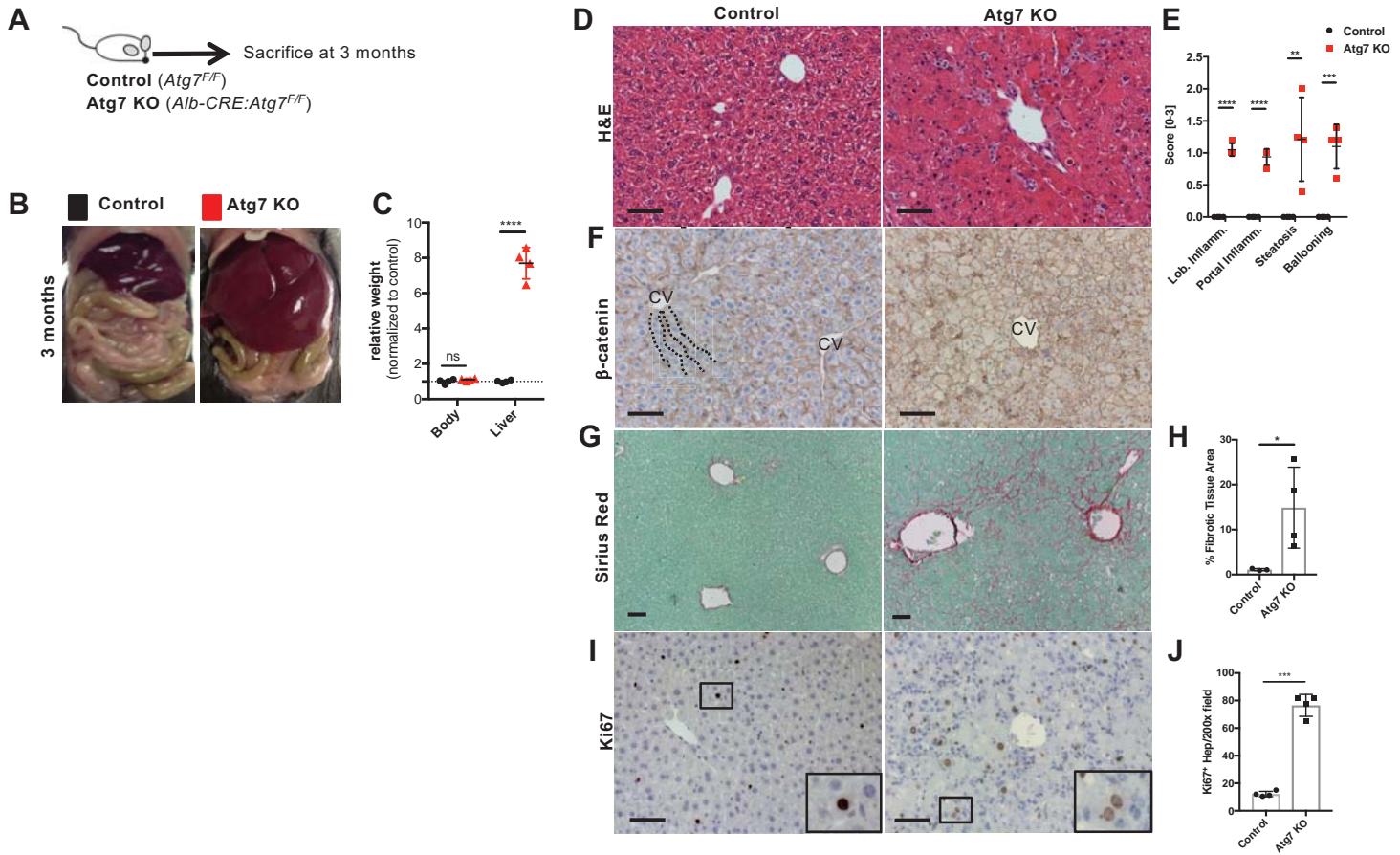


Supplementary Information

Autophagy is a Gatekeeper of Hepatic Differentiation and Carcinogenesis by Controlling the Degradation of Yap

Lee et al.

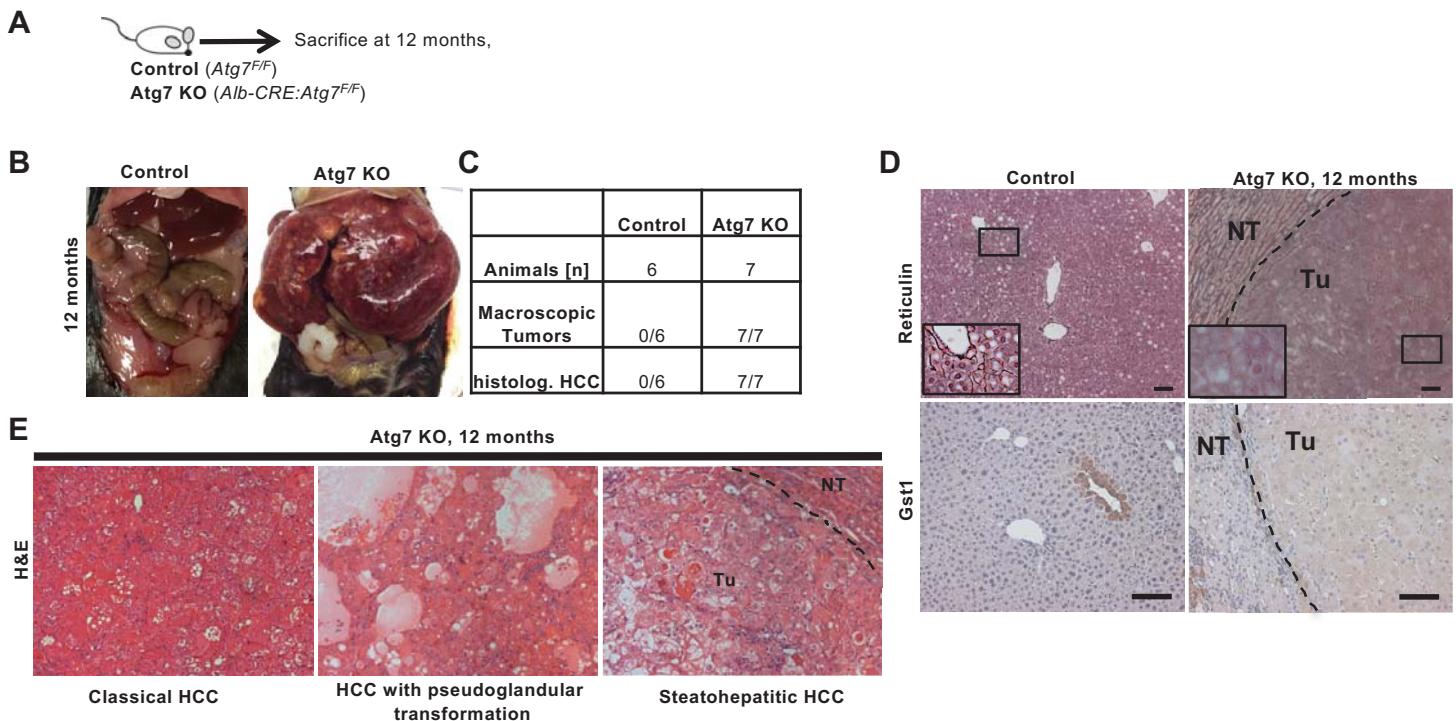
Supplementary Figure 1



Supplementary Figure 1 | Autophagy maintains organ size, cell size and number, differentiation in hepatocytes.

- Control ($Atg7^{+/+}$) and $Atg7$ KO mice ($Alb\text{-}CRE:Atg7^{+/+}$) were analyzed at 3 months of age, n=4 per group.
- Representative images of gross liver morphology of control and $Atg7$ KO mice
- Relative body and liver weights of control and $Atg7$ KO animals. ns, not significant.
- H&E staining of liver sections from control ($Atg7^{+/+}$) and $Atg7$ KO ($Alb\text{-}CRE:Atg7^{+/+}$) mice.
- Histological scoring for lobular inflammation, portal inflammation, steatosis and ballooning.
- Immunostaining for β -catenin in control and $Atg7$ KO mice. Dashed lines marks some hepatocyte trabeculae.
- Sirius red staining for fibrotic tissue in control and $Atg7$ KO mice.
- Quantification of fibrotic tissue area from sirius red/fast green staining (G) by Bioquant software of control and $Atg7$ KO liver sections. Evaluation of 25 100x fields per mouse.
*P=0.04
- Immunostaining for Ki67 in control and $Atg7$ KO mice. Large insert present magnification of small insets.
- Quantification of $Ki67^+$ nuclei per 200x field per mouse. Ten 200x fields per mouse were analyzed. ***P<0.0001

