

HE Golden *et al.* – Supporting Information

WebTable 2. Inventory of measurements for quantifying GIW connectivity or its downstream effects. The table is organized by watershed properties. This table is not intended to be comprehensive but to provide examples of appropriate and relevant measurements. Wetland parameterization means that model parameters or equations are specific to wetlands (eg wetland water depths).

<i>Watershed property</i>	<i>Available measurement technologies for watershed property</i>	<i>Associated connectivity properties</i>
<i>Climate</i>	Climate databases or maps (in-situ and remotely sensed)	Spatial extent Magnitude Timing Duration Frequency Rate of change
	In-situ long-term meteorological station data	
<i>Elevation</i>	Photogrammetry	
	Interferometric synthetic aperture radar (SAR)	Spatial extent
	Light and Detection Ranging (LiDAR)	
<i>Land use/land cover</i>	Remote-sensing images (eg aerial photographs, multispectral, hyperspectral, RADAR)	Spatial extent
<i>Soil/surficial geology</i>	Soil databases or maps (in-situ and remotely sensed)	Spatial extent
	In-situ soil cores	
<i>Soil saturation</i>	Soil databases or maps (in-situ and remotely sensed)	Spatial extent Magnitude
	In-situ soil moisture monitoring (eg time-domain reflectometry probes, frequency-domain reflectometry probes)	Timing

<i>Watershed property</i>	<i>Available measurement technologies for watershed property</i>	<i>Associated connectivity properties</i>
	Remote-sensing images (eg RADAR)	Duration Frequency Rate of change
<i>Surface water inundation</i>	Remote-sensing images (eg SPOT, LANDSAT, etc)	Spatial extent Magnitude
	In-situ monitoring of wetland stage (eg stilling wells equipped with pressure transducers or capacitance probes) and connections with other surface waters	Timing Duration Frequency Rate of change
	In-situ water table monitoring (eg shallow and deep wells equipped with pressure transducers or capacitance probes)	Spatial extent Magnitude
<i>Groundwater</i>		Timing Duration
	Remote-sensing images (eg elevation data interpreted as surface expression of the groundwater table)	Frequency Rate of change
<i>Stream discharge</i>		Magnitude
	In-situ stream gauging (continuous stage data only)	Duration

<i>Watershed property</i>	<i>Available measurement technologies for watershed property</i>	<i>Associated connectivity properties</i>
<i>Connectivity type, ie surface versus groundwater (shallow, deep)</i>	In-situ stream gauging (continuous stage and flow velocity data)	Timing
	Remotely sensed inundation map	Frequency
		Flow partitioning
		Rate of change
	In-situ geochemical tracer data (eg chloride concentrations, specific conductance)	Magnitude
	In-situ isotopic tracer data (eg stable water isotopes)	Duration
		Timing
	In-situ monitoring of wetland stage (eg stilling wells equipped with pressure transducers or capacitance probes)	Frequency
		Rate of change
Flow partitioning		
Flow modeling using digital elevation models		