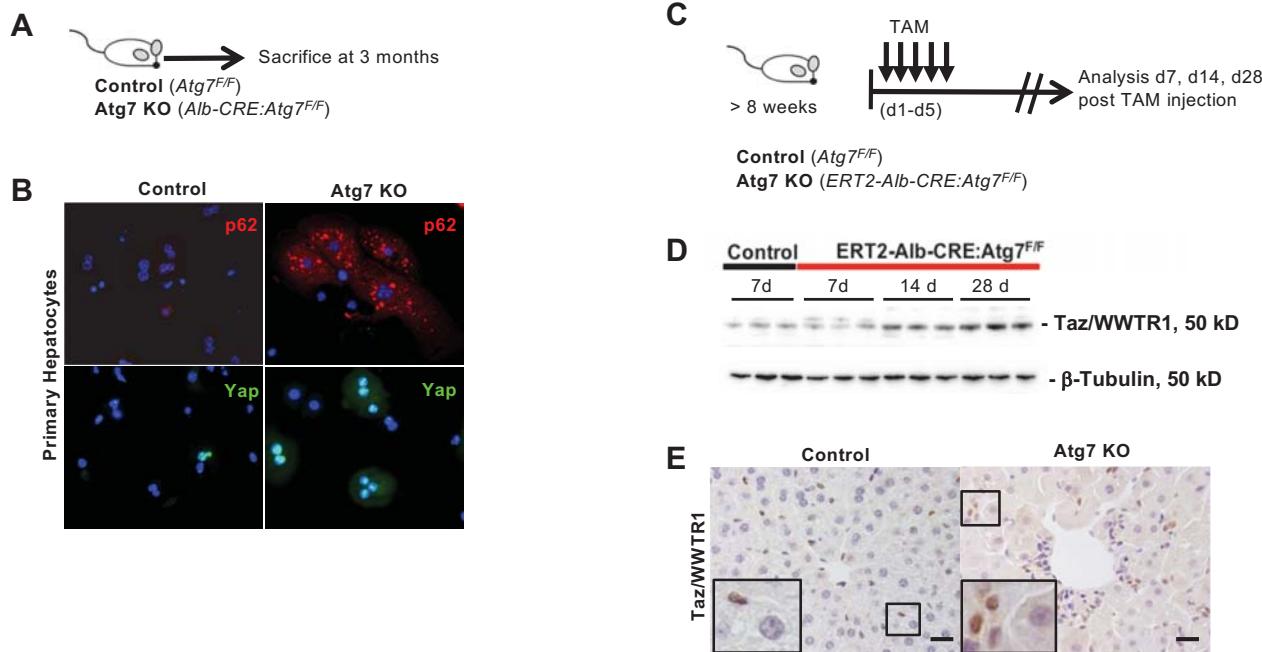
Supplementary Figure 2



Supplementary Figure 2 | Autophagy-defective murine livers develop hepatocellular carcinoma.

- Control ($Atg7^{F/F}$) and Atg7 KO mice ($Alb-CRE:Atg7^{F/F}$) were analyzed at 12 months of age, n=6 and 7 respectively.
 - Representative images of gross liver morphology of control and Atg7 KO mice
 - Distribution of control and Atg7 KO animals at 12 months with macroscopic presence or absence of tumors as well as histological HCC diagnosis. HCC, hepatocellular cancer.
 - Reticulin and Gst1 staining of liver sections from control and tumor sections.
 - H&E staining of representative liver tumor sections from Atg7 KO mice.
- NT, non-tumorous tissue; Tu, Tumor. Large insert present magnification of small insets. Scale bar indicates 100 μ m.

Supplementary Figure 3

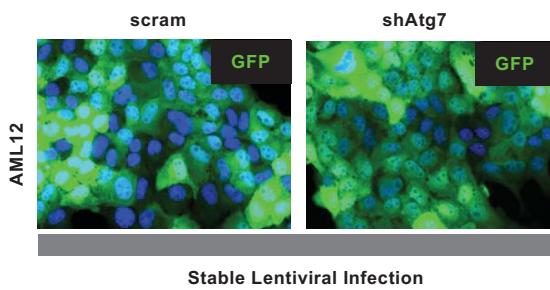


Supplementary Figure 3 | Autophagy-defective murine livers display increased expression of Hippo tumor suppressor pathway effectors.

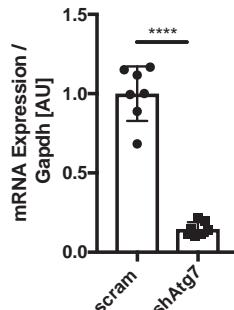
- Control ($Atg7^{F/F}$) and Atg7 KO mice (Alb -CRE: $Atg7^{F/F}$) were analyzed at 3 months of age.
- Immunofluorescence analysis for p62/Sqstm1 and Yap of primary hepatocytes from control and Atg7 KO mice.
- Tamoxifen (TAM)-inducible, hepatocyte-specific Atg7 KO ($ERT2$ - Alb -CRE: $Atg7^{F/F}$) and respective controls were analyzed 7 days, 14 days and 28 days after TAM injection. TAM, tamoxifen.
- Immunoblotting of whole liver lysates from controls and Atg7 KO mice for Taz/Wwtr1 and β -tubulin 7 days, 14 days and 28 days after TAM injection.
- Immunohistochemistry for Taz/Wwtr1 in Atg7 KO mice (Alb -CRE/ $Atg7^{F/F}$, 3 months of age). Large insets present magnification of small insets. Scale bar indicate 100 μ m.

Supplementary Figure 4

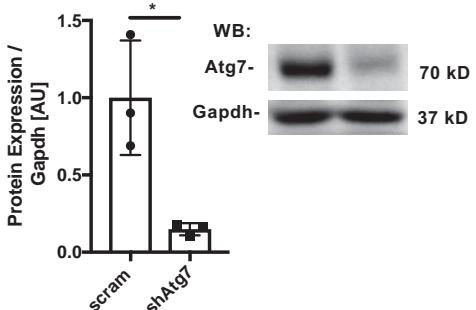
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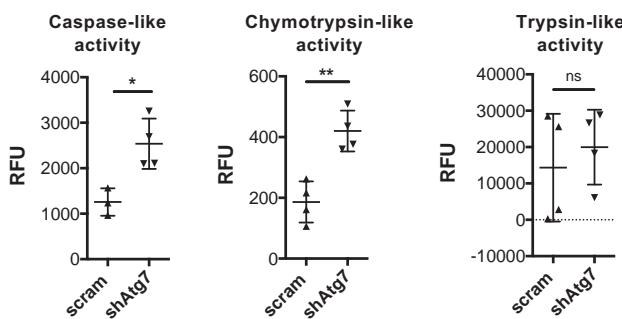
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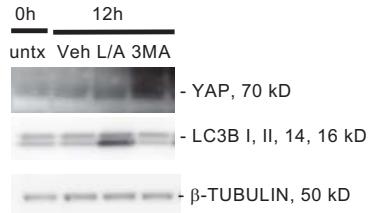
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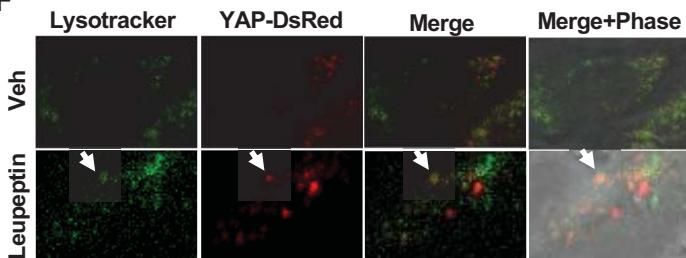
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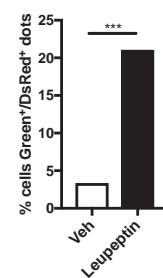
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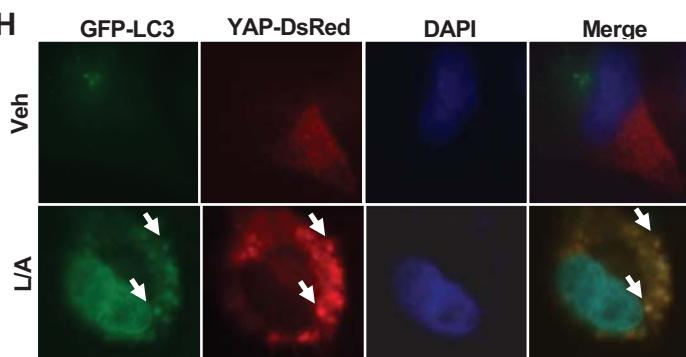
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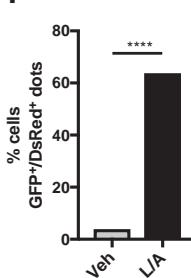
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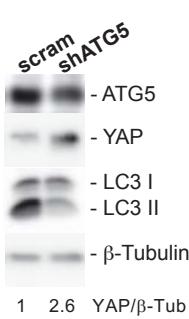
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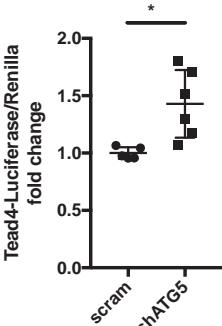
I



J



K



Supplementary Figure 4 | Effective knock down of Atg7 in shAtg7-AML12 cells and lysosomal degradation of Yap.

- AML12 cells stably infected with scrambled (scram) or shAtg7 lentiviral vectors expressing GFP.
- qRT-PCR analysis for Atg7 mRNA in scramble- and in shAtg7-infected AML12 cells. Data from 3 independent experiments, normalized to *Gapdh* expression, mean ± SD. AU, arbitrary units. ****P<0.0001 by two-tailed t-test.
- Immunoblot analysis for Atg7 in scramble and shAtg7-AML12. Quantification by densitometry by normalization to *Gapdh* expression. Data from 3 independent experiments, mean±SD. * P=0.0167 by two-tailed t-test.
- Proteasomal activity determination in scramble- and shAtg7-AML12 cells. 4 biological replicates per group data representative of 2 independent experiments, mean±SD. *P<0.05, **P<0.005 by two tailed t-test. RFU, relative fluorescent units.

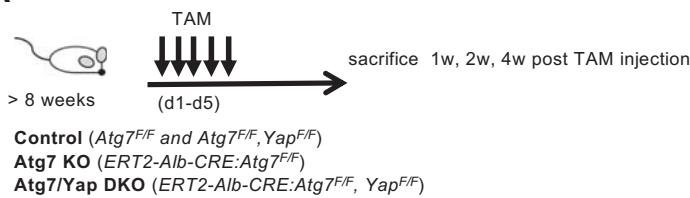
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Supplementary Figure 4 | Effective knock down of Atg7 in shAtg7-AML12 cells and lysosomal degradation of Yap (continued)

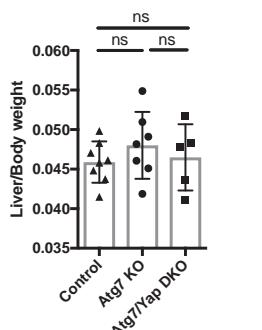
- E. Immunoblotting of whole cell lysates of THLE5B cells incubated with Leupeptin/NH₄Cl or vehicle. Untx, untreated; Veh, vehicle; L/A, Leupeptin/NH₄Cl; 3MA, 3-Methyladenine; h, hours.
- F. Confocal live imaging analysis of THLE5B cells incubated with Lysotracker Green and transfected with YAP-DsRed. Treatment with Leupeptin or vehicle.
- G. Quantitative analysis of cells with Lysotracker Green⁺ and DsRed⁺ dots. (n= 89 and 57 cells, respectively). ***P=0.0005 by two tailed t-test.
- H. Immunofluorescence analysis of THLEB5 cells transfected with GFP-LC3 and YAP-DsRed. Incubation with Leupeptin/NH₄Cl or vehicle. Veh, vehicle; L/A, Leupeptin/NH₄Cl.
- I. Quantitative analysis of cells with GFP⁺/DsRed⁺ dots. (n= 51 and 69 cells, respectively). ****P<0.0001 by two tailed t-test.
- J. Immunoblot analysis of scram- and shATG5 infected THLE5B cell lysates for ATG5, YAP, LC3 and β-tubulin.
- K. Tead4-Luciferase analysis in scram- and shATG5 infected THLE5B cells. Data represent mean±SD from 2 independent experiments. *P=0.01 by two tailed t-test.

Supplementary Figure 5

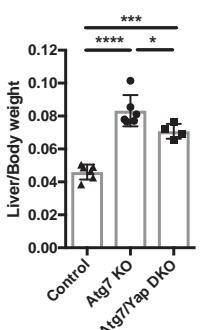
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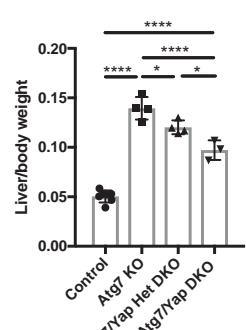
B 1 w post TAM



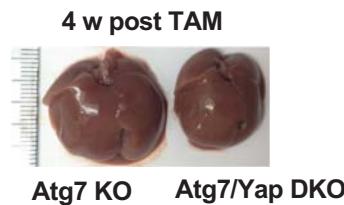
C 2 w post TAM



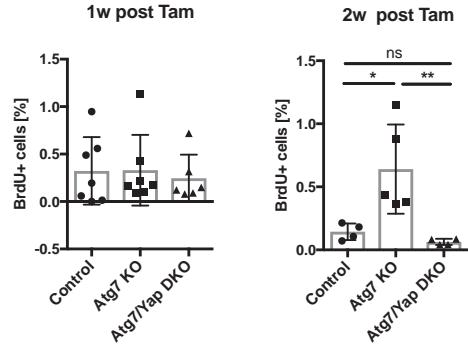
D 4 w post TAM



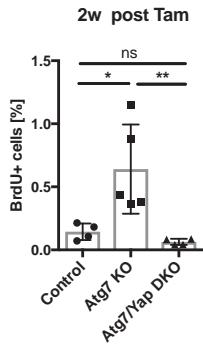
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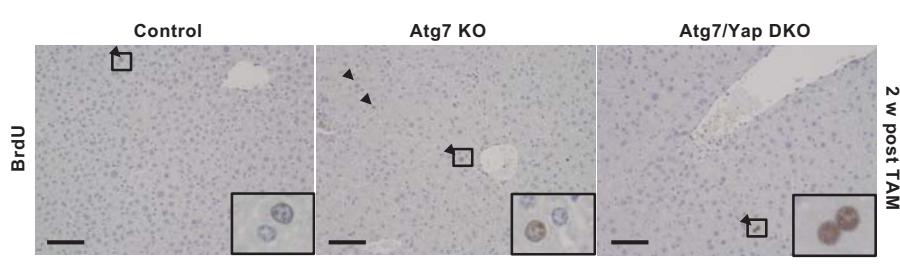
F % BrdU+ cells 1w post Tam



G % BrdU+ cells 2w post Tam



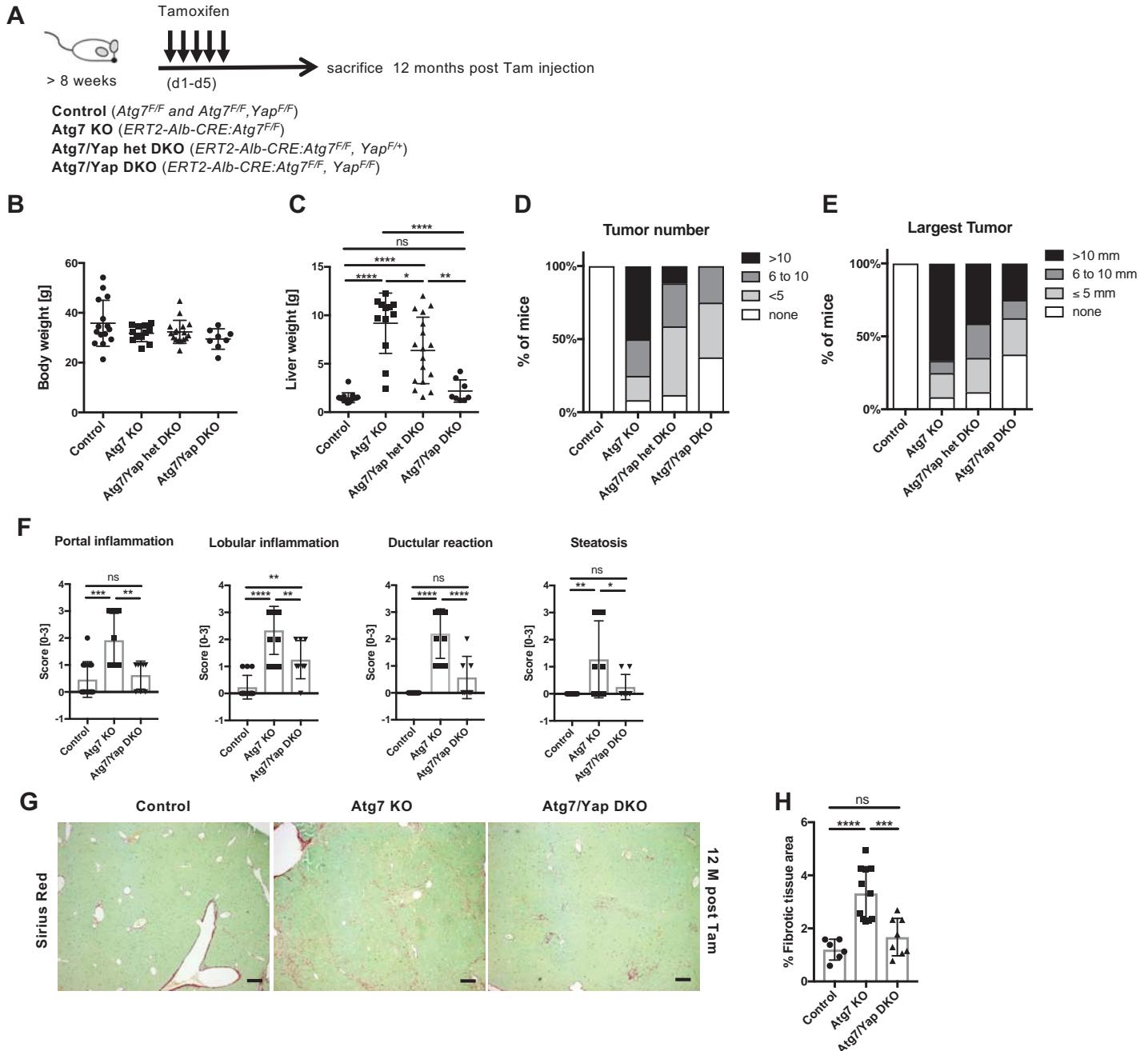
H



Supplementary Figure 5 | Yap deletion in Atg7 KO mice attenuates hepatomegaly and proliferative activity in Atg7 KO mice.

- Control $Atg7^{F/F}$ and $Atg7^{F/F}, Yap^{F/F}$ and TAM-inducible, hepatocyte specific Atg7 KO ($ERT2\text{-}Alb\text{-}CRE:Atg7^{F/F}$) and Atg7/Yap DKO ($ERT2\text{-}Alb\text{-}CRE:Atg7^{F/F}, Yap^{F/F}$) were analyzed 1 week, 2 weeks, 4 weeks after TAM injection. TAM, tamoxifen.
- Liver/body weight ratio in control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO mice 1 week after TAM injection. N=4 per group.
- Liver/body weight ratio in control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO mice 2 weeks after TAM injection. N=4 per group.
- Liver/body weight ratio in control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO mice 4 weeks after TAM injection. N= 4, 4, 3 animals per group.
- Representative image of gross liver morphology of Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO 4 weeks post TAM injection.
- Quantification of % BrdU⁺ nuclei per 100x field in liver sections from control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO mice 1 weeks after TAM injection. Ten 100x fields per mouse were analyzed. n=4 per group.
- Quantification of % BrdU⁺ nuclei per 100x field in liver sections from control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO mice 2 weeks after TAM injection. Ten 100x fields per mouse were analyzed. n=4 per group.
- BrdU staining of control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO liver sections. Scale bar 100 μ m. Large insets present magnification of small insets.
- Data represent mean \pm SD. P-values analyzed by one-way ANOVA and Tukey's HSD. *P<0.05, **P<0.01, ***P<0.0005, ****P<0.0001 unless indicated otherwise. ns, not significant.

Supplementary Figure 6



Supplementary Figure 6 | Loss of Yap in $Atg7$ KO mice leads to attenuation of liver injury, fibrosis and hepatocarcinogenesis.

- Control ($Atg7^{F/F}$ and $Atg7^{F/F}, Yap^{F/F}$) and TAM-inducible, hepatocyte specific $Atg7$ KO ($ERT2\text{-Alb-CRE:}Atg7^{F/F}$) and $Atg7/Yap$ het DKO ($ERT2\text{-Alb-CRE:}Atg7^{F/F}, Yap^{F/+}$) and $Atg7/Yap$ DKO ($ERT2\text{-Alb-CRE:}Atg7^{F/F}, Yap^{F/F}$) were analyzed 12 months after TAM injection. N=15, 12, 17 and 8 animals, respectively.
 - Body weights of control, $Atg7$ KO, $Atg7/Yap$ het DKO and $Atg7/Yap$ DKO 12 m post TAM. No significant differences between groups.
 - Liver weights of control, $Atg7$ KO, $Atg7/Yap$ het DKO and $Atg7/Yap$ DKO 12 m post TAM.
 $**P=0.0018$
 - Percentage of mice (control, $Atg7$ KO, $Atg7/Yap$ het DKO and $Atg7/Yap$ DKO 12 m post TAM) with none, <5, 6-10 or >10 macroscopic tumors.
 - Percentage of mice (control, $Atg7$ KO, $Atg7/Yap$ het DKO and $Atg7/Yap$ DKO 12 m post TAM) with no tumor or largest tumor size < 5 mm, 6-10 mm or >10 mm.
- (Continued on next page)

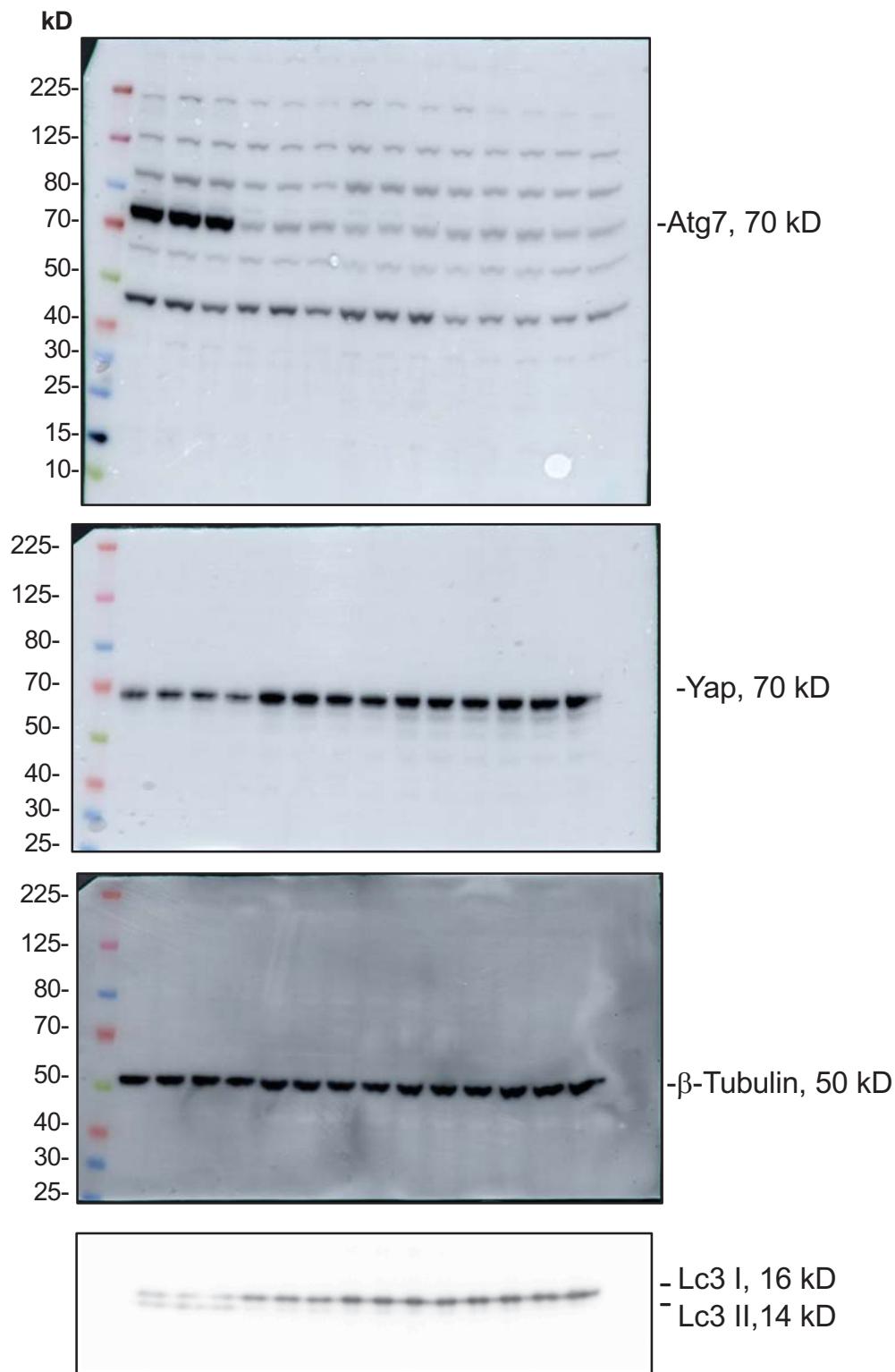
Supplementary Figure 6 | Loss of Yap in Atg7 KO mice leads to attenuation of liver injury, fibrosis and hepatocarcinogenesis (*continued*)

- F. Histological scoring of portal inflammation, lobular inflammation, ductular reaction, steatosis.
- G. Sirius red staining of liver section of control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO.
- H. Quantification of fibrotic tissue area in control, Atg7 KO and Atg7/Yap DKO. 25 100x pictures per animal were analyzed.

Data represent mean \pm SD. P-values analyzed by one-way ANOVA and Tukey's HSD. *p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001, ****p<0.0001 unless indicated otherwise. ns, not significant. Scale bar indicates 100 μ m.

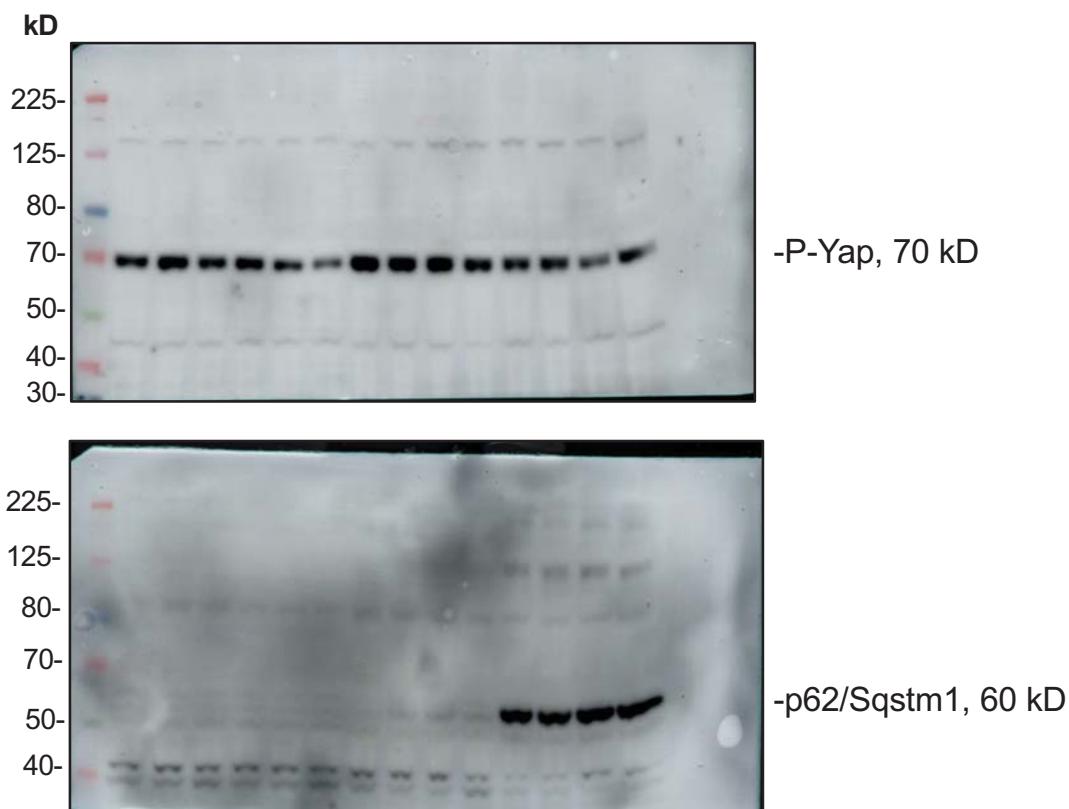
Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Figure 1J



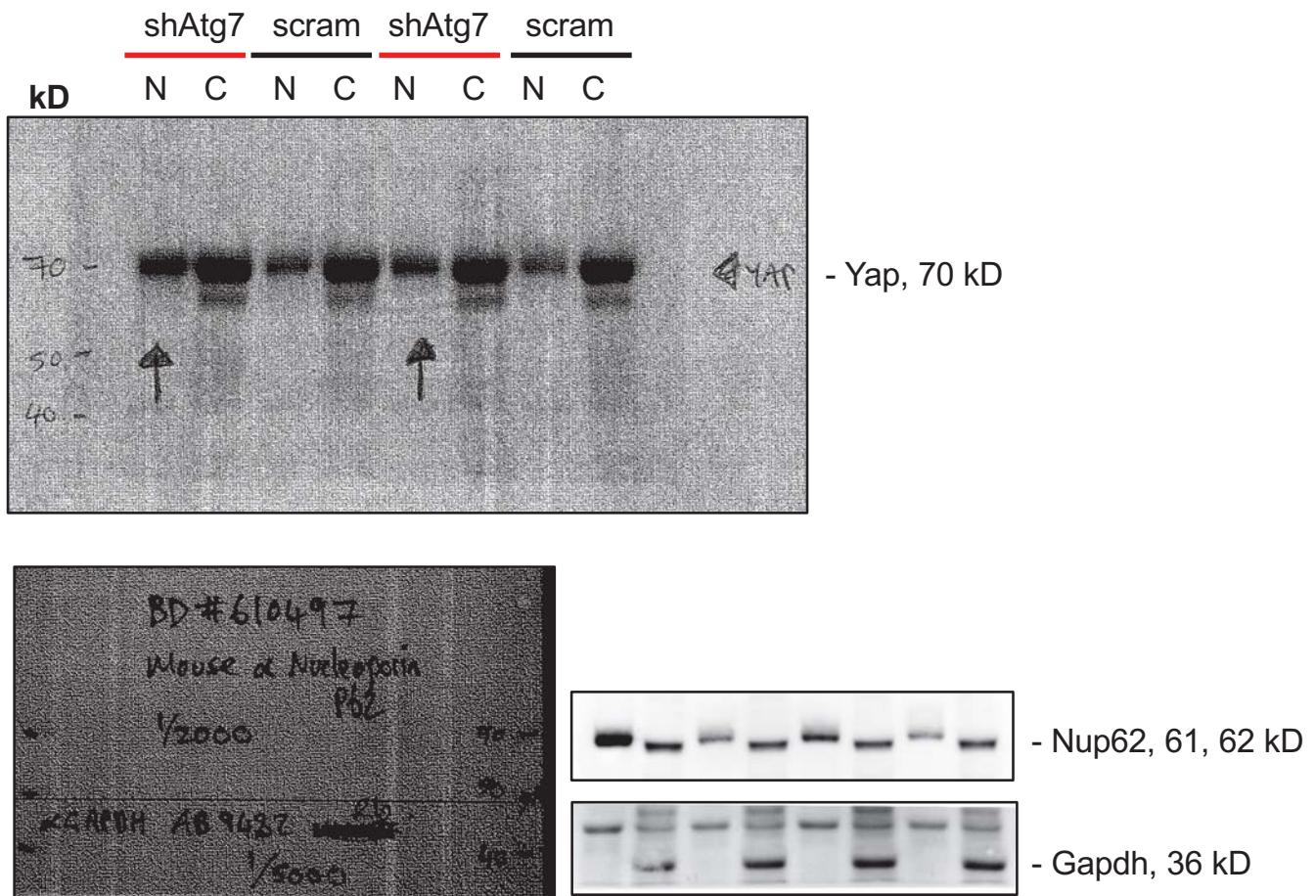
Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Figure 1J continued



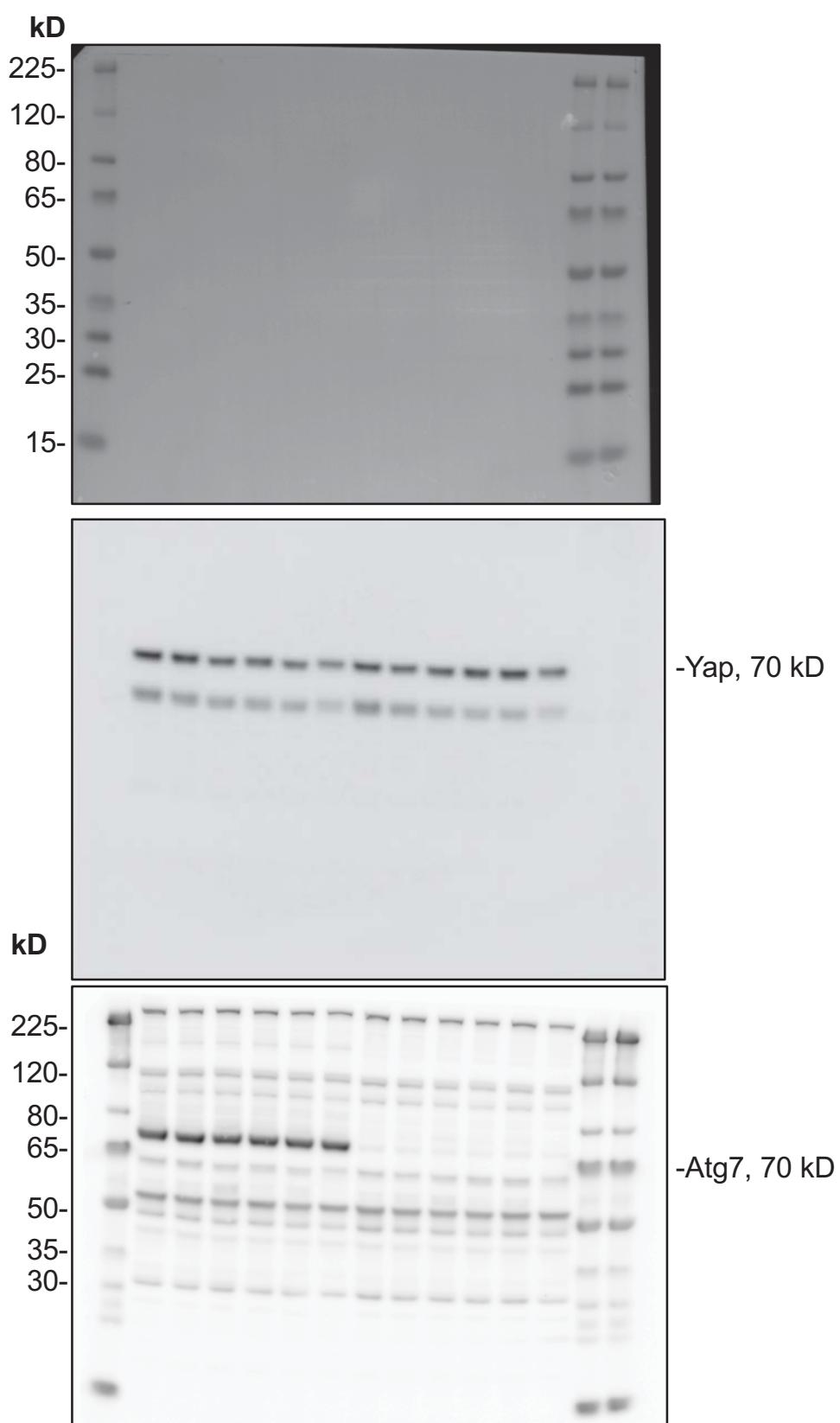
Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Figure 2B



Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Figure 2E



Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

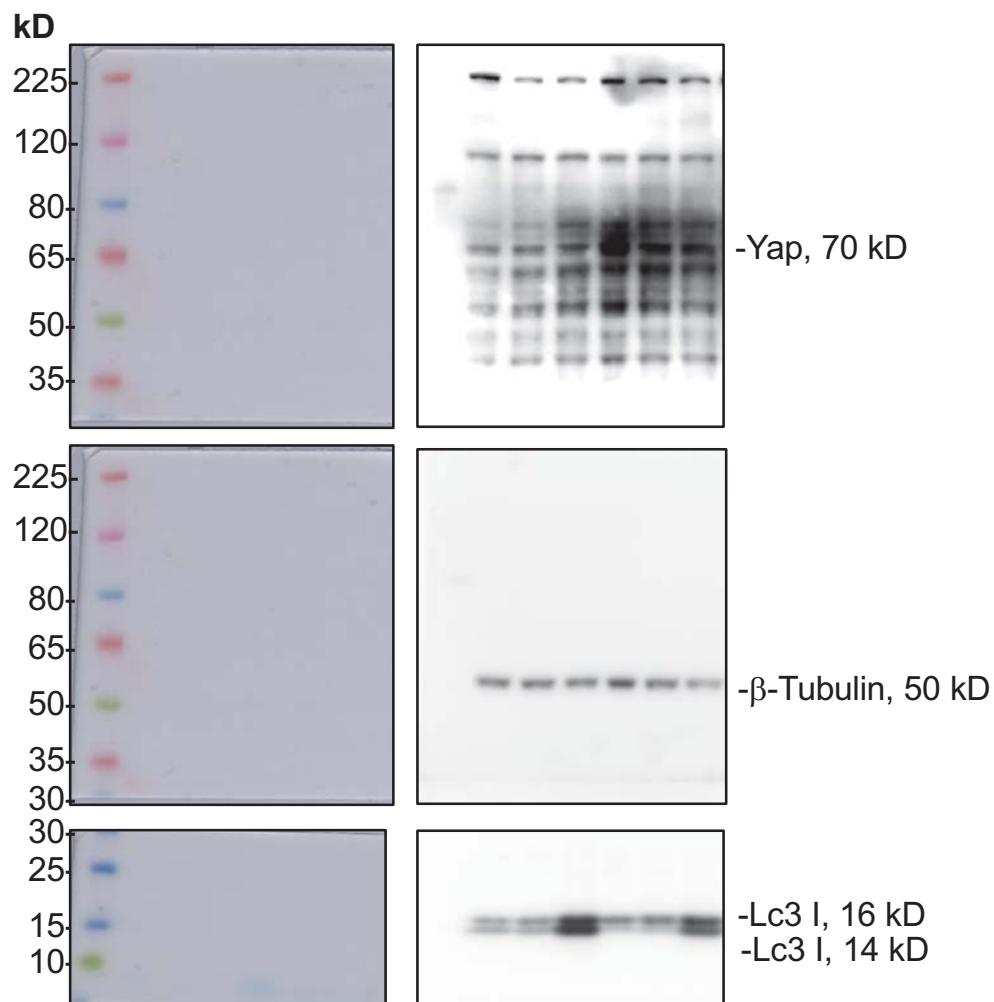
IB Figure 2E continued



- β -Tubulin, 50 kD

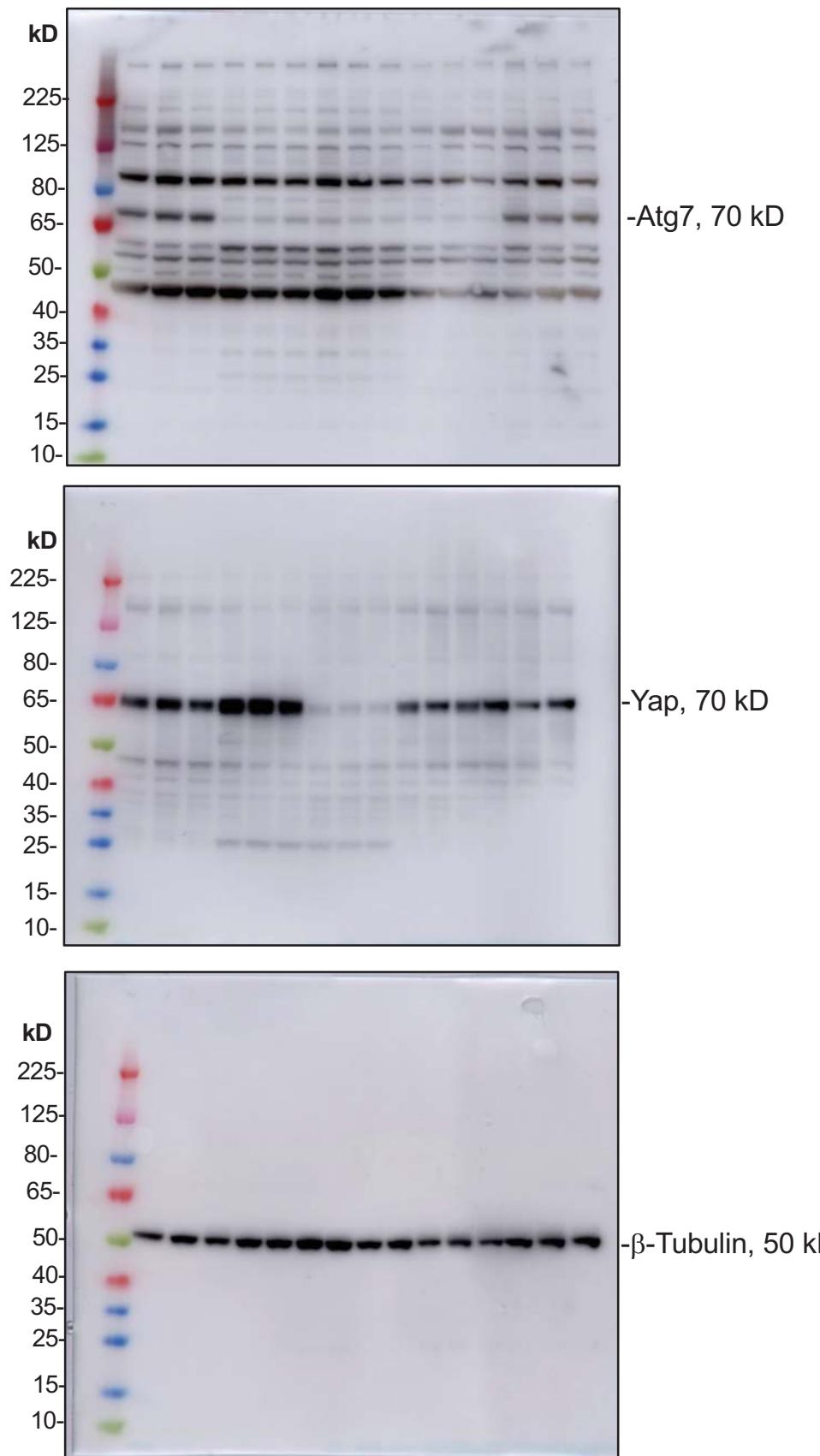
Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Figure 2G



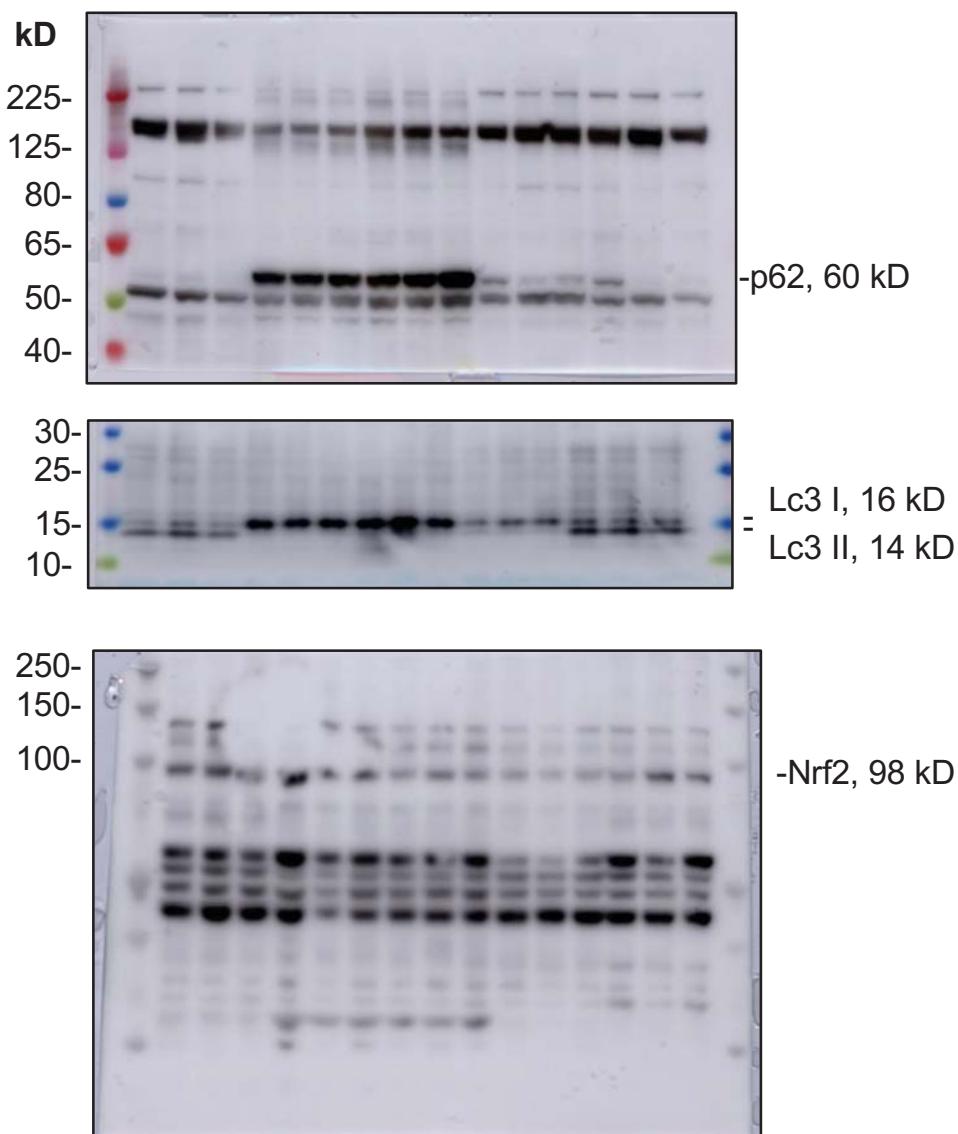
Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Figure 4 B



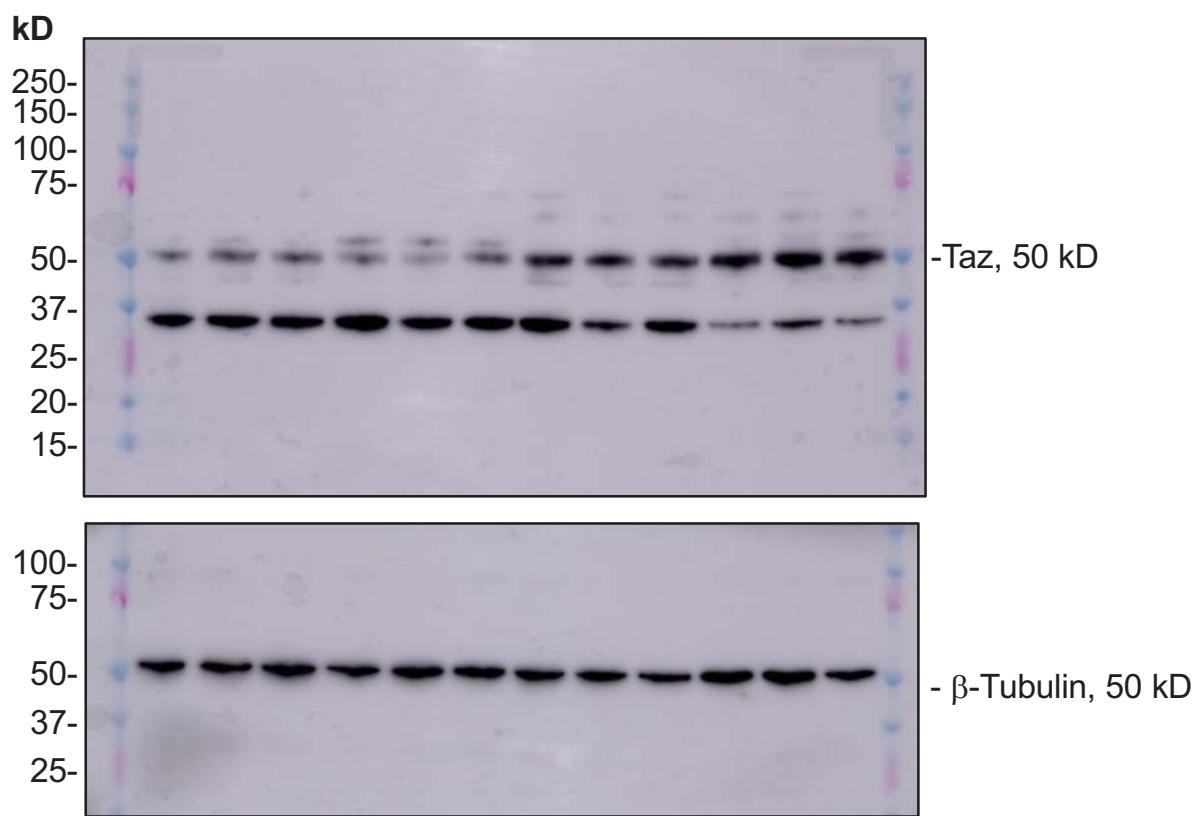
Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Figure 4 B



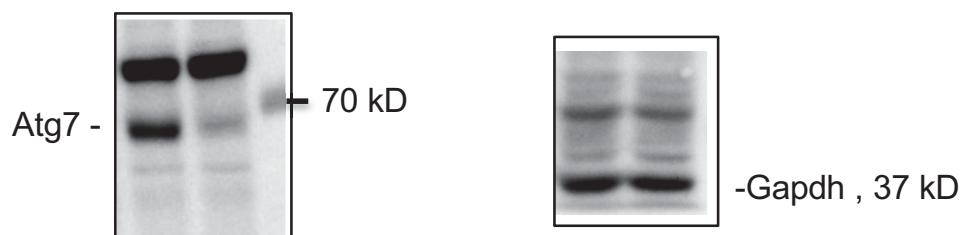
Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Supplementary Fig. 3D

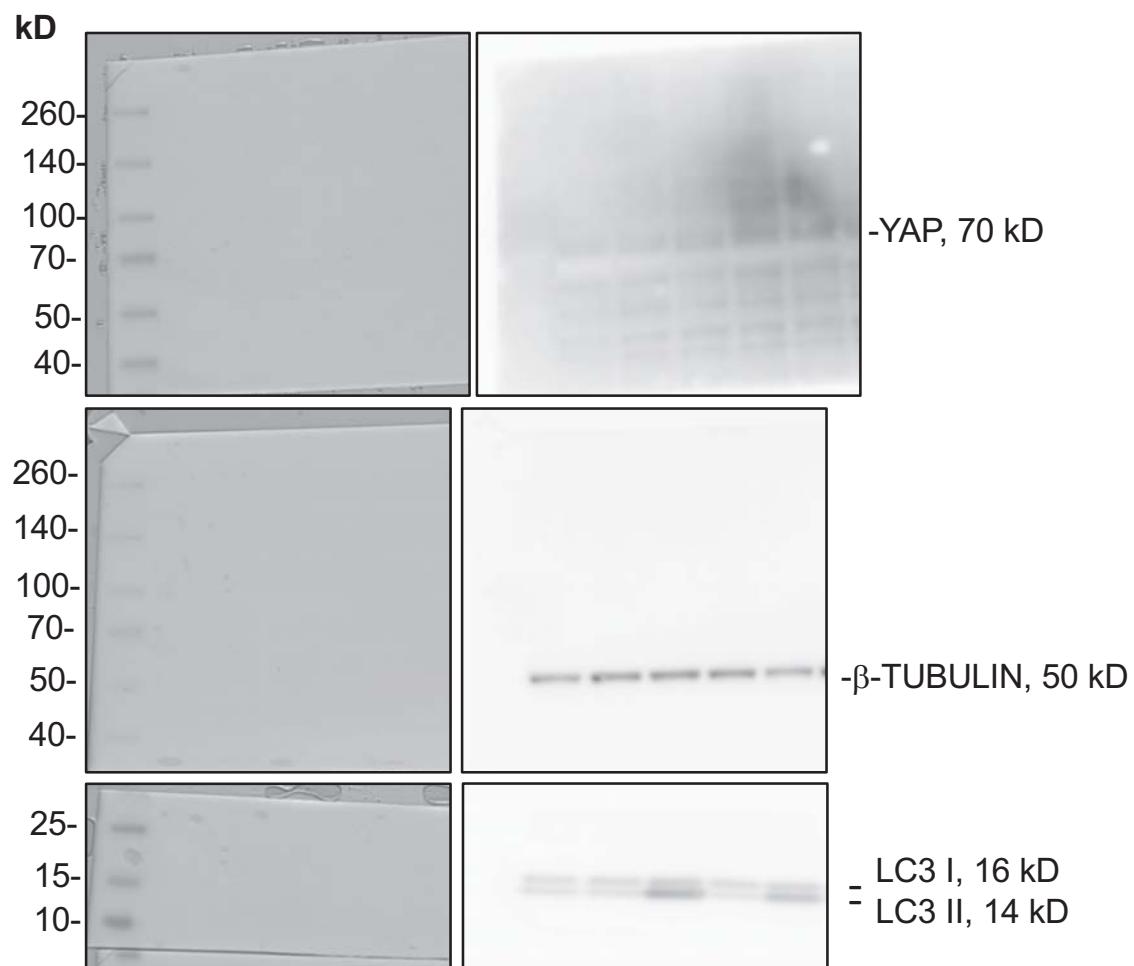


Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Supplementary Fig. 4C

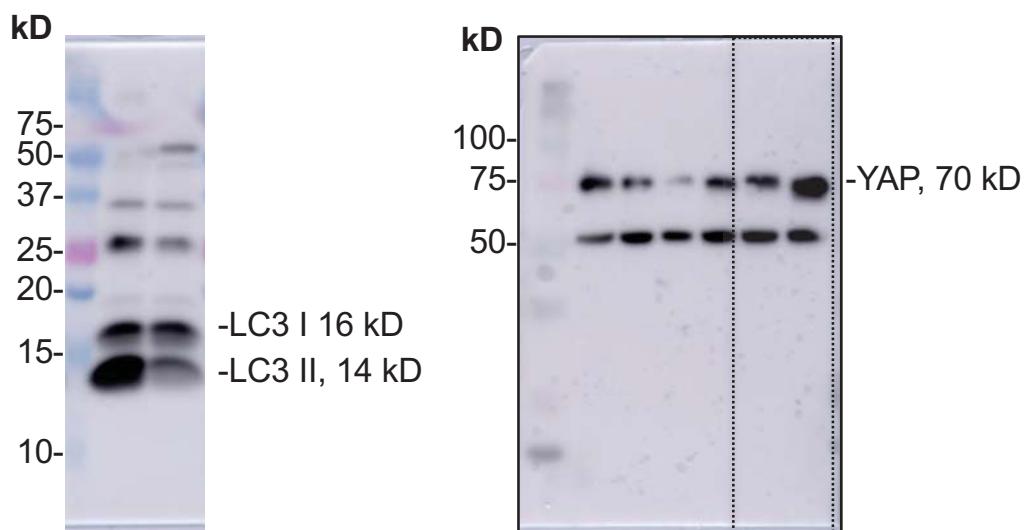
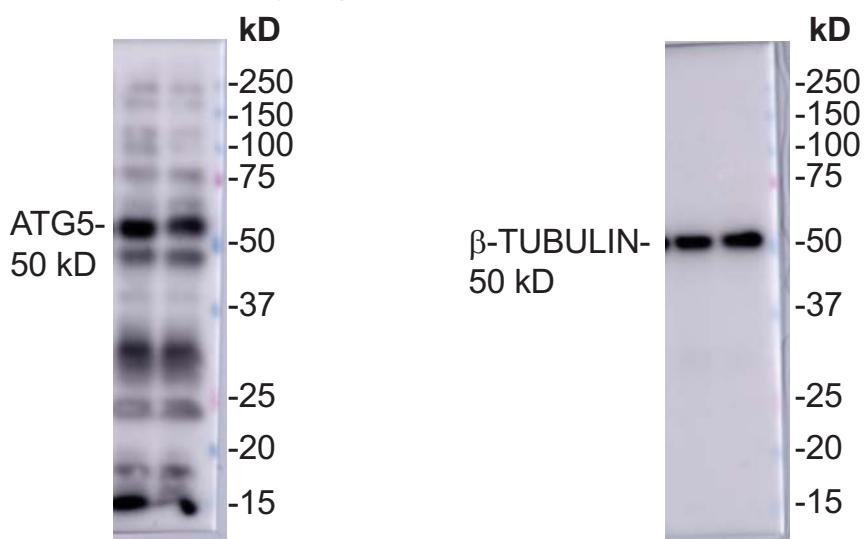


IB Supplementary Fig. 4E



Supplementary Information – uncropped Immunoblots

IB Supplementary Fig. 4J



Supplementary Table 1. Antibodies for Immunohistochemistry and Immunoblotting.

IB, immunoblotting; IHC, immunohistochemistry; IF, immunofluorescence.

Antibody	species	application	dilution	cat. Number	manufacturer
Yap	rabbit	IB	1:1000	4912	cell signaling
		IHC	1:500		
Yap	rabbit	IB	1:1000	14074	cell signaling
		IHC	1:500		
Taz	rabbit	IB	1:1000	HPA007415	Sigma
		IHC	1:500		
Ki67	rabbit	IHC	1:10000	15580	abcam
p62/SQSTM1	rabbit	IB	1:4000	PM045	MBL
		IHC	1:4000		
Atg7	rabbit	IB	1:1000	A2856	Sigma
Yap/Taz	rabbit	IB	1:1000	8418	cell signaling
P-Yap (S127)	rabbit	IB	1:1000	4911	cell signaling
β-tubulin	mouse	IB	1:10000	T4026	Sigma
β-catenin	mouse	IB	1:1000	610153	BD biosciences
F4/80	rat	IHC	1:100	14-4801-82	ebioscience
Gapdh	mouse	IB	1:10000	ab9484	Abcam
Cleaved Caspase 3 (Asp175)	rabbit	IHC	1:300	9661	cell signaling
HNF4α	goat	IHC	1:1000	sc-6556	Santa Cruz
Gst1	rabbit	IHC	1:500	ab16802	Abcam
Nrf2	rabbit	IB	1:1000	12721	Cell signaling
Epcam	rat	IF	1:100	130-102-033	ebiosciences
Cd133	rat	IF	1:100	11-1331-82	ebiosciences
Cd44	rat	IF	1:100	550538	BD Pharmingen
LC3	rabbit	IB	1:1000	ab48394	Abcam
Atg5	rabbit	IB	1:1000	2630	Cell signaling
Nucleoporin p62	mouse	IB	1:1000	610497	BD Biosciences

Supplementary Table 2. qRT-PCR primer sequences.

Gene	species	Forward Primer	Reverse Primer
<i>Gapdh</i>	mouse	CAATGACCCCTTCATTGACC	GATCTCGCTCCTGGAAGATG
<i>Afp</i>	mouse	AGTTTCCAGAACCTGCCGAG	ACCTTGTGCGTACTGAGCAGC
<i>Areg</i>	mouse	TTGCTGCTGGTCTTAGGCTC	TGGTCCCCAGAAAGCGATTC
<i>Birc5</i>	mouse	TGCAAAGGAGACCAACAACA	GGCATGTCACTCAGGTCAA
<i>Ctgf</i>	mouse	AGAACTGTGTACGGAGCGTG	GTGCACCACCTTGGCAGTG
<i>Gli2</i>	mouse	GGGCATCCTCTTGCTGTTT	CCCTCTTGGCGTGTACTT
<i>Itgb2</i>	mouse	GCTTTGGGTCGTTGTGGAC	TGCCGACCTCTGTCTGAAAC
<i>Atg7</i>	mouse	TGGCTGCTACTTCTGCAATGAT	CAGGACAGAGACCATCAGCTCC
<i>Pcna</i>	mouse	ATCCTGAAGAAGGTGCTGGAGGCT	ACGAGTCCATGCTCTGCAGGTTCA
<i>Cyr61</i>	mouse	AGAGGCTTCCTGTCTTGGC	CCAAGACGTGGTCTGAACGA
<i>Albumin</i>	mouse	CCCACTAGCCTCTGGCAAAA	ACACACCCCTGGAAAAAGCA
<i>18s</i>	mouse	GCAATTATTCCCCATGAACG	GGGACTTAATCAACGCAAGC
<i>Axin2</i>	mouse	CCTGACCAAACAGACGACGA	CACCTCTGCTGCCACAAAAC
<i>Yap</i>	mouse	CAGAGCCCACAGGGAGGCGT	GCTGCGCAGAGCTAATTCTGACA
<i>Taz</i>	mouse	CAGCTCCACTTCGGCCCC	TTATCCCCGGAACCGGCCTC
<i>Cd133</i>	mouse	TCAGTTGATTCCAAGGAGATTGCC	GCAGCCCACCAAGAGGCATGA
<i>Cd44</i>	mouse	TCAGGAGCCCACAACGAG	GCTCCCAGCCTGTTGGTT
<i>Epcam</i>	mouse	TACGACCCCGACTGCGACGA	CGGACTCCGGCGGTGTTGAC
<i>Tbp</i>	mouse	CACCCCCCTGTACCCCTTCAC	CAGTTGTCCGTGGCTCTCTT
<i>β-actin</i>	mouse	TGATCCACATCTGCTGGA	GAAGAGCTACGAGCTGCC